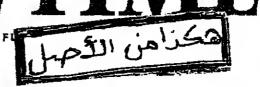


FINANCIALTIM

Thursday July 3 1980





AUSTRIA SCD 15; RELGIUM Fr. 25: DENMARK Kr 5.00; FRANCE Fr 4; GERMANY DM 2.0; ITALY L 700; NETHERLANDS FI 2.0; NORWAY Kr 5.00; PORTUGAL Esc 45; SPAIN Pts 70;

\$3; lears ribes' eases

> utive alleged by Labour MP Rooker to have taken bribes etnin for placing machine orders with an Italian com-ty, has been cleared by the

s-Royce investigation. report of the investigation been sent to Industry Secre-Sir Keith Joseph. Mr. ker refused to comment on

findings. group of Conservative MPs seek a Commons investiga-into the allegations if there or retraction soon. Back and

ir plant probe

ir employees of Austin igned following an investigainto allegations of bribery. ongbridge Back Page

· emirel stays on

siseven-month-old Right-wing perment of Turkey's Suley-n Demirel unexpectedly won vote of confidence in the mt Page 18

The increagan extradition ench court recommended the. tradition of British textile Honaire Lord Ragan wanted the UK on sbarges of theft d falsification of documents.

inancier freed.

rmer City banker and finan-have suffered most are the more r Ellis Seillon was freed 24 recent issues. Page 24 nrs. after being jailed for two. • BRITISH BAIL is examining

to will re-schedule a payment a further £33m. Bock Page

rms airlift

S. will begin on emergency mmunition worth about £1.5m. ampuchea famine Page 3

····· ope visits slums

Palestine move

EC Council of Ministers Preent Gaston Thorn will soon

teart man ill

Andrew Paterson, 22, the Conervatvie agent given a new leart last month at Papworth inspital near Cambridge, was gravely ill after a stroke.

Diver dies

Girl diver from Reading was

off Portsmouth

Wimbledon wins Evonne Cawley defeated Tracy Page 20 Austin in their Wimbledon LADBROKE chairman Mr pion Martina Navratilova de- Cyril Stein bad to answer calls feated. Billie-Joan King in a from ex-casino employees for an

Bound for France

American Alan Jones, 33, plans . GRANADA, the television to swim the Channel from Dover contracting, programming and in order to inspire America's

vouth." Briefly . . .

began a second hunger strike. Hippopotamus attacked and Pusan South Korea.

RISES.

Commercial Union 151 + 5

European Ferries...1761 + 5

Flight Refuciling 239 + 7
Freemans (SW91 116 + 6
Guardian Royai Ex 390 + 8
Hay's Wharf 272 + 32
HHI Samuel 235 + 7
Land Samuel 235 + 7

Land Securities ... 336 + 11 Legal and General 196 + 7 Lada Merchant Scs. 146 + 7

Prudential 216 + 8

Röpner 97 + 9 Sidlaw 112 + 7

Sidlaw 112 + 7 Thorn EMI 298 + 8

British Dredging ...

Treas. 91pc 1983 ... 1911 + 1

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

(Prices in pence unless otherwise indicated)

Gold up Sterling

GOLD rose \$3 to \$863.5 in

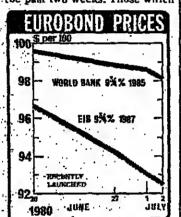
• STERLING lost 27 points on the day to close at \$2.3575. Its trade-weighted Index fell to 74.4 (74.5). DOLLAR traded in a narrow range and closed at DM 1.7580 (DM 1.7620). Its trade-weighted index fell two points to 83.3.

• GILTS rose on hopes of an early cut in MLR. The Government Securities index put on 0.41 to close at 69.50.

· EQUITIES were encouraged by the performance of gifts and the FT 30-share index closed 2.2 u pat 463.6.

• WALL STREET was up 4.52 at 876.79 near the close.

DOLLAR denominated Eurobonda have been hard hit during the past two weeks. Those which



have suffered most are the more

ars styline Old Balley for a the options to enable it to stay in bank. Trand, plet Tudge as near as possible to its from his Margan, OC, suspended cash limit, Sir Peter Parker, BR a Sentence for two years. chairman, said. Back Page

imbabwe debt • STEEL industry's biggest ie (lovernment is to write off union, the Iron and Steel British Steel Corporation is cutting back too far

Back Page • TESCO, the supermarket group whose tax rellef provisions are being challenged by the Inland Revenue, has accused the authorities of "con-

ducting an unfair campaign." Page 6 . he Pope gaye bis gold Papel BETTER PLANNING of ing to a group of slum dwel public purchases could help UK ars near Rio de Janeiro on the suppliers become more interaird day of his Brazilian tour, nationally competitive, Sir Keith Jnseph, Industry Secretary, said in a paper to the National Eco-

nomic Development Council. unch a European initiative on : . ITALIAN Cabinet met to alestinish autonomy. Page 2 approve measures to stabilise the econmy, boost competitiveness and help shore up the lira.

> WEST GERMANY'S trade surplus feil to DM 300m (£72.2m) in Msy, its lowes level for almost 10 years Exports were 4 per cent down on April, and imports 2 per cent

down. Page 2 pulled dead from the wreck of SAINSBURY supermarket Henry VIII's flagship Mary Rose group plans "substantially greater expansion " io the next three years, shareholders were told at the annual meeting.

> Cyril Stein bad to answer calls explanation of the group's move out of the gaming business at its annual meeting. Page 20

with his hands and feet bound rental group, reported first-half taxable profits up by 8 per cent to-£22.9m on turnover £22.5m higher at £168.7m. Page 20; Lex: Back Page

Archibeld Hall, serving life at . BLUNDELL Permoglaze Wakefield jail for five murders, Holdings, decorative and industrial paint and building chemicals manufacturer, reports killed its keeper in a zoo at first-half taxable profits down by £149,500 to £539,717. Page 20

Wilkinson Match .. 142 + 13

Alistate Expln. ... 100 + 15 Cons. Gold Flelds... 545 + 8 Falcoo Mices 720 + 30

Greenvale 167 + 12 Haoma Gold 172 + 15

North West Mining 158 + 11

Rnsteaburg Plat. ... 241 + 21 Selection Trust ... £12 + 1

Spargos Expin. ... 36 + 6 Welkom 763 + 21

FALLS

Comet Radiovision 83 - 4

Variant 100 - 5

..... 440 + 10

BNOC opposed to North Sea oil price increases

BY RAY DAFTER, ENERGY EDITOR

poration (BNOC), the main trader of North Sea oil plans to bold down UK oil prices despite further increases by African producers. The decision reflects the growing weakness of spot market prices.

No. 28,208

Nigeria, which in the past has set the pricing trend for the UK, has raised its reference price to the \$37 a barrel ceiling set by the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) in Algiers last month.

Oil companies have been told they will have to pay an extra 29 cents a barrel for Nigeria's Bonny Light crude oil. Prices of other grades of Nigerian oil are being raised by corresponding amounts to between \$35.73 and \$37 a barrel. As with the increases announced by a numper of other OPEC members, the new rates apply from July 1.

Nigeria has joined Libya and Algeria in raising contract levels to the \$37 a harrel ceiling. The crudes produced by these three African exporters are of similar quality-and proximity to the msin markets -ss those produced in the

the past, BNOC would suppliers and customers it feels the UK industry. a further UK price increase This will please the Govern-reference price which ist \$28 cannot be justified in the light ment which has been criticised Continued on Back Page

North Sea.

BRITISH NATIONAL Oil Cor- of weakening spot market prices.

If the UK oil industry had introduced a price rise of, say, 30 cents a barrel, revenue could have risen about \$480,000 a day

> The UK's North Sea reference crude - from British Petroleum's Forties field—now costs \$36.25 s barrel. UK

A NORTH SEA oil group led by Chevron has confirmed an important reservoir • Oil nse in the UK was 14.2 per cent tower between March and May than in the same period last year • The Government is scrutinising tax avoidsnee by North Sea aperators, Page 6

prices last went up hy \$2 a harrel on May 20 fullowing similar iocreases from Libya and Nigeria.

BNOC, which controls about two-thirds of the UK oil trade, has asked companies with which it trades to comment on its pulley to peg prices for perhaps another three months. Some small producers which sell oil to BNOC may nhject. But last have followed the pricing trend. night it was understnod there hut the corporation has told its was no pricing disagreement in

within the EEC for the high level of North Sea prices. It is thought that the BNOC move might demonstrate that the UK is not necessarily a follower of pricing trends, but can also he pricing moderate.

But it was being emphasised in UK oil circles last oight that the decision to peg prices had heen taken for commercial. rather than political, reasons, It | THE GOVERNMENT sold out s understood that a cargo of its £1bn long-dated tan slock Nioian crude oil has already yesierday, as heavy demand led by foreign investors drove up gill-edged prices. The surge of been sold on the spot market for slightly less than the official BNOC rate of \$35.95 s harrel.

Elsewhere, some spot market cargoes have recently need sold at prices considerably below the new level of OPEC pariffs, Industry reports indicate that waxy African crudes which cost \$39 barrel on the spot market in December are now being sold for nearer to \$35.50.

The falling spot market prices reflect lowered demand and high stock levels. Saudi Arahla, which is still producing at the high rate of 9.5m h/d —lor h/d above its preferred ceiling—is demonstrating an increasing influence on the patterns. The kingdom has still to announce when it will reduce lis output, to bring supply and demand more into balance, and hy how much it will increase its

Bonn and Soviet Union set for £3.6bn gas talks

BY ROGER BOYES IN BONN

THE SOVIET UNION is pre- is likely to make available an no nhjection from the German gas project.

gest business deal yet reached betwen Eastern and Western

Moscow talks earlier this week. betwen Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany and Moscaw had officially decided Mr. Leonid Brezhnev. Soviet what it wanted to do with the President and Communist Party chief.
"Both sides were in sgree-

ment that the preliminary negotiations should begin soon between the relevant concerns on a new project desling with Soviet natural gas deliveries." the official communique said. The project's value has been variously estimated at hetween

DM 15bn. and DM 20bn. It involves constructing s new in West Siberia were about pipeline from gasfields in 20,000bn cubic metres. The Western Siberia to Western Soviet Union could, thus, well urope. afford to export the projected In return, the Soviet Union quantities. There is evidently

Exploratory talks hetween the Russians and a consortium of gas companies from Germany. Official spproval has come in France, Austria, Holland, Bel- Soviet deliveries. comunique issued after the glum and Italy have been going on since 1978. Formal negotiations could not hegin until what it wanted to do with the gas. In Bonn last month, Mr. Nikolai Tikhonov, the Deputy Soviet Premier, suggested that the Soviet Union was still considering whether to keep the gss and export the extra amounts of oil that became

available. However, Dr. Klaus Liesen, chairman of Ruhrgas, which has taken a prominent role in the talks, has said that gas reserves

pared to start negotiations with additional 40bn cubic melres Government. The Bonn Cabinet a West German-led consortium annually over 20 years to recently decided that the Soviet on a DM 15-20bn (£3.6-4.8bn) Western Europe, of which about share of German gas supplies 10bn cubic metres of gas per could be allowed to expand It could prove to be the blg- year would go to West Germany. from the present 16 per cent to an ultimale 30 per cent. This would not represent, it decided. an excessive dependence on

It is understood that two German companies—Ruhrgas and Mannesmann—and the Deutsche Bank will plsy the key roles in the deal. Ruhrgas, West Germany's leading gas importer and distributor, has been striving over the past few years to diversite its source of natural gas supply.

Mannesmann is likely to be

responsible for the supply of the large diameter pipes and compressor the Deulsche Bank ordinate the DM 20bo credit. heading a financing consertium of more than 20 German and overseas banks.

Continued on Back Page West Germany's gas supplies, Page 2

Calls to act on Japanese cars

BY NICK GARNETT AND JOHN GRIFFITHS

msnufacturers are calling for dency of the committee ended in urgent investigation by the last week. European Commission into Japanese vshicle imports to EEC countries.

At the same time, senior officials of main UK motor industry unions are planning to meet. They intend to draft a similar approach to the Commission, to be made through the European Metalworkers' Feder-

sioner with special responsibility compared with 6:1 per cent last for industrial affairs, from the year. Committee of Common Market signed by Sir Michael Edwardes, average 10.9 per cent of the

EUROPE'S LEADING motor chairman of BL, whose presi-

The letter is based on unofficial estimates showing a msjor jump in Jspanese imports in the first five months of this year on the same period of

According to these figures, Japanese car imports to the EEC were 23 per cent higherat 331,000-in January to May The manufacturers' request than in the same period last comes in a letter to Viscount year. This gave the Japanese Etienne Davignon, Commis- en 8 per cent market share,

The letter says that in the Automobile Constructors. It is UK, Japanese vehicles took an

market last year, but 13,8 per cent last montb. West Germany, the

In West Germany, the Japanese import penetration of 5.6 per cent last year had risen to 10.1 per cent by last mooth. Corresponding figures for the Netherlands were 19.5 per cent and 29.2 per cent.

Sir Michael says the committee views with concern the "sbsrp nicresse" of Japanese penetration which had to be seen in the context of the general trading imbalance between the EEC and Japan. European unemployment, and depreciation of the yen over the past 18 months. French motor industry,

Page 2 Daimler-Benz ontput, Page 25

Blundell Permo, ... Granada Group ...

INTERIM STATEMENTS

ANNUAL STATEMENTS

~ CONTENTS *

Nuclear strategy: Whitehall's secrecy about Trident missiles 18 Economic viewpoint: de-industrialisation is good for Britain 19 Marketing: profile of a chairman with a velvet fist Business and the courts: the risks of uncollected cheques Lombard: Anthony Harris looks at monetary policies Editorial comment: Northern Ireland; Turkey 18 Survey: Investing in West Germany 10-16



Racing Shere Informati Stock Markets: Technical Unit Trusts ... For latest Share Index phone 01-246 8026

Allied Irish Banks SPS Industries ... Beechwood Const. Rubber-Unitoyal storick Products

Government Securities Index

stock

BY DAVID MARSH

Easter.

sold out

buying reflected fresh hopes of

The tap issue, 13 per cent

At the start of dealines

an early cut in interest rates.

Favourable reaction to Ulster plan

BY STEWART DALBY IN DUBLIN

£1bn tap ircland, published yesterdsy, tion could then he introduced was onestly favourable. Northern Ireland has been ruo directly from Loodon since

1972. The long-awaited White Paper envisages that power could be devolved to a new single chamber of about 80 members, elected by proportional representation on a single transferable vole system.

brought into effect, it says.

THE UK's official gold and foreign exchange reserves [el] \$112m last manih to \$28,17hn. mainly hecause of overseas deht repayment by public sector horrowers, Page S

UK investments, led the general huging oo the gilt-edged market vesterday. There were reports that the tap stock's exbaustion might have been due largely to a single purchase from a big foreign institution.

Long-dated issues finished up

the pound and high ylelds on

recent spate of partly paid issues met particular demand.
PGE 1 GILTS — 4 *CC Sharter-dated stacks were up to £11 higher after earlier rising

tn £4 higher after earlier going

ahead by more than £1. The

hy f(i).
The market was buoyed by The market was buoyed by be decisively rejected. An expectations that Minimum attempt to set up a system of ding Rate when the Government disaster. makes the regular announcement of the rate for the week ahead. It is more likely, however, that the authorities will take no action until the full

become available next week. Slightly lower interest rates on the London money market contributed to a 0.27 cent fall in sterling yeslerday. It closed at \$2.3575 against Tuesday's \$2.3602. It is still however only just over 1 cent helow the U.S. just over 1 cent helow the U.S. major parties agree to further five-year high reached in Msy. discussions, Mr. Humphrey

banking figures tn mid-June

But further talks would have to take place with local political parties before legislation to create an Assembly could be lo a strong statement, Mr.

John Hume, leader of the Social Treasury 2000, was sold out at Democratic and Labour Party (SDLP), the major moderate volce of the 500,000 Roman lunchtime. It was the fourth ong-term tap exhausted since Catholic mionrity io province, said he welcomed the vesterday, less than £200m of opportuoity for further discusthe stock was thought to have sinn. His party was always heen left in the market followwilling to enter into a political ing the enthusiastic reception when it went on offer last week. dialogue as the only way to restore lasting peace to Pcace Foreign iovestors, attracted Northern Ireland. by the continuing strength of

The Rev. In Paisley, the main delegate of the largely Protestant Im unionist majority at the three-party conference alternative are better, which led to the White Paper. This model envisages which led to the White Paper. refrained from condemning the giving the minority a veto over the majority would be decisively rejected by the Ulster people. The strongest condemnation

in Ulster came from Mr. James Molyncaux, leader of the Offi-Uotonist Party, altlinugh his influence appeared to have heen croded by a decising not to attend the talks that preceded the paper. The Official Unionists, whn

include Mr. Enogh Powell, are the largest Unionist party at Westminster, with five seats, Mr. Molyneaux sald any allentpl to ressureet a system

which had already failed would

The Irisb Government welcomed the idea of further talks hut repeated its view that the problem cauld not he solved in

an Ulster context alone. It said it wished to see the questinn raised to a new intergovernmental level, and considered in the context of closer political co-operation between the British and Irish Governments

Assuming that the three

THE INITIAL reaction of Ulster Alkins, Ulster Secretary, hopes politicians to Government plans to have these talks completed to devolve power to Northern by the summer recess. Legisla-

> the next Parliameotary in The White Paper sets out two schemes whereby a Cabinet-style executive could be formed

One alternative to a West minster majority model was a certain number of seats to the executive to any party wioning a certain proportion of the popular vote. Thus a party with, for example, 25 per cent of the popular vote would be assured of a quarter of the executive seats.

This would be tantamount to power-sharing between the two communities in Northern Ircland, and is known to be youred by the SDLP. Mr. litume has repeatedly said that the twin zoals of his party are power sharing in the Cabinet and closer links with the Irish Republic.

Mr. Paisley and the other unionist leaders are adamantly opposed to power sparing at an executive level, and also to closer ties with the Republic. The prospects for the second

executive formed by the document out of hand. Bul he majority party or parties warned that any measures elected in the Asembly and provides no places as of right to the ininority parties. It would he supported, however, by a second hody called a Council of the Assembly. This would he made up of chairmen and tieputy chairmen of departmen-

i cnomitiees. The chairmanships would be allocated equally hetween those parties supporting the executive and those opposing it. To be effective any preposition on which the Council had to decide would bave to attract 50 per

cent +1 voies.

The Council could have delaying or blocking powers over legislation from the Assembly. Mr. Paisley has not specificslly ruled out such a Council. In replying to the Common statement by Mr. Atkins. Mr. Paisley, MP for North Antrim yesterday confined himself mostly to security matters.

Commons statement, Page 8 Editorial Comment, Page 18

	-	-	_	_	-
£	ìn	New	Y	or	k

Jury 1

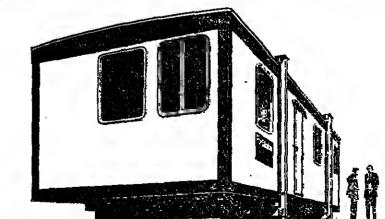
1 month 1,921,26 dis 1,801,75 dis. 5 months 4,244,15 dis 4,204,15 dis. 12 months 9,209,00 dis 9,159,00 dis.

Portakabin Room to manœuvre

Gain unlimited scope for future action with go-anywhere, portable buildings you can position in minutes ... use for years ... add on to ... relocate ... or

profitably sell off. Portakabin Mk V range instant accommodation is good to work in, hardwearing and distinctive by design. The exclusive wall construction combines tough steel skin with high insulation rigid foam core. The unique Lodastrut leg system allows one man to load, unload and position.

Offices, medical centres, clubs — anything in industry and public service — Portakabin gives you all the space you need now, with endless scope for the



BUY OUTRIGHT OR HIRE

Gat the full facts. Call John Benedict on 0904 28960 (Telex 57849) or clip the coupon and post today. Portakabin Ltd. (Room 2MN), Huntington, York YO3 9PT



Your introduction to the Portakabin Mk V range . The Research Please send me your full colour literature on the Portakatin Mk V programme T and your memational customer news magazine 🗀 Portokabin and Lodgamur are registered trade marks. Fromakabin Lid

How Russia may plug the holes in West German energy policy

BY KEVIN DONE IN FRANKFURT

AGREEMENT between Germany and the Soviet Union on future economic cooperation means that the Federal Republic and a group of other West European nations metres. Another 11bn cubic can look to the Soviet Union and Norway to aell them more natural gas, plusging the buge meshed European pleline meshed European pleline holes in supplies torn by the Iranian revolution and by a change of policy in Algiers.

Iran, under the Shah, entered firm commitment to supply 11bn cubic metres of gas annually, heginning next year, pumping it through a pipeline acros the Soviet Union.

Algeria, from the mid-1980s. was to supply 17hn cubic metres of liquefied natural gas by tanker, but is rethinking its gas export policy. Work has already begun on engineering plans for a re-gasification plant at Wilhelmshaven on the German North Sea coast But Algeria now favours an alternative pro-Posal for creating pipeline capacity across the Mediterranean in addition to the pipeline to Italy already under con-

Ruhrgas, one European com-Pany which concluded an agreement with Algeria admits openly that it is questionable whether the existing agreements will be fulfilled in anything like their original form. The other Thyssengas of West Germany, Gasunie of the Netherlands, thum of German, French Dutch BEB. a joint German affiliate and Belgian gas importes; is of Shell and Exxon, and pushing hard for that gas, in Deutsche BP. German affiliate competition with British Gas. of British Petroleum.

signalled a readiness to step sortium of companies from six into the breach, saying that European countries has signed they could open fields in preliminary agreements which western Siberia from which could provide about 8bn cubic West Europe could draw about metres of liquefied natural gas 40bn cubic metres a year. A a year from West Africa, be-

quarte of that could go to West ginning in 1984 or 1985. Germany. Under arrangements similar amount would be already in force, the Soviet Union last year supplied West Germany with some 10bn cubic and France, though the close-meshed European pipeline system. The enhanced supplies now being talked of would require an antirely new pine-line of 2,800-3,100 miles, costing perhaps £4.8bn.

Norway already supplies West Germany with some 10bn

Iran and Algeria were to supply 28bn cubic metres a year of natural gas to West Germany. Iran's revolution and policy changes in Algiers made Bonn look

cubic metres of gas a year from the Ekofisk fields. A move is expected in the Norwegian Parliament early in 1981 which customers were Salzgitter and could make available another

Nigeria is another possible The Russians have this week new acurce of susplies. Acon-

available for export direct to Algeria, European gas company executives are cautious about the Nigerian prospection.
Klaus Liesen, chairman of Klaus Liesen, chairman of Klaus We have known for some time that there are contracts of different

Working in close co-operation. Continental gas companies bave built an impressive network of gas distribution trunk lines across Europe, from the orwegian North Sea to the Mediterranean in one axis and from the Czechoslovak bordar to the French Atlantic coast on the

Some weeks ago. ministers and officials from West Germany, France and Austria, and their counterparts from the Soviet Union, gathered on the Czechoslovak-Austrian horder at Baumgarten for the inauguration of another section of the European gas system completed earlier this year. Two new sections of the trunkline network, built by joint venture companies formed by Ruhrgas, OMV of Austria. and Gaz de France, now run some 245 kilometres across northern Austria, and then a further 630 kilometres acrosa aouthern Germany to the French border.

(£242m) to bulld the German section alone. For parts of its length it has a diameter of 120 cms, making it the largest pipeline yet laid in Western Europe. But as a result of Iran's decision to cut oil and gas exports, the pipeline will operate at only balf its designed

capacity, Not surprisingly, Bonn baa



prospect of taking another For more than 18 months, German gas companies to join major portion of its energy Ruhrgaa bas headed a con- the main consortium, and it is but even during tha recent months of extreme political tenaion in East-West relations, it It cost more than DM 1bn did nothing to hinder discus-£242m) to build the German sions on gas aupplies which German companies hava been conducting with Moscow. The recent visit to Bonn by Mr. Nikolai Tichinov, the Snviet Deputy Premier, set the scene for this week's meeting of the West German and Soviet heads of state, which has npened the way to serious negotiations for a major supply contract Western Europe.

needs from the Soviet Union, sortium including Thyssen Gas and BEB from West Germany, and the national gas importers from Austria, France, the Netherlands, italy and Belgium, which bas waited patiently to be brought to the starting line of negotiations.

Earlier this year, Herr Hel-muth Buddenberg, chief execu-tive of Dautscha BP, announced brashly that his company was also holding talks independently with Moscow on a gas export that Deutsche BP has started negotiations with the other

centre of talks which Mr. Konstantin Katushev, the Soviet Deputy Premier in

charge of Comecon affairs, is

bolding with Mr. Jozsef Marjai,

probable that it will give up its individual bid. Deutsche BP has been some-

Germany's gas companies in recent bolding in Ruhrgas, it has made repeated efforts to break into the Federal Republic's lucrative gas industry nn its own account. It already holds one of the ill-fatad contracts with Algeria for liquefied natural gas, and has also struck ont alone in seeking to secure its own future supplies from Norway. Its only success has been

Tough talking on two-way trade

SENIOR SOVIET LEADER IN BUDAPEST

SENSITIVE QUESTIONS of growth but the pricing pricing and delivery commitmechanism for products which

pricing and delivery commit-mechanism for products which ments are expected to be at the can only be bought for bard

to take under contract the limited supplies offered by the veloped in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea by a consortium led by Deutscha BP's thing of an irritant for West parent company, British Petrol-

eum. This contract itself has created. great controversy in the West European gas industry, because Deutsche BP has conceded the principle, apparently for the first time in a European gas contract, of "crude oil parity pricing." Under the Ula Field agreement, gas prices paid by Deutscha BP to the BP consortium will escalate in line with

world nil prices. Other West German contracts, with German contracts, with the Soviet Union Norway and the Netherlands, for example, allow part-escalation only in line with the price of heating oil gas's main competitor fuel. Gas importers are now deeply worried that the precedent set in Furope to Deutsche RP will be followed. by Deutsche BP will he followed by other producer countries Deutsche BP, for its part, argue that the Ula Field was a special case and that Japanese gas buyars had in any case already given in to Middle East de mands for crude oil parity

However the argument develops, it is sure that continental gas consumers are going to have to pay much more for are going up by 10 to 30 per cent, and Ruhrgas is still facing demands for more from its major Soviet and Dutch

suppliers.
Last year, natural gas pro-vided some 17 per cent of West European primary energy con-sumption. West Germany itself has been pursuing the hope that last year's supplies of 60bn cubic metres, or 16 per cent of its total energy needs, could increase to more than 83bn cubic metres a year by 1990, enough to meet 18 per cent of primary energy con-sumption. If that goal is still to be reached early agreement will have to be reached with potential producer countries, as it takes at least four to five years to build a supply system. Soviet invasion of Afghanistan shows the scale of the political risks, but Dr. Liesen of Ruhrgas remains optimistie: "Not every contract already agreed will be realised." be admits "But neither will every project founder which today we hold to be realistic."

Schmidt visit underlines Bonn's growing influence

political weight within the Atlantic alliance bas been underlined strongly by Chan-cellor Helmut Schmidt's talks this week in Moscow

While Bonn stressed it had no alliance, many observers in that there have been only Moscow believed none the less limited contacts between the that this was very much what super-powers since the Afghani-Herr Schmidt was doing.

Although a bllateral economic accord was signed during the visit, the Chancellor's discussions concentrated on world political Issues, including Afghanistan, Iran, arms control and North-South problems.

lin banquet, condemning the last year. Russian invision of Afghanistan, was interpreted as an unusually frank declaration of Western particular competence of Herr policy, and was treated as such by the Soviet side. Both the and Defence Minister to follow Soviet news agency Tass and the through the detailed arguments party newspeper Pravda took on matters like East-West arms Herr Schmidt sbarply to task for allegedly presenting a onesided picture of key problems, auch as the East-West missiles

1974 when bilateral issues predominated, and is felt to reflect three factors. One is Herr Schmidt's convic-

tion that East-West communication is essential, especially in mandate to speak for the whole times of crisis, and his dismay

stan crisis began.

The second is the growing political role Bonn bas been prepared to assume over the past few years, symbolised in particular by the West German summit meeting with the United His public speech at a Krem- States, Britain and France early

> The third, linked to the control, as well as controlling broad policy.

This was emphasised by the Chancellor's two-honr meeting in Moscow on Tuesday with the This was in marked contrast Soviet Defence Miniater and his to the course of Herr Schmidt's deputy. Herr Schmidt requested enthusiastic.

WEST GERMANY'S growing previous visit to Moscow in the meeting to specify his views on the imbalance created by Moscow's continued development of SS-20 missiles and the Backfire bomber.

> It is recognised in Bonn that the broader role the West Germans are playing carries risks, but these are felt to be less than those involved in failing to assume the responsi-

One fear is that there could be increasing rivalry with the U.S., whom the West Germans clearly accept as leader of the alliance but whose foreign policy course they often feel to

Herr Schmidt feels his talks in Moscow bave brought signs of an end to the East-West intermediate-range nuclear mis-He has not yet publicly stated

what be sees as the new element. But a major question for Bonn is whether President Jimmy Carter will be ready to follow a negotiating atenue revealed through talks by Herr Schmidt on a Moscow visit about which the U.S. was never

Kampuchea attacks U.S. in Moscow

On Tuesday President Carter ordered an airlift of \$3.5m-worth of weapons and ammunition, already ordered and paid for by the That Government, to be sent to Thailand to belp defend its hordens against attacks from Vietnamese-led forces.

Vietnamese Communist Party chlef, Prime Minister Pham Van Dong and Deputy Prime believed to be baving talks with the Kremlin. Bangkok bad tried to use

groups loyal to the ousted Pol Pot Government, be claimed. The Kampuchean Government had "used its legitimate right to defend the country."

MOSCOW-Hun Sen, Foreign Minister of the Heng Samrin Government of Kampuchea. yesterday denounced the U.S. decision to send arms and ammunition to Thailand, and accused Washington of seeking to increase tension on the Thai-Kampuchean border.

Hnu Sen's visit to Moscow coincided with the presence in the Soviet capital of ibree f Vietnam's leaders. Le Duan,

"voluntary refugee retrate into Kampuchea armed

cent in the 1970s. Last year the Soviet Union accounted for 29.3 per cent of Hungarian imports and took 28 per cent of its exports. Exclud-

level for the next five years. This year the Soviet Union is supplying 7.5m tons of crude at the preferential Comecon price based on the average. OPEC price over the last five

currencies which is causing in-

creasing problems. The Soviet

and the other Comecon members

not increase above the 1980

that fuel and oil deliveries will

his Hungarian counterpart. Mr. Katushev arrived earlier this week in Budapest for the second round of talks in less than two months. Mr. Marjai, who has the reputation of being a tough negotiator, visited Moscow in May for talks about the mutual adjustment of plans. With Hungary shifting to a domestic prices policy reflecting world market prices, the Press bas begun to inform the public Higher prices of the difficulties in Hungarian-Soviet trade. It is admitted openly that Soviet imports fell from 37 per cent of the total in

ing the effect of infiation, bilateral trade in future is likely to rise " at a considerably lower rate than in the past. according to the economic years and a further 1m tons for hard currency at current market

Apart from buses, Hungary primarily exports farm products and consumer goods. Hungary should increase its deliveries of fresb fruit from this year's between 1980 and 1990. Tinned go up by 65 per cent.

of farm products as Hungary. mecon countries have been forced to spend a lot of bard currency on farm imports after Union bas already told Hungary a disappointing 1979. "The price and credit mechanism should be developed in a way which would stimulate the exports of food products within Comecon," the paper said.

> Though no details are ever published about pricing de-bates and methods; it is no secret that Hungarian exporters feel they have been put at a disadvantage. The Soviet Uninn provides 76 per cent of the oil used in Hungary, 27 per cent of natural gas, 23 per cent of

vegetable and fruit exports (chemicals for chemicals, should rise by 45-50 per cent machinery for machinery) is and wine deliveries should also causing increasing problems for the Hungarians whose foreign Hungarian exports however, trade mechanism and export ning chief, are experienced want higher prices for their finance is much more sophisti negotiators. Mr. Katushey will goods. As Nepszava, the union cated and daring than those of have to take greater account. daily newspaper, hinted last the Soviet Union. "In theory therefore, of Hungary's wishes goods. As Nepszava, the union cated and daring than those of have to take greater account.

daily newspaper, hinted last the Soviet Union. "In theory therefore, of Hungary's wishes week, farm products have in the rouble is transferable, but and problems than has been the

verted into any Nepszava complained During the first five month

of this year, Hungary managed in achieve sturning successes in trade with the hard currency areas. Exports to the nonrouble regions jumped by 20.5 per cent while imports from the same area fell by 8 per cent. Hungary is obviously finding it easier and simpler to trade with the capitalist west than with its fraternal Comecon partners.

Hard bargain

Faced with the med for gary intends in Brive a hard bargain. Without in any way raising doubts about their total loyalty to Soviet foreign policy. electricity and about nan-aluminium. But, in addition to raising doubts about men-farm goods Hungary also ex-ports pharmaceuticals, buses, Hungarian economic pulicy makers are no longer afraid of But this kind of two-way trade trade and co-operation talks:

Both Mr. Marjai, a former. Hungarian ambassador Moscow and Mr. Laios Faluveri. the new Vice-Premier and planweekly Figyeloe. week, farm products bave in the rouble is transferable, but and problems than has been But it is not the rate of creasingly become strategic in practice it cannot be con- case in the past when

W. German trade surplus lowest for decade

BY ROGER BOYES IN BONN

years, despite a slight improvement in the price of key industry. appears to be due to flagging

said yesterday that Weat Ger-many exported DM 28.9hn worth of goods in May, 4 per cent down ou April. Meanwhile imports—influenced among among other things by a slackening in the oil price reached DM 28.6bn, a fall of 2 per ceot compared with April.

DM 300m, the lowest aince
August, 1970. although the
January surplus of DM 360m
month and DM700m in May. was close to this level. How- 1979. ever, the January figure was It is not clear how much mainly caused by high imports, comfort West Germany can take

foreign orders to manufacturing

tional deficit on services and April and 7.1 per cent fail in overseas transfers—is apparent the cost of refined non-ferrous The Federal Statistics Office in the figures released yester- metals. day. The May import figure is 14 per ceot above the figure for May, 1979, almost solely hecause of the deterioration in the terms of trade for West Germany, which is heavily dependent on imported raw materials and oil.

The current account-group-This left a surplus of ing trade, services and transfers

Ten 30-33 ft. cruisers were

put through their paces in gruelling one-of-a-kind Rally. Read our conclusions in

this month's issue. Giles

setter things happen at sea with

Chichester cruises the Far

East in Gipsy Moth V and

Overboard' techniques

Errol Bruce discusses and illustrates 'Man

Anchored

or under sail

WEST GERMANY's trade sur- whereas the fall in the May from the slowdown in May's 1979 climate and partly the plns fell to DM 300m (£72m) in surplus seems to reflect a new import prices because at least May, the lowest level for almost trend: a tangible alowdown in part of this appears to be due to seasonal factors. imports. Although the long-term erosion of the surplus has here largely the result of a huge oil bill, the present drop adequate to cover the tradi-

> Meanwhile, the Economics Ministry'a latest bulletin, says that despite a distinct slackening in domestic orders, in private consumption and in export sales. West Germany is not heading for a re-

> > economy has great staorina and ahould be able to hounce back after a slowdown in the second balf of this year. First quarter an extension of the favourable

result of rapid stockpiling in manufacturing industry. However, orders received in April by manufacturing industry fell by 4.5 per ceot, the

first concrete sign that the economie honeymoon of the first quarter was over. Apart from flagging demand and produc-tion, the Economics Ministry also make clear that prices rises are causing considerable con-The slowdown in import

prices—18.2 per cent more in May against 22.1 per ceut in April—will be of some comfort however, are beginning seriously to worry the construcbalf of this year. First quarter tion industry, which in many growth was 5.5 per cent, partly ways acts as the barometer of

to the Bundesbank, which has csssion. been trying to fight domestic non-imported inflation with the report stresses that the tigt monetary policies. The high interest ratea involved. against.

Another Swedish nuclear station begins fuelling

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN STOCKHOLM

TECHNICIANS HAVE begun ber, 1982. Ringhals 3, the 915 loading the third power station at Sweden's Ringhala aite with on which loading started yester. nuclear fuel rods—two years behind schedule. This is the second nuclear station to be fuelied after the national referendum in March in which Swedes voted to complete the 12-reactor nuclear power pro-

Ringhals is completed but loading will have to be postponed on an irregular basis. It, too, until the state power board can should be fully operative by February, 1982. gramme and the public opposition which culminated in the Ringhals and Forsmark have referendum have reduced dras filed claims with the Governtically the number of technicians seeking jobs
The earliest date at which

on which loading started yesterday, is scheduled to be opera-

ting commercially by next February,

This reactor is the eighth of the 12 authorised by the referendum and the second to be loaded after it. The first, Forsmark 1, was loaded in April and has been supplying elec-

nuclear power stations at Ringhals and Forsmark have ment for compensation totalling SKr 2.5bn (£257m) for losses arising from the delays to the Ringhals 4 can now come into national nuclear power pro-commercial operation is Novem-

Anti-EEC sentiment rises in UK

By John Wyles in Brusseis

ANTI-EEC sentiment in the UK is stronger than at any time since Britain joined the Community-almost half the population now believes membership "a bad thing." This is one of the conclusions of the latest Community-wide survey of public opinion published by the European Com-

The poli indicates that the are the least enthusiastic members of the EEC with only 23 per cent believing in the advantage of membership and 49 per cent

The survey, conducted in April, shows a major swing in British opinion during the preceding 12 mouths, which saw British jocked in conflict with its partners over the size of its hudget contributions. In April 1979, 33 per cent of tha sample still helieved memher-ship a good thing while 41 per cent beld the opposite view.

But there bas been a de-cline in the EEC's popularity cline in the EEC's popularity throughout the Community with 55 per cent of respondents believing it beneficial compared with 58 per cent last October, and 59 per cent last October, and 59 per cent last April. After the UK, Demmark is the most critical with only 33 per cent bolding a positive view.

Paradoxically, the idea of European integration still has majority support in all countries except Denmark.
Throughout the Community some 73 per cent are very much in favour of lutegration, including 59 per cent in the

On other topics the British (39 per cent) and the French (42 per cent) are the most pessimistic on the chances of war, believing them to be better than 50 per cent.

Peugeot to shut two plants for week as car output plummets

Peugeot to shut two of its main July and August Peugeot's production has only registered decision follows similar steps a slight decline from the record earlier this year at Talbot and Citroen, the other constituents of the Peugeot SA group (which has recently changed its nama from PSA Peugeot-Citroen).

back still further soon, although it bas strongly denied union rumours that it is considering making up to 10,000 workers

Citroen is expected to cut

five months. With a production

the French motor industry, cent. Renault has virtually car buying intentions among underlined by a fall in production of almost 23 per cent in where overall group output has Peugeot has already admitted. May, is forcing Automobiles fallen by almnat 16 per cent. Renault's vitality this year

> figures achieved last year, falling by about 3 per cent to 1.39m units in the first five months. But the sudden daterioration of sales which emerged in May, when the French market slumped by almost 24 per cent, could well pose problems for Renault as well in the second half of the year. Most forecasters are con-

These awingeing reductions in the Pengeot group contrast in registrations during the rest sharply with the performance of the year as France follows at Renault, the nationalised the U.S. and other Western European countries into recession. A recent study by the sion. A recent study by the French national statistical office

THE DEEPENING recession in increase of a little over 15 per indicated a significant fail in

that this setback will mean a Peugeot to shut two of its main car plants for seven days during means that nverall French car group. At the recent share plants and August. Peugeot's production has only registered holders' meeting M. Jean-Paul and the state of the car was a slight decision follows: Parayre, - the chairman, said that the three production branches of the company were unlikely to produce as much as the group's financial results would also stagnate at around the same level as achieved in

Renault has so far show much more optimism as its output has grown to about half of sales surpassed those of Peugeot, Citroes and Talbot combined. With a more effective small car range, in particular lts R5 model, it has benefited from the swing away from larger, less economical medels.

New call on EEC nuclear plants

BY JOHN WYLES IN BRUSSELS

FRESH ATTEMPTS are likely Moselle. Luxembourg was in- power plant, to be made within the EEC censed by a French decision to In addition during the next six mooths to construct four nuclear plants of will be sough during the next six mooths to boost environmental priorities in the sltin gof nuclear power stations, despite determined opposition from France. The efforts are likely to

centre on two proposals which the European Commission has already sent to the Council of Ministers aimed at removing friction betweeo EEC member states over the siting of nuclear power atatioos close to common frontiers.

Much of the fresh impetus is meut expected from the Luxembourg Government, which will occupy

13,000 megawatts at Cattenom on the Moselle, close to the M. Pierre Werner, the Luxem-

bourg Prime Minister, yester-day discussed the Cattenom dispute and the hroader nuclear environmental issue at a meeting bere with Mr. Roy Jenkins, the Commission President, and the Commissioners responsible for Energy and the Environ-

Luxeinbourg is expected to use the power of the Commuthe Community Presidency nity Presidency in push Community the end of the year mission proposals for prior conmental reasons against building states, when they opt for a a plant of its own on the River border location for a nuclear

In addition, broad support will be sought for a Commission directive, which would require EEC Governments to provide neighbouring countries with assessments of damage that could be caused across frontiers by planned medear reactors.

Both proposals are opposed by France, which will resist any move that could delay its ambitious nuclear programme. France claims that it is as environmentally concerned as any other country, and insists that all necessary precautions are taken in plant construction.

FINANCIAL TIMES, published daily, oxcept Sundays and holidays. U.S. subscription rates. \$385.00 per sentum. Second Clery postage paid et Navyork. B.Y., and at additional mailing.

where people have traditionally

crossed almost at will. Befure

Phnom Penh in January last

yeer, Khmer Rouge soldiers

frequently raided across the

horder, aften killing Thai villagers in their search for

food and supplies. On the uther

hand, a flourishing black market

took local Thais into Kampu-

chea, where they sold rica and

People close in the horder

are ethnically similar, can communicate in Khouse and

notably the extremes of the

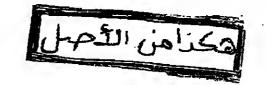
tropical climate — such as drought and, as in the present

rainy season, floods, which cut

forced to chandon schedules for

eigarettes.

Vielnamese occupied



Thorn to launch Palestinian initiative soon

Lord Carrington British Lord Carrington said that be Foreign Secretary, told the believed the U.S. Administra-Commons Select Committee nn tion understood that the EEC Foreign Affairs yesterday that initiative was not designed to Mr. Thorn will "go, perhaps cut scross the Camp David pro-with others, quite soon." He is cess. The autonomy talks were likely to visit the Palestinians, stalled and had just received a including the PLO. Israel, further setback in the dispute Egypt and Lebanon, and probover Jerusalem, he added. ably Jordan and Saudi Arabia. He insisted that the EEC did to seek agreement to two pring not wish to make things more ciples: the rights of states to difficult but was concerned to live within secure horders, and "prevent a situation when the rights of the Palestinians." Lord Carrington's statement, which awaits a formal offer by

THE EUROPEAN initiative on tration was at first critical of the the Palestinian issue which has been the cause of differences announcement at the first between the U.S. and the European Community is to be launched in the Middle East soon by Mr. Gaston Thorn, president of the EEC Council of hess enforced by the U.S. Ministers elections.

He insisted that the EEC did for a variety of reasons."

"I don't think Europe be-lieves that on its nwn it can

Luxembourg which now holds the presidency of the Community, came as Egyptian and Isvaeli negotiators prepared in Washington in discuss the resumption of talks over the vexed issue of Palestine autonomy within the Camp David framework.

"I don't think Europe believes that on its nwn it can solve the problem. A aettlement must involve the U.S."

So far, the response of Israel to the Venice initiative has been outwardly bostile while most outwardly bostile while most area to the venice initiative has been outwardly bostile while most area to the venice initiative has been outwardly bostile while most area to the venice initiative has been outwardly bostile while most area to the venice initiative has been outwardly bostile while most involve the U.S." avid framework. bave insisted that it falls well Although the U.S. Adminis- short of their aspirations.

THE INTERNATIONAL rellef north of Aranyaprathet is effort in Kampuchea was thrown known to local journalists as lntn total disarray by last "Indian country." Apart from the official crossing point of Polpet, much of the frontier is unguarded no man's land,

week's Vietnamese atlack across the That border. If the "land-bridge" operations, abruptly ended by the fighting, do not resume soon, there are fears of widespread starvation again among the Kampuchean people. The attack hes also increased the tension between the Thai authorities and relief organisations which arose as a result of the "voluntary" Kampuchean repatriation programme.

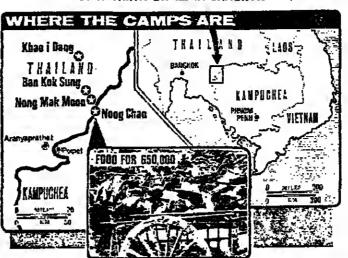
Also, the ambivalent Thai attitude towards relief flights to during the past week have emphasised the political aspects of Western aid to Kampuchea. Caught in the latest crisis share the same hardships, most are some 166,000 Kampucheans displaced by the fighting and now unwelcome guesta on the Thai aide of the border. Some had only just been repairiated off whole villages for days at from the 130,000-strong refugee a time.

camp at Khao i Dang. 30 kilo. Relief workers have been

metres from the eastern Thai town of Aranyaprathet. The feeding the hungry, relying Kampueheans are temporarily instead on a day-to-day proboused in fragile lents of blue gramme: They distribute two plastic sheeting slung over days' fond to as many people as bamboo poles in water-logged they can find. But the encamprice paddies. Some 25,000 of them have already been moved by the That armed forces, viously used as distribution contensibly to higher ground but contensibly to higher ground but contensibly to higher ground but contensible to higher ground higher groun ostensibly to higher ground, but centres, are now emply. The in fact to the "wrong" aide Victnamese have effectively of a Thai tank trap, and there scaled the border, and the fore in the front line of any thousands

Why famine threatens Kampuchea again

BY KATHRYN DAVIES IN BANGKOK



Unicef, which with the Inter-seed programme had been com-national Red Cross has been pleted. A further 7,000 tons was regulating the border operation. then promised. "Seven hundred from Araovaprathet, it was feeding between 6,000 and 20,000 for the interior the day before "residents," giving rice and rice the Vietnamese incursion. It was seed to 90,000 Nampucheans at the border. United presumed namese thinking," Mr. Frank these supplies reached up to says. 650,000 people in the 650,000 people in Kampucheao countryside,

famine. Mr. Aymon Frank of the Red Cross says rumours of

Nong Chan, 30 kilometres ing far a week collected the last of this rice seed and left

If the rice seed has been lieve the abrupt end to this nutrition in eastern Kampuchea source of supply will cause a over the coming weeks. Mr. over the coming weeks. Mr. Gary Johnstone, of the U.S. volunteer group World Relief, future Thai Vietnamese confront tation.

The Thai Kampuchea border

Thai

will deliver the aid on a person-

broken out between the main international relief workers and the smaller voluntary egencies over the organisation of the border programme and the emphasis attached to it.

The Red Cross erities, including World Relief and the U.S. Embassy, say it has stuck too rigidly to its interpretation of the Geneva Convention and put programme requirements before

The Red Cross says it is in a apecial position and has to comply with basic principles. "The aid agencies have accepted many things which were not acceptable." says Mr. Frank. "For example, the presence of armed elements in the refugee camps.

It is true that armed Khmer Serei (Free Khmer) guerrillas Serei (Free Khmer) guerrillas falling, worsening the wander nonchalantly around the already deplorable conditions. If the rice seed has been temporary camps on Thai soil planted quickly, the harvest unchallenged by Thai guards, should provide at least minimal Because of this, the Red Cross, whose relations with the That Government are less than 10 days have once again demoncordial, is re-evaluating its aid programme and may transfer its

It will enable a Community, is that such a whole new method of distribu- switch of emphasis would inevittion to be set up, involving ebly improve the standing of more expairlate personnel who the Heng Samrin Government. Western diplomats argue that tn-person hasis, instead of the Vicinamese and their produmping it in large quantities teges have provided no convinand leaving the distribution to ding evidence that the aid going the Kamoucheans themselves." inin Phnom Penh and the port Bitter disagreements have of kompong Soni is being roken out between the main properly distributed. Some say it is doing no more than feeding the Heng Samrin administra-

> Aside from humanitarian considerations, the virtual end of the border operation would go against the political grain for critics of the Vietnamese presence in Kampuchea.

The Vietnamese have already successfully stopped the re-patriation of refugees — or illegal immigrants as the Thais choose to call them - presumably a main objective of its

Aid officials say they expect more Kampucheans who fled during last week's fighting to arrive in the makeshilt camps in Thailand. The rains are still

For the time being, the relief agencies have patched up their differences to deal with this latest emergency. But the past political and logistical problems which have yet to be solved if the Kampuchean race is to

Tehran-Istanbul rail link is reopened

BY P. COCKBURN IN TEHRAN

THE IRANIAN Government has Importers are also relieved neceeded in reopening to traffic that the main road route linkthe main railway line from ing Iran to Western Europe via Tahran to Istanbul and Western Turkey re-opened yesterday Europe, two and a ball months after four days closure, followafter it was first blocked by lng the murder of a Turkish Kurdish guerrillas.

The opening of the rail line The driver was killed and his will ease some of Iran's import truck set on fire during a fight

lame:

itte fre

ungary 🖘

: Ummed

touck fv.

or to the PF. Liter inco ostat

rend with

attation in of the last in he state $\underline{1},\gamma_1,\beta_2$ m x 2

trabiliti

----sr. 3

TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

of rebels led by a Kurdish chieftain, Sannar Mahmadi, who belongs to the principal rebel organisation, the Kurdish Demoestimated 1,000 guerrillas, and its border crossing point at the rail link may prove difficult only cope with 100.

attacks.

Over the last week, work has been going on to repair sections testing at the execution of a of track destroyed by the Kurds colleague, Dr. Ismail Narimisa, and the first train crossed the in the southern city of Ahvaz Some other Iranian rail services are being closed so extra loco-

motives and wagons can be used... on this route. and Bandar Khomeini.

truck driver in Iran.

will ease some of Iran's import problems and allow 2,400 rail-way wagons walting on the Turkisb side of the border to be discharged in Iran.

Government forces recently released the 16-mile Qotur valley as Kurdish was subsequently closed. Turkish drivers refused in enter Iran unless their security was marked. guaranteed.

Importers say the Soviet Union is willing to send 200 railway wagons a day through

ds: A strike by doctors protesting at the execution of a colleague, Dr. Ismail Narimisa, . Monday, achieved only limited success in Tehran yes terday.

The strike, the first such on this route. general protest against the deci-Tehran has given priority to sion of a Revolutionary Court increasing the capacity of road and rail links via Turkey and the Soviet Union ever since U.S. and EEC sanctions were introduced. Two-thirds of Iran's imports last year came through the Gulf ports of Bandar Abbas and Raydar Khomaini ICL is a major, profitable and growing Bridia computer company with a considerable record of achievement at nome and acrossit. Several mytas exist about the company, its operations, products and stame. This message is one of a series designed to dispel the my his and describe the reality.



BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI india's package proposal to settle the long-standing border dispute between the two countries, but left the door open for serious talks on the issue which has soured Sino-Indian relations for more than 20 years. An early resolution of the dispute is unlikely but, for the first time, both countries are showing signs they would like package proposal involved concessions by China but added: Nevertheless, we welcome the prospect of the eastern sector ICL doesn't compete in world markets.

revenues were almost £300 million, nearly half its turnover. And so

it made a net contribution of £53 million to Britain's balance of payments.

In fact, over the last decade, ICL has been winning contracts all around the world against fierce international competition. In 1979, ICL sold computers in countries such as America and France (both countries with big international computer companies of their own). Greece, Thailand, Spain and Fiji. In over 80 countries, worldwide.

ICL won these contracts because it offers a wide range of advanced computer systems and comprehensive support to its customers. ICL systems are innovative, flexible, and competitively priced.

That's what has made a British company like ICL one of the leading international computer companies in the world today.

Don't decide on a computer company until you know about ICL

International Computers Limited, ICL House, Putney, London SW15 1SW.

India rejects Chinese border peace package

Affairs Minister, in which he said: "We should proceed meaningfully, while also keeping our best Interests in mind."

The people and Parliament, in the peop

China had proposed on June 21 that both sides make concessions, with China giving up claims in the eastern sector and discussions on changes in the India abandoning its western structure of the ruling Congress sector claims. In effect, this meant suggesting the line of actual control as the border, actual control as the border. since India already administers Pradesh, which China claims, seem inclined to pledge their while Peking has occupied tha loyalty to Mrs. Gandhi.

dispute is unitary but, for the concessions by ching but added; first time, both countries are "Nevertheless, we welcome the showing signs they would like prospect of the eastern sector to seitle the dispute over which being settled without any India and China went to war particular difficulty."

A major problem the Indian The Indian rejection of Government will face in reaching a proposal came in a statement to Parliament by Mr.

P. V. Narasimha Rao. External the people and Parliament.

void caused by the death of her son. Sanjay. She has returned to official work, but is avoiding

unimpaired. Indications are State of Arunachal that young Congress (I) MPs

SWAPO base 'wiped out'

wiped out the entire military been cleared. The operation was atructure of the South West widely condemned at the Africa People's Organisation United Nations, where the (SWAPO) in Southern Angola Security during a recent strike against resolution during a recent Strike against Africa.

guerrilla bases, a military Africa.

guerrilla bases, a military Mr. Pik Botha, South Africa's Mr. Pik Botha, South Africa's Mr. Pik Botha, South Africa's Foreign Minister, yesterday criticised Dr. Kurt Waldheim,

390 guerrillae and captured remarks he made about South over 250 tonnes of Soviet or Africa during an address to the

Barlier this week. South Tuesday, Dr. Waldheim had Africa announced that all its criticised what he said were conforces had withdrawn from tinuous South African raids into Angola after a military Angola. operation lasting at least four Reuter

South African troops virtually against SWAPO has nuly now Council passed censuring South

The forces killed more than UN Secretary-General, for the East European military equip-ment during the operation, tion of African Unity summit in-Freetown, Sierra Leone, on

Eskimos demand mineral rights

ESKIMO LEADERS from Greenland, the United States and Canada yesterday made their first concerted bid for more rights to the large oil and mineral resources of their Arctic homelands, AP reports from Godthaab, Greenland.

Ending a four-day convention, leaders of the estimated 190,000 Eskimos demanded a ban on oil and mineral concessions in their homelands until the U.S. and Canada settle Eskimo claims on the

Resources

North Americans joined in a demand by Greenland's 41.000 Eskimos, now self-governing under the Danish crown, for moratorium on oew concessions and a renegotiation of old ones. lucluding uranium exploration, in Greenland.

The Greenlanders want the delay nntil a final agreement with Denmark on control of Grenland's natural resonrces is reached. The Greenlanders, sbare with Denmark a veto over the use of the resources of their territory. A Daulsb state nuclear research body is schednled to complete nranium prospecting near Narsaq ln southern Green-land this summer.

Mr. Finn Lynge, Greenlandic representative in the European Economic Com-munity, said that Greenland grounds, any exploitation of the Narsao deposit, estimated to he the largest in the EEC ontside France

SHOWERED WITH confetti, Sr. Guauhtemoc Cardenas walked

briskly past the lines of bare-

fuot peasants and ragged school-

children, stopping occasionally to shake an outstretched hand.

and into the dusty village

square of Santa Ana.

Mariachis — Mexican musiclans—struck up on their

violins and mutars against a background of shouted slogans. The candidate of Mexico's In-

stitutional Revolutionary Party

-in power for 50 years-for

the governorship of the state

of Michoacan had arrived for a

political meeting, which had

all the tranpings of a wedding.

country's national hero and

Cardenas, who nationalised the

the welcome was all the greater.

His first name, Canhtemoc, is

thet of another national hero,

the last emperor of the Aztecs. Mexico is bolding elections

for State Governor and local

deputies in seven of its 31 states

this year, beginning on July 6.

The ruling party hes won

virtually every election at all

levels since it was founded in

For the first time, however,

the party faces real opposition.

not just parties like the Popular

Socialist Party, which is sup-

norting the ruling party's

Three other parties—the Com-munists, the Right-wing Catholic

National Action Party, and the

conservative Democratic Party

party's bloated campaign, they

will sween the board.

candidate in Michoacan,

have heen inactive.

numicipal elections.

Since he is the son of the

Carter agrees with Congress over tax cuts

PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER Washington today for nearly three weeks, beving secured the apparent agree-ment of Congressional leaders in his own party that they will not outflank bim on tax cut plans for 1981,

The agreement, resched with Democratic leaders at tha White House on Tuesday, leaves the Administration with its options open, at least until Mr. Carter returns from a spell of cam-paigning and bollday with also a trip to former Prime Minister Masayoshi Obira's memorial service in Tokyo, and until the Administration produces its mid-July budget review.

The patent acceptance by the White House that a tax reduction of some kind is likely in early 1981 marks a retreat from previous Administration strategy, which held that tax rates should stay unchanged through most of 1981 to help balance that year's Federal budget. But White House offi-clals concede the 1980-81 budget ia certain to be tipped Into deficit by the current economic recession in any case.

Mr Carter is anxious to precent a repetition of last week's stampeding of Senate Demo-crats by the Republican proposal for a \$36bn lax cut in 1981 into promising tax reductions of their own in early autumn.

The display of Democratic 1, 1981. disunity on this has brought considerable pleasure to the Republican leadership and to Mr Rnnald Reagan, its near certain flag bearer into the Presidential election. Senate Democrats have not backed down from their pledge to forge a tax cut by

A one-sided election in Mexico



President Carter campaigning holiday

early September, but after their meeting with Mr Carter, Senator Lloyd Bentsen, chairman of the Joint Economic Committee, conceded a tax cut would be held up, probably by reluctance in the House of Representatives to act until after the November election.

The growing consensus hetween both parties is that taxes will be cut on or after January

But while Republicens want to go full speed ahead in passing a 1981 reduction right now. the Administration with some party backing believes that the pre-election atmosphere could produce an exaggerated cut that

School diplomas

ment barrel.

Crisis of

quality in the

tion in a crisis.

tary enlistments.

The

U.S. forces

By David Buchan in Washington

vesterday signed a proclamation

offices in the next six months

or possible military conscrip-

approved by Congress, is designed as a warning signal to

torial ambitions spread beyond Afghanistan. Signing the order

the President reiterated that he

was not in favour of "a peace-time draft" and that the U.S.

would continue to rely on volun-

The volunteer services are

Bill yesterday, requested the

Defence Department to improve

sharply the calibre of naw recruits. In particular, it urged the army to aim at increasing

the proportion of high school

graduates in the coming year's

intake to 68 per cent, from an abysmally low 32 per cent.
The Senate, bowever, did not bave the stomach to accept the

radical proposal from its Armed

Services Committee that the army's authorised level be cut

by 25.000 to 750,000, an indica-

tion of bow seriously the com-

mittee is concerned that the

Certer Administration is scrap

ing the bottom of the recruit

sharp attack in the which, in approving the

Weapons Anthorisation

Soviet Union lest its terri-

controversial move

The committee's aim bad been to allow the army to restore the 25,000 cut only by recruiting more people with school diplomas drop-out. Despite the backing f staunchly defence-minded southern Senators sucb as John Stennis of Mississippi and Sam Nunn of Georgia, the shock tactics failed, and the full Senate settled for more conven-tional means of prodding the William Chislett on the campaign trail in Michoacan Administration into improving military manpower-

Since the invasion of Afghanisten, both the Carter Administration and the Congress have emphasised the need for more spending on defence: their only difference heing how mucb more. The White House proposed \$150.5bn in the 1980-81 fiscal year. Aware of the conservative mood in the country and mindful of approaching elections, Congress has topped that with \$153.7bn in its first 1980-81 budget

resolution. The trend was further evident yesterday when the Senate moved toward passing a \$52bn Weapons Procurement Bill for next year, which includes money to start work on a successor homber to the B-52. Since be cancelled the B-1 his term, Mr. Carter has left this issue in abeyance.

But recent events bave raised doubts that the efficacy of America's war macbine is necessarily improved by throwing large amounts of dollars at the Pentagon, and bave focused attention on the quality of U.S. defence. The failure to get a necessary half dozen helicopters across the Iranian desert in April to launch a rescue attempt for the hostages in Terran was one such event.

Another was the false nuclear alerts set off twice in the first weel: of June-by a malfunction in the early warning radors A'though the snag was eventually tracked down to a fingernail-sized electronic circuit, worth 46 cents, this was not very reassuring, and reinforced the impression that the U.S. military has ton many undarskilled men operating complex

Human side

For the moment, Congress's anxiety has fastened on to the side of the equation. The all-volunteer army intro-duced in the early 1970s towards the end of the Vietnam war is clearly not working smoothly. In 1979, for the first time, all four services failed to meet their enlistmeot quotas. This year, all except the marines are managing to do so, because of the effect of recession in the

and conditions are failing to attract qualified and skilled enlistment rate for career servicemen bas dropped in five years from \$1.4 per cent to 68.2 per cent. The U.S. services are now short of some 70,000 non people with skills in rompnter

ists, and mechanics (for hell The root of the problem is that civilian pastures, though cyclical recession, are generally greener. According to a Defence Department study, military pay

The view emerging on Capitol Hill and gaining some converts military pey must now be shows Mexico as a steam boat sharply increased—across the with everybody abroad sailing board by nearly the 11.7 per cent raise proposed by the Senete for next year, and with an extra \$800m in special perks to reward those with longer servec and special skills.

China considers investing in Australia mine projects

expressed an interest in equity investment in Australian mineral development in order PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER requiring some 4m young men to register at their local post to secure supplies of raw materials.

Mr. Tang Ke, China's Minister for Metallurgical Industries, told a visiting official from the State of West Australie this week that China was considering investing in mining projects overseas and that Australia was

the top priority.
China is particularly interested in high-grade Austrs-lian iron-ore for its giant new Baoshan steel complex near

Mr. Tang told Mr. Peter Jones, the West Australian Minister for resources development that China "had plenty of money, but it was under the ground," reference to China's mineral riches. The Chinese are exploring

tha possibility of arranging a barter deal with Japan which would allow Japanese companies to put up the cash or machinery as an investment in Australian mineral development exchange for Chinese coal this arrangement, China would gain a share in a the market.

THE CHANESE Government has West Australian iron ore field without committing precious foreign exchange.

Such investment would at once forge a triangular trading relationship among Australia, Japan and China with immense long-term implications.

Mr. Jones said the Chinese clearly looking at Ironore needs in the long-term and determining bow hest to go and whether to get involved in direct purchase and equity." He said the Chinese minister had raised the question of equity investment with him on

several occasions and had appeared enthusiastic about the possibilities. Mr. Tang bad specifically mentioned Iron-ore and ainmina as the areas of main Chinese in-

According to a recent estimate Anstralia could ba selling as much as \$200m (£99m) worth of iron ore to China within s few years.

These sales will be at world parity prices unlike initial sales which were negotiated at a "friendship" price to prime

about \$70m worth of iron ore to China, slightly down on the previous year, but well up on 1977 when the figura was about

Imports for the Baoshen Steel mill, when it is operating at capacity in the mid-1980s, are expected to be around tonnes a year. About balf of this is expected to come from Australia.

K. K. Sharma writes from New Delhl: India and Auatralia have agreed to consult each other on the sale price of iron ore for which they felt a suitable machinery should be evolved to ensure fair and reasonable returns. Australia indicated that it would like to confer and consult with other concerned countries as well.

India and Australia are among the world's major iron ore exporters and have been trying for years to set up an export organisation on OPEC model or similar to it. Tha agreement on collaboration took place during the visit in India by Mr. J. D. Anthony, the Deputy Prime Australian

Iran set to double meat imports

BY ANDREW WHITLEY

IRAN expects to nearly double its imports of meat during the coming year to ebout 300.000 The total cost will be tons." between \$630m and \$650m

Australia and New Zealand, the major suppliers of lamb, have responded to Iranian requests for higher immediate possibly at deliveries. expense of other markets.

Latest figures put Australian meat exports to Iran in the year to March 1981 at between 40,000 and 55,000 tons. The bulk will be made up of lamb, at a cost of \$2,000 to \$2,200 e ton.

The Iranien orders make the Khomeini regime fac the largest

purchaser of Australian lamb, which is shipped both frozen and live, and represents a recovery from the setback of the collapse pany, Austiran, in 1978.

New Zealand's lamb exports to Iran bave been progressively increased in the past year and are expected to reach 64.000 tons in the year to the end of September. The overall value is estimated at \$130m.

ing year when a cash flow crisis is expected to hit Iran bard unless it is able to substantially increase its oil export earnings. Demand for meat in Iran, par-

ticularly lamb, is continuing-at a high level, and an informal system of rationing through government subsidies bas been in force for several months. Highly placed Iranians within

the clerical elite have been acting privately to secure addi-Despite fears of payment dif-tional supplies for the IMO on ficulties on the part of the tha European market, but are Iranian Meat Organisation, so reported to have damanded comfer suppliers report no delays. missions of up to 25 per cent of Privately there is uncertainty overall cost, deterring potential

Heidsieck in U.S. wine venture

sperkling wine. At today's

BY DAVID LASCELLES IN NEW YORK

IN THE wake of the recent day that the venture will be number of years, and believes geered to produce three grades Rothschild U.S. wine deal, Piper Heidsleck of France and its U.S. marketer. Renfield Imports, are to set up a joint venture to produce sparkling wine in Cali-

The two compenies will spend \$4.5m building a facility in the Sonoma vineyards which are majority-owned by Renfield. The facility will start up either in 1982 or 1983 and will produce ahout 120.000 cases a year, using the "methode champenoise" on equipment supplied by

A Renfield official said yester-

prices, the basic vintage type will sell for about \$10-\$11 a bottle. Two premium grades will sell for \$13-\$16. Currently French champagne sells in the U.S. for ebout \$17 e bottle.
The official said that, while U.S. lew does not prohibit the use of the word champagne, the

original from France.

that the market for sparkling wines in the U.S. has strong prospects. The company was founded in the 1940s and is a leading importer of European spirits, including Gordons gin and vodka, Cointreau and Duff Gordon sherry. Last spring, Baron Philippe

de Rothschild concluded an product would be called spark agreement with the Mondavi ling wine in deference to the wine interests of California champagne product which provided for the joint Renfield has been importing per year of Cheteau-type wines

production of some 5.000 cases Heidsieck champagne for a to be grown on Californian soil.

ages will be displayed in a.

antiques. Some 300,000 people are expected to view the exhibition in San Francisco with Im seeing it nationwide. Civic officials are taking considerable pride in the part they played in conceiving the

two countries. Wr. William Dauer, president of the Chamber of Commerce recalled that a Chamber re-

port in the early 1960s had called for an early re-opening of trade with China. of our relations with China. In 1971, the year before then President Nixon's historic visit to China, the Chamber.

tives on a visit to Shanghai, Canton and Peking which it met with the China Council for the Promotion of International Trace. Talks on the trade exhibition advanced last year when the Chinese trade officials sought and gained full U.S. sponsor-sbip for the fair. This is being provided by Manufac-turers Henover Trust of New

York Wells Fargo Bank of San Francisco, First City National Bank of Chicago,

Taiwan la still worth seven From Paris, it has been retimes as much each year ported that the Government of But if U.S. China trade con-

reports that U.S. exports to China last year were worth \$1.7bn compared with \$818m the year before. Imports rose to \$592m from \$323m in the same period. The bulk of exports are dominated by food cotton and machinery goods with lubricants and mineral

North Korea offers hydro Call for N-plant certificates

By David Fisblock, Science Editor GENERAL ELECTRIC of the hvaro-electric Malaysia. Deputy

U.S. wants national nuclear regulatory authorities to grant pnwer-worthiness certificates for nuclear power station designs, analogous to the airworthiness certificates granted to aircraft manufacturers. The compeny's scheme was outlined to nuclear angineers

from 11 countries, gathered in London vesterday for a syn-posium on the U.S. General Electric boiling water reactor. A power-worthiness certifi-cate, as seen by Mr. Phillip Bray, vice-president and general manager of GE's nuclear power systems, would embrace the whole plant, It would be granted to the nuclear reactor manufacturer by the nuclear

idea was receiving an "excellent response" from U.S. electricity companies frustrated by licen sing delays; and from Congress which believed the aircraft certification law could be

n the early 1980s of the large orders for reactors placed in the early 1970s. "We could waiting for nuclear power for longer than all the other reactor companies put toKUALA LUMPUR — North has signed a loan agreement to Korea yesterday offered to provide South Korea with \$15m vide technological assistance and (£6.3m) to help finance Korea'a

technical expertise for mim projects Jon Li Chun, North Korean Foreign Economic

Affairs Minister, when he visited Mr. Mohamed Najib Razak. the Malaysian deputy Telecommuni-Mr. Najib said the offer was a follow-up to the visit of Dr. Mahathir Mohamad, the deputy

ast year, during which ha showed great interest in the country's mini hydro-electricity He said 102 places had been identified by consultants as

alectricity projects. vakia.

Lloyds Bank International Agencies.

(£6.3m) to help finance Korea'a import of microwave facilities. a Government official said. The loan, carrying en annual The offer was made by Mr. interest rate of London Inter-

bank-Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 0.625 per cent, will be repayable over 10 to 11 vears including a grace period of threa to four years. The official added that the World Bank is expected to sign

an agreement later in July to extend another \$15m in loans Prime Minister to North Korea to help Korea import more microwave facilities. • The Export Credits Guarantee Department (ECGD) has guaranteed a £13m line of credit which Lloyds Bank has made

available having potential for mini hydro- Obchodni Banka, of Czechoslo-

UK groups in Indonesia deal BY OUR WORLD TRADE STAFF

GROUP of four UK com- 50 per cent stake in the project,

panies has concluded a \$17.5m with smaller share interests to the beld by Angio-Indonesian, development deal with the Indonesian Investment Coordinating Board. The project The companies will co-operate calls for the development of some 25,000 hectares of land in North Sumatra over a period of ve years.

Other, an official of McLeod
McLeod Russel will take a Russel said.

closely in the development, but will be financially and cor-porately independent of each

ICL wins Nigeria bank contract

1500 series data terminals wlH he rused in the bank's 30 hranches and offices in the Lagos and lhadan area. its Lagos head office and the

new equipment will allow hranch offices to meke customer account printouts every morn-

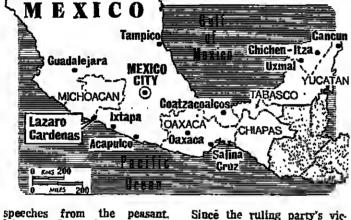
circles about the future of the country's economy since the

Niger has awarded a contract to Thomson CSF and Telspace for the manufacture and installation of a major satellite telecommunications network worth

Now Present in Zurich

hy Mr. Luis de Usera, Chairman.

AMERICANO had total assets of over USS 16 hillion and deposits in excess of USS 11 hillion and its net and deposits in excess of USS 11 billion and its net worth, of more than USS 783 million, was held by nearly 165,000 shareholders. It operates a nationwida network of more than 1,250 branches and has affiliates and subsidiaries throughout the country covering a very wide range of financial and banking services. BANCO HISPANO AMERICANO plays an important role in the rontinuing growth and development of



A few

1929, but is compaigning as if It stood a chance of losing. It ing a personal "contact." hetter than the new state

> would do everything in his power to solve the problems and

Last year's political reform, which allowed the Communists community and other parties to take part in the mid-term elections for Federal Deputies (equivalent to MPs), has been extended to state level. Later this year, the reform will be extended to

3m which melons and cotton, as well as steel at the state mill named. like sn much in Mexico, after his

labour and popular sectors of the ruling party, which claims to represent all classes. All emphasised the village's problems-no drains, a scant water supply, lack of electricity in many (adobe) homes, un-

paved roads, and no secondary sbuffled pethetically past Sr.

asking him to solve problemsmainly disputes over land ownership.

are also campaigning. But, in comparison with the ruling landowoer, triumphant entry into the

Banco Hispano Americano

On the international side, BANCO HISPANO AMERICANO is present in 27 countries through its affiliate Bank in London (Banco Urquijo Hispano Americaon Ltd.), New York, Paris and Cayman Branches and 17 Representative Offices and participations in

further impetus to the Bank's expansion as it moves

former President, Gen. Lazaro Mexican oil industry In 1938.

Cardenas to band him letters

Pinzandaro (population 1,500). When the four-month cam-paign ends. Sr. Cardenas will have visited over 800 places in Michoacan, a 59.864-kilometre state with a population of about

elderly villagers

Such a procedure is long-established in Mexico, where that everybody tries to cut through the paperwork by find-

produces lemons.

family", the prsgmatic group people representing the de

of December 31st, 1979, BANCO HISPANO

decorated with posters hearing the slogan Everybody for Cuauntemoc. Sr. Cardenas listened to several short father.

podium,

On July 2nd, 1980, the BANCO HISPANO AMERICANO'S 1 Madrid 1 Representative Office was officially inaugurated

A special booklet, with simple pictures and language, has been printed for the state elections, so that the mass of illiterate With the opening of the Zurich Representative Office, BANCO HISPANO AMERICANO gains a footbold in one of the most important financial centres, providing

Cardenas promised he

told the crowd who to vote for. His couvoy then sped off over a humpy track to another meeting. En route, Sr. Cardenas mounted a horse, supplied by a

tory is a foregone conclusion. such campeigning would seem to be a waste of time, money and energy. But the party considers every minute well sper Elections are a time for the party to throw its massive machine into action to try to convince as many Mexicans as

possible that it really does have everybody's interests at beart. "It is not really a question of winning the maximum numher of votes possible." Sr. Cardenas said, "but as much a time to bring more people into the political process and to

achieve a deeper political penetration. It is also an opportunty for the party to take Mexico's politipulse and make sure it is not too out of touch.

For all its faults-corruption. pateroalism, nepotism and a turgid political life-the party's system bas given Mexico half a century of stability—unprece dented in Latin America. Mexico is still a highly stable country, but the "revolutionary

facto powers, does not believe this will always be the case, unless the political system is opened up. Oil wealth is raising Its intensified campaigning shows a deep reluctance to relax its grip on power. Given its immense advantages of unlimited funds (the party insists it is financed by quotas from

oiled perty machinery and a media hasically on its side, other parties stand little chance of breaking thet grip.

The party fears the level of abstention, already high, could become so acute that the disenchanted would become a captive electorate for the left.

The abstention figure was 50

members, not from taxes), well-

per cent in last year's federal elections, when the Communists won 18 of 400 seats in the Con-With the Left now allowed to participate in state elections, it s even more important for the ruling party to cultivate its electorate at the grass roots, and for its voice to reach every

poor can understand it. To vote for the Institutional Revolutionary Party, says the booklet, is to vote for Mexico. It on e steady course. The party is assured of "sweeping" victories, but only because every-thing is still overwhelmingly weighted in its favour.

civilian economy. More seriously, military pay

programming, data processing (witness the nuclear false alerts), communications special

lagged 11 per cent behind per cent behind pay for com-parable civilian jobs.

assistance to Malaysia

cations Minister.

regulatory authority of each country --Mr. Bray claimed that the

adapted for nuclear plant Mr. Bray stresses his com-pany's confidence in the return

ICL HAS won an order worth Standard Bank of Nigeria, is

fifto.000 to supply computers one of the biggest banks in the for the First Bank of Nigeria, country with a network of 150 the company has announced,

The order fur 60 mf ICL's other big banks, it has just completed a major expansion of its rural hanking facilities in line with the Nigerian Governagos and lhadan area. ment'a policy of extending FFr 276m (£29m).

The bank already uses ICL banking services into the The order for computers is a

reflection of the renewed confidence in Nigerian business

From Paris, it has been re-The contract was signed by

Lt-Col. Sory Mamadou Diallo, Niger's Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, and will cover both communications equipment and television instal-

San Francisco 0 exploits China ties

By Frank Gray, recently in San Francisco

THE BUSINESS community of San Francisco has long had a special relationship with China one that it anticipated would one day pay dividends when Peking and Wasbington sorted out their political

This special relationship stems from the historic role of Chinese labourers in the city's development more than a century ago and the fact that some 60,000 ethnic Chinese about 8 per cent of San Francisco's population, now live within the city's narrow These dividends are now begin

ning to accrue rapidly hecause of the sharp rise in China-U.S. trade and the city's important position as a clearing point for goods moving between the fwa countries. City officials also point out that 63 consular offices are located

in San Francisco, as are 25

banks with international services, adding to the city's role as a centre for international deals. This was dramatised last week with the announcement that Mr. Clement Chen Jr., a local hotel developer, had landed the first contract in build and co-manage a hotel in Peking The \$20m, 520 room hostely te be called the Jian (ma (Building the Nation) Hotel is being financed by the Hong

Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
But by far the higgest payoff to come from these nes is the decision by the Chinese Government to hold its largest ever foreign trade and cultural exhibition in the US; this entumn, with San Fran-cisco serving as the first first

city. The Exhibition of the People's Republic of China will be held in the city between September 13-28, and will move to Chicago for two-weeks in October and in New York for another two weeks in November. Mr. Luiz O. Themudo, a vice chairman of the China Exhibition Corporation sei up last year to stage the fair, said it would attempt to show a broad spectrum of Chinase social and industrial life.

Even though it is being pro-moted in the U.S., the Chinese are determined what aspects of their culture will oe on display, he said.

In terms of industrial material.

The exhibition will display tools, pharmaceuticals alectronic instruments, chemical goods and medical contents. be on display," he said: goods and medical equipment. Shoes, clocks, bicycles, leather goods, cosmetics and bever-

series of booths.

Trange of crafts will also be on show as will some 33.500 in Chinese parntings and

exhibition and in improving trade relations between the

That raport met with object tions from tha State Department and the Department of Commerce at the time," he said. "They all felt it was nn-American, given the state became the only U.S. organiaation to be invited to the Canton trade fair. If re-turned in 1972 and 1973, and in 1975 sent 19 representa-

each of which will provide a credit of \$600,000 to support the staging of the three-city exhibition.

The Colnese visit takes place. at a time of soaring growth in trade between the two countries, though, es Mr. Dauer noted, U.S. trade with

fuels comprising most of the imports so far,

towards its centennial.

was made clear yesterday by Sir Keith Joseph, Industry

The Government is examining

its own purchasing arrange-

ments and is encouraging nationalised industries and

local authorities to do the same. The objective is to "help UK

suppliers become more interna-

planning for requirements five

Sir Reith intends to give

details of how companies can be

belped by receiving public

sector development contracts in

the high technology area. He

Committee

eRsearch

sbould

is expected to accept some

Development report on research

and development for public

He helieves public sector

innovators shop windows to

products at work.

Sir Keith explained this yes-

statement on the subject of

public purchasing in a paper to

He is to address a conference

and Supply, and also wants pri-

Sir Keith has been working

or more years ahead."

Advanced

purchasing.

organisations

ment Council.

competitive"

Drop in official reserves covers underlying rise

THE UK's official gold and foreign exchange reserves fell 3112m last month to \$28,17bn mainly because of foreign debt repayment by public-sector

Leaving aside the effect of such repayments, as well as accruals to the reserves from fresh foreign borrowings, there was an underlying rise of \$3m. The Treasury said yesterday. The barely-changed level followed six months of steady accruals. There was an underlying rise between the end of

November and the end of May of about \$2.15bn. This was partly due to Bank of England intervention to restrain the rise of the pound on foreign exchange markets.

other foreign exchange trans-actions carried out by the Bank actions carried out by the Bank Reserve Bank the West German for the Government and other Bundesbank and the Bank of

But the steady figure confirms The Treasury does not public foreign exchange market's lish monthly figures, splitting impression that the Bank reserves into their component largely let sterling find its own level last month.

The Treasury does not public monthly figures, splitting reserves into their component parts. The chart—showing estimates based on Bank figures Sterling fell slightly from the -gives a rough breakdown.

five-year high of more than The value of gold in the \$2.37 in May, although it has reserves has risen sharply since

ised lag

er n mi

ين وزهاء

reserves 🗷

wiii 💆

il some s 1912054

r vice



again risen towards \$2.36 Changes in the reserves The Bank's lack of activity underlying levels are caused last month contrasts with both by intervention and by reasonably heavy intervention reasonably heavy intervention by the New York Federal Japan to support the dollar.

Britain is thought to bave produced about 58 tonnes of aovereigns last year, 18 per cent more than in 1978. According to the Treasury's figures public sector repayments of foreign debt last month totalled \$289m, including some long term North American loans. Fresh borrowing-mainly hy the Coal Board and Northern Ireland Post

Ombudsman Towards longer-term planning seeks new powers

By Gareth Griffiths

last year because of the end of

risen to ebout \$4.7bn from

\$3.7bp last summer, because of

the gold price increase.
Official holdings of non-

dollar currencies bave increased

slightly, while dollar holdings

bave fallen. This diversification

partly reflects the impact of

The anthorities try to adjust

to the currency breakdown of

gold

constant in volume over time

fluctuate day to day because of

movements to and from the

reserves associated with the

Royal Mint's production of

Office-totalled \$174m.

long-term foreign

ramaining roughly

holdings,

orient hasis.

Britain's

liabilities.

although

Official

sovereigns.

March re-calculation. This put THE HEALTH Service Ombudsthe value on a more marketman wants extra powers to Britain's holdings of Euroinvestigate injustices suffered pean currency units have also by patients.

> Mr. Cecil Clothier, Ombudsman, can at present only investigate cases where there is prima facie evidence of injustice to a named individual. In his annual report, published this week, he says this appears to conflict with the public

> He has made s similar appeal for extra powers in his capacity as Parliamentary Ombudsman. As an example of the way the Health Service Omhuds-man's work is hampered; the report cites tha case of a bogus doctor. He operated on several natients, who were not informed by the relevant health authority that they had been treated hy an unqualified person.

Mr. Clothier said be could enable them to display their merely obtain an assurance that all the patients were seen subsequently by qualified staff. Last year, the Ombudsman dealt with 344 grievances and issued 106 reports. He found the National Economic Developsome justification in 150 complaints. Subjects covered included waiting for treatment, disclosure of medical records and events surrounding hospital deaths. The number of com-plaints fell by 20 per cent and similar practices. was similar to the numbers for

THE GOVERNMENT'S deter- but bas met resistance in parts foreign suppliers at home and mination to ensure that "a resl of Whiteball, particularly the abroad, change" takes place in the Treasury which is concerned practice of public purchasing with the cost implications.

with the cost implications. "We helieve the public sector can deploy its purchasing power to strengthen and promote the them every support."
competitiveness of UK in On new technology, Sir Keith competitiveness of UK innowledged that similar initia-tives bad been tried in the past, needed to be able to show their but be said: "This time the

dustry," Sir Keith told the said that people's "wariness"
NEDC yesterday. He ack- about buying a completely new needed to be able to show their

John Elliott looks at the Government's examination of its purchasing arrangements and how it can promote industry's competitiveness.

Government is determined to ensure that a real change in practice takes place."

The purchasing practices of the public sector involved "many hillions of pounds per annum," he said. "It is well known that some UK manufacturers have been concerned that goods supplied particularly to some public nurchasers have not always been readily saleable on the international market because of the special standards required," said Sir Keith.

Purchasers and suppliers current could best serve their mutual could be interests by cstablishing closer relationships and hy discussing their forward plans together.

sustained dialogue over future being organised on the subject requirements, often up to five hy the Institute of Purchasing or more years ahead." Suppliers could then plan, re-

equip and reorganise with challenging the Government's greater confidence and effi-main assumption that the ciency. This would improve on the policy for several months their

"In many of the present new areas of high technology, the public sector contains major users who could consider the possibility of giving innovators 'shon window' for their products. In cases where a public body is a monopoly UK purchaser, this is particularly important." A purchaser could

The NEDC's sector working

parties had already worked on

supplier-customer relationships,

and Sir Keith intended to "give

innovations at work.

Chnrehill writes: David Concern that the Government's current competition policy hinder the ability of British companies to compete hoth at home and abroad was voiced in a paper from Mr. Geoffrey Chandler, director general of the National Geoffrey general Economic Development Office.

also consider expanding a pro-

ject hy means of development

The paper reflected the views both the CBI and TUC in increasing concentration in competitiveness - with British industry over the past

two decades justified a tough competition policy.

"competition is about behaviour not market structure, and that concentration statistics give a misleading impression of the actual degree of competition in a market."

Mr. Chandler said the difficulty of defining a market in statistical terms, the countervailing power of retailers and distributors, and the high levels of import penetration "all serve to make concentration data a dubious indicator of the real degree of competition."

He then dealt with the three main strands of current competition policy. On mergers, the NEDO believes there should be no changes in the existing legis lation. In fact, Mr. John Nott, Secretary, made clear earlier this week that no new legislation was planned although he said the Government would take a more sceptical look at proposed mergers under the existing

On restrictive trade practices, the NEDO endorses proposals for greater flexibility suggested by the Labour Government's Green Paper on the subject. But the CBI still has a number of reservations about the details of any changes in approach.

On the new investigatory powers under the Competition hoth the CBI and TUC's concern that the new powers are used

Caledonian in new bid for cheap fares

BY MICHAEL DONNE, APROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

BRITISH Caledonian Airways. May last year when we first led line, is making a new bid to win a network of cheap-fare routes between Gatwick Airport and the Continent -

The airline has applied to the Civil Aviation Authority for rights to fly on 11 routes be-Gothenburg, Copenhagen, Oslo, Frankfurt, Dusseldorf, Zurich, Barcelona, Marseilles, Madrid and Athens, at what it calls Mini-Prix "cheap tares up of Trans
SI per cent below existing of Trans
SI per cent below existence of Trans
SI pe economy-class single rates.

In addition, the airline has appealed to Mr. John Nott,

Trade Secretary, against an earlier authority refusal for routes to Geneva, Milan, Turin, Lisbon and Rome.

At the same time, the airline is awaiting the results of interior and low-fare routes awaiting the results of interior and low-fare routes.

governmental negotiations for cheap fares on new routes to Vicina, Helsinki, Cologue Bonn, Stuttgart, Hamburg and Hanover. It was awarded these routes earlier this year.
On top of these routes, the

airline is also awaiting approval of plans to offer cheap fares on three routes it already flies, to Paris, Amsterdam and Brussels. As a result of these develop-

British Caledonian hopes to be able to offer cheap fares on 25 routes between Gatwick and the Continent, at fares substantially below the current normal economy-class

Mr Alastair Pugh, managing director of British Caledonian, said yesterday that the Government had recently amended the Civil Aviation Bill, now before Parliament, to allow for "dual designation"—that is, two alrlines from the UK on each route

to the Continent. "The difference in the poli-tical climate now, compared to

BY JAMES McDONALD

the biggest UK independent air- the move for lower air fares in Europe, is immense. Mr. Nott's policy leads me to believe that low-fare, competitive services in

Europe may at last be within

Mr. Pugh said the Mini-Prix fares plan was designed to tween Gatwick and Stockholm, achieve low fares in Europe hy evolution, rather than revolu tion. It reflected the official recommendations for lower fares recently made by the EEC

through his policy statements with positive action, be will back this B.Cal initiative," said

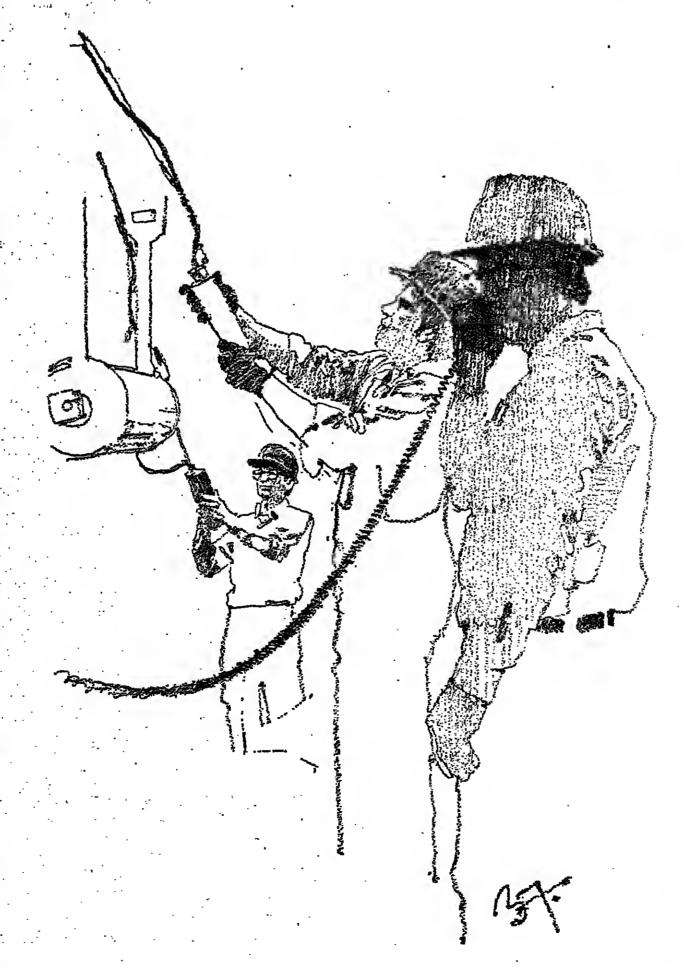
Mr. Pugh.
"Particularly, be should over to Sweden which came as a result of a re-negotiated Air Services Agreement between the UK and Scandinavia.

"Consumer presure is reach ing the point of impatience, and we have been ready for more than a year." He called on Mr.

JU.				• .			
OFF	EV		in cir	OF	-	.,,,	PREX
OWE.		urti	Œ	OF	Lil.	41	TRIX

Route		6 Discount
London- Gatwick to:	Prix-fare	
Frankfurt Geneva Hamburg Copenhages	DM180 £40 SF180 £43 DN180 £40 DKr670 £50	
Milan Madrid Oslo Vienna	L1000,000 £50 Pts8,900 £55 NKr680 £55 Sch1,800 £55	
Rome Brussels Amsterdam	L121,000 £60 BF2,100 £31 F1150 £31 Fr320 £31	53% 46% 44% 35%

We'll back you all the way to the year 2000.



The Midland is always ready to discuss long term financing for business.

The period can be anything from 10-20 years, the amount anything from £20,000 to £500,000 and the interest rate can be fixed at the outset.

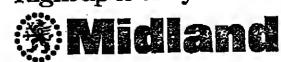
It's especially helpful for medium and smaller businesses contemplating expansion.

Things like new premises, plant extensions, acquisitions and other major investments.

So come and talk to the Midland.

We'll listen very carefully.

And, once you're a Midland Bank customer, we'll do everything we can to help you grow. Right up to the year 2000.



Come and talk to the listening bank

Plea for fair play with small businessmen

A PLEA to large businesses, small companies, and on the local government and nationalised industries to make prompt alised industries to make prompt payment of dehts to small companies was made yesterday by Mr. David Mitchell, Parliamentary Under Secretary at the Industry Department with special responsibility for small business.

The combination of inflation, light money and high interest rates made companies cash rates made companies and there is less competition for your custom."

Mr. Mitchell was introducing a new booklet. Buving from

customers and their suppliers,"
he told the London Business
School.

"On the one hand, their Small Firms — IPS Guide to customers try, unfairly, to Good Practice, published by the bolster their own finances by believed their own finances by delaying payments owed to the Supply.

CB radio decision urged

citizens' band radio, according to the Radio, Electrical and Television Retailers' Associa-

tion.

R is concerned that recent for awards

miblicity given to CB radio has APPLICATIONS ARE invited stimulated interest. People from companies wishing to be stimulated transceivers, which considered for The Queen's were becoming openly available, Awards for Export and Technical Considered for The Queen's Awards for Export and Technical Considered for Export and Technical Consider

were becoming openly available, at highly-inflated prices.

In a letter to Mr. William The main qualifications are that companies should be UK-based and have made outstanding achievements in either exports or technology.

Mr. Tom Edom, the associations director, blamed the increased director, blamed the increased use of CB on the Government's use of CB on the government's use of CB on the secretary of The Mr. Tom Edom, the association's director, blamed the increased use of CB on the Government's Application forms are available from the secretary of The Queen's Awards Office, Dean lishing the promised Consultative Paper, and insufficient tive Paper, and insufficient policing and penalties.

Mr. Edom urged the Home time tions is October 31, 1980.

WHEN "open channel" radio is finally legalised, it could be too late to compete with the established growth of illegal established growth of illegal established growth according

Application time

Chevron-led group confirms oil find

important oll reservoir which could form part of a new off-shore production complex.

In a unique exploraton vensome 100 mlles north-east of the Shetland Islands. It is under-stood that in four tests oil flowed at rates ranging from a Experiment few bundred barrels a day to

This was the about 6,000 b/d.

BY MAURICE SAMUELSON

WYTCH FARM oilfield in

Dorset, which is considerably

blgger then first estimated, may

extend under Poole Harbour

leum, is drilling for oil on the

small Goathorn Point, which

If successful, the corporation

hopes to sink annther explora-

tory well on Studland peniosula,

one of the two arms of land

sbeltering the harbour from the

already anxious ebout possible Government plans to sell off the

Wytcb Farm field to the oll

Its enxiety has increased now

that the Wytch Farm field's re-

coverable reserves are being put

st 90m harrels, three times the

an estimated 60m barrels of

recoverable oil 6,000 ft deep. At

current prices, the field would

Although it will take much

longer to exploit than some

North Sea offshore fields, It com-

pares in size with the Auk end

to the slump in UK demand for

between March and May this

are thought to be the recession

tion of County Councils.

amendments to the Local Gov-ernment Bill which were pro-

posed by the Association of

Metropolitan Authorities, which bas a Labour majority. The aame amendments, to the tech-

nical structure of the planned

block grant scheme, were earlier

supported by the ACC when the

The end of local authority

Two Labour members of the local government.

ACC. Mr. Daniel Pettitt, of Mr. Ian Court

TESCO, the supermarket group, £8.6m, was "a little bit silly." has accused the Inland Revenue Mr. Temple said that the

Mr. Ralph Tample, finance element of a tax shelter."

straws" in questioning the liability heading in our annual group's stock relief provisions related to the launch of its exceptionally remote chance of

refusal to allow claims for group for group relief qualified under

hy challenging its tax forward commercial transaction provisions.

forward commercial transaction which had as a main feature the

AMA bad a Tory majority.

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN

director, yesterday claimed that the Revenue was "clutching at

Operation Checkout in 1977.

He also sald that the Revenue's

THERE IS little sign of an end servation measures.

used 14.2 per cent less oll of 17.3 per cent.

slonal figures released by the went down from 19.9m tonnes

Department of Energy yester-day. between Merch and May last year to 16.4m tonnes in the

The figures show that Britain same period this year, a drop

year than in the same period energy uses — such as petro-last year. energy uses — fell by

Its coal equivalent - fell from to 2.068m tonnes. Oil used by

36.5m tonnes to 31.3m tonnes. refineries went up during the

The main reasons for the drop period by 4.9 per cent. are thought to be the recession Total inland consumption,

The unanimity of the local put forward by the local autho-

authority associations has been rity associations, paricularly

under increasing strain recently. concerning alternatives to the

It finally started to break down block grant, the ACC resolves when the Tory-controlled ACC not to take part in any further and Association of District negotiations on the grounds

Councils failed to support that these are meaningless

position."

Oil consumed - in terms of 12.4 per cent from 2.361m tonnes

This follows the discovery of

to win the concessions.

be worth shout £1.25bn.

original estimate.

Offshore rights in the Stud-

and nearby Studland Bay.

juts into the harbour.

English Channel.

As it was known the per-meability of the reservoir was roduction complex. comparatively poor—that is the unique exploration ven-Chevron successfully restricted—Chevron dacided to tested significant oil flows in a fracture the oil-bearing rock well drilled on the South with fluid pumped under pres-Ninian structure, block 3/8, sure. The resultant cracks were then kept open by sand-based

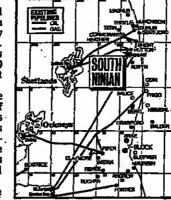
such a recovery method bad In order to aid recovery been used in the North Sea. Chevron and its partners frac-tured the reservoir around the to conduct a similar fracturing well which bad been drilled to experiment in its big heavy oil evaluate the South Ninian Field reservoir west of the Shetiand

Dorset field value grows

The Chevron well was drilled close to the oil discovery on the same block announced by Britisb Petroleum last week. That well produced oll at rates of 7,200, 4,900, 4,700 and 3,700 harrels a day respectively at

Chevron and BP consortie may discuss the possibility of developing the separate finda as one unit. Industry estimates suggest that the combined re-serves of the two fields could he at least 100m to 200m barrels (one barrel contains 35 Imperial gallons). Such

sufficient to justify the installation of a new fixed production platform linked to the nearby



Ninian Field units by a seabed

voirs contained in geological fault blocks close to Ninian. The South Ninian reservair, evaluated by Chevron, is con-tained in two adjoining blocks, 3/7 and 3/8. Licensees on block 3/8, which also contains part of the Ninian Field, are British and Scottish Marine Oil. The letest successful well was

drilled by Chevron just inside this block in an agreement with the BP consortium.

The Chevron Gronp, which bas been allocated block 3/7 comprises: Chevron, British Netional Oil Corporation, Deminex, Imperial Chemical Industries, Murphy and Ocean Drilling and Exploration.

Treasury exposes tax avoidance ploy

8Y RAY DAFTER, ENERGY EDITOR

THE GOVERNMENT is to clamp down on a North Sea tax avoidance ploy that could have involved tens of millions of pounds.

panies will not he allowed to change their equipment nrdering system in order to increase allowances against Petroleum Revenne Tax pay-

For some months, nll companies considering large

Under such a scheme, cumpanics would have heen able to set the whole cost, including interest charges, against their PRT Itabilities. Under tax rules, offshure operators by 135 per cent before becoming liable to PRT pay-

Mr. Recs said that the

power and hydro-electricity rose by 6.5 per cent during pared with the first quarter of

overall deliveries was partly ceused by the fel in demand

for fuel oil. Fuel oil deliveries

Government regarded the contractor financing arrangement embodied in PRT. Nurmally, companies paid for development work in stages.

As a result, he said, Inland Revenue would be investigating contractor financing, and would be considering way, in consultation with industry, in which the whote issue could be put beyond doubt. In addition, the Government might, if necessary, introduce legisla-tion in the next Finance Bill to amend the PRT treatment of contractor-financed deals signed after July 1.

• The Government has announced that the closing date for applications under the seventh round of offshore drilling ...licences ...will ...be

Under the conditions of the seventh round, licensees must agree in allow the British National Oil Corporation in join operating committees mee a decision has been taken to expluit any discovery commercially.

Mobil said yesterday that

tntal mil productino from its Beryl Field in the North Sea had reached 100m barrels, m

GEC moves into Bamfords and equipment for machine tools BY HAZEL DUFFY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT GEC HAS become the first factory, while an engineering

was frustrated by the reluctance

of machine tool manufacturers

to release information about the

design of their machines to a

this problem as it does not make

Tha British market for

continues to expand rapidly.

this week announced that its

financial problems bave forced

it into selling off its remaining

factories an alarming propor-

earning capacity. It has been

benefits could be worth up to

The IDA said that the com-

Dublin wins fight for

£43m diamond plant

confirmed yesterday.

The UK Department of benefits could be worth up to Industry and the Irisb Industrial Development Authority operation.

added later.

machine tools.

major British company to move design and development team into the design and manufact including 24 engineers from ture of numerical control equip-Herbert Numerical Controls will ment for machine tools. be based at Rugby. Herbert's decision to set up separate electronics facility The move, which involves

purchasing certain assets of Herbert Numerical Controls, from the Alfred Herbert group, could boost companies making advanced technology machine tools in the UK

GEC's entry into numerical controls will fit in with its manufacture of electrical drives, some of which go into machine tools, and its computer control systems for automatic machine shops. GEC will be able to provide

a total package to the machine tool industry now, and ensure that future developments in tha fast-growing area of automation will be catered for in the UK.
GEC expects to extend the

operation to include the work being done on robotics by GEC-Marconi. The machine tool industry

bas been lobbying for a British manufacturer to take up this challenge for several years. The industry believes the success of Japanese and German advanced technology machine tools has bad much to do with the support offered by their indigenous electronics companies.

GEC numerical controls will tion of the British market is be made at its Stoke-on-Trent being supplied by imports.

between the Irisb and UK goveroments earlier this year,

is to be built in Dublin, it was

(IDA) were both keen to secure

the investment by General

Electric, the U.S. electrical and

engineering group, which will create 500 jobs over the next

company spent a year looking for a location in Europe and

selected a site at Livingston New Town in Scotland. But

General Electric was persuaded

the considerable financial advan-

lisbes its report for 1980, about pany.

Ulster aid criticised

tages available there.

starts work again

machinery manufacturer resumed production at its Uttoxeter factory a month after going into voluntary liquidation. It has resumed trading as

Bamfords 1980 a new name for the subsidiary, Forlink Bamfords set this up when it went into liquidation under a hiving down agreement with debts of about £7m. Forlink agreed in mid-June

mmerical controls is almost wholly supplied by imports, with Fanne, GE and Siemens dominating the international scene. It is currently estimated to be worth £23-24m, growing to 550m over the next five to £50m over the next five The UK machine tool industry has been contracting over a

long period, but demand for this type of machine tool - particularly numerically-controlled lathes and machining centres-Although an increasing number of British manufacturers are now making numerically-controlled machines - including Herbert which earlier

MR. RICHARD WEIR, director

£25,000 a year. He is expected to join the association a few months before Mr. Griggs A £43M industrial diamonds this time next year—General departure.

Savings sought

WAYS OF cutting Manchester's forecast deficit of £22m will be estimated in Britain that the tax discussed by the budget sub-comittee on July 15. Officers In charge of all main departments have been asked to prepare posible savings to stave off a massive increase in rates.

pany was buying a 25-acre site at Clonshaugh, Dublin, and would initially ocupy a 70,000 North 'summit' call sq ft advance factory, which five years. was nearing completion.
Consultants acting for the Further factory space would be

The plant will make a range of abrasives, including indostrial diamonds. General Electric already has to go to the Irisb Republic by three subsidiaries in the republic, the Ecco semi-conducyears.... tor plant at Dundalk, EI at

In sddition to grants— Shannon, which makes security Insurance record believed to be about £17m, elarms, and Atlantic Plant Con-

although the exect amount will struction at Bray, near Dublin, not be known until the IDA pub- an engineering services com-IRELAND'S that the Department, together

> Lancia recall LANCIA is to start on July 17

When a project is developed or changed so that the cost greatly exceeds the original estimate it should be made clear

Fourteenth Report from the Committee of Public Accounts,

Depertment of Commerce is strongly criticised by the Public Accounts Committee for the scale of public funds committed job criteria, as a matter of

to establishment of Courtaulds' The report also criticises the Department's financial aid to factory at Campsie, Co. London-Slmms Steel Industries to estab-"We recognise the difficulties lish a steel-decoiling and gal-vanising undertaking in Lisin the textile industry but find it wholly unacceptable for public funds to he provided, on burn. It draws attention to differences between first esticertain calculations in thia case, at up to £28,000 per job created," says the committee in mates of capital cost and final cost and says the Department should take a firmer grop. its 14th report, for the session

merce took no steps to satisfy ltaelf as to the reasonableness to the proposer that the De-partment will regard itself free of the eatimates of capital to re-negotiate the terms and control over the placing of the conditions of financial assist contracta and took no steps to ance.

"While appreciating all the uncertainties, we recommend Session 1979-80, HMSO, £3.50.

Castle Ashby's Greek vases fetch £1.3m

Greek vases gethered by the the black figure Athenian neck second Marquess of Northamp ampbora known as the Northton and previously displayed at ampton Vase. The amphora Castle Ashby finally went under dates from 540 BC and is intact the bammer at Christie's in but for a patch damaged by London yesterday. The total was £1.3m against a tentative pre-sale estimate—because of the richness of the items - of £750,000.

"The Department of Com-

THE SUPERB collection of £190,000 (bid by telephone) for

A private Swiss buyer successful at £160,000 for another neck amphora, Hecht, Paris, paid £95,000 for a red figure Atbenian plate of about 520-510 BC.

By telephone from New York Gregory Callimanopulos, a Greek shipowner, bought 15 lots Christie's that some items would go to Greece and some to

SALEROOM

BY PAMELA JUDGE

New York The four main lots were a black figure Athenian amphora (£90,000), a Panathenaic amphora (£60,000) a black figure Athenian lip cup (£58,000) and another nack amphora (£50,000).

University Art Museum, University of Texas, in Austin, bought 11 lots amounting to £74,000 and a private Texas collector took 10 items for £56,250.

not to dispose or deal in the assets without High Court permission. The undertaking was sought by Gardner Steel. a creditor, which petitioned for Bamfords' compulsory winding-up. This petition was withdrawn, after a meeting of creditors where voluntary liquidators were appointed. The High Court subsequently validated the hive down agreement. Bamfords had about £700,000

of work when it stopped trading. It has taken back about 320 of the 480 employees et .Uttoreter, where the main product is halers. About 40 of the 100 employees at its factory in Mold, North Wales, will resume work next week. The liquidators, from accountants Arthur Young, McClelland Moors, said it was hoped a

buyer would be found to take over the company as a going

of the Retail Consortium, is to take over as secretary general of the Building Societies Association next year.

Mr. Weir will succeed Mr. Norman Griggs, who retires next May. His salary will be \$75.000 a year. He is expected.

plant, which was the subject Electric will benefit from tax of fiercely competitive bidding concessions on its export profits. These will make a consider-able difference to the plant's

THE TUC's North-Eastern re-

gional council is expected to call for a "summit" on the north's economic problems at its quarterly meeting on Saturday. This follows the publication earlier this week of the region's worst redundancy figures for

RECORD increase in membership of private medical insurance was achieved last year by the three major private medical care provident associations, eccording to a report published today. The number of subscribers increased by 174,000 to 1.29m, and the number of people insured for medical benefits rose by 377,000

a recall of all 40,000 Beta models sold in the UK since the early 1970s. The move follows yesterday's publication of the findings of a Transport Department investigation into possible safety hazards caused

Royal Premiere to benefit three charities

THREE charities are to henefit from the Royal Premiere of the film Little Miss Marker on July They are the Newspaper Press Fund, the Mountbatten Memorial Trust and tha Wells Cathedral Appeal.

attended by Prince Charles, who beads the Mountbatten Memorial Trust and Wells Cathedral Appeal, both recently established. The Newspaper Press Fund

raises money for journalists and their dependents in need. It has distributed more than £2m since being set up in 1864. The premiere is at the Plaza One cinema, Piccadilly, London.

Tickets cost from £10 to £40. New discipline

scheme probes four companies By Christine Moir

THE NEW joint disciplinary acheme set up by accountancy bodies to investigate members' professional activities, has been asked to look at the affairs of four controversial companies They are: Darjeeling Holding.
Central Provinces Manganese.
Ore. Data Investments and
Vivella. They have all been the
subject of Department of Trade investigations and reports.

This is the second time the disciplinary group has been asked to follow up Trade Department reports on com-panies. In April the reports on Burnholme and Forder, Bray-head and Ozalid were referred

هكنامنالأصل

A NORTH SEA oil group, led discovered with twn earlier Islands shortly. by Chevron, bas confirmed an wells.

This was the first time thet

In quality, too, the Dorset in a depression from which crude is similar to that in the 250,000 cu ft of earth were re-North Sea. At the present rate moved. of production, the field is set to earn the British Gas-BP partnership £24m a year. It will shortly pay off the £18m initial

British Gas, which operates the field on behalf of its 50-50 partnership with British Petrodevelopment costs. Although there are no figm Government proposals to sell off the British Gas oil interests, the corporation recognises that it still has a hattle on its hands. Part of its argument against being stripped of its oil assets will he that its 55-strong Londonhased exploration staff have a far hetter track record than the

land area have not yet been allocated end British Gas, much bigger teams of the oll The corporation bas bad to deal with local resistance to its presence in a aensitive beauty industry, is by no means certain spot. Its achievement is summed up in the sight of a berd of deer, being bred for the Bournemouth botel tables, grazing only yards from three "nodding donkey" pumps which bring oil

Elsewbere, the corporation has gone to great lengths to make its main installations invisible from the surrounding countryside. The gathering station et Wytch Heath is in a cutting in a dense pine forest. The storage site, from where BP refinery in South Wales, is oil.

oll products, according to provi- amount of oil used for energy tonnes of coal equivalent.

Oil consumption for non-

plus the impact of energy con- including oil, gas, coal, nuclear • Petrol deliveries to garages

Council opposition to reform of

rate support system collapses

LOCAL AUTHORITY opposis in England, proposed the that in certain respects we heve tion to Government proposals motion: "The Bill in its present overstated our opposition to

to reform the rate support form represents an attack on block grant end we bave not

system collapsed yesterday as local democracy and a serious been able to put forward a party political loyalties re- erosion of local government coherent detailed alternative.

asserted themselves at the powers. In view of the Govern- It is a fiction to describe this annual meeting of the Associa- ment's repeated refusal to make legislation as an attack on

wben one party adheres

inflexibly to an entrenched

Heseltine, Environment Secre- plan-tary, who has been urging them Sir

cohesion came yesterday, the to case the pressure on him of the policy committee, tried to eve of the report stege of the

Two Labour members of the local government.

ACC. Mr. Daniel Pettltt, of Mr. Ian Coutts, chairman of the finance committee.

Toft, of Durham, the only Labour-controlled shire county

Tory sida by saying: "I feel sions.

has accused the Inland Revenue Mr. Temple said that the company in question.

of "conducting an unfair cam- group relief was a "straight- Mr. Temple however."

the money being pald."

"The reason why we have

placed this under the contingent

exceptionally remote chance of

Mr. Temple said Tesco's claim

and the storage tanks are sandy grey rather than the usual bright aluminium.

by the corporation. The area as a whole will benefit from the rates which the corporation will have to pay Dorset County Council. These are at present being assessed. They will belp the council to slow down the rise in

factor in the county's revenue. The field will make one further contribution to the area —almost incldental compared with its oil production. This will be a small quantity of gss. about 400,000 cu ft a day, which

The administrative buildings are of beather-coloured brick,

Local landowners derive no direct financial benefit from the oil revenues. However, they receive some compensation in the form of improvements to fences, gates and roads paid for

rates levied on the local population and will be a significant

it extracts with the oil.

As the corporation defends its

oil interests, it is a further reminder that the two industries naturally overlap and that if the oil companies have a right to produce gas, the gas industry Argyll fields, and is not much the oil is sent by train to a should be allowed to produce

The figures show that the dropped by 9 per ceot to \$5.5m the first three months of this

Overall UK production of

to 87m tonnes of coal equiva-

8 per cent compered to the same period last year and coal

production rose by 6 per cent.

Production of netural gas fell

by 10.4 per cent and of pri-

mary electricity by 3.8 per

democracy where Parliament must be the final arbiter on

This is completely contrary

to the line previously taken by the ACC and its chairman. Sir

Gervas Walker. It was left to

another Tury, Colonel William McLelland, to remind Mr.

agreed to press for en emended

Mr. Temple, however, declined

to name the associate company. Tesco's 1990 annual report only

lists two associated companies

the UK. The associate company

whose allowance is being chal-

lenged is thought to be a leasing

cleim that Operation Checkout

relief on an associated com- the Income and Corporation trading Mr. Temple said: "They Supersave programme and Britain's retailers, said yester-pany's capital allowances, worth Taxes Act 1970, which stipulated are barking up the wrong tree. simply restructured it. Our day that be was concerned at

group.

for group relief qualified under the Income and Corporation trading, Mr. Temple said: "They

matters such as these."

cent.

any concessions to the views democrecy, put forward by the local autho- "We live in a national

The motion was defeated, Court's that the Government hed

but the extraordinary feature never denied that the local

of the debate was the line taken authorities alternative scheme by some leading Tories. Their met all the required objectives

loyalty to the Conservative and that the ACC had elways Government and Mr. Michael agreed to press for en emended

appeared to take precedence take a more conciliatory line over their responsibilities to He said the ACC should

primery fuels rose between figures released yesterday Merch and May by 3.1 per cent the Institute of Petroleum.

the period.

Mr. Peter Rees, Minister of State at the Treasury, has fold the Commons that nil com-

development programmes, have been looking at plans that would have involved cnntractors financing the work through to the compeletim stage. The nll companies would have paid a lump sum for the completed workthat would have included financing interest charges.

are allowed to write nff tutal capital expenditure uplifted

Energy conservation measures make an impact

products dropped by 13.5 per increase in demand. Not only cent-some 3.5m tonnes-during did deliveries of four-star petrol to retail outlets increase by 9.6 The Institute said the drop in per cent-although demand for three-star fell by 30.6 per centbut totel deliveries of Derv fuel went up by 11.7 per cent, while were down by neerly 33 per supplies of avietion turbine

last year. One reason for this

Development Agency to sue crashed company

cent-over 2.8m tonnes-com-increased by 5.2 per cent.

year compared to the same was the smaller amount of oil period last year, according to used for power generation.

figures released yesterday by Some power stations are now

BY ROSIN REEVES, WELSH CORRESPONDENT

P. LEINER AND SONS, the

invested £2m in Leiner's only 12 months before the company was declared insolvent have heen served on Mr. Leslie Leiner, founder and chairman of the company, and his wife. claiming demages has also been Issued against the company itself. The WDA said legal proceedings were not being insti-tued at this stage against three other former directors - Mr. F. A. Osman. Mr. Allan Hnry and Mr. Ian Hughes—who also siened wararnties in respect of information supplied to the Agency before its £2m invest-The WDA is the Welsh equivalent of the National Enter-

prisc Board. The £2m capital injection into Leiner's was its

Sir John Sainsbury, chairmen

"We have always had a

change in trading policy.

nf the supermarket group J. have had no que Sairshury, said yesterday that Inland Revenue." his group's "Discount 78" proDavid Churchi

customers.

certain to be in a private session

services to the sitc.

new venture and that rent and biggest single investment in a services for the occupied huildings would be paid in advance.

Retail Consortium which repre-

aents more than 90 per cent of

The legal move seems certain South Wales gelatine manufac- to affect next offinday's investiturer whichw ent into receiver- gation of the Leiner affair by the ship last February amid con- Commons Public Accounts Com-siderable controversy, ia to be mittee, Mr. Ian Gray, managing sued for damages by the Welsh director, and other WDA officera Development Agency.

Writs claiming hreach of committee to explain how the wararnties given when the WDA

WDA appraises and monitors investments in general and its stake in Leiner in particular. Some of the hearing seems

> side of Leiner's business has been purchased from the receiver by a consortium assembled by Mr. Jack Loveland, Leiner's former chief executive, and, before the agency's £2m espital injection, the WDA's investment director. The new enterprise, named Leiner Gelatin, resumed production in May with the blessing of the WDA in its capacity as landlord and supplier of

requirements, exercised no control the cost of the project. Since the company crashed

It was stressed that the WDA was not involved in funding the

The highest price was

Tesco accuses Revenue of 'unfair campaign'

desperately trying to maintain volume sales and offer low prices to consumers, it is very

following the outcome of the Revenue's action. Sainsbury annual meeting. Page 20

75 per cent ownership of the Company in question.

We simply short-circuited our circumstences are certainly the Inland Revenue's action against Tesco. against Tesco.

"At a time when retallers are

lower prices. Tesco continued to trade from similar hranches in a similar way. We offered similar goods to the same gramme.

The Salnsbury group sald that stocks grew by 17.3 per cent in the year after the 1978 programme. unfortunete that this issue has not been raised before by the "Clearly retailers have done very well on stock relief, but we Revenue," be said.

Mr. Weir said that a number have had no queries from the of retallers who could find them-David Churchill writes: Mr. Commenting on the Revenue's gramme did not ronstitute a Richard Weir, director of the selves in a similar position to Tesco were likely to be closely

Railwaymen deal blow to union amalgamation hopes

THE National Union of Railway- refer directly to the TUC's promen (NUR) yesterday dealt a posals, its very firm line will serious blow to the implement be used by its supporters in serious blow to the implemen-tation of TUC proposals to reduce damaging inter-union is considering the TUC's plan rivalry on the railways.

The train driver's union ASLEF accepted at its conference last month the proposals put together by Mr. Len Murray, by 61 votes to 12 with four the TUC General Secretary, abstentions, was directly the TUC General Secretary. These defined the spheres of influence of the NUR and ASLEF 90 both British Rail and London Transport, and sought to establish a joint railway trade union conneil

But yesterday the annual conference in Guernsey of the NUR voted by about five-to-one to maintain the union's traditional stance of being the one union for the industry and to reject the "aectionalism" of the train

ALLEGATIONS of "unethical

conduct" have been levelled

against the Legal and General

insurance company by members of the Association of Scientific

Technical and Managerial -Staffs, with which it is in

Mr. Peter Kennedy, the

offered to consolidate extra pay-

L and G's chief executive.

budga,

15. 07

∷an z,

assed a:

10 52

' in me

t call

t-Eastern

)rd

SAG FEEL

ojes po Jest iš

7 on 12 40,000 E 14 TA S

Lurds &

emie

Triest of Triest of No.

e e o trai trai trai trai trai trai

Press for the form of the form

robei

disciplina accounts a

Insurance

company.

criticised

By Our Labour Staff

before recommending a decision on it in the union's national executive.

The passage of the motion, abstentions, was directly contrary to the pleas of Mr. Sid Weighell, the union's General-Secretary. In an impassioned speech he warned that one of ultimate consequences facing the union if it pursued the motion's line could be expulsion from the TUC.

This could happen if the spirit of yesterday's motion, against the unioo.

Mr. Weigbell warned against turning down the prospect of one union for the industry, in about five years' time, which is what he believed the ideo of a joint railway trade union council beld out. This, he said, might increase the likelihood of ASLEF running into the arms of the Transport and General Workers' Union, with which it had been holding amaigamation taiks.

lt—hecause you will leave us absolutely naked," he said. He warned that even if delegates turned away from the TUC's proposals, the TUC would continue to press its case to end union referred a demarcation the friction between the two case to the TUC disputes com- unions, which has involved considerable poaching namembers, exacerbated relations and worsened and prolonged

> • WARDENS-The Civil Service Union which represents London's 1,000 traffic wardens, yesterday urged Mr. William Whitelaw, the flome

of health issues for politicat

ABOLITION PLEA-The

 ILEA WARNING—The break-np of the Inner London Education Authority would be "an act of folly" with widely fett and wholly had repercus-sions, the National and Local tion said in evidence to the

Talks at The Times to restart after four months

papers and the National thta there should be no talks on Graphical Association, the print "direct input"—typesctting by craftsmen's union, have journalists and advertising staff restarted after a break of four months in which each side alleged bad faith on the part of the other.

ASTMS officer who has con-The two sides met on Tuesday, ducted negotiations on behalf of the 3,000 members in the and agreed to define the areas of agreement and disagreement company, said yesterday that the company's negotiators had betwen them. A number of grievances, particularly in the machine room, have built up since the talks were suspended ments offered last week, then withdrawn the offer to consoliexpected to be tackled. date after pressure from the

However .. disagreement extra 1.8 per cent on top of its crucial question of the operation previous offer of 16.2 per cent of computerised assistance of the operation of computerised assistance. previous offer of 16.2 per cent of computerised equipment now immediately, and a further 2.5 installed in Times Newspapers per cent from January of next year. ASTMS claims that at a cost of £3m.

While the motion did not tee's rulings if they went recent disputes.

TALKS BETWEEN Time News- management had acknowledged

m March; and these are now

' For God's sake, don't reject

هكزاهن الأجيل

Nuclear

working

to rule

pay claim.

engineers

SPECIALIST ENGINEERS

wbo design and construct

nnclear power stations have

begun a strict work-to-rule

in enpport of a 20 per ecot

employees of the Nuclear

Power Company, which has

unilaterally implemented a 14 per cent wage locrease.

The Institution of Professional Civil Servants bas

declared the action official.

CANCER CLAIM: Trade

nnionists are exaggerating the industrial and occupa-

tional causes of cancer

The 750 engincers are

for political reasons, says the Chemical Association. Reviewing a STMS study of occupational cancer prevention, Dr. J. Keir Howard, the association's medical adviser, accuses ita authors of distortion and deplores what be lerms brazen use

> Secretary, to intervene in talks on the future grading of the wardens.

> Electricat Power Engineers Association decided at an NEC meeting yesterday to seek abolition of the Boyle Committee dealing with the pay of top posts in nationalised in-dustries.

Young Inquiry on Inner Lon-

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY-Indices of industrial production, mannfacturing output (1975=100); engineering orders (1975=100); retail sales volume (1976=100); retail sales volume (1976=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s).—All seasonally adjusted.

OUTPUT—By market sector; coosumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output.

CHIEFFI INGINITACTION	o, ceats	100, 1000		. Call Carring	, ,	-200,,
bousing starts (00)	is, mon	min sastu	ige).			
	Invst	Intmd	Eng.	Metal	Textile	Housg.
Consumer	goods		ontput	mnfg.	etc.	starts"
TOTAL BUOGS	Ponto	Byour				
1979		7.0m o	000	00 4	400 A	. 400
1st qtr. 105.9	· 99.2	127.0	. 98.8	98.4	100.0	12.9
2nd qtr. 108.6	102.9	133.1	102.7	110.0	103.0	21.3
3rd otr. 105.8	96.2	132.3.	95.0	103.8	100.6	21.0
	:10L3	129.7	99.2	102.6	95.8	: 18.1
Nov. 107.0	103.0	132.0	101.0	105.0	98.0	18.4
Dec 105.0	193.0	-128.0	101.0	100.0	93.0	15.0
- 1980						
	101.2	124.9	99.0	63.1	91.6	12.3
			101.0	65.0	94.0	13.2
Jan. 106.0	102.0	127.0				
Feb 104.0	103.0	124.0	100.0	. 59.0	91.0	11.4
March 102.0	99.0	124.0	96.0	65_0	89.0	. 12.2
An-H: 1020	101.0	122.0	97.0	85.0	. 89.0	. 14.9

EXTERNAL TRADE-Indices of export and import volume

(£m): te	TIME OF T	ane (ta	(a — TAG)	- everenti	Re regera	co.	
- ()	Evnort	Im port	Visible	Current	Oil	Terms	Resv
	volume	volume	balance	balance	balance	trade T	IS\$bu
1979							
Ist our.	109.0		-1,588	-1.215	—235	107.0	16.78
2nd otr.	135.3	128.9	· -486	-310	-229	160.4	21.69
3rd qtr	129.8	123.1	-493	-238	-158	106.8	23.18
4th atr.	129.3	128.9	-745	-674	-157	103.7	22.54
	131.8	125.8	75	- 51	+ 27	104.1:	22.42
Nov. Dec.	131.3	131.2	-252	-229	+ 88	102.6	22.72
1980	· LUIN						
	131.3	126.5	-723	-417	-126	100.7	24.87
ist our.	129.8	128.0	-315	-213	76	100.9	23.71
Jan.	136.5	128.9	-232	-130	- 45	100.6	23.93
Feh.		122.7	-176	- 74	5	100.6	26.96
March	127.7		-264	214	+ 44	101.8	28.01
April	127.2	127.6		+ 32	- 10	102.0	28.28
May	130.2	121.4	— 1B	T 32		Tawa	
4	-						

reming 1	M1 %	M3 %	Bank advances DCE % fm	BS inflow	HP lending	MLR
1979 1st qtr. 2nd qtr. 3rd qtr. Dec.	7.6 9.7 15.5 5.1	9.3 17.2 10.2 12.6	32.6 +1,525 28.5 +2,707 13.2 +2,409 16.2 + 230	777 777 933 161	1,581 1,867 1,879 593	13 14 14 17
1980 Jan Feb- March April May	-6.9 -6.7 -2.3 -3.4 4.0	8.1 6.1 7.5 4.8 11.4	22.6 + 738 20.7 + 272 25.4 + 705 18.8 + 678 21.9 +1,122	235 199 200 266 225	688 665 641 676	17 17 17 17 17

INFLATION Indices of earnings (Jan. 1976=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products

(1975=100); reta	1.1423	TOOD +0.	ood pri }}; trad	e weigh	74=100); ted_valu	e of
sterling (Dec. 19 Earn- ings*	71 = 100). Basic matis.•	Whsale.			FT* comdty	
1979 1st qir. 144.2 2nd qtr. 147.3 3rd qir. 154.2 4th qtr. 161.7	153.4 163.3 169.9 183.9 187.5		208.9 216.5 231.1 227.6 139.4	218.8 225.2 231.9 237.2 239.9	268.88 293.55 301.66 295.13 295.13	64.0 67.4 71.0 68.8 69.7
1960 1st cu. 1an. 163.0 Feb. 167.3 March 172.8 April 174.8	000 C	197.0	248.8 245.3 248.8 352.2 260.8 263.2	247,5 244,8 246,7 251,1 254,1 - 255,7	284.47 308.69 304.27 284.47 275.67 268.23	72.4 71.4 73.2 72.6 72.6 74.3
May	* Not 5	easonally	zacjust:	:d.		۱ ا

negotiators originally offered to NGA's national officer with resconsolidate both these extra ponsibility for Fleet Street said payments from next March. Last night that the Times

	Indl.	Mfg	Eng.	Retail	Retail	Unem-	
y	prod.	output	order.	. vol	value	ployed	Vacs.
¥979			السوس الم				
ist atr.	. 110.4	102.6	98	100.7	134.0	1,351	234
2nd atr.	114.9	107.1	107	106.2	144.8	1,299	256
3rd qtr.	112.7	103.1	99	99.5	144.6	1.269	247
4th que.	112.5	- 103.9	105	101.7	151.9	1.286	230
Nov.	114.0	105.4	112	. 102.5	153.2	1,282	. 234
Dec.	112.0	103.7	104	101.7	153.1	1,294	219
1980			•				
1st qtr	110.2	100.5	97	103.2	157.8	1,379	193
Jan	111.5	102.2	57	103.1	155.5	1.339	207
Feb.	110.2	100-9	98	103.9	158.5	1.383	191
March	108.9	98.4	106	102.6	159.4	1.414	181
April	108.2	99.9		102.3	161.0	1.458	: 169
May				101.0		1,484	· 163
June	. (1.534	. 147
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		 	
	****				ada 'inte	antwart .	anade.

metal	manufactur	e, texti	les; leath	per and	.clothing	(1975	≈100);
bousing	starts (00	os, mon	hly aver	age).			
	Consumer	Invst	Inimd	Eng.	Metal	Textile	Housg.
***** 1 /	- goods	goods	goods	ontput	mnig.	etc.	starts"
1979			. 7	4			
lst gtr.	105.9	99.2	127.0	. 98.8	98.4	100.0	12.9
2nd atr	108.6	102.9	133.1	102.7	110.0	103.0	21.3
3rd otr.	105.8	96.2	132.3.	95.0	103.8	100.6	21.0
≜th otr.	104.9	101.3	129.7	99.2	102.6	95.8	: 18.1
Nov.	107.0	103.0	132.0	101.0	105.0	98.0	18.4
Dec:	105.0	193.0	-128.0	101.0	100.0	93.0	15.0
- 1980			-	1			
lst qtr.	103.9	101.2	124.9	99.0	63.1	91.6	12.3
Jan.	106.0	102.0	127.0	101.0	65.0	94.0	13.2
Feb.		103.0	124.0	100.0	59.0	91.0 .	11.4
March	102.0	99.0	124.0	96.0	- 65.0	89.0	12.2
April	102.0	101.0	122.0	97.0	85.0	. 89.0	. 14.9
white.	TOMO !						

<i>-t</i> 1975=10	()); visi)	ole hata	nce; cur	rent oata	nce (rm); OTE D	uance
(Cm) tor	me of the	ade (19	75=100)	: exchans	e reserv	es.	
	Evnort	Im port	Visible	Current	Oil	Terms	Resv.
	volume	volume	balance	balance	balance	trade T	JS\$bu*
1979							
Ist otr.	109.0	116.9	-1,588	-1.215	-235	. 107.0	16.78
	135.3	128.9	-486	-310	-229	160.4	21.69
. 2nd atr.			-493	-238	-158	106.8	23.18
-3rd qur.	129.8	123.1					22.54
4th atr.	129.3	128.9	-745	-674	-157	103.7	
Wor.	131.8	125.8	-, 75	- 51	·+ 27	104.1:	22.42
Dec.	131.3	131.2	-252	-229	+ 88	102.6	22.72
1980			12.2				
Ist our.	131.3	126.5	-723	_417	126 ·	100.7	24.87
	129.8	128.0	—315	-213	76	100.9	23.71
Jan	136.5	128.9	-232	-130	- 45	100.6	23.93
Feh.		122.7	-176	- 74	5	100.6	26.96
March	127.7			214	+ 44	101.8	28.01
April	127.2	127.6	-264				
May	130.2	121.4	— 1B	+ 32	- 10	102.0	28.28
			. , .				

FINANCIAL—Money supply M1 and sterling M3, bank advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth at annual rate); domestic credit expansion (£m); building societies' net inflow; HP, new credit; all seasonally adjusted. Minimum lending rate (end period).

lending	rate (end	period	Bank	•		:	
	M1 %	M3	advance	s DCE fm	BS inflow	HP lending	MLR %
1979 Ist our. Ind our, Ird our. Dec.	7.6 9.7 15.5 5.1	9.3 17.2 10.2 12.6	28.5 13.2	+1,525 +2,707 +2,409 + 250	777 777 933 161	1,581 1,867 1,879 593	13 14 14 17
1980 an. eb. March April May	-6.9 -6.7 -2.3 -3.4 4.0	8.1 6.1 7.5 4.8 11.4		+ 738 + 272 + 705 + 678 + 1,122	235 199 200 266 225	688 665 641 676	17 17 17 17 17
		 -			3 000c	-1001-	harris

(1975=1 commod	*** INCOM	LJUJ	T000 +0.	ood pri	ces (197 e weigh	74=100); ted valu	FT e of
sterling	(Dec. 19 Earn- ings*	71 = 100) Basic matls.*	Whsale. mnig.*			FT* comdty.	
1979 Ist qir. 2nd qir. 3rd qir. 4th qir. Dec.	144.2 147.3 154.2 161.7 165.1	153.4 163.3 169.9 183.9 187.5		208.9 216.5 231.1 227.6 139.4	218.8 225.2 231.9 237.2 239.9	268.88 293.55 301.66 295.13 295.13	64.0 67.4 71.0 68.8 69.7
1980 1st ctr. Jan. Féb. March April May	163.0 167.3 172.8 174.8	200.6	197.0		247.5 244.8 246.7 251.1 254.1 -255.7	284.47 308.69 304.27 284.47 275.67 268.23	72.4 71.4 73.2 72.6 72.6 74.3

BY JOHN LLOYD, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

thta there should be no talks on -for three years. . The company said that the matter of when talks on direct input began was still to be re-

Mr. George Jerrome, the

Engineering employers back tough pay stance BY OUR LABOUR EDITOR

The NGA has said that the return to work agreement speci-

fically ruled out talks on direct

input for three years. Times

Newspapers claims that an agreement between the NGA's

leadership and its management

last June stipulated that talks could begin within 12 months.

Both sides appeared bopeful

however, that the talks would

proceed satisfactorily, and that

the computerised equipment

would come into use.

MINISTERS' exhortations to industry to keep pay rises in the coming wage round well below the rate of price inflation abandon its opposition to an have been endorsed by the imposed incomes poilcy. Engineering Employers' Federa-

the view that they need no urging. The EEF, which is shortly to receive a new pay claim from the Confederation of claim from t Shipbuilding and Engineering Unions, says that its members are unable to pass on costs because of the struggle to sell abroad when the exchange rate of the pound ts

Despite its anxiety to see wage rises brought down everywhere—in profitable as well as unprofitable concerns—the EEF has also backed the Govern-

formal incomes policy. a "m Mr. Anthony Frodsham, direc-

tor-general of the EEF, said yesterday: "I am convinced that the Government should not "Everyone must sympathise

with the anguish of those whose Engineering employers take fobs are disappearing. But we he view that they need no must also look to the lessons of

people are beginning to under-stand that high pay claims lead to a fail-off in orders, to the crippling of companies and to the loss of jobs."

His remarks come as hig engineering companies, includ-ing the motor manufacturers. are indicating that they will fight bard this year to settle well below the retail price index. Talbot has offered 8 per cent ment's refusal to contemplate a and Lucas Industries will offer a "maximum" of around 10 per

The ISTC's alternative for BSC

Union urges a steel price cut

(DSC) should cut its prices by ing over 40 per cent of the EEG's desired cut in capacity of 6m tonnes although it was share in the UK and compete abroad, says the Corporation's

tional and financial improvecompetitor countries, or by a combination of the two.

This is the central proposal unions' first meeting with the new chairman, Mr. lan MacGregor:

why the union believes the preshould be stopped in its tracks, and why the Corporation should be geared up for a possible example of other producers and steel shortage later in the

decade. Without a radical new plan, capacity might have to be cut. • £78m from reducing the coke not to 15.2m tonnes a year as presently planned, but to 10m leasing part of Hunterston, or 7m tonnes, the pamphlet says. Ayrshire, and £40m from the Both the big South Wales plants, sale of one of the Hunterston Port Talbot and Llanwern, direct reduction plants. which were recently slimmed • £45m by cutting workers down, could abut entirely, along overtime and absenteeism by with Scunthorpe. There would half.
have to be cutbacks in Sheffield • £20m by passing the cost of

and Scotland. The ISTG accuses BSC of Industry, to the State; exaggerating world steel over. • £81m by reducing "anti-capacity and attempting "to strike" stocks; paint as black a picture as • £59m from a revaluation of possible of its home market assets and £100m from a capital prospects to cover up what has reconstruction and the cancel-really been happening."

abroad, says the Corporatioo's ducer. Belgium's output, for biggest union, the Iron and example, was due to rise from Steel Trades Confederation 17m to 20m tonnes, although its population was less than 15m. The estimated cost of the of the UK's.

The uK's.

The uK's.

The UK steel industry.

The UK steel industry.

lowest labour costs in Europe, however measured, says the ments, or by Government sub-sidies of the kind employed in much higher than BSC figures claimed, and production manning very tight.
The loss sustained by cutting

in a detailed alternative prices by 10 per cent could be strategy for the State-owned made up by developing a more industry published by the aggressive marketing policy, union today in advance of the with the help of professional salesmen; by going back into export markets; by more investment in continuous casting aod A 180-page pamphlet called at the finishing end of the pro-"New deal for steel" explains duction process; by more use of electric are furnaces; and by sent programme of plant bowing to the customers' wish closures and capacity cutting to choose from which plant they take their deliveries.

BSC should also follow the diversify into non-steel products. Specific operational savings identified by the union are:

used in ironmaking, £5m from

the job-creation subsidiary, BSC

Index at highest since January

700|

THERE WAS no upsurge in Stock Exchange turnover last month as hopes of a reduction in interest rates out-weighed the gloomy economic outlook and the post-war peak in unemployment.

Turnover at £19.32bn was up 4.48ho, 32 per cent. The FT Turnover index for all securities rose from May's 448.5 to 592.1, its highest since January's 660.8 and well above 1979's June 48.9 points up at 464.8. monthly average of 431.5. A revival of overseas demand

for British Funds saw business in this sector improve by £3.87bn, nearly 34 per cent. lo £15.26bo. Trade in the longerdated Government securities to £7.46bn. Business in the short maturities rose £0.93bo to

The number of bargains done in the Funds increased by 4,065 to 90,394. Deals in the loogs. 6,019 higher at 57,186, more than compensated for a fall in the shorts from 35,162 to 33,208. The FT Turnover iodex for Government securities rose to 645.8 from May's 482.0 and compared with January's 739.5.

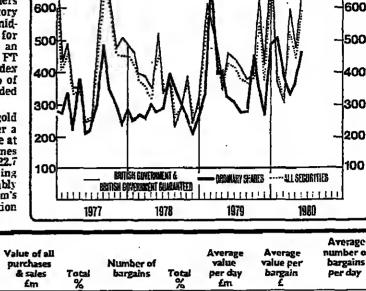
Business in equities also improved but interest io manufac turing stocks flagged towards the end of the period on gloom; predictions about industrial profits and dividends,

But equity turnover nearly 30 per cent, from £2.02bn to £2.62bn, taking the FT Turnover index for Ordinary shares to 468.1 from May's 361.0. The

number of equity bargains rose by 82.103 to 36t,474 and the average value per bargain in-

creased from £6,992 to £7,258. Share prices of the miscellaneous industrial leaders turned in a bighly satisfactory performance, despite the midmonth deferral of bopes for lower interest rates. From an end-May level of 415.9, the FT Industrial Ordinary share index advanced to its month's high of

Renewed demand for gold saw the bullion price register a mooth's gain of \$116 ao ounce at \$651.50. The FT Gold Mines index finished the month 22.7 points higher at 355.5. Mining figance shares were considerably enlivened by British Petroleum's jumped £2,04bn, 65 per ccot, takeover approach to Selection



HOW STOCK EXCHANGE TURNOVER IS MOVING

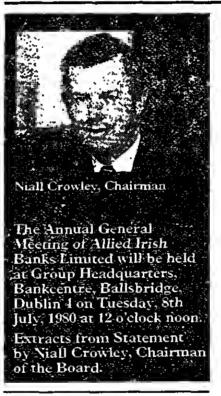
MONTHLY AVERAGES 1967=100

700

Category	Value of all purchases & sales £m	Total %	Number of bargains	Total	Average value per day £m	Average value per bargain £	number of bargains per day
British Govt. and British Govt. Guaranteed Short-dated (having five years or less to run) Others	7,798.3 7,460.4	40.3 38.6	33,20a 57,186	6-8 11.8	371.3 3SS.2	234,831 130,457	7,581 2,723
Irish Government Short-dated (having five years or less to run) Others	536.1 345.7	2.8	1,427 1,969	0.3	25.5 16.5	375,564 175,571	68 94
UK Local Authority	380_3	2.0	4,837	1.0	18.1	78,615	230
Overseas Government Provincial and Municipal	23.2	0.1	1,711	0.4	1.1	13,538	82
Fixed Interest Stock Preference and Preferred Ordinary shares	155.2	0.8	25,032	<u> </u>	7.4	6,200	1,192
Ordinary shares	2,623.4	13.6	361,474	74.2	124.9	7,25a	17,213
TOTAL Average of all securities	19,322.4	100.0	486,844	100.0	*920.1	39,689	23,183

Allied Irish Banks Limited

Bank Limited, Allied Irish Banks (LO.M.) Limited, Allied Irish Leasing Limited, Allied Combined Trust Limited.



Results

For the year ended 31st March, 1980 the Profit before Taxation of the AIB Group amounted to IR£40.4m., a reduction of IR£0.6m. on the previous year's IRL41m.

The Group's Balance Sheet has grown by some 22 per cent reflecting the rate of inflation, the return of funds to the Republic of Ireland following the break with sterling and our growth abroad, particularly in Britain.

The total assets now stand at IR£3,323m. and of this figure our two major subsidiaries account for almost IR£1,000m, with AIIB at about IRC600m, and AIF at about IR£400m. The subsidiaries are important and large banks in their own right and they are looking forward to continuing profitable

Some 30 per cent of our total Group business is now outside the Republic and we are therefore substantial earners of foreign currency.

Dividend

The recommended final dividend is 3.50p per share (14 per cent) which, together with the interim of 2.75p per share (11 per cent) already paid, will give a total of 6.25p per share or 25 per cent for the year.

Monetary and Banking Environment

The Associated Banks have been accused at various times of being a cartel, of raising interest rates for the purpose of gaining excessive profits, of using dubious methods to avoid paying tax on these profits, and of refusing to lend money to worthy and productive sectors of the community. It is natural enough that

the current situation should be unpopular and perhaps we must accept that the banks are inevitably the obvious target for criticism. However, I must stress that these allegations are unfounded and display a serious misunderstanding of the difficult and complex pressures on the financial system.

We have experienced a very sharp rise in interest rates throughout the Western world and at home a stringent policy of credit restriction imposed by the Central Bank, in order to defend the value of the currency within the EMS.

The shortage of credit led inevitably to the upward pressure on interest rates which was reinforced by rises in rates overseas. As rates increased generally it became possible for those with overdraft facilities to borrow from the Associated Banks and lend at a profit to non-Associated Banks.

To treat the rises in interest rates as an exercise in profiteering by the banks is to misread the complexities of the financial system. With the rapid development of the Dublin money market interest rates have become highly sensitive to market forces. Indeed, were it not for the much criticised "cartel" the interest rates of the Associated Banks would have risen much earlier and would have reached a higher level than they are at present.

Profits and Taxation

The Central Bank closely monitors the overall profits of the banks and is fully aware that the security of depositors requires that banks maintain an adequate capital base and that this in turn earns a stable and reasonable return. The

opportunity for banks to make immoderate profits at the expense of the community does not exist. Current account fees have not been increased since 1972 and are seriously out of line with the cost of the service and with charges in Britain.

The tax benefits arising from leasing or similar arrangements are largely passed on to the industrial user and the profit to the bank is not high. The Industrial Development Authority confirms that benefits of low interest or leasing charges have proved to be an important influence on the decision of foreign firms to locate in Ireland. To construe this arrangement as improper tax avoidance is to challenge the whole principle of incentives for industrial investment.

New Developments

Economic expansion at home depends upon the entrepreneurial vigour of individuals with drive and commercial judgement. To translate potential into achievement requires adequate financial resources, including risk capital. The Bank is well aware of the need for greater encouragement of entrepreneurial ventures and is setting up a new subsidiary to provide risk capital for business.

Industrial Relations

We are now jointly committed with the I.B.O.A. to examine our industrial relations practices and procedures. It is my earnest wish that from this review we will in conjunction with the LB.O.A. find a more effective means of both preventing and handling our industrial relations problems.



Features of the Consolidated Accounts Year ended 31st March IR£'000 IR£'000 16,220 25,978 Issued Capital 135,651 153,498 Share Premium and Reserves 19,392 50,180 Long Term Debt 171,263 229,656 Capital Employed 2,715,435 Total Assets 2,493,437 3,029,430 Current, Deposit and Other Accounts Advances to Customers and 1,485,284 1,910,476 Other Accounts, Less Provisions Group Profit before Tax and 40,390 Special Provision 27,911 28,039 Profit attributable to Shareholders . 28.1p 28.8p Earning per 25p share Basic 25.9p Fully Diluted

Copies of Report and Accounts and Chairman's Statement are obtainable on application to: The Secretary, Allied Irish Banks Limited, P.O. Box 452, Bankcentre, Ballsbridge, Dublin 4.

Withdraw charges, **Tories tell** Rooker

MR. JEFF ROOKER (Lab., Birmingham Perry Bar), sat silent in the Commons yesterday when Tory MPs called on him to withdraw the "hribes" charge which, nuder the protection of Parliamentary privilege, he levelled against Rolls-Royce

a fortnight ago. The issue was raised by Mr. Peter Rost (C., Derhyabire Sonth East), who emphasised that the inquiry conducted hy Rolls-Royce had found no evidence to support the allegations.

Mr. Frank Turner — the Rolls-Royce executive named hy Mr. Rooker—and other members of the Rolls-Royce management live in Mr. Rost's constituency.

He asked Mr. George Thomas, the Speaker, if Mr. Rooker had given any indica-tion that he wished to make a personal statement withdrawing the unsubstantiated allegations and apologising Rolls-Royce

When the Speaker replied that Mr. Rooker bad not requested permission to make such a statement, there were shonts of "disgraceful" from the Government benches.

Mr. Hugh Dykes (C., Harrow East), complained that the whole affair was gravely damaging to the reputation of Parliament. He suggested that Mr. Rooker had either made a

mistake throngh misconstruing information supplied to him or, subinformation conscionsly and without realising it, he had Indulged in "personal self-aggrandise-

To Tory cheers, Mr. Dykes isisted: "Surely it is incumbent upon Mr. Rooker to do the only honourable thing and withdraw these unsub stantiated allegations.

£22m debts written off

agreed to write off £22m of debts incurred by Rhodesia hefore UDI in 1965, Mr. Richard Lnce, Foreign Office Under Loman. Secretary, announced in the Commons last night.

He told MPs that agreement had now been reached between £5.68bn, assumir Britain and Zimbahwe on the and no inflation. ohligations contracted before

THE GOVERNMENT'S long

awelled White Paper on the

Ireland was released yesterday

as a document entitled "Pro-

posals for Further Discussion."

proposals, including two pos-

sible forms of administration,

for the government of the pro-

vince in the light of recent dis-

cussions, particularly at the

Conference of Northern Ire-

lend. That ended lest hiarch

and three of the four main poli-

tical parties in the province

the paper envisages a new

single chamber Northern Ire-

land Assembly of about S0 mem-

hers. It would heve legislative

powers and be elected on the

single transferable vote system

of proportional representation.

The Government says it hopes

that, following further discus-

sion with all the parties, it can

put forward specific proposals

amentary session. The province

hes bee run hy direct rule from

It was last Octoher that the

Government announced its in-

tention to convene a conference

of the four main political.

parties in the province: the non sectarian Alliance Party.

Catholic Social and Democratic

Lahour Party, and the largely

Protestant Ulster Democratic

Unionist and Ulster Unionist

The Ulster Unionist Party,

which is also known as the

Official Unionist Party and which, with five Westminster

seats (out of 12 for the pro-

vince), has the largest Com-

mons representation of any

Northern Ireland party, de-clined to attend the talks.

submitted a paper to the government giving their views.

was a working paper which set out the following principles:

any powers transferred should be transferred to elected

representatives of the people of Northern Ireland. But the

minster should be preserved:

reasonable and

there would have to he

under any new arrangements

remedies against discrimination

grounds should be at least maintained and if possible

3 responsibility for Defence and

foreign affairs (including rela-

tions with the European Com-

munity) should remain with the

religious and political

Instead, the Official Unionists

The basis of the conference

predominantly

Westminster since 1972.

As an "outer framework."

In it the Government sets out

government

Northern

EEC budget deal 'has settled nothing'

THE AGREEMENT accepted by the Government on the reduction in Britain's net contribution to the EEC budget bas settled nothing and a new and exhausting hattle will have to be fought to get a fair deal, Mr. Peter Shore, Lahour's Foreign Affairs spokesman told the Commons yesterday.

He claimed that the British people were "angry and disap-pointed" at the settlement, and that their feelings were secretly shared by tha Prime Minister

But the Brussels agreement of May 30 was atrongly defended hy Sir Geoffrey Howe, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

"Our hudgetary position is safeguarded for three years at least, end the Community plans to undertake long-term reforms to prevent a recurrence of our problems," said the Chancellor. 'The position has been trans This is a highly advantageoua agreement.

We don't see the egreement of May 30 as the end. We improving and deace it as an important step in munity policies."



SHORE: "A new hattle will have to be fought"

the continuing process

that this would heve the effect of curtailing the Common Agri-cultural Policy.

"This means that radical been no lasting reform t changes will heve to be made hudgetary arrangements: int he way in which agricultural The amendment also cl expenditure is financed from the Community hudget," he said. "Tha Community as a whole has at last firmly grasped the point that the hudget will hava to he subject to the same disci-plines that all member states

apply to their own budgets.

Expenditure must be constrained by the amount of monay . Sir Geoffrey predicted that this would mean the most far reeching reform of Community finance since the late 1960s. The EEC now had the opportunity, for the first time, of getting the CAP under control and working towards a hudgetary structure, to provide a reasonable balance

for all its memhers. He was opening a Commons debate on a Government motion

contributions from member had put down an amendment rates. states would be maintained and deploring the settlement on the grounds that Britain would still be the aecood largest contribu-tor to the budget and there had been no lasting reform to the

that the Government had made concessions on lamb fisheries which would lead to damaging price increases.

The division of opinion among MPs in both the major

parties soon hecame apparent in the debate. Sir Geoffrey was sniped at by Fory anti-marketeers during his speech. On the other side of the House some Labour pro-marketeers were expected to abstain and refused to vote for their party's official amendment despite a

three line whip.
Mr. Tony Marlow, (C.,
Northampton North) asked the
Chancellor whether the E710m reduction in Britain's 1980 budgetary contribution would

Sir Geoffrey emphasised that welcoming the Brussels agree still have to meet part of it by the I per cent ceiling on VAT ment. But the Labour Party borrowing at high interest

The Chancellor told him that the bulk of the net 1980 reduc-tion would come in this finan-cial year but a small proportion might stretch into the following

From the Labour front hench Mr. Shore accused Sir Geoffrey of making a "hrazen and frivoloua speech" which gave a distorted version of the history of EEC negotiations.

Instead of tha "broad halance" in the hudget which Mrs. Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey had been aiming for, Britain would contribute £371m net in 1980, £445m in 1981, while in 1982 the contribution could not be less than £550m.
"So much for the broad he commented

scathingly. Instead of a permanent settlement of the hudget we had a three-year agreement and the Prime Minister had also eaten her words over the specific pledge that Britain would insist all be made this year or pledge that Britain would insist whether the Government would on an agricultural price freeze

Atkins cautious on Ulster devolution plan

WHATEVER POWERS are devolved to Ulster, security will remain a responsibility of tha Humphrey Atkins, the Northern Ireland Secretary, insisted in the Commons last night.

While notably cautious about the prospects for progress on the basis of the White Paper published earlier in the day, he refused to accept that action limited to the lowest common denominator of agreement offers the only path forward.
This was the approach suggested by Mr. Peter Mills (C. West Devon), a Northern Ireland Junior Minister in the Hearth Covernment who armed

Heath Government, who argued that if a start were made in areas where agreement had already heen reached, the neces-sary confidence might he created to justify an advance **Quick decision 'should be** into other more difficult spheres later.

While agreeing that this was a possible approach and one which would have to be con-sidered, Mr. Atkins declared: "We are aiming higher than that at this stage." His carefully halanced outline of the problems involved in

securing a framework which

permits the executive powers government in Northern Ireland to be exercised so as to take account of the interests of both parts of the community" underlined the magnitude of the task ahead. Mr. Otkins promised to carefully weigh the views of MPs

when the White Paper is debated in the Commons in the near future. Following 'that debate. he said, there would be confidential bilateral talks with Northern Ireland parties.

But, for the time being, it was not the Government's intention. to reconvene the conference of the principal political partiesa conference which was boy-cotted by the Official Ulster Unionist Party.

Mr. James Molyneaux, MP for . Antrim South and leader of the Official Unionists, warned that any attempt to resurrent the "rigged executive" (when " power-sharing " concept introduced), would again legislation." he decisively rejected by the Northern Ireland electorate. He added that an attempt to take account of the interests of Northern ... Ireland

both parts of the community

totally impossible.

Mr. Atkins immediately assured the House that there was no question of Northern Ireland having two Cabinets.... He also sought to reassure the Rev. Ian Paisley, MP for Antrim North and leader of the Democratic Unionist Party, who declared that any attempt to have a Northern Ireland government which was so rigged that

Mr. Atkins told Mr. Brymner John, Labour spokesman on Northern Ireland that a referendum had not been ruled out by the Government Mr. Kevin McNamara (Lab. Hull Central) asked whether the Government intended to Tegislate for some sort of an Assembly come what may

Mr. Atkins replied. "That is what we hope to do. can get a bigh level of acceptance of a system in Northern Ireland we shall come to the House with proposals for

represent a great step forward in the security

Employer-union pay agreement vital to power station programme

Generating Board told MPs yesterday that it was difficult to see bow the country could proceed with its power atation building programme unless there was a common employerunion agreement on pay for

ditions were met.

The prinicpal condition was Mr

The projected cost of the UK's nuclear power station programme was assuming no delays This figure rose to £9.5bn

CENTRAL Electricity if there was 12 per cent inflation and a five-year delay in the

ment's nuclear energy programme—that the CEGB, the

that the Drax power station project in South Yorkshire was heing constructed on a system in which contractors could lose their contracts if they stepped ont of line on agreed pey and bonus rates. This system, said Mr Loman, could perhaps be aeen as a way in which the in-

crucial element in solving many of the problems on big construc-tion sites but it would not solve all of them.

There was a general correlation between the use of local labour and industrial disruption, sald Mr. Loman. contractors should be able-as in. Europe and elsewhere—to fessional "travelling men." Mri Loman said that one type

of payment system he would

made' on future of **Civil Sevice Department** for the department. Sir Ian strongly defended the

reached about the future of the Civil Service Department, Sir Ian Bancroft, the Head of the Home Civil Service, told MPs said its achievements in promotfast night.

Sir Ian said that current speculation about the future of the department bad led to low morale among its staff,

He was appearing with Sir Douglas Wass, the Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, before a sub-committee of the All Party Treasury and Civil Service Committee of the Com-

looking into the role and power of the department, whose future is currently being reviewed by the Prime Minister. There has heen coosiderable criticism of the department for failing adequately to control the Civil Service. These points have been made by a number of people within and outside Whitehall. At a previous public session of the sub-committee, Sir Robert Armstrong, the Cabinet Secretary, said that he thought that momeotum of the department after the reforming Fulton Report of 1968 had run out. Ae yesterday's hearing both

ing efficiency, in controlling manpower and encouraging that proper use of personnel were "evidence of vitality rather than of inertia. Sir Douglas stressed that success in managing the Civil Service and in ensuring effici-ency depended on the priorities the administration and

record of hisd epartment and

politiciens of the day rathar than on organisations. He said thare were no barriers to either a supeficial or a deep integration of the Civil Service Department back within th Treasury, where it was before

Sir Douglas said that be had mixed views on the dsirability of reintegration. On the one band he saw value in tha specialisation in pay and management work which had been developed by the Civil Service Department. On the other band he had seen since the split of the two departments in 1968 that there had been some loss because staff were not offered, the variety of work whiche ould come within

the majority; the executive a qualifying number of memthe executive direction of the should be formed by that party bers in the assembly.

cahinet-style needed to pass legislation. tive, It suggests having an executive made up by the majority in the legislature, but supporting this with a second "novel institution," a Council of the

> This would be made up of chairmen and deputy chairman of departmental committees of the assembly with a range of

Assembly.

The Government believes this system would provide a way for minority representatives participate in and influence the process of government in both the legislative and executive forms without holding executive seats.

If the chairmanships and deputy chairmanships departmental committees were allocated equally assembly members of those parties supporting the executive and those opposing it, then those chairmen and deputy

chairmen could form a council of the assembly. The chairman of the council of Northern Ireland. would he drawn from its membership but would have no additional voting power. Composed in this way the council would thus be equally divided between those assembly

members supporting and those alternatives: The first is a opposing the executive, and to he effective any proposition on have to attract at least 50 per cent of the votes plus one. The precise powers of the council would be for discussion advisory role. But to possess real infinence, the Government believes, it would also need some or all of the following powers.

a) the ability to delay legislation (though not appropriation measures) for a certain period. Though of limited effect this would focus public attention on anything to which the minority objected:

h) the ability to refer pro-posed legislation back to the assembly or to refer proposed legislation or executive decisions if they were considered to be discriminatory to an outside appeals hody of a judicial or political nature, (c) a provision requiring that, before being passed by the

assembly, all legislation and the proval. This would give the Council a blocking power (since the 50 per cent of its member-

icent to give approval. In practice, the White Paper says, the The White Peper rejects hope would be that such a suggestion of a majority rule power would never be used. the elected forum. The UDUP executive, but with weighted But the possibility that it. accordingly proposed at the majorities in the Assembly might be would be sufficient to lead the two sides to an ac-Instead, as the second alterna- commodation on any issue between them.

lock did not bring government to an unacceptable halt, this power would have to be made subject in the last resort to override by Order made by the Northern Ireland Secretary, which could perhaps be subject. to Parliamentary approval at

tem of 'direct rule' as the means of governing Northern Ireland. The Government seeks therefore to bring about a transfer of responsibility for some of the powers at present exercised from Westminster to locally elected representatives. The Government believes that the proposals set out in this Document could secure such a transfer in a way calculated to meet the special needs of the people

tation and discussion. If, in the event, it concludes that proposals along these lines would secure the acceptance of the people of Northern Ireland, and the participation of their political leaders in their operation if will bring forward legislative proposals before Parliament In the absence of such acceptance. the Government would then explore other ways of making the government of Northern Ire land more responsive to fie wishes of the people of Northern Ireland. Such alternatives could involve a progressive approach to the transfer of 2 range of powers to a locally elected Assembly.

give serious consideration to the proposals in this Document hearing in mind the organt need of the province for institutions which will assist in the task of reconciliation and reconstruc-tion. It is the Government's firm hope that thereby can be achieved a system of government which the Northern Ireland will support

large construction sites.

Mr Dennis Loman, CEGB board member with special responsibility for construction, told the Energy Select Committee that the hoard would not accept the use of laggers supplied by the General and Munlcipal Workers' Union on the Isle of Grain site unless certain con-

site, at which other unions have for the past few months been supplying laggers themselves.

The cost effect of delays—
including those arising from dispntes-on large construction sites was underlined by Mr

assuming 12 per cent inflation and no delays, and to £24.6bn

• the power to raise revenua

ground, yesterday's White Paper

ooks at the position in the

I-the prospects for stability

2—the security background:

4-the Irlsh Republic dimen-

The Government emphasises

in the paper that the key to

the healing of the divisions

New institutions of govern-

between the two communities.

ment which the minority com-

munity cannot accept as its

stability and so will not be worth

having. It must therefore he in

the interests of the majority

community, desiring as it does stability and the fruits that this

can hring, to accept institutions

that offer opportunities of par-

ticipation to the minority.
"Equally, it must be in the

interests of the minority com-

ties of participation and safe-

join wholeheartedly in making

The Government, it is said,

can create with the help of

representatives of the two com-

munities, fair and workable institutions—but cannot create

the will to make the institutions

work, "Thet will to work together must come from the

peorle of Northern Ireland themselves."

the UK, a constitutional status

wishes of a substantial majority

policy to comhat terrorism within the framework of the

law, with the lead taken hy the

police, and the Army in a vital but supporting role. In recent

years the security forces have

against terrorism, but it is

apparent that much remains to

The security situation has

achieved considerable success

with the government

appropriate of the people of the province.

arrangements to take account The Security Background of the interests of the minority; "It is the Government's

The document is concerned

those institutions work."

munity, given institutions which

• RECONCILIATION AND

province in terms of:

and reconciliation;

hackground;

STABILITY

for legislation in the next Parli- stability in Northern Ireland is

Roman

by taxation would also remain UK Government in the fight

future pattern of government conferring oo a Northern

That was never expected. The Ireland administration full

conference was aimed at estab- responsibility for the criminal

lishing the highest level of law and the police and prison

The cooference did not lead tional use—is such that it is Ireland to a negotiated agreement for a not realistic to envisage Ireland.

with Westminster:

Mr Lomen told the committee -which is studying the Govern-

Isle of Grain client, atrongly supported the concept of a national agreement providing its terms were not inflationary. He said the CEGB had taken policy decision to resist the open-ended honus scheme applying to laggers at Grain, a scheme which was bad for industrial relations and bad been "manipulated."

CEGB officials told MPs that David Basnett, general a barmonisation of wage rates secretary of the General and and a limit on bonuses on the Municipal Workers' Union, had been approached in the late 1970s on a number of occasions by the CEGB to discuss delaya at Grain. Mr Basnett, however, had declined to meet the CEGB

Part of the problem at Grain andw on other large construc-tion sites bad arisen hecause of the general swing of allegiance from national union officials the site "militants." Mr. Loman said. A national agreement would help to shift power back

with Westminster, but there against terrorism-in terms of interests of both communities to

could be a local power to levy menpower, equipment and recognise and develop the a rate.

menpower, equipment and recognise and develop the iostallations, and their opera-existing links between Northern

agreement hetween the perties. services, Equally, that adminisernment of the province. These Having traced this back-tratinn should not conduct its proposals are:

business either isolated or

security which is pervasive.

needed to give those repre-

dustry should be going.

A national agreement was a

Big power station projects needed shift working which unions generally were reluctant to agree to.

·like to see in operation would be a scheme where so much per bour was pald to the individual worker but retained by the em-ployer and held in the bank until the job was finished. This amount of banked money would to where it should belong. be forfeited immediately there Sir IanI and Sir Douglas were work whiche ould come The select committee was told was unofficial strike action. studiously non-committal about an integrated Treasury.

ever that may be it is in the

Ireland and the Republic of

The proposala which the

White Paper puts forwerd for

further discussion talk of ao

proposals are:

Framework" for gov-

electorate

7. individual assembly memhers would be responsible for

Northern Ireland departments:

8. there would be representa-

tive departmental committees

with extensive investigatory, scrutioiting advisory and legislalive powers. Within this framework, the

paper then asks bow this executive should he formed,

I. there should be a province community division which they with a cabinet system of excluded from the concern for wide administration based oo say is at the root of the politiresolved only by the creation 2. the method of election to of political institutions based assembly. sentatives a voice in security the assembly should he the upon the principle of partner-3—the financial and economic matters while the responsibility single transferable vote form ship. The Alliance Party say

MAIN PROPOSALS

a single elected body of ahout

The Government White Paper for further discussions on the government of Northern Ireland envisages a single house legislature of 80 seats. Members would be elected by proportional representation with a single transferable vote. The Assembly would have an executive and control areas like education, housing, employment, agriculture, commerce and environmental matters. Westminster would retain control of foreign affairs, finance and law and order.

Arrangements will thus he 80 members:

any new arrangements for Northern Ireland

the government of Northern about the constitutional future

Ireland. The involvement of the of the province, but that wbat-

The White Paper proposes two alternatives as a means by which an executive or cabinet could be elected. 1. A system which guarantees any party

winning a certain proportion of the popular Vote 2 seat in the executive. Thus 2 party with, say, 25 per cent of the vote would be assured of a quarter of the Executive seats. This would he tantamount to power sharing at an executive level between the largely protestant Unionist majority and the

Roman Catholic minerity.

2. An executive hased on majority rule. hnt supported hy a new second hody known as a Council of the Assembly. This council would be made up of chairmen and deputy chairman of Departmental Committees. These chairmenships would be allocated equally hetween members supporting the

Executive and those opposing it. Any proposition on which it would have to decide would need 50 per cent plns one vote. The Conneil would have delaying and possibly even blocking powers legislation decided by the Executive.

remains, as it must for the of proportional representation, that an administration drawn present, with the Government." The Financial and Economic

Background "Tha social and economic difficulties of Northern Ireland are already recognised by the Government. Public expenditure per head is 35 per cent above that in Great Britain, placing a considerable and rising cost on the taxpayer. In 1979-80 public spending in Northern Irelend was some £2,600m, of which only ehout 56 per cent was financed from local sources There are implications here for the form of new arrangegovernment in

Northern Ireland." • The Irish Republic Dimen-

The White Paper affirms the principle of consent as the only framework "within which those who wish to maintain Northern Ireland's present status within the UK and those who aspire to Irish unity can pursue their own objectives by legitimate and remain peaceful means." It reiterates ment; the pledge of successive British "The security situation has Governments that they will direct heering on one aspect respect the wishes of the

This method is familiar and well established in Northern groupings on the principle of 1973 for all elections save Westminster; 3. a new assembly should

have responsibility over a range of subjects which were transferred from the province in agriculture, commerce, educatlon, employment, enviroo-mental matters including mental housing, health and social 4. the Northern Ireland Sec-

retary would retain responsibility for reserved metters, such as law and order, and for the consideration of Northern Ireland's public expenditure programme in the overall UK context: 5. an advisory council would provide a forum for general dis-

the Northern Treland Secretary on those matters on which he remained responsible to Parlia-6. the assembly would be empowered to legitransferred metters; legislate on

cussion end consultation with

from all substantial elected Ireland, having bean used since proportionality would create political structures which hoth sections of the community would support. At the Conference they made detailed proposals for an executive committee system of governmeot based on proportionality. "The SDLP say that the

essential requirement is create a political process which will allow mutual confidence and trust to develop in Northern Ireland, leading to lasting peace and stability; this can only be achieved through a vince-wide basis) for candidates period of partnership between the two communities. At the Conference the SDLP, while not regarding partnership as a natural eod in itself, advocated a cabioet-type pertnership administration reflecting proportionately the strength in the assembly of all parties willing to participate in such

administration. "The UDUP say that if any The UDUP say that if any mechanism to allocate port-system is to be acceptable it folios, or a simple mathematical must not seek to deny to an formula could be used to

or group of parties which has been placed in the majority in conference administration formed by a majority grouping in the assembly. "In their proposals sent to

"The Alliance Party draw ber, 1979, the UUP edvocated atteotion to the fundemental a form of devolved government administration formed by the problem and can he leader of the largest group of members returned to

> "Thus, the four parties are far from agreeing on the crucial question how arrangements are to be made in a new aystem of administration for the involvement of representatives of the minority community. They will need significantly to oarrow the difference between them if the Government is to be able to introduce in the next session of Parliament legislation which would transfer substantial powers back to elected represen-

> tatives of the people of Northern Ireland." The special circumstances of Ulster make it vital, the White Paper says, that any scheme for the government of Northern Ireland should, while retaining the support of the majority com-munity, depart substantially from the Westminster model.

> The White Paper sets out two aystem which guarantees any party winning a certain propor tion of the popular vote a seat in the executive. Thus a party with, say, 25 per cent of the popular vote would he assured of a quarter of the executive seats. There are various ways an

executive along these linea could he formed. One would be direct popular election, thus preserving the primacy of the ballot box. Simultaneously ballot box. Simultaneously with the election of the assembly the electorate would be asked to vote separately (and hy a system of proportional representation on a profor the executiva. Another way would be to have single election through

proportional representation, to the asembly and then form the executive by reference to the strengths of the parties elected to the assembly. Either the assembly membera could elect an executive from their own public expenditure programme midst using an appropriate would require the council's apelected majority the rights allocate executive portfolios ship from parties supporting

White Paper on the government of Northern Ireland

However, to ensure that dead

Westminster. - CONCLUSIONS

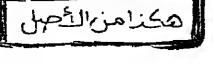
"It is not desirable to continue indefinitely with the sys-

"The Government intends to embark on the fullest possible programme of consul-

"Her Majesty's Government urges all sections of the Northern Ireland community to

The Government of Northern

Ireland: Proposals for Faithe Discussion.





a recipe for disaster and make government in Northern Ireland

the minority, by artificial devices, could become the majority and exercise a voto, would be "totally unacceptable"

whether there was referenda

Mr. Atkins maintained that the introduction of a generally agreed system of government in CANNES AWARDS FESTIVAL

Tempers fray on Côte de Fiasco

ANY SALESMAN enterprising amough to set up a fruit and egetable otand outside the Palais des Festivals at this year's Cannes festival of advertising films, would have gained a small selections revealed the previous flay, equipped themselves with bags of tomatoes and other software, ready to discharge their frustrations of the awards ver again.

the Screen Advertising World tenying instead on the choice of the production companies it lene; for the first time in 27 uses, is usually Britain's most successful representative asts, had descended upon the choice of the production companies it usually Britain's most successful representative consists. Association, the UN of interasis had descended upon the lett Dickenson Pearce attractions one of the three British to producers, film directors, even a sion gold lions (from landful of advertisers, all eager awarded), a popular choice to see 1,900 commercials created by the talents of 37 countries. The problem was how to fit them all into a festival cinema card. with a capacity of 1,500 for the climactic show of the week. obvious and simple; present the awards ceremony twice, as two

vociferous disapproval of at campaign. least half the awarded commer-Silver f least half the awarded commer—Silver for Britain was also cials implied that the jury, earned by J. Walter Thompson having offered themselves for for the Guinness Toucan, David-Stocks.

sier au.

d leaders nist Part

allig To

.e:ci36 11

d Mr. Brg.

nd in

Jul Deel.

LITTE

Namara (

wkej n

Literate

125 Telego

b (1)24

n proper

1217) (Line)

- ∿€ 3 £€2

Civenta

warni, bi

Factor set that F

ores bes

in inche t

\$10NS

7736 1 2572

3.00

highest entry ever was appraised reminding us that strong casting by 18 creative advertising pro- and a good langh at the end fesionals as being of the lowest is a formula even hard juries standard ever, diminishing the fail to resist. usual number of entries repre- There were no golds for sented on previous short-lists to chema entries. FCB won a n meagre 7 per cent of the tele- silver for Britain for St. cent of cinema films?

explained at the jury's Press Many of the commercials not satisfactorily.

British members of the jury, ing instead of advertising ont suggested some reasoned of film craft. And many agencies criteria: "There is very little paraded expensive and unand original and presented with terrific flair and is technically disdained by sophisticated excellent, but that was what we awards juries, but it could be 'few," "Only excellence should it is relevant. Most advertisers - McCann, president of the jury. less art.

The most startling decision of the jury was that no films deserved a grand priz, either for cinema or for television advertising, so the surge of delegates slumped homeward, confused as fortune Delegates, furious at to whether it was worth enterthe jury's meagre short-list of ing any of their nationally successful ideas in 1981, or whether they would try to do better and gamble against the subjective judgements of foreign maestri

They were out of luck Earlier. British advertising agency that never enters the jousts directly. one of the three British televiawarded), a popular choice that featured the best performance of the flesta—Dudley Moore as a punk disc-buyer sans Barclay-

A dramatic demonstration of the safety of the Citroen car The solution offered was both earned a second gold for Britain (Colman Advertising), while Boase Massimi won a gold for Hellmans Mayonnaise, and three At the second show, the silver for St. Ivel Gold, Prestel, formal 'black tie' presentation, and the COl'a fire-prevention

trial, should be put in the son Pearce for The Observer, and KMP for Post Office Tele-How-could it be that the communications, the latter

visinn commercials and to 5 per Raphael's mural-in-the-making, while Sweden scored with a Perhaps all would be family planning drama.

conference. It was not, at least relied on happy, fast-cut lifestyles which could neotly and Len Sugarman; creative direc casually have accepted almost tnr of Foote Cone & Belding any product. Many directors in London and one of the two made films out of the advertisadvertising that is sales-effective necessary production values. "Safe" commercials may be were looking for, the perfect more in the advertisers' incommercial, and we found so terests to be brilliant only when added Barry Day of would prefer more matter and

ANN BURDUS IS ONE OF THE MOST INFLUENTIAL WOMEN IN WORLD ADVERTISING:

The chairman who wields a velvet fist

FOURTEEN MONTHS ago, Ann Burdus arrived hurrledly from New York to take over London chairman of McCann & Co., nne of the three higgest advertising in Britaln, The gronds immediately appointment ldentified her as one of the most Infinential women in international advertising, and other honnurs followed. She

was named Times Business-

woman of the Year. This sum-

mer she takes over as chair-

ciation, which will strengthen her infinence in business and with government.

She says she has been lucky, that her career has progressed via a series of what in retrospect seem highly ratlonal stages. She is a determined proselytiser of advertising's cause, and one of its most vigorous apologists.

She is also an enigma, and In recent weeks has seen the first real public questioning of and style. The McCann empire in London, it has been suggested, is increasingly vulnerable to attack by rival agencies. For all her charm and eleverness, it has been said, her particular managemeot style may be insufficlently aggressive for motival-

her management phllosophy

Ing staff and wooing clients.
The facts belie this. McCann's current cilent list is probably as secure as that of any rival agency in the UK

mostly recently, the departure of McCann managing director Bill Murphy for Detreit - McCann's account losses or resignations have been miner. If anything, the chalrman

top five. Despite a flurry of

top management changes-

herself is even cooler and Board meeting.

in full control, than when she arrived back on Concorde last April and called her first

more collected, more clearly

main growth agencies of the middle and late 1970s. In 1974, group billings in Londnn were £25m; ln 1978. £74m. This year they will exceed £80m. fts higgest spending clients include Tesco. Esso, Rothmans, Bass Charrington, Van den Bergs, Martini. the Mllk Marketing Nestlé, the Kodak. Board. Eggs Beecham Anthority.

based Interpublic group of companies. Miss Bardns joined McCann in 1971 as research director (she is a trained psychologist). She took nyer as chairman on the abrupt departure of Nigel Grandfield, who now runs his own successful agency. She answers questions freely, though without convincing you that you bore gained a fall answer, I asked her 20.

QUESTIONS

ARE YOU PROUD to work in advertising?

Absolutely. Yes. Like most eople, I drifted into it in the first place, but partly because one's attacked and therefore has to think about it, and partly hecause there's a growing realisa-tion of what it's all about, I have become an ardent prosclytiser of advertising hecause it's such an important part of free com-

How good an agency is McCann Erickson?

It'a a very good agency, hardworking, practical, with a very consistent reputation. Of course it has peculiar characteristics. like being part of the biggest international network, and having a constant interchange of people, which is very impor our professional standards.

It seems as though it undergoes a constant succession of top nagement changes. Is this so? I think it's an illusion. We see it slightly differently to the outlooking at it against a greater canvass, If you take something like Bill Murphy moving to Detroit, which is the most recent move, that makes perfect sense to us within the pattern of the company as a whole . . . The real dramas were 18 happened in quick succession. any point in time.
One was the chairman leaving, which bas to be traumatic for any agency; the other was that chairmon?

in new management. But that agement here and what the cor-

Your oppointment as chairman was said to have provoked unanimous apposition at the Do you inspire loyalty? time. Have you overcome it? I don't know if It attracted I do. unanimous opposition. That certainly isn't something I've

chairman but whether you man. Things had gone wrong with the group concept, and I came back and tried to put some of them right. It had gone through a had period.

Whot sort of agency were you inheriting:

heen enough upheaval. Everything ran pretty well, but noth- It has to be profit with growth is turning It into a super agency, awful lot of time on them. and Universal is much more complementary to the other two. People in the marketplace were waiting, and are still waiting. Yes they do matter. Creative wrong, and it's hecause they koowledge and professionalism

What ore your own talents as You start work at 8 nm and

agencies in the group, we put good conduit between the man- I also take an interest in things. My career has carried me on ing Association this summer, poration wants. also think I have a fairly good Idea of how to run a company.

To a certain extent, yes, I think

You can hire. Con you fire?

heard. I was on the other side I thick so. I baven't done a of the Atlantic, so one has to great deal of firing. People stay, piece things together with hear- or they go of their own volition. say. We were three egeocies I can fire, have fired, have with a small management moved people around. What you group, and what was questioned do as you're growing in manwas not whether I should be agement is to realise that your responsibilities are for everyneeded a group with a chair- body, and that therefore to protect or cosset is neither kind to them nor to the organisation.

What will group billings total this year? At least £80m

An important criterion of your McCann-Erickson was as ever chairmanship will he profits rewas, but in a sense there hadn't heen enough upherval. Every others that matter?

ing too dramatic and new was and stability. Any fool can run happening: it didn't have any an agency profitably for a short very strong identity. The other period, I could turn in resoundtwo agencies were flouodering a ing profits this year without bit. Now, I believe, Ron Bazeley really trying. People are our has taken hold of Harrison and only resource, and we spend an

> Do agency trinkets-prizes from Connes-matter?

side world, hecause we're for something to go desperately people like to be associated with success, and that success isn't don't realise the professionalism just selling products, although of our clients. The stability and that may he of prime importance to us as management. They like of the agency's middle manage- to he associated with what's new ment-is extremely important to and exciting. You can't but crethem - much more important ative people. You can fork out than whoever happens to he sit- large sums of money, but you months ago, when two things ting at the top of the pile at have to create an exciting environment, which is hard,

invariably work a 12-hour day, is running freely, is that true?
Why? What motivales you?
No. I have not, in my career. as we began to reorganise and I really do know the company, Why? What motivates you?

No. I have not, in my career. You are due to take up the much I represent two of the three and therefore I act as a very I care. There's a lot to be done, been terribly aware of rivalry, chairmanship of the Advertise life at all.

affect our husiness.

Is there o "real" Ann Burdus. Does it matter?

A very good question. media, without malice, build up

body knows that I start work at people are startled.

that are happening outside that almost automatically. That and are known as one of adverdoesn't mean to say I'm soft. If tising's most tireless apologists. I'm attacked in a corporate meeting I'll anawer hack, but there's room in the world for The everyhody, I work very hard to help my colleagues, but I won't a personality, and some things let them damage the business. are selfperpetuating. Every- When I do show my teeth,

> to a free medio. Why does the public so mistrust Will you say that again?

Why do you wage the crusade?

The freedom to choose is one

of the most important human

dom is something most people

are unaware of. No system in

the world is perfect, but if one

gives away the right to adver-

tise one gives away the right

Why does the public so mistrust odvertising? It doesn't. This is a great mis-

conception. Every time anybody does a study of advertising, they find there's about 3 per cent of the population who worry at all and think that perhaps advertising needs reform. Advertising isn't aomething people are concerned about at all. There is a small, vociferous minority who believe they have a god-like duty to protect the public from the wicked wiles of commerce, and project a poblic concern which I don't believe exists. They don't want protecting. They certainly would he askance if they knew how much the protection that is forced

The image of your profession is one of theatricality and, to a certain degree, of highly-paid irreleronce. Is it instified? It's an invention of the advertising husiness. We do it ourselves.

upon them costs.

Is there a real person hebind edges, There are advantages and that? I think there is, and leel disadvantages. As a woman you At a McConn dinner in April, a string quartet was commissioned to play o Mozartian orrangement very sorry for people who get are cut off from certain types of of Je ne regret rien. Was that an conversation. Yet you have the adequate serenade to your busiadvantage of coming to certain not oware they're been stobbed issues fresh. Some clients are ness coreer to date? We had an extremely pleasant not as forthright with me as

evening. I don't think there's much I regret in my business

FOR CONTRACT

Technical News Portable railway

EDITED BY ARTHUR BENNETT AND TED SCHOETERS

Oil shale project gets under way

TEN major U.S. companies lease will be completed. This have hecome industry sponsors will be followed by a proposal to construct the plant for ahout \$200m. oil shale module design and demonstration plan recently ate by early 1984, will process awarded to Paraho Development about 18,000 tons of oil shale a Corp. by the Department of

... The companies are Chevron, a product gas which will be Standard Oll of California, used to generate electricity. Ex-"Conoco. Davy McKee Corp., pansion of the facility to 30,000 Standard Oll of California, used to generate electricity. Expension of the facility to 30,000 barrels a day of ahale oil production is under consideration and may become the subject of a separate study.

Petroleum, Sohin Shale Oil, Standard Oil of Ohio, Sunoco Energy Development, Texas Eastern Synfuels, and Cleve-Tand-Cliffs Iron Co.

Phase One work has begun and will continue for 18 months at a cost of about \$9m. During this time planning design and cost estimates for the construction and operation of a single the team will perform the

company's Utah state oil shale Paraho's primary subcontractor.

day producing over 10,000 barrels of crude shale oil plus

tion and operation of a single the team will perform the Paraho nil shale retort mine and scope of work indicated in the support facilities sited on the DOE agreement. Solio will be

• ELECTRONICS

Video movie recorder

Prototype home-use single-unit dent, Mr. Kazno Iwama declared. colonr Video camera-cassette recorder, provisionally called five years before Sony starts

and can be combined with a cuss ways to arrive at a common home editor to transfer image video cassette and video recordand sound to any video cassette ing format.

SONY has shown in Theyo a format now in use, Soney presi-But it will be some four or the video movie unit commercial production of the Using magnetic recording it unit, he said, adding that Sony allows recording, playback or would invite other video erasure of image and sound, cassette manufacturers to disconstitute of invariant matter.

New technology training

from the Printing and Publish the problem of training and reing Industry Training Board for training people to meet the

FERRANTI has received an its location. This investment is order worth almost £100,000 intended to assist industry with ing Industry Training Loan to the Ferranti CS7-20 computer increasing demands brought about by changes in technology about by changes in technology. It will be installed in the Department of Printing and Packaging at Watford College, way, Wythenshawe, Manchester one of five centres selected by the Training Board because of M22 SLA Tel. 061 437 5391. Important areas of application is ising nozzles which chin be installed. The compact installation from the unit will enable angled to give the desired propagate in the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable angled to give the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable and in the angled to give the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable angled to give the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable and in the angled to give the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable angled to give the desired propagate installation from the unit will enable to give the desired propagate installation to be achieved without alteration to the existing factory layout.

Department of Printing and Wythenshawe Division, Simons in the first of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate installation to be achieved without alteration to put of the unit can run up to 15 in the existing factory layout.

Department of Printing and Wythenshawe Division, Simons in the first of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the working able humidification to be achieved without alteration to put of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the working and achieved without alteration to put of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the manufacture of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the manufacture of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the manufacture of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the manufacture of the unit will enable to give the desired propagate in the manufacture of the unit will enable to give the desired pr

weighbridge

SOLIDATE is preparing to hid wagons are marshalled and for the rail freight market assembled to await their turn following the granting of a Weights and Meosures certificate for its Nomed portable

rallway weighbridge.

Manufacturers transporting result of trials conducted on large volumes of bulk materials, equipment which Solidate has such as liquid ammonia, cement, chinrine and petro-chemicals by rail will now be able to weigh goods to legal-for-trade standards using portable weighhridges which can be readily moved from site to site within

the plant sidings.

This means that they will no longer be restricted to weighing truck.
operations at permanent weigh-

on the scales. Department of Trade granted e certificate for the Nomad for

> tested at a Fisons Fertiliser Division plant in Immingham, South Humberside. Unlike a conventional weigh-hridge, the Nomad requires no

pit and is supported oo hrackets holted to the rail web It can he readily transported using a small crane or even a fork lift Solidate, Saudy Lane. Moston

bridge locations, avoiding the Road, Sandbach, Cheshire, delays which often result while CW11 9RT. 09367 7225.

• COMPONENTS

Plastic pump for chemical processing

plant or for light duties in the costs are lower. chemical processing industry.

Solid plastic pumps have in tion moulded PVDF impeller the past been compression and shaft. The steel reinforce-

method of manufacture is that liability and life. air bubbles, which may be BTR, Silvertown Bnuse, Vintrapped at the centre of the cent Square, London SWIP 2PL. plastic during the moulding 01-834 3848.

A SOLID plastic pump designed operation, can be revealed at and manufactured by BTR the surface after machining. Silvertown's chemical plant BTR's new F1 pump, being division is injection moulded, eliminates Kynar (PVDF). It is intended this problem. An additional to meet the demand for an advantage is that, as the amount economical and efficient corro- of necessary machining is sub-sion-resistant pump in pilot stantially reduced, production

moulded and then machined ment which forms its core condown to design specification. A siderably strengthens the shaft, disadvantage inherent in this shus increasing the pump's re-

ENVIRONMENT

Keeps air moist

Company of Pendlebury, Man-

Slim and compact and designed for wall mounting installation in a range of industrial premises, the Variflow bumidifier has two variable-flow atom-

ATOMISING MIST bumidifiers include hazardous zones, since with a variable flow facility are no electrical connections are inoffered by Dalesman Scientific volved, and the very dusty industrial areas where mainten-ance-access difficulties may allow for vertical, horizontal The hamidifier measures 230

mm (5 in.) from the wall when

METALWORKING PROCESSING Cuts heavy

plate with accuracy

NEW GAS cutting machines being marketed by BOC Cutting Machines, Gateshead, under the name of Falcon S, cover the needs of the medium to heavy range of the general fabrication industry.

Using standard components. Falcon S cao be supplied in seven configurations ranging from a 1500 mm by 1500 mm tracing and plate width to a 2500 mm by 3000 mm tracing and plate width with variants within these parameters. Also the machine can be fitted with either up to six blowpipes with a maximum depth of cut of 300 mm, or with a choice of two plasma cutters.

Plasma systems available with the Falcon S, are the Sahre Arc C250 cutting torch for medium duty cutting metal up to 60 mm thick and the Hypertherm PAC 500 plasma equipment, for cut-ting materials up to 150 mm

All versions of the new machine iocorporate the patented new "Tracker" co-ordinate drive tracing system. This incorporates an oscillating piezo crystal rod, controlled at a precise frequency and unaffected by main supply variations.

Other features include auto matic light intensity drawing antomatic lead adjustment of photocell; automatic line acquisition from a choice of pre-selec ted direction; choice of centre line, edge of line or silhotette tracing modes; wide range of kerf compensation (±5 mm provided as standard); dna tracing speed range facility and fail aafe interlock.

A central control console con tains power supplies, amplifiers, solid state logic devices for the scanner and drive units, and relays for solenoid valve control. Monnted on the front panel are all controls for gases, motion, speed direction, positioning height controls when required and trace mode selector. Strip cutting can be carried out in both longitudinal aod transverse axea under automatic switch control, without draw-

Maoual blowpipe mountings and fore and aft adjustment via rack and pinion arrangements. mm. (9 in.) wide by 305 mm (12 All blowpipes may be furned in.) deep and projects only 125 through 90 deg in the horizonal plane and 45 deg either side of

No escape for bacteria

at 6 am and read for an hour. helped?

the two muddled up. It has been said that rivals are

by Ann Burdus until the blood

Ann Burdus, chairman of McCann & Co. "I belp my .

colleagues, but I won't let them damage the husiness."

am. Some know that I wake Hove your charms as a woman

That is the outside perception. You can sometimes soften

with a man.

REMOVAL RATING generally widely-used cellulose ester, quoted for liquid sterilising reducing the possibility of membrane filters is 0.2 microdamage during installation, metres. Recent research work by Pall, however, has shown that hacteria smaller than the normally quoted smallest type (Pseudomonus diminuta) will occasionally pass through these

Pall has introduced a Nylon 66 filter membrane which has a microbial removal rating of 0.1 micrometre. Ultipor NT is intended for use where the highest degree of reliability in obtaining sterility is the prime consideration. Nylon 66 membrane has high

strength and wide chemical compatibility, ia inherently hydrophilic and wets instantly in water without use of surfactants or other additives. Extractables are also significanily leas than all currently available organic membrane filters and the medium can be repeatedly sterilised.

When used as a disc filter it is considerably stronger than the heads to he monnted on a required.

damage during installation, sterlisation or filtration. The NT filter is easy and practical to use, allowing flow stes broadly comparable with 0.2

micrometre filters. Pall Filtration, Portsmouth Process. Walton Road, Po POS 1TD, 07018 70901.

Automates production of boards

ONE, TWO or three printed circuit boards can he drilled and/or routed at the same time using the DAC numerically controlled machine from OK grid position and the repeatability is 0.0005 inch. Lane, Eastleigh, Hants SO5 4AA (0703 610944).

INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CO LTD Fossway, Newcastle upon Tyne

rigid welded gantry positioned ahove an X-Y table controlled from a paper tape. The X and Y coordinates are shown on a separate two line display mounted at eye level to the left of the work area. Heads can be supplied as needed, initially or later, complete with wiring and servicea. The X-Y table has an 18 x 24

inch drilling area and is a

rigid low inertia structure moving in hardened and ground

ways nnder the drill heads.

Competent electrical personnel can maintain the machine The construction allows the and no computer knowledge is

Blaenau Gwent pronounced success*



Blaenau Gwent [bly-nie gwent] n. and v. I.A. Borough of B.G. [South East Industrial belt of Wales], B. Highly developed area for new industry with impressive record of success c. Sometimes ref. as 'the special Special Development Area' because financial and other incentives top Europe's best p. hence, assoc. with phrase Opportunity in search of Industry' E. transf. adaptable and stable workforce with first class industrial record II To B.-G.. [Or to do a B-G-] to take advantage of best business opportunities going III So BL Gwent-ish having maximum chance of business success.

1b. From our point of view it was a real B.G. 1d. We couldn't afford to miss a genuine B.G. like this.

2. In order to solve our productivity problems, we needed to do a B.G. 3. Opportunities don't come more B.G-ish than this.

Pronounced success by a wide range of companies Grandy Auto Products Ltd. Hi-Way Hang Gliders Ltd. Alfred Teves Ltd. Natural Gas Tubes Ltd Abdlard Oil Refinenes Ltd. English Grains Ltd. Control
Data Ltd. Minutestra Mining & Manufacturing Co. Ltd.
Dannimac Ltd. Crompton Electricity Ltd. Griling
Atdland Ross Ltd. Tailormade Ltd. Berlei (UK) Ltd. EB.

Please contact Roger Leadbeter, Chief Executive, Boxough of Blaenau Gwent, Ebliw Vale, Gwent, Tel: Ebbiw Vale (0495) 393401

LOMBARD

There must be a better way

BY ANTHONY HARRIS

column I complained, not for ing ",recession" since Novembe first time, about the techniber. cal basis of our monetary policy. Sterling M3, the peculiarly British definition of money is so constructed that it tends to set off official action rather late in the day, and then keep the squeeze going too long. When we are having a boom, we tend to buy imports, and the money leaves the country in a slump importers cut stocks, the balance of payments improves rather dramatically, and so the main effect ia on the money flowing out of the country.

Partly for this reason we have a national babit of starting our squeezes only when things are thoroughly out of hand. and keeping them on until the patient is nearly choked to death, as we are seeing all too vividly at the moment. Howif this were the only problem, it would be relatively easy to find an answer: we switch from a money policy to a credit policy. Domestic credit expansion, in a broad sense, measurea the creation of money in the banking system, whether it is apent bere or overaeas. (It would also, as it happens, be a much easier number to manage if we happened to join the EMS.)

Volatile

when there are private capital outflows, and especially because, like any broad money measure in Britain, it is highly subject to the ebbs and flows of the gilts market. The fact is that, there is no broad measure of money which gives an early and reliable sign of whether monetary policy is hiting, and whether the economy is about to turn down. A measure whose behaviour seems almost unrelated to what is happening near Bank station. in the real economy does not make a very good centrepiece for economic policy.

Oddly enough when we turn to the measures of money which nobody even discusses, the narrow ones, we are immediately getting warmer. Even M1, so called narrow money, is infected with gilts market policy designed for its own because it includes interest - bearing

† Indicates programme in black and white

BBC 1

1.45 Buford Flles and Dinky Dog.

8.30 Last of the Summer Wine

9.25 Square Mile of Murder

10.15 Uncle Sam's Backyard

5.05 John Craven's Newsround.

5.15 We Are the Champions.

5.55 Nationwide

8.05 Taxi

IN MY last tenancy of this money. But it has been shrick-

The growth in the use of notes and coin the most neglected indicator of all, also has a tale to tell, although it is distorted by the black economy and by the growth in the use of credit cards. It fell sharply when inflation came down, accelerated rapidly after the psy explosion of Mr. Callaghan's dying months, and has falleo precipitously since Sir Geoffrey started to make tha pipa

Rationing

While I am certainly not in favour of rationing banknotes these facts, and the fact that in countries as different as the U.S. and Germany policy is directed to controlling M1, does scem to point a moral. Monetary policy, as our own authorities never tire of repeating, is in practical terms about interest rates. growth shows whether they are doing the job. The narrow measures of money tell us quite clearly when interest rates are burting

It is in fact because they respond so promptly that our own authorities tend to treat Alas, life is not so simple.

DCE is itself very volatile, partly because it tends to rise when there are private and the whole thing too easy, and it does not have any very direct message about Government spending. As long as your when there are private and the contempt. It makes the whole thing too easy, and it does not have any very direct message about Government spending. As long as your when there are private and the contempt. It makes the whole thing too easy, and it does not have any very direct message about government spending. not believe that monetary policy checks inflation—and on past experience, one can understand why-our own methods make a kind of sense. Monetary policy is for forcing Cabinets to take policy is for checking inflation, as the Bank of England Bulletin repeats as often as it dares to. the disastrous results of present policies force a U-turn, watch for weeping crocodiles

> However, a Government which does believe in monetary policy, which wants to cut spending come rain or shine (though it is perhaps overeager, from a monetary point of view to cut taxes), and which rejects incomes policy would do much better with a monetary psychology. There must be a overnight better way.

> > Network "

of show business)

Scotland—9.55 am Noah and

Nelly in Skylark, 10.00 Jackaoory, 10.15 Cheggers Plays Pop. 10.35-10.55 Take Hart, 1.25-

A Health Unto Her Majesty. 11.05 Uncle Sam's Backyard. 11.35 All About Books. 12.10 am

Northern Ireland-4.18-4.20 pm

10.45 All about Books

12.05 am

6.20 Wimbledon Tennis
7.35 Are You Being Served?
1.30 pm The Scottish News. 5.55-6.20 Reporting Scotland. 10.15-6.20 Reporti

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 4,313

The risks of uncollected cheques

hank when bandling cheques, the most mundane part of its business, should by now be heyond any doubt, or ao one would think, but two recent judgments, one in Birmingham the other in Kar)sruhe. bave thrown additional light on situations which the courts have not been asked to consider

The case which Mr. Justice Crown Court concerns a familiar situation. Lloyds Bank kept, at one of its Birmingham branches, an account for Bisbop Burns. Mr. V. H. Fern was given judgment for £806 against that order—a garnishee order— requiring Lloyds Bank to take sufficient credit balance, and to pay it to him, the judgment creditor. At that time there stood in the judgment dehtor's current account a balance of 4.998, but that included £4,700 from a cheque paid into the

had not yet been collected. The bank opened a new account for the nucleared funds of £4,700, and paid the judg-ment debtor £218—all that was left in the current account after deducting bank charges. The District Registrar took the view that the credit entry of the uncollected cheque was enough to oblige the bank to pay in full, be in the form of funds real dispute that the £4,700 repreand Mr. Justice O'Connor was ceived from the bank un which sented uncleared cheques and DM 5,600 out of a hire purchase

that decision.

One must suppose Mr. Fern had doubts about the and its customer, allowing the successful clearance of the customer to draw against the successful clearance of the customer to draw against the cheque. Be that so it may, his cheques before they are cleared. action led to clarification of a point which it seems had not heen directly decided hefore. The law is clear that the debt

or money owing by the third party, the garnishee—in this case Lloyda Bank — must he O'Connor beard at Birmingham owing at the time when the garnishee notice is served. The question to be decided was whether the uncollected funds credited to the judgment debtor's bank account constituted a debt owed by the bank company. He obtained a court to the debtor at 11.30 on the order—a garnishee order—morning of Merch 11, 1980, this £806 from the Bisbop Burns served on the branch which account, provided it held a kept the account. The obligations of a bank

arising out of an uncleared cheque credited to the client's account were considered by the courts in Underwood v. Barclays Bank.† A bank can bold a cheque as an instruction to collect money, and in that case account the previous day, which the credit entry on the client's account representing the uncleared cheque is only a record of the collecting process. Another situation arises when the bank can be said to be "bolders for value," that is when it has received a valuable considera-tion for the cheque. This considaration need not necessarily

that agreement between the bank As Lord Denning summed up in Westminster Bank Limited v.

sequently, the hank was not indebted to its customer for £4,700 at the time when the garnishne order was served. It was not obliged to pay more than the £218.36 which it dld.

Zangt, to prove that the bank * * *
were holders for value "it is not sufficient for them to show that by the Federal Supreme Court

the now frequent custom of asking the bank whether it will

honour the cheque before, or at

BUSINESS AND THE COURTS

By A. H. HERMANN, Legal Correspondent

they credited the account of the in Karlsruhes is connected with company at once before the cheque was cleared. They must ahow that there was an express or implied agreement hetween bank and customer that the customer could draw against the chequea hefore they were

An express agreement to this effect would probably be rare in practice, but there may be an agreement implied from a course conduct. The burden of proving that, said the judge, was clearly on the judgment creditor who could ask the court for an order requiring the bankers to provide information about their customers' banking transactions over a period of months or years. In the present case this

bard pressed to cope with

Oyston's Agency. This time, the once raced Ring of Quality

It is not often that we see a

Seven Barrows Representative

at Carlisle; and few are likely

year-old in the Burgh Stakes.

The Stavros Niarchos runner

found only China Royal too

good in a 21-runner maiden

event over a mile at Warwick 10

CARLISLE

2,30-Wagon Master

4.00-Moon Pad***

1.45-Prince Lightning

3.45-Chinese Kung Fu

3.00—Rathmoy's Sparkle*
3.30—Credit Centre*

BRIGHTON

may follow him home.

possibly, that on the basis of past experience the bank expects this credit balance still to be available when the cheque is cleared. But the answer given by the bank may he more definite, implying a guarantee of payment. This second stricter responsibility

holder of the cheque. The plaintiff, who was owed

offered payment by a cheque responsibility for the loss since drawn on a private bank. At his agent, the local savings that time he could bave rebank, was very slow-in clearing covered the lorries if no peyment was made, but on making s telephone inquiry was told by the bank that the cheque would be bonoured—as it later maintained, this promise was made with the usual reserve. The hank also sent a telex, saying: hank also sent a telex, saying.
"We confirm that the cheque
will be honoured." On the same
day, May 24, 1978, the plaintiff
paid the cheque into his account
with the local savings bank. It
was presented to the bank on
which it was drawn hetween
June 2 and 5, and bounced with
the following note: "presented the following note: "presented on 5.6.78 and not paid." In the meantime. THR, which had drawn the cheque, went bankrupt.

the time when, the cheque is offered in payment. If the bank says yes, it may mean nothing more than that there was a The Cologne court of the first instance decided in favour of credit balance on the account the plaintiff. The answer which the bank gave to his inquiry was nothing less than a guaranthe person drawing the cheque at that particular time. tee of payment. The Appeal Court of Cologne took a different view. It concluded that the promise to honour the cheque was limited by Article 29/1 of the German Cheques Act which requires presentation within eight days. That would have been by May 30, 1978. As was found to exist on the part the cheque was not presented of a private bank sued by the before June 2, 1978, the guarantee had expired. However, as the hank failed to make this 5 BGH 11 ZB 188/79. Judgm Ilmitation clear in its telex it 24, 1980. Unreported

THE RIGHTS and duties of a presented with an appeal against the cheque was drawn. It may that it takes four days for a contract for two lorries sold to was liable to pay damages. The bank when handling cheques that desiring the desiring th also derive from a hinding cheque to be cleared. Con- a firm described as THR, was the plaintiff bore partial the cheque, so the damages were halved. The Federal Supreme Court

would bave nothing of this it was now quite usual, it held for banks to honour cheques after the eight day presentation period had elapsed. According to the conditions for English cheque cards it was sufficient if the cheque was presented for collection to a domestic bank within this eight-day period The presentation to the hank on which it was drawn might occur later without impairing the guarantee provided by the cheque card. As the banks took in their stride all the delays in connection with such a generally established guaran tee, it was impossible to assume that stricter rules should apply to guarantees provided individually, as in the present case. The bank could have put a time limit on is: guarentee, but it must do so expressly and not by implica-tion. The judgment of the court of the first instance was restored. The bank had to pay. * High Court, Q.B. Birmingham Court, Victor Henry, Fern V Burns and Lloyds Bank. June 5, 1980. Unreported

† [1924] 1 King's Bench, p.775. \$ (1966) A.C., p.182...

ochranza returns in top form

three times already this term

s remarkable ninth victory st

A genuine front runner who

acts on any type of track or

ground, Lochranza will go well

hold off Credit Centre. This striking grey colt by Tudor

Music out of the Caliban mare

Whispering Breeze quickened impressively to dispose of Brave

Fellow at Newcastle in the

spring, and has since main-tained his form in better com-

pany. Six years the junior of

Lochranza, Credit Centre meets

the Ayr specialist at level

Half an bour before the Cum-

berland Plate it could well be that the six furlongs Walton Stakes will fall to Rathmoy's

weights.

last season, the evergreen High- worthy performance here five land Melody gelding has re- weeks ago when, following a turned to the winner's enclosure two-month layoff, he was not

without, perhaps, proving to oppose Peter Walwyn's three strong enough close home to year-old in the Burgh Stakes

days ago.

DIXONS FURNISHINGS of Whitcharen, must be more than a little disappointed with the response to today's Cumberland Plate.

and on the second was notching Carlisle's mile and a half handicap, which carries their name, has £4,000 in added prize

RACING BY DOMINIC WIGAN

money, half of which is contributed by Dixons Furnishings centres. However, the race-won

year ago by No Bombs, has again attracted a popular performer in Lochranza. The nineyear old bidding for his 11th success on the flat aince the start of the 1977 campaign could bardly bare been in better form of late—in stark contrast to the disappointing time he had in 1979.

Sparkle. Neville Callagban's The Royal Show, 3.45 Looks Femiliar, 14.15 The Bud and Lou Picture Show; 'Abbott and Costello in the Foreign Legion.' 5.00 ATV Today, 5.35 Crossroads, 7.00 Emmerdale Ferm 7.30 George and Mildred, 10.30 Format V, 11.10 ATV Nawsdesk, 11.15 The Royal Show Highlights.

BORDER

10.25 sm Welcome to the Cellidh.
10.50 The Geme Feir. 11.15 Look Who's
Telking' (Dona). 11.40 Technofiash.
1.20 pm Border News. 3.45 Looks
Familier. 4.15 Salvage 1. S.15 University Challenge. 6.00 Looksroand Thursday. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Ernmerdele
Farm. 7.30 Solwyn. 10.30 Soop. 11.00 12.00 Border News Summary. CHANNEL

CHANNEL

12.30 pm Agoinol the Wind. 1.20
Channel Lunchtime News. What's On
Where and Viesthor. 3.45 Looks Femilizit. 4.18 Little House on the Prairie.
5.15 Emmeddel Farm. 5.00 Report of
Six. 6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 Summol
1940: Port 3: Occupation Juno 29-July 5.
7.30 A Man Colled Sloone. 10.26 Chennal Late Hows. 10.36 Sosp. 11.05
Superstal Profile (Liza Minells). 11.35
Pro-Colebnty Oorts. 12.20 am Hows
and Weather in Franch.

GRAMPIAN

GRAMPIAN

9.25 am First Thing, 10.25 Wolcome
to the Ceifidh. 10.50 Occumentary:
"The Geme Foir." 11.16 Look Whe'e
Taling (Oane). 11.45 Cortoon Tikme.
12.30 pm Against the Wind. 1.20 North
News. 3.45 Looks Familier. 4.15 Project UFO. 5.10 Struck by Lightning.
5.40 Polica News. 5.00 North Tonight
and Area Weether Forecast. 6.35
Croogroada 10.30 Superstal Prolike
(Christophal Reset). 11.00 Reflections.
11.05 Soep. 11.35 Horth Readlines.
11.40 Soundin Goetle.

GRANADA

10.25 am Tho Lost Islands. 10.50 A Handful of Scnop. 11.00 Sesama Strost. 12.30 pm Againot the Wind. 1.20 Graneda Reports. 3.45 Looka Fomilior. Granded Reports. 3.49 Looka Fomilior. 4.15 Little House on the Prairio. 5.15 University Challange. 2.00 Granded Roports. 2.35 Emmedale Form. 7.05 BJ and the Bear. 10.30 Celebration. 11.00 Bluey. 11.55 What the Papers

SCOTTISH

SCOTTISH

10.25 am Walcome to the Carlidh,
10.50 Occumentary—The Game Fair,
11.15 Look Who'e Talking, 11.45 Sally
and Jake. 12.30 pm About Gaelic,
1.20 Hews and Road end Wonther. 2.00
The Royel Show. 3.45 Looka Femiliar,
4.15 Robbie. 4.25 Selvage 1. 5.20
Crossreada. 6.00 Scotlend Todey Howe
and Hi Summar Extro. S.30 Oown
To Earth. 7.00 The Incradible Hull,
10.30 Scot. 11.00 Jazz Sories—Ronnie
Scott Querter with Johnny Griffen. 11.30
aig Break Internationel. 12.15 am Late
Call.

HTV 10.25 sm The Company Men 11.56
Larry the Lamb in Toytown. 12.30 pm
Agarint The Wind. 1,20 Recort West
Headlines. 3.45 Food. Wing and
Frienda. 4.15 Selvage—1. 5.15 Jobline Newsdeek. 5.20 Croseroode. 6.00

4.15—Cavo Varka Report West. 6.30 Emmerdole Farm.
7.00 The Incredible Hulk, 10.35 Their
Lordahips Regret, 11.05 Koz.
HTV Cymru/Walee—As HTV West/
HTV General Service except; 12.00-12.10
pm Felisbelsm, 1.20 Penewdeu Newyddion y Dydd. 1.25-1.30 Report Wales
Heedlines. 4.15 Got II Together. 4.45
Ser. 5.16-6.20 Cartoonime. 6.00
y Oydd. 6.15-6.30 Report Wales.
10.35-11.05 Dut DI School.

SOUTHERN SOUTHERN
10,25 am "In Started With Eve,"
sterring Charles Laughton. 12,30 pm
Against The Wind. 1,20 Southern
News, 3,45 Look Femilier. 4,15 Torzan.
5,10 Mr. Magoo Cartoon. 5,20 Closotoads. 6,00 Day &y Day. 6,30 University Challenge. 7,00 Emmerdale Ferm.
7,30 Mixed Bleosings. 10,35 Cross
Channel. 11,05 Celebrity Concert.
12,05 am What The Pepers Sey.

TYNE TEES TYNE TEES

9.20 am Tho Good Word followed
by North Eest News Headlinos. 10.20
The White Stone. 170.40 Morning:
Movie: "Vo'e let Huggett." 1.20 pm
North Eest News and Lookoround. 2.00
Time to Spare. 3.45 Looks Femiliar.
4.15 The Lost Islande. 4.45 Selvege—1.
S.00 Horth East News. 2.02 Crossroadn.
6.25 Northorn Life. 7.00 Emmerdels
Farm. 7.30 Femiliard. 10.30
Genette. 11.15 Chock It Out. 11.45
Police Surgeon. 12.16 sm People A1
Preyet.

10.25 om Welcome Io the Coilidh. 10.50 Occumentery. 11.15 Look Who's Talking, 11.45 Cortoon Time. 1.20 pm Lunchlimo. 3.45 Looko Fomilist. 4.13

Lunchlimo. 3.45 Looko Fomiifai. 4.13 Uister Newa Heedlinoo. 4.15 Little House on the Preirie. 5.16 Cartoon Time. 5.20 Crossroads. 6.00 Uister Telcvieion Hewo. 3.20 Police Six. 3.20 Out of Town. 7.00 Emmerdols Form. 7.30 Selwyn. 10.28 Uister Weathor. 10.30 Enterprize: "Lile Begins Al Forie." 11.00 Soog. 11.30 &edtime. WESTWARD

WESTWARD

10.25 sm Welcome to the Ccilidh.
10.50 Oocumentary: The Gamo Felr.
11.15 Look Who'a Talking. 11.40 Letry
tho Lemb in Toytown. 12.30 pm Agolnst
the Wind. 1.20 Weatward Newo Heedlinco. 3.45 Looka Fomilist. 4.15 Gus
Honeybun's Birthdays. 4.18 Littlo
House on the Prairio. 5.15 Emmerdato
Form 6.00 Westward Olory. 6.35
Crosoroads. 7.00 Encounter. 7.30 A
Men Colled Sloone. 10.32 Westward
Late Newo. 10.36 Soog. 11.05 Suppinolar Profile: Lize Minnelli. 11.35 ProCalobrity Oarts. 12.05 am Zarnoy
Miller. 12.30 Faith For Life. 12.35
Wast Country Weather and Shipping
Forocoot.

YORKSHIRE

10.25 am Spoce Ghost end Gine Boy.
10.50 The Lost Islands. 11.10 6 pace
1999. 12.30 pm Toll Me Another. 1.20
Colondar News. 3.45 Locke Femiliar.
4.15 The Woody Wjodpocker Show.
4.45 Little House on the Prairie. 6.00
Calendar (Emiloy Moos ond Solmons
oditions). 8.38 Crennroads. 7.00
Emmardele Form. 7.30 Lingolongmax.
10.30 Ocetor Down Under. 11.00
Fantosy Island. 72.00 Superstor
Prolife (Oudley Moore).

YORKSHIRE

THEATRES **OPERA & BALLET**

COLISEUM, Credit cards, 240 5258, Reservations 838 3181, NUREYEV FEST IV AL Last Peris Toment & 1 ornor 7.30, 521 2 & 7.50 HOMAGE TO SALANCHINE, Le Bourgeois, Gentil-hostnes, Who Cares, Robies. RALANCHINE CARS. Robles.

COLISEUM. Credit Cards. 240 S258.
RESERVATIONS 836 3151. ENGLISH
NATIONAL OPERA. 1080-51 season
opens July 31. Bkm from July 7. Sobscriptionn 8ke. 01-836 2099.

CDVENT GARDEN. CC. 5. 240 1066.
(Gardencharge credit cards 838 0903.)
THE ROYAL BALLET. Ton'I & Sat 7.30
Gaselle. Mon & Wed 7.30 Romeo and
Juliet. THE ROYAL OPERA. Tomor &
Tue 7.30 Norma. 85 Amoni sems avail
for sil perfs from 10 am on dny of perf.
GLYNDEBOURNE. 0273 81241-813824
with the London Philharmonic Brehestra.
Lintil August 11. Said Out—possible
returns only. Tomor. & Tues 5.30.
Faistini, Sal & Mon 5.00. Der Rosenknynlier. Sun 4.30. Wed 5.30. 0lo
Zauberfiote. Train departs Victoria 2.52
om.

THEATRES

ADESLPHI. CC. S. 01-838 7011.
Eves at 7.30. Sat 4.00 end 7.45, Meter Thurs in 3.00. TONY BRITTON, LIZ ROBERTSON, PETER BAYLISS & ANHA NEAGER IN THE WORLD'S GREATEST MUSICAL: MY FAIR -LADY. Group bookings 01-638 7358 or 01-579 0001. ALBERY, S. From 8 Jin 01-835 3878, CC 379 8565, Group bigs, 836 3062, Air cond. Eys. 7.45. Mals, Thurs, & Sat. 4.0, DLIVERI CHILO HALF PRICE. ALDWYCH, S. 836 6404, CC. 379 6233, 110-81, Sats. 10-41. Info 836 5332, Fully air conditioned, ROYAL, SNAKE-SPEARE COMPANT, Part 1: Ton't 7,00, Sat 2.00. Part 2: Tomor. Sat 7.00 Ends 28 July, NICHOLAS NICKLESY by Charles Dickens. RSC 8150 at The Warehouse and Piccadilly Theatres.

APOLLO THEATRE. S. CC. 01-437 2663.
Parties 01-379 6061. Mon. Fri. 8.00.
Wed. 3.00. Sats. S.00 & B.15. Wed mat.
hall price. JANE ASHER, MICHAEL
GOUGH, PHYLLIS CALVERT In BEFORE
THE PARTY by Rodney Ackland. Story
by W. Somerset Maughom. Directed by
TOM CONTI. CAMBRIDGE 01-838 6088. Credit Cards
nccepted 01-830 T040. Mon. to FrL
8.00. Thurs, 5.00. Set. S.00 and 8.30.
VDTEO BEST MUSICAL OF THE YEAR
IN 1980. LAST 3 DAYS. CHICAGO.
ELIZABETH SEAL JACOUIS TOYS.
COLIN BENNETT. BRIAN HEWLETT. G.
LYONS, HOPE JACKMAN. Student
Nurses. OAPs Standby £1.50.

CNICHESTER FESTIVAL THEATRE 0283 781 312. Senson appropriate by Martini & Rossi Ltd. THE LAST OF MRS. CHEYNEY. Too't, jomor. Sar TERRA-NOVA. Today (m). Sat (m). Ergs. 7.00. COMBDY THEATRE. CC. 030 2578, Mon.-Sat. 0.00. Mat. Fri. and Sat. 8.30. THE ROCKY HORROR SHOW. Group sales 6x Disca 01-370 5061. LAST 11 WEEKS. ENDS SEPT. 12.

CRITERION. 830 3218. CC. 379 858S. Evez. 8. Frl. and Sot. 5 & 8.4S.. Air conditioning. Robin Ray, Jonathias Action. Martin Common Tricia George In TOMAPOOLERY, the words and music birrics of TOM LEHRER. DUCHESS TH. CC. 01-836 5285, Gre sales 379 5051, Eve. 6.00. Sal. 530 & 8.30. Thurs. Mats. 3.00. MARIA AITKE MICHAEL JAYSTON IN NON COWARD PRIVATE LIVES.

DUNE OF YORK'S. CC. 838 5122.
GLENDA JACKSON ROSE. A new clay by Andrew Davies. Evel. 8.00. Mat. Wed. 3.00. Sats. 5.00. Over 100 totally sold out performances. Sats mysiable for today at Theairc.

FORTUNE. 5. CC. 01-836 2236.

FORTUNE. 5. CC. 01-836 2236.

ROS. JAMES AUBREY and PATRICK MAGEE In Markow'n Maskerbieco 'UR. FAUSTUS. Now over 100 Performances.

GARRICK. CC. 01-636 4861. Evgs. 8.00

WILLIAM FRANKLYN In DRAMT TRAP.

GLOBE THEATRS. CC. 01-437 1529. WILLIAM FRANKLYN IN DEATH TRAP.
GLOBE THEATRES. C.C. 01-437 1592.
Group sales 379 6081. Evel. 8. Mat.
Wed. 3. Shib. 5 and 8.16. Beryl Reid.
Barry Foster, Peter Bowles. Jan Watses
In a new play by Peter Micholn BORN
IN THE GARIBERS.
GREENWICH THEATRE S. CC. 858 7755.
EVENING T. 70. MBIS. 581. 2.30 JOHN
BUILL'S OTHER ISLAND by Bernerd
Shaw. LAST WEEK!
NAYMAOKET, Theatre Royni CC. 01-830
0832. Evos. 7.45. Wed. 2.30. 581. 8.30
nng. 6300. LEDNARO. ROSSITER.
PCUNELLA SCALES IN MICHAEL
BY MICHAEL OLAKEMBRE.
NSO MALESTY'S. CC. S. 01-830 KRDS.

Imps 830 880S.

LONDON PALLACIUM. 01-437 7373.

DOROND PALLACIUM. 01-437 7373.

DOROND DE ZING for 8 seasos. JIM

DAVIOSON. NECLIE VY SUGDEN.

WINDSON OAV MCLLE VY SUGDEN.

CLIVE QUINN. LIONEL DIAIR IN QUINN.

WINTENDRON AND CAIR IN CURREN

VICTOR SPINETT JACDURINE RED.

OING. Book now for this magnificent allstar comedy partomime. Special reduced

price previews. Occ. 15fb-20th. Credit

cards accepted. Large Accepted.

LYRIC HAMMERSMITH, CC 01-74) 2311
LSR 4 Perist Tope, & Tener, 7.50, Ser
5 8 15 TRAVELLING NORTH OF
CHICA PROPERTY OF
CHICA PETER VALORIZM, TO DEPLEY
TO THE SERVE LUNATIC, THE LOVER
A THE SERVE

LYOIC THEATRE CC. 01-87 3688. Gr.
Salva 370 6061. Evol. 8.01. West. 1.00.
Salva 370 6061. Evol. 8.01. West. 1.00.
Salva 370 6061. Evol. 8.01. West. 1.00.
Salva 370 6061. Evol. 8.01. The Salva 370 6061. Evol. 8.01. The Salva 300.
WEST END THEATRE AWAROS.

the state of the s NGS2.

OLD VIC. 926 7518. June X.21. STEP
NOTES ANO GUBAKS, Marina
Glelyud, Robert Helomann, Septane
Beriosova, Anton Dolin. Even. 7.0.
June Z4-July 10. Bristal Old Victa
Company. A MIDSUMMER NIGHTS
DREAM. Save 25 ng on 8 great plava.

OPEN AIR RECENT'S PARK, CZ. S. 486
Z231. A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.
Today & Sal 2.30 & 7.45, Fri. T.45.

THE OTHER SIDE. OF 1465. WAMP OF ROYCE RYTION. Directed by JOAN KEMP WELCH.

PICCAOLILY, From 9 am 437 4506. CC. bigs 379 6565. Grp bkgs 856 3962. Forly air conditioned ROYAL SHAKE-SPEARS COMPANY in two smash-hit orodections, Hurry last T weeks! Today (low price mat) 2.30 & 7.30. Hart. & Kaufman's ONCE IN A LIFETIME with 3 award winning berls from Carmen Du Sautov. Richard Griffithe and 200 Womamaker and Pam Gents adult play PIAF (eact perf tomor). PIAE blays Fri thru Wed air was nil other perh LIFE-TIME, BSC oldo at Aldwych and Warehouse Treatres.

PRINCE EDWARTI. CC. 01-437, 5877. Evgs. 8.00. Mat. Thurs. and Sat. 3.00. Evita by Tion Rice and Andrew Lloyd-Webber. Olirected by Harold Prince. Group, sales Box. Office 379 6081. Seats available for Thursday matinees.

PRINCE OF WALES THEATER, 930. 8681. An evaning with ToDhmy Stelle, min his company, Evgs. Most., Thurs. 8:30. Fri. and Sat. 0.00 and 8:30. Box: how. Queen's C. 01-734 1156, Frenings 8.0 Wed. 30. Sat. 4.30 and 8.0. Tom Cartenay, Fleedde Jones THE DRESSER. The new Diay by Romaid Harwood. Olirected by Michael Elliott.

RAYMOND REVUEBAR, CC. 01-734 1503 A7,000. 0.00, 11:00 pm. Opons Suns. PAUL RATMOND breaths TBE PESTIVAL OF ERGTICA. New Acts. New Girls. New Thuils. 2376 Semantonal year. Fully air conditioned. ROYAL COURT THEATRE UPSTAIRS, 730 2554. Retreased Readings, IN AND OUT THE UNION JACKS, by Gindle Hole, Tomor & Sat 7,50. ROYAL COURT. S. CC. 730 1745, Evos. 8. World Premiere. THE ARBOR by

8. World Premiere. THE ARBOR BY Andres Dombnr.
SAVOY THEATRE. DT-836 8588. CC.
835 8118. Mon.-Fri. (10-61. LESLIE PHILLIPS. DIANA COUPLAND. RONA ANDERSON In MOT NOW OARLING, Mon.-Taurs. 8,00. Fri. and 5xt. S.45. and 8,45. Red. price Fri. mal. Group bkps.
Tel. 01-839 3092.

SHAW, 01-388 1394, Even 7.30, A New Mime Production WAYNE PRITCHETT IN HORACE AND EVERYMAN. ST. GEORGE'S THEATRE. Turnell Park. N7. Evgs. T.30. 24-hr bkg 007 1128. Tues. to Sat. MACBETH.

ST. MARTIN'S. CC. 838 1443. Ergt. 8. Malines Tues, at 245. Sat. 5 & B. Aostha Christia's TriE MILISTRAP. Theatre is fully air-conditioned. World's longust-eyer run. 28th Year. STRAND. DI-836 2660. Evenings 8.00.
Mai. Thurs. 3.00. Sat. S.30 and 0.30.
LONGEST RIMMING COMEDY IN THE
WORLD NO SEX PLEASE—WE'RE
BRITISN. Directed by Alinn Davies. Credit
cards 01-830 4143, Group sales: 50x
Office 01-370 0001.

STRATFORD-UPON-AVON, Royal Shake-speare Theater (0789) 282271. Tickets immediate available for RSC in ROMZO AND JULIET tomor, Jul 12 times). 17timath, AS YOU LIKE 11 Jul STMAN, 10. 11. HAMLET Jul 7, 9, 10 (mat). Recorded booking info (0789) 69191.

HEATRE ROYAL, Drury Line. 830 8108.
Danis Guilley, Shelia Hancock,
SWEENEY TODD, Groadway smash hit
Musical. Eve T. 3.0. Mnt. Wed & Sart 2.30.
Group Sales Box Office 279 8061. Group Sales and Omce 379 8061.

Group Sales 379 6061. Air-conditioning. Evi S.O. Sale 5.30 and 6.30. Wed. Max. Z.A.S. IAN OGILVY, SHEILA GISHLA JAMES TRUCK. A new tholler by Simon Gray.

VICTORIA PALACE. CC. D1-026 4735-0.

316 Sale 1317. Eves. 7.30. Mats. Wed. and Sale 2.45. ANNIE. WAREMODSE Donmar Theatre. Covent Garden, S. 80x Office 536 5506, ROYAL SHAKESPEARE COMPANY. The Loron 7.30. Set 2.0 8 7.30. O'Nell's Asen A CHRISTIE. All Seats 53,50. Students £2.00. biddle in gerance.

£2.00. biole in advance.

WHITEMALL THEATRE 01-530 7765. CC.
PING! Raymond presents FIONA RECH.
MONO and a Bedfet of Beauties in WOTI
MONO and a Bedfet of Beauties in WOTI
MONO and a Bedfet of Beauties in Only
Magazin's Sensational Playmates of the
Vest. Sees 0.50. Fit. Sat. 8.15. 8.40. Year. 8-es 0.30. Fri., Sat. 8.15. 8.40.
WINDMILL. CC. 01-437 0312. Twice an inship at 8.00 and 10.00. 5uos. 6.00 and 0.00. Paul Raymond presents. RIP-OFF. Rotter than ever for 1650. The crotic experience of the modern era. Fifth grear year.
WYNDHAM'S. Air cond. S. 01-835 3028. CC. bbgs. 379 6555. Evgs. 8.00. Fri. & Sal. 8.00 & 6.40. Illeto frus tarce Accioemtal. Death of An Amarchist. YOUNG VIC 928 6363 EVE 7.30 SM 4.30 & 8.00 Inn't Tomor Tro Support'n REAL INSPECTOR HOUND SUPPORT'S HOUND AND SUPPORT HOUND AND GUILDENSTERN'A ARE DEAD

CINEMAS ABC I & Z. SHAFTESOURY AVE. 836 6881. See Peril ALL SEATS BABLE. II NUINGY (AA). W. & SUR. 1.45. 2. THE WAY WE WERE (A). W. & SUR. Z.00. 5.00. 5.00.

CINEMAS CLASSIC - ENTERTAINMENT

CLASSIC 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Oxford St. 01-538 0310 (cop. Tottenham Court Ed. Tubat 45. 8.15. AMERICAN CICOLO CO. Progs. 1,10, 30. 5.55. 8.75. THE LORD OF THE RINGS (A), 545. HA: 2,00. 5,00, 8.00. CLASSIC, Leicested Square, 91-930 8919 200mBlas, IX.) 1.40 (out Sthat, 4.55 B.15. THE GREAT BRITISH STRIP TEASE CO., 3.50, 7.05. TEASE CO. 3.50, 7.05.

CIRZON, Cerron Street, WI. 499 777,

AIR, CONDITIONED COMPORT 3. From the Producery of "Partoon Mort Ashbor.

COURAGE FUYONS (AA) with JeanRochefort and Chtherine Denomination of the Producery of The Producery of The Street, Progs. at 2.00 (mg. 5 cm.). 4 (10, 6.20 and 5.40).

DEEON HAYMARKET COM 2738 2771;

JHG. FIRM DRIM CO. 500 progs with 1.50, 4.50, 8.10, 500 and 5.40.

Show Fri & Set 11.30. All seats man be booked at 80x Office.

be booked at Box Office.

ODEIN-LECESTER SQUARE (0.30 6111).
The STAR WARS SEE continues with
THE EMPIRE STREEKE BECK (11). Its
70mm and Dobby Sound See pross braopen day 12.00, 545, 750, Late show,
Fit & Sat Ora open 11.15 All costs nav,
be booked in advance of themre Box.

Director by post HE SEA- WOLVES PRINCE CHARLES, Lelc. Sq. 437 61819 Mel Brooks BLAZING SADDLES (ALL 2.10, S.40, 9.10, MINTY PYTHON AND THE BOLY GRAIL (A), 3.35, 7.25, LER Show Fri and Sut 10.55. STUDIO 3. Oxford Circus: A37 330 Lic's Bar. THE DEER HUNTER OX 12.45, 4.05, 7.30, Late Show Sac, 10.5

ART GALLERIES

BRODSE AND DARBY, 19. Cord Street, W1. Sugish and Prench Drawings and Stringer Drawings ontil 5th July. Cablet prints. See Lumicy Cazalet FINE ART SOCIETY, 148, New Bond St. W1; 01-629 5118. TRAVELLERS Bejord the Grand Tear, MOSVEMOR FINE ARTS, 16, Sury Piled London, WCT. Opening Exhibition of Victorian oils: watercolours and drawings Mon.-Fr. TO sm. pm. Sats, 10 am T. pm. Until July 24th.

MON.Fri. TO 8m-6 pm. Sats. 10 sm. T pm. Until July 24th.

HAMIL PONS. 13. Cerias Piece pr. Grosvenor Source wil. 499 940344. CEMUDIO:

KUPPERMAN. One 91 3restr's leading artists. 18t-15th July. Open Mos.-Fri.

0.30-5.30. Saturdays 10:00-1.00. TYCR SRAKA 20th Century British Palse-logs and Drawings Jeclishing works: by Stanley Spencer, Paul Mash, Matthew Smith, Sutherland, Moore, Nicholous, Wyddian Lewis, Sonberg, By appoint-ment only, 01-551, 2564. FEVERE GALLERY, 30, Bruston St., W.F. 01-403 1572-3, 19th and 20th Center Paletings and Watercolours on Fig. Moo.-Frl. 10-5, Sets. 10-1.

EXHIBITIONS

LOCAL AUTHORITY **BONDS**

Every Saturday the Financial Times publishes a table giving details of Local Authority Bonds on offer

Brian Kelaart

ACROSS

14 Secure a place for valuables

16 Competitor makes stain go

19 Permit to hire commission

25 Rush to directors to give missile target (4-5) 27 Part of crah's limb mixed in

28 Transport appearing on

29 A good ball at Headingley?

30 A soft old man-it's obvious

1 Dash to damage French

2 Sailor of old in a hold (6)

DOWN .

some carpets (4)

ox dope (6)

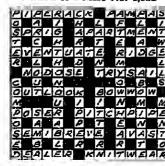
stage (8)

Rrticle (6)

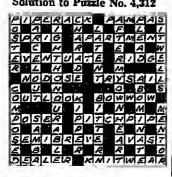
24 Note for medicine (5)

- 1 Restrain the arms but promise (5) deliver a blow (8) 5 Goddess dined with female
- inside (6)
 9 Right, 1'll indicate where water's run down a bank (8) power (\$1 10 Man, for example, initially educated for the training of
- horses (6) 12 Appear plump in inspection 13 Sounds like one who plant (9) prosecutes a shoe-repairer
 - 20 Free start of economic trip 21 Vegetable and fish to cut (7)

22 Indian creditor (6)
23 Notice openiog of feast (6) (7) 23 Notice opening of feast (6)
21 Lots of money raised on 26 Sac for lubricating as rub is inverted (5) Solution to Puzzle No. 4,312

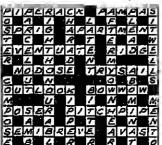


- 6 Contemptible
 - 11 Thought I'd get two notes 15 Crafty conduct I obstruct in
 - Sparse as showers maybe (8) 18 Farmyard target that should not be missed (4, 4)



- Contemptible person's weapon could be fungus (9) 7 Choose endicasly rich type of
- T Modium wave

 RADIO 1
 6.00 am As Radio 2. T.00 Osve Lee
 Trevro. 9.00 Simon Bales. 11.31 Paul
 Buraett. 2.00 pm Andy Pesbles. 4.31
 Petsy Powell. T.02 25 Years of Rock.
 2.00 Bruno. 8.50 Hewsbeet. 10.00
 John Paal (51. 12.00-5.00 am As
 Rodio 2. 12.03 pm Osvid Hamilton.
 2.03 Ed Srewnt's Request Show (51.
 4.03 Mush Moro Music (5). 8.03 John
 Ounn (5). 8.02 With Radio 2. 10.00
 With Rodio 1. 12.00-5.00 Rm With
 Radio 2.
 RADIO 2.



- 3 One who arrives and show In favour of air success (7)
- 8 Cursc river going over decrepit car (8)



Northern Ireland News, 5.55-6.20 Scene Around Six. 12.05 am 11.20 News Headlines 11.22 Sandy Powell in "The Old Scene Around Six. 12.05 am News and Weather for Northern comedian tells of 60 years England—5.55-6.20 pm Look East (Norwich); Look North (Leeds, Newcastle); Look North-Weather/Regional

west (Manchester): Midlands All Regions as BBC1 except as Today (Birmingham); Points 12.00 Tennis from Wimbledon.
1.30 pm Mister Men. 1.45 News.
1.55 Wimbledon Tennis.
1.55 Wimbledon Tennis.
1.56 Regional News for England (except London).
1.20 Play School.
1.55 Wimbledon Tennis.
1.56 Wimbledon Tennis.
1.57 Wales Today.
1.58 Heddlw.
1.58 Today.
1.59 Wales Today.
1.50 Wales Today.
1.5 West (Bristol): South Today (Southampton): Spotlight South BBC 2

11.00 am Play School (As BRC1 4.20 pm) 2.00 pm Wimhledon Tennis 7.50 One Hundred Great Paint-

8.00 Mid-Evening News

8.10 Running the Arts 9.00 Call my Bluff

9.30 Sing Country Extra 10.15 Wimbledon highlights 11.00 Newsnight LONDON

News and Weather for Scotland. 9.30 am Gardening Today, 10.00 About Britain. 10.25 Animated Classics. 11.05 California Today. 11.55 The Bubbiles. 12.00 Little Blue. 12.10 pm Stepping Stones. 12.30 The Sullivans. 1.00 News

plus FT Index. 1.20 Thames News. 1.30 For Maddie with Love. 2.00 Here Today. 2.45 After Julius. 3.45 Superstar Profile: Roger Moore. 4.15 "The Tall T." starring Randolph Scott

6.00 Thames News 6.30 An Exceptional Child

7.00 Charlie's Angels 8.00 The Cuckoo Waltz 8.20 TV Eye 9.00 The Mallens 10.00 News 10.30 Thames Report: "Policing

the Police 12.10 am What the Papers Say 12.25 Close: Personal choice with Andrew Cruickshank

Alf IBA Regions as London except at the following times: except at the following times:
ANGLIA

10.25 am Spy Extraordinary. 10.55
The Chiefiens all Thomond. 11.40 Cortoon Time. 12.30 pm Ageinst the Wind.
1.20 Anglie Haws. 3.45 Looks Familiar.
4.15 The Butblies. 4.20 Tarzen. 5.15
Emmerdole Farm. 5.00 About Anglie.
0.20 Arana. 6.35 Cronsroadn. 7.00 Bl
and the Bear. 10.30 Snoober. 11.00
Luke'o Kingdom. 12.00 Wincss to Yeatorday. 12.30 am The Living World.

(s) Storeophonic broadcast
† Modium wave

10.25 am in civing world.

ATV

10.25 am in Search 01 . . . Reincarnellon. 10.50 Chooger Squad. 11.45 Hore Comps Numbe. 12.30 pm Ageinst the Wiod. 1.20 ATV Nowedesk. 2.00

1.00 News. 1.05 The English Consert, part 1 (S). 1.55 Interval Randing. 2.05 Concert. oort 2. 2.65 88C Concert. Orchestra (S). 4.00 "Oie Abraiso," opers by d'Albert (6]. 4.55 News. 5.00 Mainly for Pleasure. 7.00 A Modest Proposal . . . by Jonathon Swift. T.30 An Radio 4. 9.20 Jows and Jews: Dincopaion between Fredanc Raphael and Rabbi Jonathon Fedanc Raphael and Rabbi Jonathon Sacks. 10.25 Plano Recital (5). 11.00 News. 11.05-11.15 Ucacilini (5).

2.03 Ed Srewnri's Request Show (SI)
4.03 Mush More Music (5), 8.03 John
Ounn (S), 8.02 With Radio 2, 10.05
With Radio 1, 12.00-5.00 Rm With
Radio 2,

RADIO 2
5.00 am News Summary, S.03 Stevo
Jonao (SI, T.32 Torry Wogen (SI,
10.03 John Timpson (S), 12.03 pm
Wimbladen Tornis, 7.00 John John
Wimbladen Tornis, 7.00 John John
(S) (Joining VHF), 8.02 Country Club
(SI, S.02 Alan Dell with Big Bend
Sound (S), 255 Sports Oesk, 10.02
V/11's End. 10.30 Sar Sound Evtra.
11.02 Bran Matthew with Round Might
Innth, including 12.00 News, 2.02S.00 am You and ris Night and the
Music (SI

RADIO 3
6.55 am Westher, 7.00 News, 7.05
Overture (S), 2.00 Nows, 8.05 MomIng Cencarr (SI, 9.00 Nows, 8.05
This Week's Compassi: Hoydn (S),
10.00 Berlin Octat (S), 11.20 Midday
Consart, part 1 (S), 12.00 Injoiral
Reading, 12.05 pm Concert, port 2,

Reading, 12.05 pm Concert, port 2,

10.00 Individual Schory Time, 11.00 Hews,
10.00 Series Owners, 8.05
Horn Thestro (S), 4.15 Any Answers?
4.45 Short Story, 5.00 PM Hews; magezino, 8.50 Shipping Forecast,
5.00 am News ariefing, 8.10 FarmIng Today, S.25 Shipping Forecast,
6.30 Todoy, Including 8.45 Prayer los
10.02 am News ariefing, 8.10 FarmIng Today, S.25 Shipping Forecast,
6.30 Todoy, Including 8.45 Prayer los
10.02 am News ariefing, 8.10 FarmIng Today, S.25 Shipping Forecast,
6.30 Todoy, Including 8.45 Prayer los
10.03 and Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.04, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.30 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.30 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.30 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.00 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.00 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.00 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.00 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 8.00 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought
10.07, 7.00, 8.00 Today's News,
7.03, 80 Nows headlines, 7.45 Thought RADIO 4

BBC Radio London
S.00 am As Rodio 2. 6.30 Rush Houl.
10.03 The Robbis Vincent Talaphens
Programme. 1.03 pm London Live.
4.30 London Newn Dank. 5.35 Look.
Stop. Linton. 7.03 Block Londoners.
8.00 Quostion Timo from the House of
Commons. 8.00-8.00 am Join Rodio 2.

7 ondon Broadcasting
6.00 AM with Bob Holnens and
Oounlan Camoron. 10.00 Aron Hayes.
12.00 LBC. Reports. 2.00 pm After
Eight—Greg Strangs. 9.00 Mike Olakin
Nightline. 42.00 LBC Reports Midnight. 1.00 am Night Ettra—Cerof
Alian. 5.00 Morning Music. Capital Radio Capital Radio

5.00 am Graham Deno's arroctom

show (S). 9.00 Michael Asnel (Si.

12.00 Miko Allen (S). 1.00 pm London
Todey First Roport (Si. 1.10 Miko

Allon (continued). 3.00 Roper acou

(Si. 7.00 London Todey (al. 7.30)

Party Pieceo (8). 7.45 Adrian Love'o

Opon Lino (S). 8.00 Charlio Gillott

(Si. 11.00 Tha Lete Show with aimen

Booker (S). 2.00 am David Rodigen's

Night Fight (Si.

to the public.

For advertising details please ring 01-248 8000 Extr. 266

مكذامن الأجل

the crov

hom Cer

the Rh

edpour!

رتيل وعاماً.

Die in

theland-

The Pit.

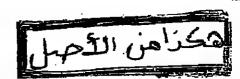
Seed in Ren Endes

Mistes m

i bertip

FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY (Lastin of the second of the secon

Thursday July 3 1980



INVESTING IN WEST GERMANY

Potential investors face difficult decisions

FOR THE potential business for example in the field of investor it seems at first sight industrial investment. almost too good to be true. West ever the economy turns Germany has political stability, the voice of the Left becomes steady (but not stupendous) economic growth, relatively low inflation, a highly qualified labour force, few strikes, a domestic market of more than 60m people and a Central Europosition giving ready access to millions more potential

Thus described, it may come as a surprise that German companies are investing much more servative opposition under Herr abroad than foreign concerns Franz Josef Strauss in the panies are investing much more are investing in Germany. This general election in October. is sometimes explained by say. Nor can it really be the lag that German enterprises lost domestic economic and social most of their foreign productive climate which is forcing German assets in the Second World War,

this "catching up" process risen in the same years by only more necessary than ever—and 4.5 per cent, 3.8 per cent, 2.6 what conclusions should the per cent and 4.1 per cent—an potential foreign investor draw? It can hardly be fear of political pressures let alone turmoil-which is forcing the trek abroad. The country has now had nearly 11 years of Social Democratic-Liberal government. with extremist parties of both Left and Right far from gaining the minimum 5 per cent of voter support which would give them parliamentary representation.

True the first phase of the A survey just issued by the coalition era was marked by IFO economic research institute intense social reform, which of Munich shows that indusmany German businesses; felt neither they nor the country could afford. If is also true that real terms by about 10 per cent there is an active Left wing of on average this year, hardly less the Social Democrat Party which than last year's buoyant per-yearns for more State influence, formance. Further, for the first

ever the economy turns down,

But with the coalition in place and Herr Helmut Schmidt as Chancellor—dedicated to the market economy as much as any liberal—the prospects for an increase in State infinence on entrepreneurial decision-making remain small. They would of course vanish altingether if the coalition is unseated by the Con-

that they were slow off the mark that they were slow off the mark to develop abroad in the first post war decades and that they has grown pretty steadily in real terms by 5.2 per cent in 1976.

That is true as far as it goes 2.7 per cent in 1977, 3.2 per cent last year. The cost of living has this grown pretty steadily in real terms by 5.2 per cent in 1976, and 4.4 per cent last year. The cost of living has this grown pretty steadily in real terms by 5.2 per cent in 1976, and 4.4 per cent last year. The cost of living has the grown years by only per cent and 4.1 per cent-an achievement with very few. parallels even in the Western industrialised world.

This year the Government said it expected real GNP growth of it may bave erred on the side of caution. While recent industrial orders do show some slowdown business investment is holding up very well indeed.

trialists are planning to increase their fixed asset investment in

Nor can it really be the investors to look abroad. The

a good 2.5 per cent" and It beginning to look as though

time for years, extension of production capacity has surpassed rationalisation as the main rea-son for new investment.

These results underline that the decision of German businessmen - to invest more overseas does not mean that they are deserting their bome base—but rather that they are taking steps

side of the coin-which any deceived by the West German potential investor in Germany Labour relations are good-but they do not come for nothing. West German wage levels are among the highest in the world. There are fewer than a score of major trade unions-meaning that management-lahour negotiation is more sraightforward workers.

unemployment figure of close has to scrutinise carefully, to 1m imagining that they can easily take their pick from a large skilled labour pool. As well as the jobless there are at present about 350,000 job vacancies-with many German manufactures crying out vainly for more bighly-qualified

West German companies invest much more abroad than foreigners invest in Germany. Labour relations are good, but wages are high. Incentives are offered in certain areas, but there are good reasons for them. Yet the country offers steady economic growth, a home market of 60m people and a central position from which to serve millions more.

sion to invest abroad is because he wants to acquire complementary — or even advanced — technology. even more example in the electronics sector in the United States. Another part is the desire to get at markets from the inside, thus skirting existing or potential export barriers. But a key reason is also to manufacture abroad those relatively low technology products which can

no longer be made cheaply enough at home. This-is, of course, the other

Part of the explanation for than, say, in Britain the German businessman's deci- Australia. But the unions are powerful and If it comes to a strike then labour has the organisation and the financial resources to carry it through.

German workers are generally beld to have a high level of responsibility-but one reason Is that "mitbestimmung" (codetermination) has been practised in much of industry in one form or another since the early post-war years. Part of the price is that managerlal decision - making sometimes takes longer. Nor should takes longer.

If West Germany is to remain internationally competitive it will need an ever more highly skilled labour force—and at present it is clear that there are not enough of the right kind of workers to go round.

In the same vein the foreign investor examine with circumspection those benefits offered by West German authorities for establishing an enterprise in a particular region. The benefits are outlined in detail in a separate article of this survey. may indeed be worth following

investment by Ford and BMW in West Bertin indicates. But there are good reasons why offered to attract investors to. say, the East-West German border areas or to Berlin and they need to be weighed carefully.

expects to have an exciting and rewarding time oo the West German Stock Market is almost certainly heading for a grave disappointment. Compared with the British or U.S. markets, the German one is a puny affair which hardly reflects the economic and financial power of the nation. It is also greatly influenced by the big German banks which, not least for historical reasons, bave a particularly close relationship with the country's industrial concerns.

It can well be argued that this system suits Germany — but it is bard for an outsider to break in upon it. Many representatives of foreign banks in Germany will confirm that although the achievements of some of them also show that success for the outsider is not impossible, just a gruelling up-

All that sald-might it not be that the basis for much of this analysis is changing even now. After all, West Germany last year had its first current account deficit for 14 years. It will bave a much bigger one this year-and no one is sure when the books may balance

A country's current account position is not, of course, the only determinant of the strength of its currency. But after years of appreciation, the Deutsche foreign business investors be up - as, for example, the big mark fell in real terms against

severat other major currencies last year-aod it is falling even in cominal terms against most curreccies this year.

For the potential

investor, as welt as for the Germans theorelves, a series of questions present themselves. If the Deutsche ourk continues to lose ground, will this not only increase imported inflation but make it barder to remove the current account deficit? And if inflation increases, what will be the impact on wage negotiations and, ultimately, on Germany's already high wage cost level? It could be argued that a

weaker Deutsche mark might help draw in more direct businness investment from abroad and at least partly undermine the reasons why German com-panies have been investing overwere relatively more expensive. then exports would be cheaper -belping correct the country's deficit by this means. The counter-argument is that

on the whole it is not so much price as a combination of knowhow, technical finish and reli able delivery dates which have sold German goods abroad so And the kind of product palette which would actually benefit from a cheaper Deutsche mark is not the one in which the Germans can remain competitive in the long run.

This is broadly recognised, not only by German businessmen but by Government and by the independent Bundesbankguardian of the currency Despite the current warning signs for the currency and for the current account, a business Investor from ahroad would do well to recognise it too

Jonathan Carr

COMPENTS

II
411
Щ
IV
V
v
VI

FOREIGN PRIVATE INVESTMENT IN WEST GERMANY

Sector	bn DM
Transfer to subsidiaries	6.8
Oil processing	6.4
Electricat industry	5.1
Machine huilding	4.665
Banks	4.660
Chemical iodustry	4.659
Iron and steet industry	2.7
Vebicles	2.3
Fond drink and tobaccn	2.09
Rubber and asbestos processing	1.07

Sunree: Ministry of Economics LABOUR COSTS 1979*

.1)	Average Hmrly Wage
Germany	12.70
Belgium	12.50
U.S.	12.10
France	8.50
Britain	8.20
Italy	7.30

Excluding social benefits Figures in DM, before tax Source: Institute for German

AVERAGE COMPANY **PROFITABILITY**

Country	Margin in per cent	Profits after tax as per cent nf share capital
U.S.	5.1	13.4
Britain	3.6	10.4
Japan	1.7	9.0
Germany	1.6	8.5
France	LI	4.5
	stitute for	r the German Colngue

The Rhineland-Palatinate In the Center of European Markets

Decisive Settlement Benefits From Central Location

The Rhineland-Palatinate is next neighbour to three European countries: France, Luxemburg, and Belgium. Thus you are in the center of Europe. In the Rhineland-Palatinate it's at your fingertip.

The Rhineland-Palatinate is ideally situated in relation to five major European industrial centers, meaning supply and sales markets of more than 40 million people:

• the Rhine-Ruhr area with Cologne. Düsseldorf, and Essen; the Rhine-Main banking and trading

center with Wiesbaden and Frankfurt; the industrial zone of Rhine-Neckar with the cities of Karlsruhe and Stuttgart; • the Saarland-Lorraine-Luxemburg European Coal and Steel Community,

• the Belgien industrial area around Liege reaching to the international container port of Antwerp.

Profit from these advantages in your investment and market strategie. This is your slant on competitors.

The Rhineland-Palatinate: At the crossroads of Europe

)N5

nes nes

Highly developed, an industry depends more and more on a network of intertwining deliveries and requires fast means of transport.

In the Rhineland-Palatinate, a well developed network of roads and highways is providing you with all the links you need for production and products. In the Rhineland-Palatinate, you are always a short distance to the international airports of Frankfurt, Cologne, Dusseldori, and Luxemburg.

● The Rhina and Mosell rivers provide the state with efficient, international

Here you have a lead in every direction.

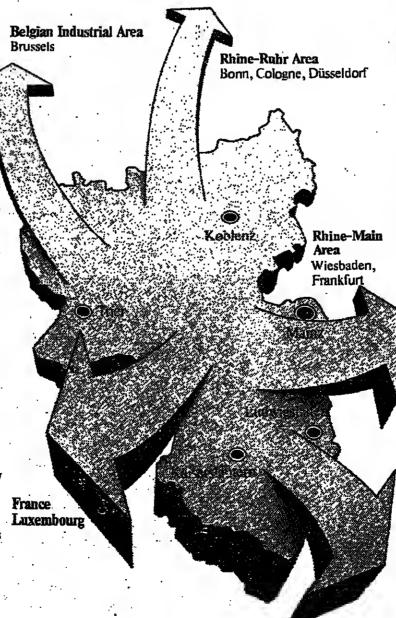
Rhineland-Palatinate -**Infrastructure fitting Investors**

Industrial sites, low-price and any size, plus ideally equipped marketing centers, governmentsponsored financing of up to 20% of your investment cost, plus a very good transport network - these are the prerequisites for success fully establishing a new operation. You find them in the Rhineland-Palatinate.

New universities, modern schools and professional training facilities, comprehensive public health and social security services are the results of an infrastructure policy epplied with consitency. For these reesons companies settling in the Rhineland-Paletinate are eble to benefit from two factors which often are hard to combina elsewhere: ideal infrastructure and e countryside enjoying a high recreational value.

Rhineland-Palatinate -Recreational Activities à la carte

In the Rhineland-Palatinate, the season lasts the whole year. Enjoying long-standing traditions and high popularity among tourists the state with its forested hills, its world-renowned vineyards and its historical treasuries from ancient times, if offering (almost) anything that can be expected from any location by businessowners and workers in terms of recreational opportunities. Companies planning for the future find this a locational spects that's



For more information, Industrial Area contact Rhine-Neckar Karlsruhe, Stuttgart

RPW Economic Development

Your acting partner in industrial settlement in central Europe.

● The Rhineland-Palatinate Economic Development Ltd. – RPW Wirtschaftsförderung, for short - is assisting businessowners in the manufacturing industry in their search for e suitable location in the Rhineland-Palatinate.

 It shows you how to obtain government financial grants.

 It connects you with town, community, and rural authorities, with the chambers of industry and commerce, with electrical utility suppliers, with professional organisations, labour exchanges, and any other government agencies in the RhinelandRPW Wirtschaftsförderung services are provided free of charge. The company is the instrument of an executive regional settlement policy pursued by the state-government of the Rhineland-Palatinate with the aim of improving the structures of business and industry, of securing, safeguarding, and providing permanent jobs in fields that are geared to the future.



RPW-Wirtschaftsförderung **Economic Development Corporation** for Rhineland-Palatinate

Erthalstr. 1 6500 Mainz W.-Germany Phone 06131 (Mainz) /62066 Telex 4 187 643 wvmz

MESSEPLATZ

Capture the Market and Let Munich Capture You

DATES1980

1SPO 80 — Autumn — 13th International Sports Equipment Fair

19 - 24 September *
IKOFA 80 — 13th International Trade Fair of the Food Industry

S - 9 October 42nd MOOE-WOCHE-MUNCHEN International Fashlon Fair

8 - 12 November
ELECTRONICA 80 — 9th International Trade Fair for
Components and Assemblies in Electronics

22 - 30 November
HEIM + HANOWERK '80 — Handicrafts in the Comestic
Sphara with Special Shows and Technical Cisplays
by the different Handicrafts Branchas

DATES 1981

7 - 15 February CARAVAN — BOOT — INTERNATIONALER REISEMARKT 12th International Exhibition for Caravans. Boats, Travel and Vacation

14 - 17 February *
INHORGENTA 81 — 8th Intarnational Trade Fair for Watches,
Clocks, Jewellery, Precious Stones and Silverware
with their Manufacturing Equipment

26 February - 1 March ISPO 81 — Spring — 14th Intamational Sports Equipment Fair

14 - 22 March !HM — 33rd International Light Industries and Handicrafts Fair — The Fair for small and medium-sized Enterprises

29 March - 2 April 43rd MOOE-WOCHE-MUNCHEN

International Fashion Fair 22 - 25 April 98th Congress of the German Surgical Society with Information Show

5 - 8 May
--- 11th Exhibition Office Machines, Office Furniture,
Drawing Techniques, Organizational Methods

8 - 10 May. COSMETICS — 2nd International Trade Fair for Cosmetics, Health and Beauty Care 19 - 22 May INTERHOSPITAL — International Hospital Exhibition and 11th Garman Hospital Meeting

INFORMATION

Münchener Messe- und Ausstellungsgesellschaft mbH Messegelande, P.O.B. 12 10 09, D-8000 München 12, Federal Republic of Germany, telephone (089) 51 07-1,





Rare books — Manuscripts — Fine Bindings — Old Masters and Modern Art—marine paintings—ship models— Maps—Topographical Items—Silver— Japanese prints

> Purchases - Sales - Auctions Please send for catalogue

Stamp offer for the Specialist Collector

WEST GERMANY

We offer a wide range of competitively priced stamps. Price list free of charge. Please state your areas of interest.

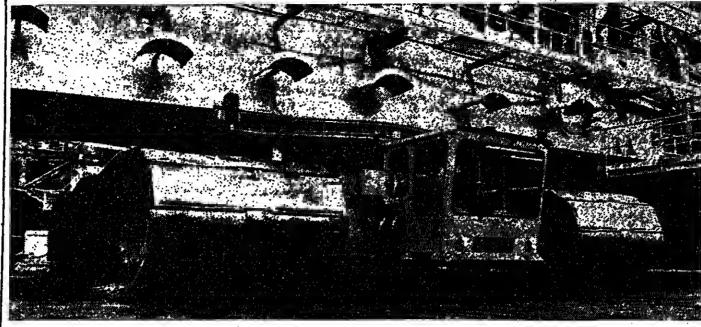
KLAUS FISCHER

Stamp Dealers Colonnaden 13, 1st Floor

2000 Hamburg 36. Tel: 040 345153

INVESTING IN WEST GERMANY II

High wages and production costs and steep taxes are some of the reasons why fewer overseas companies are investing in West Germany. But there are some very good incentives to doing so, as Roger Boyes explains.



Above: a heavy-duty transport vehicle developed by the Krupp company. Iran has a 25 per cent stake in this group. Right: Commerzbank's head office in Frankfurt. The bank reports that West Germany's labour productivity is second only to Japan's

Calculating the cost of direct investment

manufacturer, anxious for a Ецгоре naturally keen to get a quick return on investment. His company is medium-sized, and in the U.S. be has a highly specialised market niche in advanced technology.

Should he make the great leap in the dark and invest in West Germany, a country where wage and production costs are among the highest in the EEC, wbere the language is strange and where taxes are steep?

(literally) \$64,000 has clearly been That troubling producers from the U.S. and several other countries over the past year. On the face of it, it looks as

if foreign investors are becoming increasingly wary about investing and establishing themselves in West Germany. Economics Ministry figures show that U.S. concerns invested only DM 216m in West Germany in 1979, compared to a cumulative U.S. direct investment since 1961 of DM 20.1bn. To cumulative terms, the U.S. Is still far and away the largest foreign investor in West German companies though last year Britain (DM 363m), Holland (DM 358m), Switzerland (DM 257m), Belgium and Luxembourg (DM 226m) all ploughed in more than the

The plain facts are that direct investment in West Germany last year grew by only DM 1.9bn the first time in several years that it has fallen below the DM 2bn mark—while German companies ploughed a record DM 7.8bn into overseas-based

concerns, especially in the U.S. So the initial answer to our to be: look before you leap. competitiveness. Check why fewer overseas cumpanies are lovesting in West ment in West Germany may Germany and then weigh the simply reflect the sense of reasons against some very good, solid motives for buying a stake in the German market.

find a company in

this year by about 7 per cent— short-term earnings prospects not a spectacular rise by most for long-term penetration of

TAKE A mildly ambitious U.S. international standards but it is set against a background of already high wages and substantial holiday and social security

> Energy costs—West Germany imports almost all its oil—rpse at an even steeper rate.

Meanwhile on third markets, prices bave to be kept down to stay reasonably competitive with countries such as Japan the yen fell some 30 per ceot against the deutsche mark last

A study issued by the Cologne-based Instituta for German Economy shows that profit margins are substantially below those in the U.S., Britain and Japan, although they are ahead of France.

Add to this compendium of woes the costs of conforming with strict environmental standards and a network of some overseas businessmen, tough taxes and it is clear wby so many concerns are deterred investing in

Germany. And yet these naked figures give a somewhat misleading picture. West Germany remains for many concerns an extremely attractive investment propos tion and the absolute level of investment is high. German investors are not rushing overseas because the domestic market is repugnant or over-saturated, they are moving because the strength of the deutsche mark against dollar long made export con petitiveness difficult.

Caution

For West German manufacturers over the past year the watchword has been: buy local production facilities in the U.S. and elsewhere and secure both ambitious manufacturer appears market proximity and price

The flagging direct investin the world-w'de caution business climate.

That, at any rate, is the view It is difficult, for example, to of officials from the West Ger-West man Economics Ministry. A Germany at the moment that is realistic assessment of West not coocerned about the mount-Germany's investment potential ing pressure on its profit bas to go beyond simple costs margins. Labour costs are increasing company is willing to forego its

the European market, then pation at supervisory board West Germany has a sharp edge over other European countries. There seem to be five, largely inter-related factors:

TRIAL STABILITY. Despite its FISCAL STABILITY. One of balance of payments deficit, West Germany remains economically strong. It recorded a growth rate of 4.5 per cent last year and officially expects growth of about 2.5 per cent in 1980. Inflation is expected to run at between 5 and 6 per cent.

According to a report issued by the Commerzbank, labour productivity is second only to Japan, and only in Sweden and Switzerland has there been less time lost through industrial conflict (an aonnal average of 57 days was lost per 1,000 workers between 1974 and 1978).

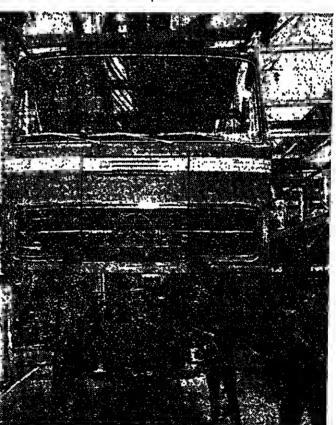
the 1976 law on worker partici-

level has not significantly limited managerial flexibility. In-deed, it has, by most accounts, contributed towards the defus ECONOMIC AND INDUS. ing of industrial disputes.

the main periods of direct investment in West Germany came in the 1960s—and a signi-ficant cause was the remarkably stable level of the dollar ex-

The dollar was worth DM 4.20 in 1960 and by 1971 was worth DM 3.50. Since then there has been a radical decline in the dollar from DM 3.20 in 1972 to between DM 1.80 and DM 1.70 last year. This has made investmeut in West Germany difficult for some foreign concerns.

Nonetheless, the essential economic health of West Ger-And in spite of the fears of many under-pinning these fluctuations has proved an attrac-



Work on the Daimler-Benz production line. Kuwait has a 14 per cent holding in the company

above all in minimising the risk Germany has on their investment.

This appears to have influenced some of the oil produc-ing countries which started to take stakes in West German companies after the 1973 energy crisis. Thus Kuwait bought a 14 per cent stake in Daimler Benz in 1974 and Iran bought a 25 per cent stake in Friedrich Krupp Huettenwerke, the steel naker, and then a 25 per cent share in the Krupp group. In 1975, Iran also bought a 25 per cent share of Deutsche Bancock, the engineering company.

Last month, Kuwait also bought a 10 per cent interest in Metaligesellschaft, the Frank-furt-based metals and engineering group. This came as something of a reassurance to the West Germans who had feared that the freezing of Iranian assets in West Germany by the U.S. would scare off OPEC investment at precisely the moment when It was most

was noticeable.. although some earlier OPEC moves had causad public disquiet — Iran's unsuccessful attempt to huy a stake in Daimler is a case in point—the latest Kuwalt deal went through with a minimum of fuss,

• SKILLED LABOUR. A factor which has clearly infinenced the direction of a lot of direct investment is West Germany's high standards of engineering and the large number of skilled workers. On the labour market, one

potential snag for investors is the short working week and long holidays (only Belglum and Austria have shorter working time). But this has to be balanced against very low absenteeism rates and high produc-INVESTMENT INCENTIVES.

The state has identified several problem areas, such as West Berlin and the areas bordering East Germany and Czechoslo-vakia, which are eligible for generous investment allowances and grants.

tax concessions.

Worse than invest in Germany.

favourable financial and co mercial infrastructure for over seas concerns trying to penetrate the European marke as a whole.

Geographically it is well positioned for transporting goods to either East or West-Europe and its sophisticated motorway network makes eastwest and north-south transport relatively easy.

And the country's universal banking system allows banks to assist at every stage of a purchase, from the initial market analysis to the financing of the deal.

Beneficiaries

It is clear from the Economics Ministry statistics that the companies that have benefited most from these factors are those specialising in high technology and engineering:

These companies are not so seriously affected by high costs. elements — tight delivery schedule, after-sales service quality as well as price-for their success:

Nonetheless producers 7 of high valua consumer goods—, again leaning on quality rather than price—also gain from the specific investment conditions in West Germany. The enclosed table shows precisely where the principal areas of direct invest ment are in tarms of turnover.

Apart from the areas shown in tha table, the Commerciank economics research section has also identified a number of important growth areas when direct investment could yield long-term results.

These include micro electronics (West Germany is still behind the U.S. in this field), capital goods (the invest-ment climate strongly favours energy-saving technology), blo chemicals and the sports and leisure industry.

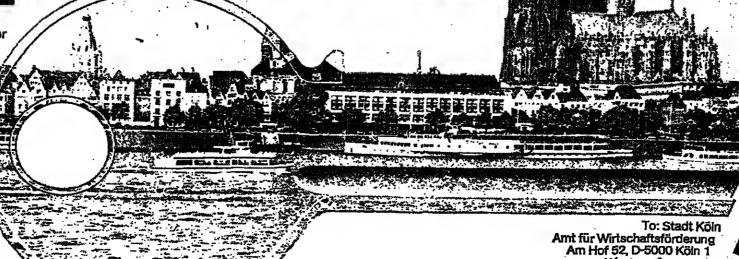
The advice to our manufacturer-guinea pig is thus rather dependent on his market. But provided he can contain his understandable desire for a These ranga from freight understandable desire for a subsidies on tha Berlin route to creap credits and substantial investment, he could do far

At the intersection of Europe's highways, at the major junction of Europe's rail network, with direct waterway connection to the United Kingdom, Belgium, France, The Netherlands and Switzerland, 20 km far from Bonn, and with an international "Drive-in Airport" only a fifteenminute run from the town. This geographical key position in Europe is offered by Cologne.

Industrial, banking and insurance center. Europe's venue for international trade fairs and exhibitions. A market of four million people. With a trained manpower for trade end industry.

Cologne offers developed industrial sites with immediate access to transport facilities and sizes to suit everybody.

Center of Trade for 2000 years - make it yours!



Western Germany

about Cologne.

Please send me further information



Ford workers finishing a shift at Koln. The company is to build a plastics component plant in West Berlin

Policy change should encourage investors

authorities have produced a marked change of policy this. But it is enough to underline age of more lavourous marked change of policy this. But it is enough to underline age of more lavourous marked change of the face of it, the growing trust of investors in ing conditions on the Euroman chiefly encouraging to the the West German currency as a market. Something of the same goes for the West German

Not only have restrictions on capital imports been relaxed with the Federal Government in Bonn showing the way by borrowing several billion Deutsche Marks direct from Sandi Arahia—but the Bundes-hank has also been increasing the discount rate, most recently to 7.5 per cent in May, to try to stem the nutflow of funds ahroad and in help maintain the strength of West German

At first sight this seems odd in a country whose monetary officials have long had strong reservations about the rise of the Deutsche Mark as a reserve

notes s

deli deli

3.55.

incen-01 782 117 TE

2 1.05 condition

ge eller witt: reci Ka Turupa

- (35 5°

nineni sertia numbi rem ai rem ai

THE STATE OF THE S

The explanation is that West Germany finds itself in a new and rather uncomfortable position as a country with a current account deficit—DM 9bn last year and probably well over DM 20bn this year.

Until this deficit is removed, and few are willing to hazard a guess when that might be, it must be financed, either by running down the Bundesbank's

For years West Germany's sation. The buoyant business problem bad seemed to be how to prevent too strong an appreciation of the currency, which forced up export prices and—in theory—reduced its international trade competitive-

Now the rise of the Deutsche Mark is seen in many respects as a blessing in disguise. The new problem is how to stop the currency drifting down—a fall which increases import prices in Deutsche Mark terms and could turn a temporary current account deficit into a chronic

Interest

Part of the answer lles in keeping the inflation rate relatively low and encouraging moderate wage settlements and social consensus—thus persuading the foreigner that Deutsche Mark assets remain a good investment even in the medium and long term.

Another part lies in maintain-ing an attractive interest rate level, in particular against that prevailing in the U.S. West German authorities have

been working hard to convince potential investora an both scores. But until fairly recently they could afford to spare themselves some of the effort—as the accompanying table indicates. It shows that in the four year period from mid 1975 to mid 1975 to mid 1975 to mid 1976 to mid

1979 alone, Deutsche Mark in-vestment by foreigners in the West German capital and money markets almost doubled to markets.

DM 185bn. That figure does not in any include the large Deutsche follo investment is markedly Mark assets held by foreigners less than the Deutsche Mark ontside West Germany-for ex-

the U.S. dollar in particular, public authorities, which have That trust has—at least until helped cover their large deficits recently—been amply justified by taking up credit abroad. In 1976 the West German cur
It is not, of course, only hy 15.2 per cent and last year hy 5.6 per cent.

abroad? Heading the list, as the table shows was the hanking system itself. Last year the system itself. Last year the end of 1978 they must have banks accounted for almost half totalled about DM 50bn. the foreign Deutsche Mark assets in West Germany—a much higger share than they had run four years earlier.

Buoyant

The most dramatic increase over this period-from DM 5.8hn to DM 33.2bn-came in the bank's long-term liabilities, that is in deposits and through the issue to non-residents of " schuldscheine " (promissory netes).

The growth in deposits partly reflected the removal in September 1975 of a measure, introduced four years earlier, (admittedly large) reserves or under which the payment of in-thy encouraging inflows of terest nn non-resident accounts was subject to special authorihappy conicidence of interests between non-residents wanting long term West German securities free of coupon tax and West German banks who were facing a growing demand for long-term credit at home.

On the other hand, foreign in-terest in bank honds declined, no donht partly hecause of coupon tax requirements which better bet

Foreign financial assets with West German enterprises and individuals totalled DM 74.5bn at mid-last year. That is not very far behind the DM 89.6bn accruing to the banking system, but the rate of growth over the last few years has not been so pro-nounced. It is ironic to recall that in the wake of the first oil Poehl, who became president crisis, fears were expressed that of the Bundesbank at the start the OPEC states might try to of this year, a less rigid attitude up German industry."

The available figures indicate that there is still some way to go hefore that is achieved. While foreign portfolio investment in West German shares totalled DM Sbn in 1975 (compared with DM 3.5bn in 1970), it totalled DM 15.5bn in mid-

It is now relatively common to hear businessmen and industrialists yearning for that injection of OPEC funds which, combined with West German diligence and know-how, they feel could spell still greater success in the battle for world

In any case, this foreign portclaims of foreign hanks on West

GERMAN monetary ample in the Eurocurrency mar- German enterprises, many of which have been taking advant-

> rency appreciated against the foreign individuals and enter-American one by I1 per cent, in prises who have shown growing 1977 by 12.2 per cent, in 1978 interest in the Deutsche Mark. Foreign monetary authorities have been doing the same. It So who were the main reciple is hard to estimate just how ents of the inflow of funds from large these official Deutsche abroad? Heading the list, as the Mark holdings are, but the Bundesbank reckons that at the

That would mean that the Deutsche Mark had a share of more than 11 per cent in the foreigo exchaoge reserves of non-German monetary authoritles, making it the world's second most important reserve currency.

The Deutsche Mark's share is far behind that of the dollar, with 80 per cent, but even this relatively modest reserve role gave West German authorities many headaches. They felt that West Germany did not bave the economic weight, nor were its financial markets sufficiently large, to accept the strains a

reserve currency role implies.
In a way, developments this year have underlined the point, the first four months alone, the Buodesbank's net monetary reserves fell by DM 18bn, mainly because of very large short-term capital exports by the banks.

Less rigid

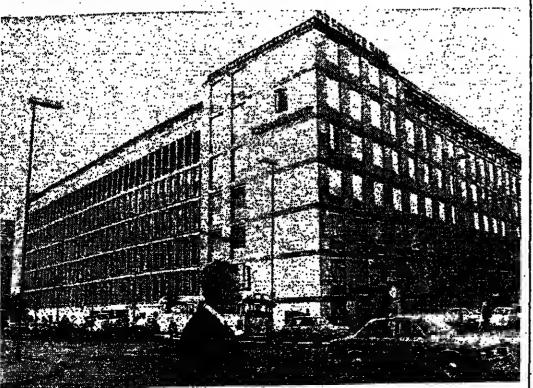
In the past, it has been just this kind of development—often quickly followed by a surge of funds returning to West Gertax requirements which many — which bas played "schulrsheine" seem a havoc with the Bundesbank's efforts to control domestic money supply and, partly through that, the inflation rate, How much worse might these inflows and outflows become if the Deutsche Mark'a reserve role were still greater? it was

On the other hand, there are signs that under Herr Karl Otto

tude is heing taken to the reserve currency question. It appears to be increasingly predominant role among world currencies, and that this carries responsibilities which West German authorities cannot

As it happens, this change of mood coincides with the need to actively work for the maintenance of a strong Deutsche Mark while the West German current account remains in deficit — so that, for a while at least, West Germany's apparent international obligations and her domestic needs nicely

Jonathan Carr



The Dresdner Bank in Dusseldorf. Last year banks accounted for almost half West Germany's foreign Deutsche Mark assets

FOREIGN DEUTSCHEMARK ASSETS IN **GERMANY**

(DM hn) 1975 1979 -In the German banking system (a) Bundesbank 1.5 6.0

Short term 19.2 35.9 Long term 38.7 89.6

(b) Banks

2-With enterprises and individuals Short term 27.5 42.9 Long term -Financial credits 10.8 13.5 Portfolio Shares

8.0 15.5 2.1 2.5 48.5 74.5 Total 2 3-With Public authorities

> -Financial · credits 1.7 4.0 18.6 Tntal 3

Dentsche mark untes (held by foreigners) Overall Tnial 93.4 185.3

(Snurce - Deutsche Bundes-Differences due rounding).

West Berlin offers the highest subsidies available in West Germany and companies are flocking to take advantage of them. Leslie Colitt reports.

Ford on Berlin trail

FORD MOTOR COMPANY recently decided to join the long list of foreign and West German companies that manufacture in Berlin, from Philip Morris and Cillette to Germanbased_giants such as Siemens, AEG-Telefunken, and BMW.

One of the reasons helind Ford's decision to build a plastics component plant in West Berlin is the fact that the city is located 110 miles inside East Germany and unbashedly offers the highest subsidies and lax advantages of any in West Germany.

Companies setting up production facilities in West Berlin receive a cash subsldy amountlog to 20 per cent of building costs, and between 25 and 30 per cent of the cost of moveable fixed assets is also reimbursed. investment subsidy,

which is also available to companies engaged in data process-



Breitscheidplatz in the centre of Berlin

is tax-free and does not reduce the hasis for depreciation.

Companies may also obtain loans from the European Recovery Programme to finance new Berlin investments. Such loans are given for up to 40 per cent of the investment at a 6.5 per cent fixed interest rate over

ten years with principal amorti-sation starting in the third year and 100 per cent payout In order to promote the sale of West Berlin products, companics in West Germany ordering the goods also qualify for looms and preferential interest

Compaoles with manufactur- preciated in the year of pur-ing plants in West Berlin chase or construction and four receive a reduction in the Federal Value Added Tax which varies from 4.5 per cent to 10 per may be claimed on prepayments cent of the amount pain for for such assets. Starting in the goods sold to ouvers in West Germany. The actual deduc-Germany. The actual deduc-tion depends on the value added ing, research, and development, to the product in West Berlin.

West Germanpurchasers receive a VAT reduction of 4.2 per cent. ducts to a West German factory of the same company qualify under certain conditions for a

6 per cent reduction. In the case of Berlin-based companies selling know-bow such as engineering consultants, data processing offices and advertising or film studios, the reduction is 10 per cent.

Depreciation

Fixed assets of a Berlin manufacturing plant can be deyears afterwards at up to 75 per cent of the cost. Depreciation year after having depreciated 75 per cent. depreciation is based on residual value and the re-

The accelerated depreciation applies to moveable assets and to buildings used for manufacturing, research and administration as well as data processing.

Special tax rates apply to corporate income earned in West Berlin if the company has its husiness management or legal domicile in Berlin or a manufacturing plant with at least 25 Berlin employees. Ber lin corporate income tax is 22.5 per cent lower than the normal German rate for qualifying companies. The Gewerbesteuer, or Incal tax, was reduced in Berlin from 15 per cent to 10 per cent. this year.

West Berlin is 30 per cent lower than in West Germany, and Berlin employees receive a taxhonus amounting to 8 per cent of their wage or salary as well as added family allowances

The art of institutional money management demands experience, sound judgment



the right time institutional investors are often confronted with a myriad of complex factors requiring careful analysis and evaluation. Westdeutsche Landesbank can be of invaluable help in this decisive process. It offers highly experienced advice on fixed interest securities and shares against a background of financial responsibility you expect from a German state-backed wholesale financing

Government bankers, portfolio managers, trust administrators and other institutional investors have come to appreciate WestLB's expert financial counsel.

When trying to select the right investment at The Bank's own fixed interest securities provide a secure, attractive investment in one of the world's strongest currencies. Sophisticated investors value WestLB's offer of a wide selection of "Schuldscheindarlehen" (SD Certificates), a safe investment since these Certificates in DM are generally guaranteed by a state agency or an institution from the public sector. They yield an attractive return usually somewhat higher than bonds. and for immediate liquidity needs they can easily be resold through a well functioning. established market.

> As a primary and secondary market leader backed by total Group assets of more than DM 100 billion, WestLB is a first address for placing of and trading in fixed interest securities. Also, its certificates of deposit are highly valued from London to New York, from Luxembourg to Hong Kong.

When next reviewing your investment strategy, consult WestLB first. You'll get sound, comprehensive advice in the private banking tradition backed by the resources of Germany's foremost wholesale financing

A strong force in wholesale banking Westdeutsche Landesbank

Headquarters: P. O. Box 1128, D-4000 Düsseldorf 1, Tel. (211) 8260 - Frankfurt Office: Tel. (611) 25791 Enancies: London, Tel. 6386141; New York, Tel. 754-9600; Tokyo, Tel. 216-0581

Subsidiaries: WestLB International S. A. Luxembourg, Tel. 447411; WestLB Asia Limited, Hong Kong, Tel. 5-259 208

stive Offices: Latin-America Office New York, Tel. 754-9620; Rio de Janeiro, Tel. 262 48 21; Tokyo, Tel. 213-1811; Toronto, Tel. 869 1085; Melbourne, Tel. 654 1655

Participations: Banque Franco-Allemando S. A., Paric, Tel. 563 0109; Banco da Bahia Invastimentos S. A., Rio de Janeiro, Tel. 253 97 23

Das Gutachten über den sozialen Wandel entzweit Wirtschaft und Gewerkschaften

In the South it's completely indispensable.

	Proprie	lation of head of letor, company manployed on small HIGERMANY	anager, p	rofessional,	Total population SOUTH GERMANY		
1		Total reach	%	Cpm index	Total reach	%	Cpm index
	SZ	180,000	10.7		SZ 1,000,000	6.9	100
١	FAZ	50,000	3.2	424	FAZ 250,000	1.7	474
1		T 20.000	1.0	830	WELT 110,000	0.7	844

ask for this information.

For additional information please contact Publicitas Ltd. International Media Representatives 525 Fulham Road, London SW6 1HF, Tel. (01) 385 7723

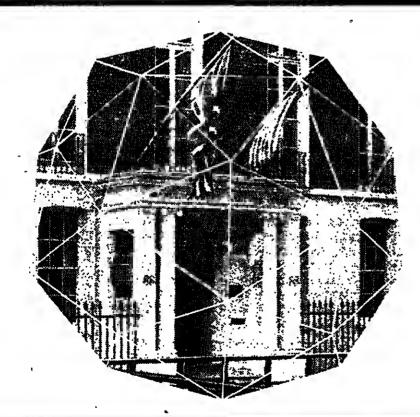
Or write to us in Munich:

Frankfurt. Economic Center.

A city where business is booming. Convince Office of Economic yourself by ordering Development of the our brochure "Frankfurt. City of Frankfurt Economic Center.' Gutleutstraße 7-9 It gets you acquainted with D-6000 Frankfurt's Frankfurt am Main 1 economy and gives information on services and products of local enterprises. You should

Süddeutscher Verlag GrnbH, Marketing Service P.O. Box 202220, D-8 Munich 2, Germany

The Geobankers can put money to work for you in any convertible currency.



GEOBANKING®

It is the way of worldwide banking at Manufacturers Hanover, a major U.S. bank with nearly \$50 billion in assets and a tradition of service dating back more than a century.

GEOBANKING DEPOSIT FACILITIES.

Nearly \$40 billion in local and international currency deposits are currently entrusted to the Geobankers on a global basis. By governments, banks, businesses and individuals. These deposits take the form of current accounts to concentrate

funds for business payments. Certificates of deposit that offer excellent marketability. Time deposits for longer-term investment. And a variety of other deposit accounts for earnings plus liquidity.

Put the total global commitment of Manufacturers Hanover to work for you. Contact a Geobanker today.



MANUFACTURERS HANOVER The banking source. Worldwide,

In Europe: Athens, Brussels, Bucherest, Duesseldorf, Edinburgh, Frankfurt, Guernsey, Harnburg, Hannovet, Lisbon, London, Luxembourg*, Medrid, Manchester, Milan, Munich, Oslo, Paris, Rome, Zurich, Worldwide: Argentina, Australia, Baharnas, Behtrein, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Charruel Islands, Chile, Colombia, Egypt, El Saluador, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Korea, Lebamon, Luxembourg*, Majaysia, Mesico, Norway, Penu, Philippines, Portugal, Puerto Rico, Romania, Singapore, Spain, Switzerland, Talwan, Thailand, United Kingdom, United States, Venezuela.

"To open in 1980. Mesidoga Merita States, Venezuela."

Member FDK.

Few comforts for investors on the Stock Exchange

THE Roller coaster movement of the West German stock interesting ride for the first launched, partly by small inhalf of 1980, but they could be forgiven for thinking that, despite all the movement, they have not made much progress.

The All-Share index of the Frankfurt Exchange, for instance, bad advanced by only 0.8 per cent by the end of May to 96.77. The early promise of February had suggested the unhappy developments of 1979 could perhaps be overcome by the last week of that month when the high for the year, 101.29, was reached.

Events in both the U.S. and the domestic West German economy then contrived to send the index plunging by the end of March to a low of 91.4, bowever. By early aummer, the sbare market had regained some of its muster, but sudden excitements, like the upbeaval which hit the bond markets they caught the first of falling U.S. interest were short-lived.

major activity has inevitably centred on the bond market under the influence of the sharp rise and fall in U.S. interest rates and the turnover on the Frankfurt Exchange in fixed interest securities of DM 10.1bn (£2.44bn) in the first five months was up by 33 per cent compared with the corresponding period of 1979.

Partly as a result, share dealing activities tended to be overshadowed with turnover in the first five month of DM 5.9bn showing little change on last year's corresponding figure of DM 5.5bn. All of which is little comfort

to those in West Germany wbo are trying to secure the allimportant place for shares in the Federal Republic's financial

For several years, one major complaint by investors has been that companies themselves have stifled interest by adopting policies of dividend continuity. Dividends might not be fixed at a very attractive rate, but com-panies bave made a virtue of keeping close to this level in good years and bad.

> hard months. As far as West Germany it-

> > With the exception of the first four months of this year, the real attraction for foreign investors to the German bond and share market has lain in strength of the D-mark. Question marks have been attractive discounts to raised over its stability recently, employees. But, by and large, but the Bundesbank will not the message can bardly be said easily allow the D-mark to drift to be getting scross. downwards.

West German currency as safer than the dollar over the longterm, and as a result German

In the lead up to this year's season of annual meetings, several campaigns have companies appear to have been

paying heed The sectors which did well last year, particularly the chemicals and motor companies, bave allowed sharebolders to benefit from their substantial improvement in earnings. German companies do seem to be learning at last to show more flexibility, and many observers bave been pleasantly surprised by recent dividend announcements.

Surprises

Chief among the aurprises was perbaps BASF, which pushed up its dividend from DM 6 (£1.45) to DM 8 (£1.94) a share which when taken together with the tax credit for omestic investors, represented a record pay-out for the chemicals giant.

Vereins - UND. Westbank pointed out in a recent bulletin: The flexible approach to dividend policy appears more conducive to a rational evaluation of the attraction of equities than a rigid adherance to pre-ordained rates, even if this does involve the subsequent reduction once the economic downturn begins to bite.

On the longer term, the biggest question now banging over the market concerns the size and the timing of the coming recession and the speed at which the market will then recover as a result of falling interest rates.

The speed at which the markets can turn was clearly demonstrated in the German bond market in April, which turned out to be one of the most bectic trading months ever, not only in terms of volume, but also in terms of the actual movement in prices. The average yield declined sharply from 10 per cent at the beginning of the month

9 per cent at the end. The cause of such rushed trading was clearly the feeling that interest rates bad peaked, ticularly in the U.S., and the market was looking for any excose to move after the previous

self was concerned, it misread the signals. The Bundesbank showed at the beginning of May, with its latest increase in the key Lombard rate, that the fight against inflation and the insistence on a tight monetary policy were still paramount. Interest rates bave probably peaked in West Germany, too, but the Bundesbank is still indicating that it could be some months before it loosens the

Foreigners still regard the



Frankfurt Exchange has emerged as the strongest West German market

outflow in January to Marcha home in fixed interest securi-

under pressure again means that the German equity market is also likely to become increasingly attractive to overseas investors again. As the Frankfurt Stock Exchange is fond of pointing out, gains made in other foreign equity markets are often cancelled out by currency losses. Last year, for instance, the Dow Jones Industrial Average Index gained 4.2 per cent, but the U.S. dollar lost 5.3 per cent against the D-mark

Whatever the strength of such arguments, shares have still to win a strong place in the German investment scene. For companies, equity capital is still an expensive way of raising finance, and shares also take a very low place on the list of priorities of the average

A recent study by the Frank-Stock Exchange showed that less than 10 per cent of more than DM 500bn raised by German companies during the past 10 years came from equity capital raised through rights issues.

The sbare of equity to debt cent.
in German companies' financing
bas actually fallen in recent
years. In 1978, the share of takin equity capital in the total balance sheet of German com-panies averaged 25 per cent, compared to 45-to-50 per cent in the UK and 55 per cent in

the U.S.

The number of companies quoted in West Germany is yet another reflection of the rather diminutive stature of the Federal Republic's stock markets against the operations of other countries, such as the UK or the U.S.

At the end of 1979, only 458 of West Germany's 2,000-plus aktiengesellschaften, or stock corporations, were quoted on the country's exchanges.

Comparisons

By international comparison, West Germany comes far down the list. In the UK in 1978, 2.795 companies were quoted on the country's stock exchanges; in France the total was 1,101; Japan, 1,709; while in the U.S., New York alone could boast 1,581 company quotations.

Not only are there far fewer quoted companies in West Germany than in most other industrialised countries, but even those that are traded on the stock exchanges are often owned to a great extent by the banks, which have a closer-some would say more incestuous-relationship with industrial companies than is usual elsewhere.

Attempts baye been made to interest more of the public in owning industrial equity. There is a movement for wider share ownership, and many of the leading industrial companies regularly offer shares at very

The lack of interest and lower level of business was shown last year in the total volume of transactions at the Frankfurt Exchange, Both shares and fixed capital markets bave again been interest securities reflected the attracting increasing inflows of fall in the index, and the total interest securities reflected the funds—a relief after the massive turnover showed an even more

dramatic fall of 21.6 per cent to DM 68.3bn, compared with DM 87.1bn in 1978. This was the first time since 1976 that the The fact that the dollar is volume of dealings had

> The structure of West German tock markets mirrors the federal structure of the state, with no single exchange having the pre-eminence of New York in the U.S., London in the UK, or Tokyo in Japan.

> The Frankfurt Exchange, however, has emerged as the strongest contender as a result of its growing international links. As the city has become the aingle most important financial centre of the Federal Republic, so its stock market has benefited, taking on a special importance ahead of other regional exchanges such as Dusseldorf, Munich or Hamburg.

Frankfurt accounted for 46 per cent of the total volume of dealings on German exchanges. It clearly faces its bardest fight against other German regional-markets new entrants to the market in the turnover of domestic shares, where its share of the total West German volume amounted to 38 per cent, and its share last year was 41 per the 263 of 10 years earlier.

In the sale of foreign shares. however, it is pre-eminent, taking 67 per cent of the total business. Last year it claimed 80 per cent of the volume of fixed interest securities isued from foreign sources.

Until 1977, fixed interest bonds were accounting for a growing share of the total Frankfurt Exchange, but during the last couple of years this

process has been halfed. Las year shares took 39.3 per cent of total business, compared with

33.9 per cent in 1977. Of the sbares turnover of DM 12.5bn. German securifies accounted for DM 9.76n, 30.5 per cent of total market turnover, while foreign shares built up a turnover of DM 2.8bn, some 8.8 per cent of the total market.

The importance of fereign shares on the Frankfurt market has grown considerably during the past three years, accounting for 8.8 per cent of the total market in 1979, compared with only 4.3 per cent in 1977.

Foreign securities

Again, the importance of foreign securities to the Frankfuri market can be measured by the number of companies quoted on the Federal Republic's leading exchanges The number of quoted

domestic companies has been declining steadily over the pas 10 years, and the number in most years more than out-welched by those leaving the arena. By the end of 1979; only 227 German companies were in domestic bonds sales, where quoted in-Frankfurt as against

Foreign names have be seeking quotations in Frankfurt with increasing regularity, however, and by the end of 1979 the total of foreign quoted companies bad risen to 179 compared with only 42 in 1968.

As a result. Frankfurt could boast 406 company quotationsby the end of last year, a marginal addition of eight over volume of trading done on the the position a year earlier.

Kevin Done



Hamburg stock exchange: the strong D-mark is the main attraction for foreign investors

SCHRODER, MUNCHMEYER, HENGST & CO. BANK

Investment Services

2000 Hamburg 1 Ballindamm 33 Tel.: 32 95-1 Telex 02-162 151

Friedensstraße 6-10 Tel.: 2179-1 Telex 04-13 756

6050 Offenbach a. M. Kaiserstraße 73 Tel.: 2179-1 Telex 04-152 813

Foreign incentive programme to aid poorer regions

WHILE West Germany as a available.
Whole raced shead with its. The third principal object of country's more vulnerable rialised regions that are heavily regions trailed behind in a dis. dependent on the fortunes of a tinefly unmiraculous way. To single industry, such as the stave off serious regional dis. Saarland, This region—at least parties, the Bonn Government until the investment incentives introduced a comprehensive investment incentive programme dependent on the coal and steel which is of considerable interest industries. Both these sectors to both foreign and domestic bave naturally been especially

The incentive scheme has indeed the steel industry is still three main objects. First it has talking of an enduring crisis tried to counter-balance the with declining demand and low psychological and economic de-terrents to investing in West. The need for a co-ordinated. Berlin and in those areas near regional investment policy only the East German border. Quite apart from the political uncer recession. ample, regular freight trans miracle and unemployment port to Berlin, the partition of edging nowards, it suddenly Germany also brought with it became clear both to Bonn and economic problems for companies based near the East (Laender) that a joint pro-West border. Such companies gramme was needed. often depended on trade with. For foreigners it seems nearby areas, which were auto astomishing that some sort of matically cut off when the Iron investment link-up had not Curtain fell

in seem i fon 30: ket turn es ould e 2.8bn total na

1237]04

A second target for investment incentives is the prein the north of Germany, which be drawn into the orbit of the have a low level of industrialisation and which find it diffi- happened, and industries near cult to attract large concerns.

workers, reluctant to commit cities. themselves to the farm and not finding any suitable industrial through much of the rivalry of work, leave the state. This in the various Laender and estabturn discourages new investors lished a uniform set of lished for the type of invest-and puts pressure on other standards for investment assist ment involved—rationalisation states or towns which may have ance. They have also effectively or start-up investment for exonly a limited number of jobs ended the notorious

nomic miracle, some of the investment aid is those industwere introduced-was strongly

> regional investment policy only really hit home after the 1966-67 recession. ... Then with cracks to the 11 federal states gramme was needed.

been thought of before hat the general assumption since the War had been that regional and that the poorer areas would wealthier. In fact, the reverse ult to attract large concerns. the East-West border began to These areas are frequently hit wither away as more and more a vicious circle—young skilled workers left for the

Three national laws have cut

subsidies, whereby a whole region-irrespective of relative wealth-was boosted by federal

The original two laws, which were passed in 1969, are known as the investment Allowance Law and the Law Ruling on Improvement of Regional Economic Structure. These form a complementary basis for investment aid. The first provides a tax free investment allowance of 10 per cent for projects in the East-West zonal order areas, and 8.75 per cent of the investment sum in special development regions, such as

Discretion

This legally guaranteed basic incentive can then he topped up with investment grants made available under the second law. Such supplements allow the Laender a considerable degree of discretion and enable them to some extent to guide investment flow to the neediest parts. In the zonal border areas, the investment dominantly rural areas, such as differences would gradually blur allowance plus grant can reach the state of Schleswig Holstein and that the poorer areas would a maximum of 25 per cent of a maximum of 25 per cent of 1n other investment costs. areas, the maximum swings between 10 and 20 per cent. A third component of the

country's investment scheme was put into place in 1970, providing for close co-ordination between Bonn and the Leander in determining the main " stress areas." Gradings were estab-"watering ample-and 329 key locations sreas have been agreed.

A West German Chamber of Commerce analysis recently reloased makes two further points worth bearing in mind for potential investing companies. Development incentives are only granled on investments by companies whose products are sold at supra-regional level, while investments in corporate expansion are supported only if either 50 or more new jobs are created or if the potential size of the workforce is in-creased by at least 15 per cent. The idea of this last point is to ensure that development funds are not being claimed by companies that would have gone ahead with the investment any-

However, the bigb threshhold does mean that small companies are somewhat neglected. The Laender admittedly have funds available for spurring investments among smaller concerns -but the incentives bave been deliberately made less attrac tive than for the larger concerns so as not to conflict with the strategic alms of the joint Bonn-Laender programme.

But small companies can benefit quite considerably from the so-called European covery Programme, which provides cheap credits for invest-ments in development regions. The ERP fund is rooted in the post-War Marsball Ald programme. Then, goods supplied to the German Government by Deutsche Marks by German companies and the money now forms the basis of the ERP fund which is solely ear-marked for national economic develop-

Small companies can receive trading).
loans of up to DM 100,000 for Accord investment in equipment, or up



هكذامن العصل

The Hamburg waterfront. Scandinarian companies invest in the city because of its geographical proximity

West Germany's stringent environmental rules, costly technology. The ERP also development area. provides aid for a wide number other expansion-related

For overseas concerns, investment in West Germany can often be as much determined by tradition as incentive. But in some cases these two criteria happily overlap. Thus Scandinavian and Finnish concerns have tended to invest in Hamburg and Schleswig Holstein hecause of the geographical proximity and because of the of the huslnesses involved (shipping and wood

According to a Commerzbank study, Dutch and an increasing to DM 150,000 if the investment number of Swedish companies are investing lo North Rhine- jobs were created and 760,000 fund can also be helpful for Westphalia — which is also threatened jobs were safe- and grants should be adjusted to

small companies obliged to meet eligible for some investment guarded. incentives. There are also many French concerns in the Saaroften involve the installation of land, which is another special

> British companies have tended to concentrate around companies often favour the Frankfurt area, both because of the easy air link with the U.S. and because it is in the heart of the American military zone.

In general, the investment incentive programme appears to be achieving lts primary objectives. The Economics Ministry estimates that between 1972 and 1978, over 27,000 investment projects (total value over DM 6Sbn) were officially sponsored. Over 500,000 new

There bave, however, been fundamental criticisms of the system as it stand: There i a bodies as the Bavarian Ministry of Economics and the Kiel Insti-North Rhine-Westphalia; U.S. tute for World Economics-that investment is being poured into the development regions with-out any real control. This is increasing State influence throughout the country—thus development areas now embrace 61 per cent of federal territory. compared to under 40 per cent

> There seem to be two main bodies of criticism. One view, shared by some of the ricber Laender, is that the number of development areas should be reduced and that more power should be given to the Laender. The other, more theoretical perspective is that allowances

the qualification level of the newly-created jobs and not to the amount of capital invested This would encourage investment in innovation and in knowhow rather than in the preservalion of inefficient industrial

The present balance of power -with Christian Democrats governing the majority of the Laender and the Social Democrats and Free Democrats holding power in Bonn-makes it extremely unlikely that there will be any reform of the system before the October elections.

Even if the CDU wins the elections in October, the joint Bonn-Laender scheme is likely to survive, if only because coordinated investment is infinitely preferable to the anarchic scramble for regional aid which characterised the 1960s,

Roger Boyes

Property prices stabilise after an 18-month climb

BUOYED by the general growth dustry and commerce, the rate of 6 per cent and is cansof the economy in the past two-attractions of being close to the ing great concern for the mone-and-a-half—years. the West major markets of having shortary authorities in the Federal German property market has the transport and communical Republic. The rate may fall idone much to recover from the tions links, and of being able to later this year, but the Government of the contraction with the representation of the contraction with the representation of the contraction of the coften bitter experiences suffered draw staff from a far more ment's hope that inflation could

new orders taken by building ments in this sector to invest-companies in recent months, the ment interests is becoming in-backlog will ensure a further creasingly dependent on the dining of about 5.5 per cent in successful agreement of longhullding activity in 1980, albeit with some stagnation at this level in the second half of the

year. In many categories of pro-perty both private and commercial, the over-supply of the mid-1970s has alreely been absorbed. In spite of the high level of

supply.

At the same time, bowever, property developments and purchases are also making an Wootton led it to comment that impact in checking demand, a remarkable turn-around in the especially in the private sector. market had occurred, and that In general, a certain levelling there could be dramatic rises off of both rentals and purchase in rents during the next few prices is being seen across the West German market after the relatively sbarp rate of inflation

of the past 18 months.
The West German Estate Agents' Federation says prices for general commercial office accommodation have stabilised in recent weeks. The pressure of empty offices on the market - bas been relieved, however.

In Frankfurt and Hamburg, there has been a big reduction in the amount of office space available for renting. Munich is already reporting the first signs of a shortage of office

Competitive

Average rentals in large towns for offices offering high grade use appear to have settled at around DM 12 V DM 15 (£2.90 to £3.65) a square metre. In the main cities and major conurhations, however, new customers are having to pay about DM 20, and even more is being demanded for

newly-built offices. In the highly competitive retail market, the tough fight for customers and, therefore, prime sites—is reflected in the way rental demands have developed for first class retail

Even the smaller stores on attractive sites in the centre of large towns can cost more than DM 150 a square metre a month, although rentals for large stores tend to fall between DM 100 and DM 120. In the smaller towns, retailers are having to pay hetween DM 70 and DM 120.

year.

As far as other business and and ebove all, the reduction of industrial property is concerned, the present rate of inflation. industrial property is concerned, estate agents report a marked irend back towards the big tion remains the envy of most conurbations.

in the mid-1970s.

The construction industry has are beginning to ontweigh the made a major contribution to advantages of special development gramts and tax incentives.

West: Germany's economic ment grants and tax incentives ment grants and tax incentives controlling inflation has a direct inpact on the property market.

Sales of speculative development on the property market.

Sales of speculative development in this sector to invest.

Optimism .

There is no return to the golden age of the early 1970s in -memories are, perhaps, not short enough to allow that—but several foreign estate building activity, there are that but several foreign estate parrow segments of the market agents viewing the German market are more optimistic now signs of demand ontstripping than they have been for several years.

West German property is quickly rising prices and the again an attractive asset to pro-mounting costs of financing more. A detailed study of the mote. A detailed study of the Frankfurt area by Jones Lang

> Last year was one of the best for the West German property market since the boom years of the early 1970s, according to a recent report from Richard

Behind the renewed interest from abroad is the fact that the West German economy is atill developing rather better than the majority of its competitors, and despite the prospect of a slow-down in the second half of 1980 it has resisted the onset of recession more robustly than most other industrialised nations.

The Government's forecasts at the beginning of the year of an economic growth in 1980 of some 2.5 per cent, compared with 4.4 per cent last year, could well be exceeded. Even the Bundesbank the West German Central Bank, is ready to admit that a growth of more than 3 per cent is possible.

The weakness of the Deutsche Mark against the dollar in the first four months of 1980 also appears to have been a passing phenomenon. With the fall in U.S. interest rates, the attraction of the dollar for speculative capital flows has diminished and the spectacular ontflow of capital from West Germany earlier this year has been reversed.

The problems posed by the balance of payments, however, which represent a more deeprooted threat to the stability of the Deutsche Mark remain, and are far less likely to respond to short-term treatment. Bundesbank makes clear that the top priorities must remain DM 70 and DM 120.

Rentals in this sector have risen, on average, by more than 10 per cent during the past 10 provides must be reduction of the current account deficit (last year's DM9bn is expected to grow to more than DM20bn in 1980)

West Germany's rate of inflaother countries, but it has For senior managers in in- recently exceeded on annual

tight control on the money supply and credit together with bigb interest rates. It has raised key interest rates twice term leases with first class in recent months but resisted pressure to reduce them since in the wake of falling U.S. interest rates.

The effect has been to sharply push up the cost of property financing, and this bas had a sharp impact in the home-owning sector. The demand for private properties fell markedly during the spring of this year and at the same time rapid price rises in the private property sector lost much of their force.

Financing bas caused prob-

lems for so many potential owners that the buying market bas contracted. Even the frontrunners, private detached houses, terraced bouses and privately-owned flats, have been affected by the fall in demand. flats rose by up to 30 per cent last year, partly because of the short supply of suitable properties, but also because many buyers were eager to agree contracts before another rise in interest rates, which are fixed for long periods in West Ger-

Falling demand

Estate agents say all the signs for the next year point towards falling demand but little change in prices for private property. Buyers have the chance to make very careful assessments before moving into the market, and many sellers may have to reduce

New building sites are still costing about a third more than year ago, and in some areas, such as the big cities, property and sites available cannot meet demand.

Rents for what new flats are aavilable in major cities are 10 per cent higher than a year ago. In Berlin, Hamburg, Munich, Cologne, Dusseldorf and Frankfurt, new houses and flats in prime areas are attracting rents of DM 12 to DM 15 square metre.

New commercial property developments are also needed in several West German cities if the expected growth in demand is to be met. But the balance between supply and demand is very fine, and can easily be disturbed. New investors will need to

confirm that in their chosen sector short-term shortages would not change quickly into a position of over-supply. With that caution granted, however, West Germany still offers an enviable degree of economic stability which could pay large dividends in the long term.

Kevin Done

OUR SPECIALISTS WILL SHOW YOU HOW UNIVERSAL WE ARE



Clients of a large international commercial bank expect a universal range of services. But they also expect the bank to possess strengths in special areas where individual cases call for extra-

ordinary expertise. For DG BANK, both are axiomatic. On the one hand, you can count on us for full-service versatility. On the other hand, direct contact with our specialists gives you the added benefits of personal attention and fast decisions. So we're also the right people to call for creative answers to your very special needs. Such as long-term corporate mark the beginning of a lasting relationship.

financing, for example, in DM as well as other major currencies, on a fixed or floating-rate basis. To ensure that our comprehensive range of

services is internationally accessible, DG BANK maintains bases in the world's key financial and commercial centers. As a member of the UNICO BANKING GROUP we have furthermore joined forces with five large European banks, and we maintain contacts with financial institutions world-

·Why not give us a ring? A short call could

DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank, P.O. Box 2628, Wiesenhuettenstrasse 10, D-6000 Frankfurt am Main 1, West Germany. Phone: (611) 26 80-1, Telex: 4 12 291.



Managing the future with the BV Lion in West Germany and worldwide

With a strong traditional background Bayerische

Vereinsbank's approach to the future is both modern and creative. Hence our readiness to finance progressive new technologies such as the European Airbus, satellite research, transport and communication systems etc. Not only do our resources -BV's consolidated assets exceed DM 82 billion - go to finance the development of such technologies. Our bank's organisation relies on a broad range of sophisticated technical systems which refine and facilitate the innovative services we offer our clients worldwide. Linked internally by an electronic teleprocessing system, ÉV's international branch network is also connected to the international payments

There are branches of Bayerische Vereinsbank in

London and Tokyo, as well as a US network in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, Atlanta and Cleveland operating under the name UBB -Union Bank of Bavaria. The Bayerische Vereinsbank's international presence mirrors our farranging expansion and diversification, covering financial centres such as Luxembourg, Zurich, Paris, Caracas, Hong Kong, Johannesburg, Rio de Janeiro, Bahrain and Athens. If familiarity with the German markets applied by an international banking operation is what you need, why not get in touch with us? The BV lion brings Germany nearer to you.

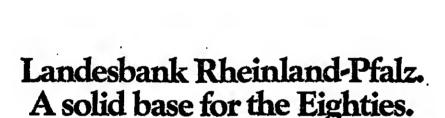
Bayerische Vereinsbank Head Office Munich, International Division Kardinal-Faulhaber-Strasse 1, D-8000 München 2 Telephone (089) 2132-1, Telex 529 921 bvmd SWIFT BVBE DE MM

system SWIFT.

Great Britain

Bayerische Vereinsbank (Union Bank of Bavaria) London Branch 40, Moorgate London EC2R 6EL Telephone (01) 628 9066

Bayerische Vereinsbank International Société Anonyme 17. Rue des Bains Boîte Postale 481 Luxembourg



Balance Sheet 1979

	in millio 1979	ns of DN 1978	1 +%%
Volume of business	25,043	23,292	+ 7.5
Total assets	24,431	22,713	
Credits and loans	14,338	12,656	+13.3
Securities	2,323	1,901	+22.2
Deposits	9,159	9,497	% 3.6
Bonds	10,824		+16.5
Capital and reserves	505	426	+18.5
Fiduciary accounts	2,325	2,183	+ 6.5
Building society	1,423	•	+27.5
Balance sheet profit	17		+13.3
Number of employees	1,819	1,771	+ 2.7

For further information please write in for our annual report. Marketing and Public Relations Department, Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz, Grosse Bleiche 54–56, D-6500 Mainz.



At the Heart of German Business.

Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz – Girozentrale – Mainz, Kaiserslautern, Koblenz.
Frankfurt (Stock Exchange Office) – Subsidiaries in Berlin, Zurich, Nassau/Bahamas,
Luxembourg.



L'Oiseau de Feu by Wassily Kandinsky. Classical modern art is second only to 19th-century paintings in popularity

Collecting 'the beautiful and the useful' carries risks

votes two pages to the latest during the early days of the developments in the arts fair.

market. Water-colours by Ednard
Die Welt, ooe of the blg
Bargheer, from around 1947 and
national papers, also reports oo
1970, were a big success. attract-

paper, gives tips on investments in art, antiques and the like.
This is a clear lodication of the German's joterest io ooe of the strangest of all markets, the

arts market. Here, art—which bas to do Dortmund with immaterial values—and summed up commerce - something very material-frivolously combine to lure a third, the collector. The laws of supply and demand and buy oow. If you can offer apply to this market only to a them quality art, it is as good

something hitberto unknown, demand cannot really exist. one-sidedly. dominates the market. Sometimes curiosity, a substitute for demand, bas to be aroused, often through tricks and scandals, for boyers to come forward.

There are eveo fewer criteria for the commercial value of a work of art than for its artistic Time and material invested to produce it do not belp with the price calculation of such goods. Appreciation, not assessment of value, decide the price of works of art.

This is why they do not guarantee risk-free increases in value. A collector may speak of his paintings as "sbares on the wall." But a new artistic fad, an economic depression or political changes accompanied by cuts in the State's Arts budget may lead to a completely changed market and price scale even for "eternal" works.

Inflation

Yet Germans appear to believe in the combination of "the beautiful and the useful," as Gunther Abels, bead of the Rhenish Arts Dealers' Federation, described arts investments. Total German turnover of works of art, antiques and old oriental rugs in 1976, the latest official figure available, was to DM 407m (£98.369m) but rising rates of inflation have accelerated investors' flight into

A Frankfurt antique market

dealer recently guessed that present annual turnover is as much as DM 8bn, around DM 1.2bn seems more realistic to Mr. Abels, who hased this on the basis of a 100 per cent price rise and a 20 per cent increase in customers over four years. Results of West Germany's biggest arts fair in Duesseldorf last March—considered to be the trend setter for the season
have confirmed a buoyant
market with easy sales to a
widening clientele at steadily rising prices. It is, bowever, not comparable to the U.S., where record prices of up to \$100,000 (£43,000) were paid at recent

The majority of the 173 gallery owners from all over West Germany who exhibited at Duesseldorf spoke of an overwhelming success.

After German and French cent share of the market last year—classical modern art was the most sought after. A Gouache by Fraoz Marc was sold for a surprisingly high DM 440,000 (£106,344), and a Nolde painting realised more than DM 350,000. A Kandiosky, a Rohlfs, a Nay ienced younger art-lovers buy,

art auctions, arts fairs and iog between DM 3,000 and spectacular sales of works of art oo Saturday.

And Welt Am Sonntag, the natioo's only major Sunday Duesseldorf Group of Zero and Du even mirror objects by Bonato and Mergert found an avid, knowledgeable public.

The bulk of turnover coo-sisted of pieces ranging between DM 5,000 and DM 50,000. A Dortmund gallery-owner summed up the fair as "a real feast." He said: "The dealers

are all happy. Many people are afraid of future cost explosions

Demand for quality, for the works of established, prominent artists, characterised trading. This demand, which reflects customers' investment thinking, became noticeable last year wheo sales starte dto pick np after a five-year lull.

Even trade in Old Masters.

which bas been difficult in Germany for 40 years profited from this phenomenon. Chiefly high quality 17th century paint-ings by Dutch Masters Hendrick Schock, Andriaen Van Der Werff, Claes Molenar and J. Ph. Hackert sold well. Prices for Old Masters have gone up by an average 10 to 15 per cent since 1979.

However, dealers complained that they were offered little for purchase, probably because these pictures yield twice as in Londoo because of

Britaio's high rate of inflation. A lot of money was spent on actique furniture, although only quality items bad a chance of being bonght. Over-priced run-of-the-mill pieces were shunned. Dealers agreed that the public

had become more critical and better informed in recent years. Favourites were German and French baroque furniture, which cost about 30 per cent more than a year ago. This signalled the end of a two-year stagnation in the antique furniture market.

Dealers specialising in Asiatica and old Oriental rugs were disappointed at Duesseldor, one said: "There are no collectors in Germany. If ooe wants to trade one bas to go to London, New York or Hong Kong."

Cheap imports

The antique carpet business labours under the inflow into West Germany of relatively cbeap modern Oriental rugs, DM 2.4bn worth of which were sold there in 1979 alone.

The 1979 auction results prove that investors readily bought good quolity at between DM 8,000 and DM 30,000. The

silk tabris, bowever, which was offered at DM 525,000 at Munich's antique fair last October, is not likely to find a buyer Precious China, glassware and actique silverware did only

moderately well. Prices in these sectors are spiralling, which has led to an ever-tighter market. Not only was there little de-19th century paintings, especimand, dealers noted, but con-ally landscapes—the market trary to previous year, they leader since 1977 with a 58 per were offered little to huy. "One cannot help but feel that good pieces are becoming extremely

Of around 1,200 contemporary artists represented by the Federation of German Gallery Owners, only 10 per cent are attractiv enough as moneymakers to be bandled by big dealers. Yet the small gallery owner rarely has the funds to opeo a stand at an arts fair which would make his proteges

Thus investment in the arts

—German style—makes the rich among artists and gallery-own-ers richer and the poor poorer,

EVERY WEEKEND, Handelsblatt, West Germany's leading
economic daily newspaper, deRottluffs were all snapped up a success.

Duesseldorf's fair has againwitz sculptures and a Schmidtwhich may or may not become
great German arts centies
great German arts centies
which also hold fairs regularly in which also hold fairs regularly -Cologne, Hanover and Munich -have likewise sbown in the

> young, unknown art is. Of these centres Manich is possibly still the best market for avant garde art—with its opeo, rather unconservative, public which welcomes the unusual and has often paved the way for artistic newcomers, especially from Eastern Europe.

past bow difficult the trade with

Elgin Schroeder



NOW HELP US TELL AMERICA ABOUT

INVESTING IN **WEST GERMANY**

Today's Financial Times survey is going to appear a second time—in World Business Weekly on August 4th.

World Business Weekly is a close relative of the FT-it is published each Monday in New York as a 64-page magazine containing news items and background on world business trends. Material from the Financial Times is specially selected and re-edited for the internationally-minded business community of North and South America.

Since its launch in October 1978 "WBW" has attained a weekly circulation of 20,000, predominantly in the USA, with a wide distribution among the different business centres. It is rated as a first-class guide to what is happening in the business world outside the Americas.

On August 4th a specially condensed and adapted version of today's Survey will tell America all about Investing in West Germany.

If you would like to help us tell the story by taking advertising space in WBW, get in touch at once with:

NEW YORK: Bud Ward, Advertising Director, World Business Weekly, 135 West 50th Street, New York NY10019. Tel: (212) 245 7784. Telex: 428554.

LONDON: Richard Oliver, International Advertisement Manager, World Business Weekly. Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY. Tel: 01-248 8000. Telex: 889027.



FINANCIAL TIMES OF LONDON World Business

Lord Snow by Anthony Curtis

Tuesday aged 74, was for the Rarely would he jib at review for this newspaper. reason of topicality or newspaper. It is difficult to think of the worthiness, wished him to re-FT Books Page without his per- view. ceptive well-infomed appraisal But after some mild pressure of the main book of the week. Often he would agree in the end Snow possessed an enormous

range — books by and about the Bloomsbury Group were his one blind spot — and was an emnivorous and astonishingly. rapid reader. Over a whole stint as a regular fiction-reviewer decade his reviews appeared for one of the Sundays while with unfailing punctuality; even working as a Civil Service Comwhen he visited America or was missioner; but had not been on holiday he would ensure that until I approached him in 1970 a regular weekly reviewer. The we had sufficient reviews in a regular weekly reviewer. The frand to use in his absence.

their respective merits or lack of merit would be described by Snow, who appeared to have Ministry of Technology was also read them already from cover completed. There were still to cover A programme of red distant rumhlings in the air over views for the next few weeks: his battle with F. R. Leavis

to do it. Some of his most brilliant reviews would come from this initial stance of reluctance

He had when younger done a stint as a regular fiction-reviewer moment proved to be propitious. No literary editor ever had a to literature. The Strangers and more co-operative colleague to Brothers series in which his work with. He never appeared own early life in Leicester and in the office. Parcels of books, at Cambridge before the Second selected by me would be de World War is mirrored in the selected by me would be de World War is mirrored in the livered to his home and within a few days a telephone conversation would follow in which period in Government working their respective merits or lack as Under-Secretory to Frank

After the first few reviews had appeared it hecame clear that he was a weekly critic in the great tradition of Edmund Gosse and Harold Nicolson whom to read regularly was an education in itself.

Alongside tha reviewing the crealive work continued, novels such as The Malcontents and the most recent A Coat of Varnish, show him attempting to come to terms with a society about which he was in the last analysis deeply pessimistic.

To the end however whether lecturing to a distinguished scientific audience in some academic setting or among his eclectic circle of friends, which included policemen and filmproducers as well as dons and writers, he remained a great hnilder of confidance, not through flattery or complacent admiration, but through the penetrating discernment and the whnle of his life.

Open Air Theatre, Regent's Park

A Midsummer Night's Dream

by MICHAEL COVENEY

coldest aver recorded for July, delivery, reministent of Arianna and the odd spot of rain contriand the odd spot of rain contri-buted to the sense of witnessing a midsummer night's wet dream. As usual in the park, nowever, Celia Bannerman's production ignores the erotic element in the comedy and concentrates on the traditional representations given a low-key reading by John Nolan that is largely a failure. As usual in the park, however, of Byronic lovers, fairles with bairy legs and pointed ears, and the jovial rough-and-tumble among hard-handed mechanicals.

All three spheres are intelligently served and Miss
Bannerman's clearly stressed
exposition ensures that the
evening drives towards
the nuptial relebrations in the
challenge of the control of t shadow of a great house, the

are e

er and 🔭

shown b

the more

res Minne

: 1951 16

917-61

1710 ATESTO

心怖的 医

ten para L' nowez

iri İs

Lysander's myopia (Puck has to quarrel scene has not yet quite meot, a cuddly inexpressive ac-remove his spectacles in order hit its stride, but some small cessory that muffles the hizarre

Wigmore Hall

Tuesday night was one of the Hippolyta's exotically stilted seeing these nincompoops con-Shankley's Puck is a cackling satyr in the traditional vein, given to acrohatic dives over the

> although his inadvertent greeting of a delayed customer after the interval as his "mad spirit" raised the evening's biggest laugh. Douglas Heard's Demetrius is

delightful Helena, a willowy hlonde whose prim Cheltenham architecture evocatively lit through the impressively shimmering greenery.

Ladies' College demeanour, full ioned centre-forward, bellowing of calculated spite and smug a phrase from Figure on each pride in her own rhetoric, constraints and fully deserving his tonches as Flute's had hreath, korn's spitfire Hernia. The high bead, though is a disappoint means of the high bead.

demned, literally, to lie on "the dank and dirty ground." The mechanicals' efforts to

entertain the nobility are carefully charted, with Ian Lindsay as Quince puzzling with touch ing deliheration over how best to solve the problems of stag-ing "Pyramus and Thisbe." That interlude, which never fails, is gloriously performed, thanks mainly to Bernard Bresslaw's combination of fawning tion as Bottom/Pyramus and phlegmatic stolcism of James Cairnerose as Starveling/

Mr. Bresslaw, about two feet taller than anyone else on stage, leads the line like an old-fashto administer the charm) and sadistic pleasure may be had at comedy of the bower scenes,

Haydn Festival by DAVID MURRAY

more—piano pieces, songs and Solodehim's slightly disem— a metal-edged forle—would not varied chamber misic, with at bodied timbre set her still furcleast two string quartets in each programme. (In tonight's concert, They had far more to do in the C certainly the elaborate finesse night is Havdo night at the Wig there are also four of the Bary- major Quartet, op. 74 nomber 1, inere are also four of the Bary major Quartet, op. 74 nomher l, ton Trios that formed so large and the ensemble playing was a part of Haydn's output in his first decade with the Ester most delicately shaded Andantino was a lesson in disclosing the expressive power of Haydn's music without romanticising Sheppard playing to an inderservedly small audience lower string parts was a continuous promising a standard which tinual nleasure.

Quartet from op. 17. It treats For a time I wondered whether happily into place.

Until Thursday next, every the first violio with lavish his range of effects-from a

The Delme offered a pretty festival with the last of Haydn's century scale, and all his account of the early D major sonatas, the great E-flat work, attractive sophisticalion fell

Sheppard applied to the ornaments of the Adagio made ils unyielding tread unwontedly elastic. The extreme alertness and febrile conceolration of the playing won through, however: this was a new-minted, even experimental reading that gripped one's attention honestly. but promising a standard which tinual pleasure.

With the F major Sonata of Sheppard hegan his 1773. Sheppard was more conadmirably.

Sizeable contribution to the sistently faithful to the 18th-

attractive sophistication fell

York Festival The Power and the Glory

The reanimated York Festival phantamogoric, sizzling in biblical subject, irreliginus in has attained a triumphant figuration that throws up total effect. Any vestige of apotheosis, having exceeded minatory marches: Elgar's spirituality has become elegiac; even the most sanguine expecta- Edwardian world was shortly the waters of Bahylon episodes even the most sanguine expectations in box-office returns. The to reach physical dissolution in wait in Delian chromaticism for tions in box-office returns. The to reach physical dissolution in wait in Delian chromaticism for penultimate concert in the first of the world Wars, an innocence lost, being impenultimate concert in the Balle and it is the prerogative of material only in the sense that Minster, given hy tha Halle and it is the prerogative of Orchestra and the Huddersfield artists to be also prophets. Choral Society under Pritchard. Against this the slow movewas splendidly but subtly attuned to success, for it presanted two masterplaces that stemmed from and sustained the heyday of Britain's imperial power and glory, while at the same time undermining them elegiacally or satirically. Elgar's First Symphony, written in 1908 when he was at the height of his powers, received over a difficult to perform. The Halle hundred performances, in various parts of the world, during its first year.

magnificently nobilmente A flat elevating in exactly due propormajor theme with which the tion, work opens, allied with the extraordinary virtuosity of the compositional and orchestral technique, generates a confidence that people relished as an affirmation of a civilisation, takes over the public manner as well as mere material might, of English oratorio, which had which thay had created and come to fruition with the believed in. But what makes of our mercantile prosperity. Elgar's symphony a great work. The rhythmic exuberance, the and one that has enhanced its sonorous spacing, the physical stature, is that its grandeur is excitation of the scoring have aware of mysterious duhieties obvious affinities with Handel's beneath the façade: the nobil- choral style as adapted to our mente melody that opens the mammoth industrial technosymphony proves to be ideality cracy. But animation has rather than reality, for it is turned into animus, revealing precariously disturbed by the Edwardian pomp and circumstresses and counterstresses of stance in the luridly cruck the main allegro, in the remote colours they betray when de-key of D minor, and is sub- prived of Elgar's Inner light. mitted to anti-development that it is fragmented rhythmic-

ally, tonally, enbarmonically.

ment, the first theme of which is miraculously identical in pitch with the scherzo's gibbering, sings in aspiration of a haven beyond mundane might, blooming in lyrical arches, cadencing in dying falls. Since this symphony is as introvertedly subtle as it is extravertly rhetorical, it is extremely Orchestra plays Elgar as to the manner born, and Pritchard steered them through a per-One can hear why. The formance invigorating and

> Walton's Belshazzer's Feast. composed in 1931 for the Leeds Festival, makes a perfect foil to the Elgar symphony, for in it a North Country composer

The Elgarian orchastra, and rather than development in therefore the Elgarian symptoms is transmented rhythmic phony, were made possible only lly, tonally, enbarmonically. by modern technology, yet it's The tune survives at the end significant that this First Symof the movement, but dimly, in phony, designed for the civic haze of twill futtering: 50 concert hall that celebrates a a mane or twint that the materially-biased society, should might an additionally bronic that it seems inevitable that the interest should sound at home in an occlesiast wist no less piquant because present opposite poles of tical hullding: whereas Walton's Walton had not intended it experience. The scherzo is oratorio proves, despite its WILFRID MELLERS

they yearn retrospectively for valoes alien to the current materialities celebrated in the tremendous chorus in praise of gold; silver, iron, stone and (in three senses) Brass.

After such homage to the props of industrial affluence il's hardly surprising that the music the Hebrews sing in triumph over their adversaries should be identical in character with that yelled by the idolatrous Bahylonians - alleviated only by the beautiful episode wherein they contemplate, momentarily, their own mortality. Now they're top-dogs, the Christians will obviously behave in much the same way as the heatheos: so in a sense Belshazzar's Feast carries to a aavagely ironic but logical conclusion the satirical mode Walton had started from in Facade.

Orchestrally, everything may be rejoiced in because everything, nice or nasty, "sounds; chorally, voices are inspired by the brilliant writing, whether to valadictory ululation or to corybantic fervour. This famous choir, exhorted by Pritchard'a ebullience, sang raggedly but as though possessed, while the Hslle and the superb Black Dyke Mills Band revelled in their sonorous splendours. And although the music might have seemed still more hrazenly sssured in the roseate opulence of the Leeds Town Hall it was made for, the Minster's Gothic setting brought unexpected compensations: the reverberation was indeed awe-inspiriog, and gave to tha equivocation between material and apiritual

WILFRID MELLER



Royal Shakespeare Theatre

Hamlet by B. A. YOUNG

ler cao he judged. It won't knocked serve for Michael Pennington's Hamlet Hamlet, however, for he never lets us see his true character. hut conceals it beneath an antic disposition " even before his fatal encounter with his father's spirit.

When we first see him his mourning suggests a mockery; he is wearing what looks like ingratiation and rude inspira- a slept-in dinner-jackel. He is more untidy still after the meeting wih Ophelia that she describes so closely to her father, hut he is deliherately Bohemian. with a heret on the back of his head, ao open shirt and waislcoat and something like overgrown Bermuda shorts; he has a quill hehind his ear, an inkhorn slung before him, a pouch at his side. He has pul all this away by the time he begins work with the players: now he is dressed in a long coloured smock. His personality changes with his dress; who the real Hamlet is, you can

Government of

Southern Rhodesia

41 PER CENT STOCK 1987/92

Standard Chesterod Bank Limited and & C. J. Richards Esq., CMG, state that an amount due to them in their capacity as Trusfees of the Sinking Fund of the obovormostioned Stock, in respect of the annual Sinking Fund contribution has not been received The terms of issue provide for an annual cayment before the close of the financial year on the 30th June.

RAND SSLECTION CORPORATION LIMITED Incorporated in the Republic of South Africal

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF US OOLLADS
61: PED CENT CONVEDTIBLE LOAN 1006
Bondholders are nocified that coolus of
the Annual Report of Rand Selection Corporation Limited for the levelve months
unded 31 March 1080 may be obtained
from the office office
Angle American Corporation of
South Africa Limited,
30 Hofborn Viabuch,
London 6C1P 1AL.
Registered Office:

EVE has outlived the others because of a policy of law olay and value for morev. Suppor from 10-3.36 am. Olsco and too musiciane, olamorous hostosses. uactring thoorahows. 159. Ospent St. 7.34 0557.

PUBLIC NOTICES

INVESTIGATION SY THE MONOPOLIES AND MERGERS COMMISSION PROPOSEO ACQUISITION BY COMPAGNIC INTERNATIONALE EUROPEAR (SUBSICIARY OF RENAULT) OF GOOFREY DAVIS LTD.

Os 12th June 1980, Mr. John Nott.
Screenry for Trade_referred to the Monoportion and Murgers Commission for Javestpatient and Murgers Commission for Javestpatient of Trades Aright Street Streets
Los Fair Trades Aright Streets
Los Compagniu Internationale
Europeer Jastoidary of Rusauri of Godfrey
Osvis Lto, The Commission is required
to make its report by 11th December
1980.

Any person or organisation wishing to pive information or views on this proposed acquisition should wille as soos as possible

The Secretary
Monopolles and Mergers Commission
New Court
48 Caley Street
LONDON WCZA 2,11

TRAVEL

12-Day Charter including Food Owners Statemon and Bathroom Double Stateroom and Bathroom

Two Single Cabins

CLUBS

1 July. 1980.

GARGOYLE, 59 Dean Street, London, W1.
NEW STOTPTEASE PLOORSHOW
CLOSE ENCOUNTERS
9. Albert Embankment,
11-2.30 am Shows at Midnight and 1 am,
Mon-Pri. Closed Storgays, D1-437 6455.
2m July 1990.

Escape Now on your own Luxury Yacht

EXCLUSIVE CRUISE FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN

Spacious accommodation, sauna, water sports equipment, sailing boats, place, large susbathing decks. Ever attentive crew.

Sailing to ourt Charterers about July 20th and Snd of August —

(a) From Monte Carto for England via St. Trapez, or Solocie Islands.

Gibreiter, Lisbon or Tonglers, or Spaarsh or Franch port.

Normal high seeson charter is £1,000 per day excluding Ival and food but if you wish to charter whole yacht for friends a special inclusive rate end croise akerations are negotiable.

Enquiries-Telephone: Britain, Cardiff (0222) 24121 or after hours

Barry (0446) 741417 ask for Dragon Luxury Yachts or write: 47, Hays Mews, Berkeley Square, London WI.

From Mente Corto to Malta vie Portoline. Elbe and Capil or Sardinie. Corsica oi Sicily.

£4,988

£2,900

Price on Request

COMPANY

"He was likely, had he heen and his mother's remarriage, when he done motley Ophelia down as after "nunnery" bit,

> All this I attribute to the director, John Barlon, as much as to Mr. Pennington, for there is an extract from the forthcoming New Penguin edition printed in the programoie that draws attention 10 the constant theatrical references in the play. The production begins with an nutrageous misiudement when Barnado enters to the Elsinare battlements through a trap, as if suggesting that what we are about to sec is a panlomime. Worse, the Ghost comes in the same way, even pausing halfway up the stairs when it sees Hamlet at the top. No one erer goes out by the trap, however, so there seems no practical reason why anyone should enter by this route.

"Most royal" he may have He only once suggests the "great Act 1) to her own accompani-heen before his father's death baby" of Hamlet's judgment, meot?

NOTICES

Tasman Minerals

N.L.

(in members valuntary Inquidation)

(Australian Company)

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO

SHAREHOLDERS

Less et Shere Register Proposed Reconstruction

Proposed Reconstruction
The Share Register of the above Company has been lost. The Company has been lost. The Company has been in members valuntary winding up and its chaines ceased to tave Stock Exchange lighing as from early 1875. At this stago, it is proposed that the Company may be reconstructed and its Stock Exchange lighing may be revived.

and its Stock Exchange leating may be revived.
In order to loconotruct the Shale Register for this outpose, it is important that all chareholders immediately forward to the Company's Shale Registers, Salkeld Gregor and Tumbull, at the address shown bolow, tha originals or photocopies of all their share corrificates in the Company.

For further instructions contact:
Salkeld Gregor & Tumbull 80 South Careda, C.O. Box 148
Aubum 2144, NSW, Australia Tel: Sydnoy (Area Coda 02)

643

Signed: R. L. Salkald Sacretary/Liquideror

OECCA LIMITED

6% UNSSCURED LOAN STOCK 1980/85
NOTICE IS HERSBY GIVEN that thu
translar books of the St. Uncocured Loan
Stock will be closed from the 17th to
30th July 1080, for the drugaration of
inlarest warrangs daysles of 31st joy
1980.

BIRMINGHAM

District Council

Floating Rate

Stock 1983/85

for the six months from

3rd July, 1930 to 5rd feousty, 1981

the interest rate on the above stock

will be £16.5000% per annem.

Morgan Grenfeil & Co. Limited

By Order of the Spard.
W. L. SPALOIMG

put on, to have proved most for he has clearly been brought anonunce the Players; mostly be ruyal "-Fortinbras's judgment, up in the babit of command, is affectionate, courteous and too often neglected, is a touch. Yet even Claudius, that much even wise, Claudius and he stone by which Hamlet's charac- maligned king, wouldn't have would surely not have delayed so long when Hamlet struck Ophelia. Claudius might: Derek Godfrey keeps him coldly efficient. and he certainly doesn't lose his head when he recognises Hamlet's game with The Muroer of Gonzago. He embraces Gertrude in open court, until Polonius begins to expostulate what majesty should be. Barbara Leigh-Hunt is not an embraceable Queen on the whole: she is consciously middleaged, and her behaviour is often

> Ophelia is played very young hy Carol Royle, carrying her lute around with her as if it were a transister radio. To emphasise her madness, she goes to the Players' prop-box, which has been left upstage, and adorns berself; like Hamlet, she is a greal one for playacting. In her short white shift, she is extremely sexy; Solid, sensible behaviour is left to the scalors, especially to Tony Church's Polooius, the most persuasive performance to saw her singing her soog this part I can bring to miod. (which she sings, sanely, to

sharp and bad-tempered-

Cheitenham Festival

Song of the Clouds

by MAX LOPPERT

this year, climate and programmatic (withdrawal of the BBC Symphony Orchestra from this Sunday's concert means cancellation of two premiers).

So it is agreeable to report the success of the opening days. The chamber music halance is right-Pauk, Imai, Kirshbaum and Frankl in residence this week with programmes of Mendelssohn, and Mozart. Rawsthorne (Mooday's concert offered a notably energetic and forceful account of the Meodelssohn D minor Piano Trio); but then at Cheltenham, with the Pitville Pump-Room to add its pleasures even in wintry weather, it usually is.

Less predictable is the new work usually included in the opening orchestral concert. Anthony Payne's Soug of the Clouds for oboe and small orchestra was the new work given in the concert by the Orchestra of St. John's Smith Square 11 do wish the players would find themselves a name less elephantine).

Not all the audience thought it as beautiful as I did, to judge from the muted applause; but few, surely, could have denied therein a strong and wholly original combination of rigour, seriousness, and lyrical inspira-

The composer tells us In his programme note that his title is inlended to suggest thematic, textural, and also poetic qualities in the music. Clouds have often inspired compositions of slow pace and ruminative conlent (think of Liszt's Nuages oris or Dehussy's Nuoges, to name only two); so it should eome as no surprise that Song of the Clouds moves slowly thorough its 22 or so minutesthe thematic and rhythmic pat-terning may subdivide and increase in surface activity, but the basic movement remains oearly constant in its Lento colmo. This provides a test of audience attention span, and also of Payne's ability to sustain and develop musical thought. The latter, at least, is impres-

sively passed. The opening pages, building upwards across the striogs from the first double bass sigh, and punctuated by two horns (this, plus vibraphooe and suspended cymbal, coostitutes the full orchestra), indicate oot so much House, Floral Street, London, the thematic as the harmonic WC2 (01-240 1200).

Cheltenham (June 29-July 13) range of the music-Act III of has already suffered setbacks Triston seems particularly to supply its colouring (a significant chain of thirds and tritone brought the words "öd und leer das Meer" immediately to mind). To this the oboe adds curlicues and arabesques gradnally spun out into longer lines. The two movements function to some extent as mirror images; the close winds down into stillness much as the opening had risen out of it.

What I admire about Payne's music, and what this new piece so eloquently demonstrales, is its characteristic note of romanticism simultaneously qualified and encouraged. The music is slernly made, its thematic counterpoint muscular and carefully argued, its sound range precisely restricted in a manner specific 10 (indeed, ioseparable from) the argument—it is like Maxwell Davies' "Orkney" music in a treatment of instrumental colour at once puritanplain and delicately fantastic. And like it, too, in the way images of nature so poetically burgeon, flourish, and mingle.

Sarah Francis, inspirer of an already large tally of scores with ohoe solo, played with complete mastery a line not ohv-ously virtuoso yet strenuously demanding; and if the orchestra under John Lubbock's direction appeared to be paying insufficient atlention to dynamic contrasts, the acoustical soup of the town hall may as well have been the real cause.

Late night concert supports BBC

orchestras campaign To focus attentioo on and give

support to the Compaign To Keep The BBC Orchestras Alice the orchestra of the Royal Opera House is organising a latenight concert at Covenl Garden on Friday, July 11, at 11.15 p.m. All artists are donating their services, and proceeds will go lo the Musiciaos' Unloo Hardsblp Fund.

Sir Colin Davis, the orcbestra's principal cooductor and music director of the Royal Opera, will conduct the concert, and soloists will ioclude Jessye Norman, Jose Carreras, and Sir Geraint Evans.

Tickets are available from the Box Office of the Royal Opera

MALAYAN TIN DREDGING (M) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Molaysio)

Notice is hereby given that an extraordinary general meeting of the abovenamed company will be held at Wisma Bunga Raya, 152. Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumpur, on Monday, 21s1 July, 1980, at 10.30 a.m. for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions which will be proposed as ordinary resolutions:—

RESOLUTIONS

That approval he and is bereby given to the making by lbe company of lakenver offers under Section 179 of the Companies Act 1965 to each of the holders of fully paid shares in the capital of the following companies, namely, Southern Malayan Fin Dredging (M) Berhad, Southern Kinta Consolidated (M) Berhad, Kramat Tin Dredging Berhad, Lower Perak Tin Dredging Berhad and Bidor Malaya Tin Sendirian Berhad in accordance with the terms and conditions of the notices of takcover offer dated the 11th day of Juoe. 1980 and the takeover offer document dated 3rd of July, 1980 (the "takeovers") as presented to this meeting and initialle, by the Chairman for identification purposes and that the directors of the company be and are hereby authorised to carry the same into effect with full powers to assent to any modifications to the terms and conditions of the lakuvers which they may deem

expedient in the interests of the company.

That, immediately and contingent upon the foregoing resolution 1 being passed. the authorised capital of the company be increased to MS30.000.000 by the creation of 20.000.000 oew shares of MS1.00 each and that the directors be and are hereby authorised to issue such shares in accordance with the terms of the takeovers in so

far as the same shall be required to be issued for purposes of the lakeovers.

That, immediately and contingent upon the foregoing resolutions 1 and 2 being passed, each of the existing issued and unissued shares of WS1.00 each in the capital of the company be sub-divided into ten (10) shares of ten (10) sen each and accordingly references to the authorised capital 10 the memorandum and articles of association of the company, wherever applicable, shall he ameoded to read "MS30,000,000 divided into 300,000,000 shares of ten t10) sen each."

That no fractional part of a share shall be allotted in accordance with the terms of the takeovers but that all new shares representing fractions shall be allotted to Y. M. Raja Badrol Ahmad or failing him Encik Abdul Rahim Aki as trustees upon the terms that they shall sell the same and account for the net proceeds to those members entitled thereto in the proportions in which they are so entitled, except that amounts of less than M\$1.00 in respect of any holding will not be distributed. That the directors of the company he and are hereby authorised to issue shares of the compacy for the time heing unissued and not allotted subsequent to the takeovers referred to in the foregoing resolutions 1 and 2 as they may deem

expedient in the interests of the company without being under any obligation to offer the same lo shareholders in accordance with article 5tV1) of the articles of association of the company provided that such issues in any one financial year shall out in the aggregate exceed ten (10%) per ceotum of the then issued capital of the

By Order of the Board ZULKIFLI TALIB

3rd July 1980

Secretary

Noics:—A member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies
to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the company. To be effective, the instrument appointing a proxy must be completed in accordance with the instructions printed thereon and to he valid the proxy must reach the Malaysian Registrars at Wisma Bunga Raya, 152, Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumpur 04-06. Malaysia or the United Kiogdom Registrars, Charter House, Park Street, Ashford, Kent TN24 SEQ, not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

SIMMER AND JACK MINES LTD.

In the Birectors' Deport for the year ended 11st December 1979 if was stated that discussions were conclinating with certain jailled a property of the endorston and postable volletation of the Reofs underlying the mining lease clothes of the Group and that shareholdera would be edvised of any significant developments. The directors of Simmer and Jack now announce that as agreement has been entered into with Angla Angla Angla Angla Angla Prospecting Services IPtvl Ltd (AAPS) in terms of which AAPS will conduct a prospecting and engloration programmu and undertake a feasibility study in respect of the property of Simmer Extensions Ltd representations of Simmer and Jack and its subsidiary study will be in respected to the property of Simmer Extensions Ltd representations of their yard reefs and surface material for their gold controlt.

The prospection programma and feasibility study will be in respect of the

speed contont.

The prospectage programma and feesibility study will be in respect of the Kimberley Reefs and surface material end will include a leasibility study for the erection of a plant to treat 150,000 tons of combined material per month.

If it is decided to proceed with the exploitation of the Kimberley Reefs and surface material AAPS or its nomines will lo pun course conduct an additional Evoapecting and exploration programme in respect of the Main Reef. Main Reef leases areas of Simmer and Jack and Simmer, Extensions. lease areas of Simmer and Jack and Simmer Extensions. In the event of a new mine being exabilished the capital costs thereof will be financed by the Angle American Group. Sommer and Jack will receive income in the form of a royalty.

A further anoductoment will be made other 31st. August 1930 by which safe AAPS will notify Simmer and Jack of its deciation to proceed with the astablishmont of a new mine.

P. 2. GAIM. Coaleman.

P. a. GAIN, Chairman.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

MR. COLIN JOHNSON has been appointed a director of Dewfurst and Partner Ltd. He will take up the post of Orono managing director on September 29.

GENERAL MINING UNION CORPORATION LIMITED (Incorporated In the Republic of South Africa)

CHANGE OF NAME OF

GENERAL MINING AND FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED Members were edvised by means of a notice dated 9th June, 1980. of the Intention of General Mining end Finance Corporation Limited to change its name to General Mining Union Corporation Limited by

means of a special resolution to be passed at a general meeting to be held on 2nd july, 1980. This special resolution was duly passed and has been registered by

the Registrar of Companies. Application has been made to the committee of The Johannesburg Stock Exchange and to the council of The Stock Exchange, London to reflect the listing of the shares under the new name of General

Mining Union Corporation Limited, which the abbreviation thereof as GENCOR as from Wednesday, 9th July, 1980.

The existing share certificates, which ere not being recalled for endorsement, will remain good delivery in respect of ell share

transactions. Members who so require may, nevertheless, lodge their certificates with the transfer secretaries who will issue replacement certificates beering the new name of the company, free of charge. Such certificates will in future be eutometically issued when existing

certificates are lodged for registration of transfer of shares.

6 Greencoat Place.

London SWIP IPL

3rd July, 1980.

By order of the board

General Mining Union Corporation Limited L. J. Baines London Transfer Secretaries: London Secretary Hill Semuel Registrars Limited Princes House. 95 Greshem Street, London EC2V 7EN

irector.

Z11226.

M. New Y

es items

الايمانية الايمانية الايمانية

it if here

 $V\mathcal{B}^{W}$

 $\mathbb{C}^{(i,j_{i,j})}$

distrita

اللا جائداران

rj. 3.

Jii

FINANCIAL TIMES

Bracken house, cannon street, london ecap 4by Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex; 8954871, 88388 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday July 3 1980

An ingenious document

THERE IS a saying attributed between the Northern Ireland to Mr. William Whitelaw, the communities. How, in short, do deputy Prime Minister and a you combine the majority man of some experience in these matters, that each British Paisley with the credible safe-Guvernment has only one chance to do something about Northern demanded by the SDLP? And Ireland. If the first major bow do you reconcile that with initiative fails, the life-time of the so called Irish dimension a government is too short effec-

tively to try something else. The present government is proceeding by stages, though so far they are all of a piece. First there was the working paper on possible new constitutional arrangements last November. Then there was the conference the political parties in Northern Ireland in the spring. Now there is yesterday's White the executive. That looks like Paper subtitled "Proposals for a recipe for deadlock and in further discussion."

Dead-line

It is plain, however, that the Government does have a deadline of some sort in mind. The aim is to be able to achieve sufficient agreement between the parties for it to put forward specific proposals for legislation in the next session of Parliament. That means that the Government will have to decide whether agreement is possible by the Queen's Speech in the

The White Paper is an ingenious document which at least has not been rejected out of hand either by the Rev. lan Paisley of the Democratic Unionist Party or by Mr. John Hume, the leader of the Catholic Social and Democratic Lahour Party, though clearly all parties will need tune to study it before giving more considered reactions. 1: proposes a single province-wide Asembly cansisting of about 80 members elected by the single proportional represenation. Its responsibilitles would be similar to those devolved in 1973 and would include agriculture, commerce, education, employment. housing, health and social It would play some role in deciding how public funds available to Northern Ireland would be spent, but the precise relationship between the Assembly and the Secre-tary of State over expenditure is up for discussion.

There is nothing very contro-versial about that. The real question is whether such an and rational proposals. Their

government demanded by Mr. sought not only by the SDLP but also by Mr. Charles Minister?

The White Paper suggests two possible ways of ensuring minority safeguards. The first, and less favoured, is to require that any party winning a certain proportion of the popular vote should be represented in the executive. That looks like any case smacks of the powershariog rejected by Mr. Paisley and abandoned in the past.

The more promising possi bility would be to balance the power of the executive sgainst the power of another Institution within the Assembly. This could consist of the chairmen and deputy chairmen of the Assembly's committees who would themselves he chosen on a basis of parity between the parties represented. The hody would he known as the Council of the Assembly and could have powers to delay, refer back or even to block proposed legis lation, subject perbaps to a final decision by the Secretary of State. Again, the precise working of the system is up for discussion. It is a possibility which the Catholic community should not lightly ture down and amounts, in effect, to power-sbaring in another guise.

Rational

The White Paper approaches the Irish dimension by pointing out that the only principle under which any progress can be made is that of consent. If new arrangements can be introduced for the government of Northern Ireland which bave the support of both Protestants and Catbolics, then not only will the two communities benefit, but also Britain and the Irish Republic. Increased cooperation would then follow almost automatically. Yet if the new arrangements fail, everyhody will be back to square

Assembly could be made to success will depend on a work given the divisions flexible and rational response.

Soldiering on in Turkey

THE WEST needs stable gov- the Kurdisb unrest in Iran can ernment in Turkey but Turkey be prevented from spilling over. is having trouble providing it. Suleyman Mr. Demirel survived a motion of no-confidence, thereby removing, at least temporarily, onc element of uncertainty about the future of his minority government,

Yet the political balance remains frail. Over 100 parlia-mentury ballots have failed to provide the country with a new President, causing all legislation to be blocked. And the political violence and killing continue, as was underlined yesterday when the northern Turkish town of Corum had again to he put under curfew. Western credit

All this makes Turkey an

awkward ally, yet, like it or not, the West is deeply involved. Western banks and governments have lent Turkey \$16bn.
The International Monetary Fund has just agreed to make available the largest credit it has ever given to a Third stand-by agreement for \$1.6hn. philosophy for decades.
The EEC, which on Tuesday But there is another Turkey's Treaty of Association with the Nine, faces the prospect of the country applying be-NATO is only too aware of Turkey's strategic importance following events in Iran and Afehanistan.

their spring meeting last week came away disturbed. Mr. Demirel had invited them to his capital to underline his Government's commitment to the West. He helicyed that all the talk hy his predecessor, Mr. Bulent Ecevit, of a "new defence concept" (whose con-(whose concept even today remains unclear) and of a multilateral foreign policy had caused the West to have doubts about whether Turkey was shifting lowards neutrality.

practice such dnubts were limited and the much more serious worries were, as they are now, about whether Turkey can hold together. Put haldly, the omens seem poor. Anatolia riven by unprecedented clashes lietween the Sunnis and Alevis, as the two main Islamic sects are known in Turkey. There are fears about whether

Inflation has been at levels of over 80 per cent: unemployment affects ahoul one-fifth of the labour force. At the moment Western gov-

ernments have a particular interest in the survival of Mr. Demirel, Members of the Organisation for Economic Co-opera tion and Development have just advanced Turkey a further \$1.2hn of credits and next Tuesday they are to meet in Paris to resume talks on rolling over debts falling due in the next three years and totalling nearly \$3hn. They are doing so largely because Mr. Demirel and Mr. Turgut Ozal, his chief economic adviser, sre seeking completely to recast the Turkish economy in the way that the West has

Since January measures bave heen announced opening the International Monetary and trade, introducing the full mechanism of market forces and freeing bank interest rates. These represent the most radicountry-a three-year cal shift in Turkish economic

But there is another side to agreed on a package to revive the coin. Mr. Demirel is increasingly relying on the militant right-wing Nationalist Action Party. The aims and methods of fore the end of the year for this party are more reminiscent full membership. In addition, of pre-war Germany than of post-war Europe. Its influence is spreading-as are the accusa-tions of its followers' Involvement in the violence.

why the NATO Foreign Ministers who visited Ankars for their spring meeting leaf contributed to Mr. Ecevit's decision to seek a vote of no confidence vesterday.

Coalition

He had thought that he could win the support of the pro-Islamic National Salvation Party of the flamboyant Mr. Necmettin Erhakan. The latter has been crilicising the pro-Western policies of the present government, but reportedly said i would only vote with Mr. Ecevit if he agreed to a coalition under Mr. Erbakan.

Mr. Demirel thus conlinues marching down the difficult economic road that the West has signposted. He deserves support for this, but the West also needs to remember that he has unfortunate allies. Yet for the manient there seems no parliamentary alternative.

Whitehall's resolute secrecy about Trident missiles

BY IAN DAVIDSON

MOST interesting thing about the defence dehate which has been gaining momentum since the turn of the year is that the Government has remained, for all practical purposes, sternly silent. To date it has said just three things: it intends to buy a new strategic nuclear system to replace the Polaris submarine - launched missiles early in the 1990s; the new system will cost between £4bn and £5bn, spread over about 15 years but amounting to no more than 5 per cent of the defence budget; and a decision on which system will be taken soon (probably in the next few weeks). That is all. Meanwhile, the rest of us are

left talking loudly among our-selves. There has heen a stimulating debate on the usefulness or otherwise of the British nuclear deterrent in the correspondence columns of The Times, conducted mainly by retired Field Marshals, Air Marshals and diplomats. Unilateralism bas once more become a live issue in the Labour Party. and the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament has attracted more publicity and more members than at any time since the Aldermaston Marches of blessed memory. Memhers of Parlisment worry out loud about the cost of a new system and what it might do to Britain's conventional defences, and complain ever more insistently at the Covernment's refusal to provide any meaningful information.

But the Government continued to remain silent. Everyone assumes that, since it pretends to know what the new system will cost, it must have decided long ago to go for the American Trident submarinelaunched missile system, but so far as I know Mr. Francis Pym. the Defence Secretary, has not allowed the word "Trident" to pass his lips. Nor has it given any explanation which would

> The debate, in short, has been Hamlet without the Prince

satisfy a child of why it wants any particular new system or what use it will be. The debate, in short, has been Hamlet without the Prince—though to be secrety issue is that even the fair Mr. Pym is probably better minimal information which has suited to play Polonius than the great soliloquist.

Nor does the Covernment inpublic about the policy options or the practical choices. It has been asked by MPs to publish a Green Paper as the basis for such a debate; instead it intends to publish a White Paper nfter the decision has been taken, and no doubt as close to the summer recess of Parliament as is consistent with minimal decency.

It will be very interesting to

House. Some MPs are quite is 12. content to have bean told nothmittee on Defence, thinks it quite proper that his committee has been given no information on the Polaris successor, on the ground that the committee was appointed only six months ago, but he worries about what else may bave to be cut out to fit Trident in.

At first sight it may seem sur-prising that any MP can summon the energy to protest against the secrecy. After all, it bas long been known that it is easier to get information on Britisb defence matters in Washington, or even in Bonn, than in London, and the paranoia of the Ministry of Defence is slmost as proverhial as that of the Home Office.

I suppose part of the explanation lies in the revelation, by Mr. Pym six months ago, that successive governments, both Conservative and Labour, bad carried out improvaments to the

The out-turn is always higher than anyone pretended at first

Polaris warheads at the cost of a cool £Ibn. without telling anyone. I do not know at what point secrecy becomes deceit, but when extra costs of this kind are simply concealed by governbecomes extremely difficult to believe a word that is said on the expected costs of any future system.

This is difficult enough with any military system, since the out-turn is always a good deal blgher than anyone pretended at first; 10 years ago, the Stingray torpedo project was expected to incur development costs of £82m, but the total so far is more than £920m and the hammer still basn't hit the gong. The way technological develop ment is going, who is to say that he Trident won't need improvements" somewhere

"improvements" somewhere along the way? Should we suppose that the government of the day will tell us beforeband and ask for the money, or will it be quietly deducted from the conventional side of Britain's The trouble with the cost/

minimal information which has been released by the Government inspires little confidence. We are told that the new system will cost between £4bn and £5hn over 15 years. If Indeed it is Trident that we are talking about, even the higher figure may be too low: Col. Alford, Jonathan deputy director of the International Institute for Strategic Studies, thlaks it should probably be nearer £6bn for a fivesubmarine force. Whatever the figure, it cannot be spread over 15 years if the Tridents are to be operational in the early see whether this will be enough 1990s: If the target date is 1993,

to suppress real debate in the the maximum number of years

If £6bn were spread exactly ing. Sir John Langford-Holt, evenly-over 12 years, that would chairman of the Select Com-work out at £500m a year. In practice, of course, it would be uneven, probably rising to a peak in the late 1980s—say, £750m-£800m. But either way it is almost impossible to see how Trident can creep under the 5 per cent ceiling promised by Mr. Pym.

If the £60n is spent exactly evenly over the 12 years, at £500m a year, starting next year, that would represent over 6 per cent of next year's defence hudget as laid out in the Government's Expenditure Plans 1980-83, and it would only fall below 5 per cent towards the end of the 1980s if the defence budget were to rise by 3 per cent in real terms in every successive year notil then, hy which time it would reach about £10.5hn in present-day prices. If on the other hand the costs of Trident start low and rise to a peak year of £750m, the 5 per cent ceiling must be broken unless the defence hudget rises in real terms by about 7 per cent a year until the end of the decada.

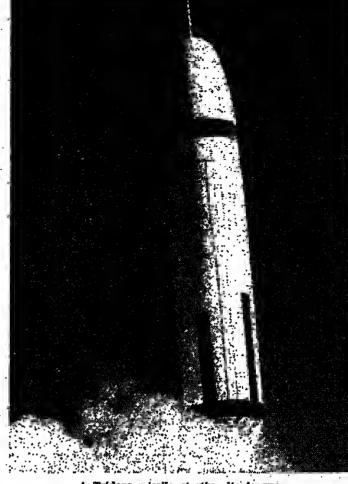
We can probably exclude the possibility of a real 7 per cent growth in the defence hudget, year after year, for the rest of the 1980s. How realistic is it to suppose that there could be a steady 3 per cent increase every year at least until Trident bas been paid for?

It almost certainly means a big increase in the defence/ GDP ratio, since there is little reason to imagine that GDP would grow at an average 3 per cent a year. This year there will be a fall of about 3 per cent, followed by another I per cent next year; if the might have the advantage of economy were to chalk up an dual capability, for strategic, as avarage growth of 2 per cent well as "theatre" targeting on a year thereafter, then by the end of the decade a defence

The top spenders in the West, the Americans, only spend 5.2 per cent of their GDP on defence, though perhaps that would change if Ronald Reagan were elected in November: France, by contrast only spends 4 per cent of GDP, and West Germany 3.3 per cent. Even if the British economy were tn grow by 3 per cent a year from 1982 onwards, the defence/GDP ratio would still rise to about 5.4 per cent

Given the underlying intractability of nur economic problems, it would seem to require heroic assumptions to suppose that the defence hudget really will rise year after year, even if Mrs. Thatcher is re-elected for a second term. But even if she is, and It does, the new missile system can probably not stay under the 5 per cent ceiling if it costs much more than £4bn.
If the defence budget rises by less than 3 per cent a year, even £4hn may be too much. This would suggest either

that the Government must huy nuclear deterrent would not by. fewer Trident submarines four, say, instead of five - or might, in the aftermath of the junction with the Americans. White Paper in April



A Trident missile starting its journey

that it must go for a different, Afgban crisis, give rise to cheaper system Some people think we should get cruise misslles instead; they enemy ground forces in Europe. budget of £10.5bn would represent something like 5.7 per cent marines or aircraft) which would be needed for strategic wight not be com-But the number of missiles and credibility, might not be compatible with overall cheapness.

Considering the insouciance with which the Government now accepts that It may have to increase its subsidy to the British Steel Corporation hundreds of millions of pounds, it may seem tiresome to quibble about the odd billion for a sbiny new missile system. But in the end, there bas to he a trade-off between Britain's strategic deterrent and its warfighting capability, and for that reason the Government must make clear wby it wants the Trident.

I am not suggesting that which is both clear and convincing: on the contrary, the rationale of the British nuclear deterrent has for some years been rather foggy, and the eminence of the controver-sialists in The Times is testimony to the thickness of the fog.

The voluntary and unilateral renunciation by Britain of the itself solve anything, and unfortunate political interpretation both in the West and in the East.

In the days when the U.S. had a clear strategic superiority over the Soviet Union, its missiles could be thought of as protecting Western Europe from a conventional attack, and those circumstances British deterrent could be thought of as a useful adjunct to the much larger U.S. forces.

Since the emergence of parity between the super-powers, and the shift of U.S. nuclear

British governments have continued to think these two impossible. thoughts before. breakfast"

tion to flexible response, there no doubt not about these arrane has been increasing awareness refinements of marginal probacertainly would not use its will be very interesting to see strategic forces if Western whether the Government's de-

Lord Carver, former chief of the Defence Staff, believes this hypothesis to be absurd; other would argue that any risk of a British nuclear attack, however small, might be enough to doler the Russians. Deter them from what, and how? You may well

The heart of the dilemin facing a European nuclear power is vividly demonstrated by the defence debate now under way in France between the Givilists and their Giscardian partners in the Government coalition The Gaullists believe passion ately in French national independance, massiva retaliation and the defence of French

In the old days, independence came cheap since the General knew that on the big night the French deterrent would not be used alone. Today tha French force looks a bit small to threaten the Russians with, and the Gaullists are calling for an expansion of the submarine-missile-fleet from 5 to 20 boats by AD 2010. The Giscardians on the other hand, have moved towards a philosophy of flexible response, in the belief that the frontier of French safety lies on the Elbe rather than on the Rhine. But even the Gaulists do not expect to raise defence spending to more than 5 per cent of the national product, and then only in 20 rather than 19

The one-intellectual problem the French do not have is a pretence that their strategic nuclear forces are both national forces and NATO forces simultaneously, since France left the military side of the alliance 14 years ago. British governments ave continued to think these two impossible thoughts before breakfast for years, but with the development of the theatre and tactical nuclear weapons it might be simpler to admit that the British strategic force is in fact a national force. One of the arguments for,

buying the Trident rather than ... a more primitive system is not fust that it is bigger and better than the Polaris system, but that it would be in most respects the same as the American Trident force. Certainly, it would be easiar for the Russians in distinguish in flight a British Polaris missile from a much longer range American Trident A British-owned Trideot system? might thus bave a chance of triggering the American nuclear artenal Rut whether that arsenal. But whether that chance would be worth £6bn

But the argument that isapparently still going on be of the fact that the U.S. almost bilities, but about money It. whether the Government's de-Europe was attacked and cision on a successor to Polaris indeed President Carter has will be accompanied by any of said as much.

In these circumstances, the strategy or on cost, which was credibility of the British so conspicuously-some would strategic force depends on the say scandalously-absent both assumption that it just might from the nuclear weapons dehe used on its own, not in con- bate in January and the Defence

Home thoughts from chip valley

Wilf Corrigan, the Liverpudlian who moved west to California's silicon valley to head Fairchild, is back in London this week after quitting the chair of the American company late last savers everywhere, he comes with \$3m in his wallet, which together with contributions from undisclosed European American partners will bankroll

a venture capital husiness to provide seed money for and channel institutional mnney into British and U.S. high-technology

Corrigan is unmoved by this week's aunouncement of the scrapping of the GEC-Fairchild joint microchip venture, and un-daunted by the depressed state of the British economy. "Becaose everything is Inoking so negative," he tells me with delightfully dotty logic, "this is prohably a good time to start up Corrigsn, like many of his

adopted compatriots, shares Mrs. Thatcher's political enthusiasms.
"The UK is the best country in Europe for venture capital," he argues, "because the Govern-ment is in favour of encouraging eotrepreneurial small husinesses. What looks clear enough from California may be a little hazier to those within these sbures, and "Atlantis." as the new company is tentatively called, has yet to make any investments. But an early target area will be buying up European marketing right to U.S.-made electronics hardware, which will then he mated with British software.

Fish and facts

There was smoked trout and ponched peaches. Pleasani enough. But I missed the old



its. Stock Exchange listing yesterday. Too late by years, I found my curiosity rewarded with only cold fish snd a numbing litsny of statistics on Global's delvings for oil and gas in the U.S. and Canada from Cornfeld's strictly conventional

It appears, you see, that all those millions of "useless" acres in Canada's gelid north, with which the Fund of Funds found itself landed in the late 1960s, are on the verge of producing a reasonable return. Even so, many former FoF shareholders may still reslise that they are entitled to shares in Glohal: 21 per cent remain unclaimed. And then there are those who may he hanging back because of foreign exchange restrictions. Since our rules were changed last October, for example, claims from British holders have

For the benefit of anyone still hesitating. I hring you the not surprisingly, regards the observations of Global chair- joh as "a short-term assign-Cornfeld panache — the hath- observations of Global chair- joh a robe, slippers and gambolling man. Frank Bealty, who points ment. maidens — as Global Natural out that a GNR share today. Rogers tells me his views on Resources, the sole surviving worth about \$11, plus the \$3.50 the point at issue would baya offshoot of Bernie's failed IOS a-share distribution from the made his appointment an "unmutual fund empire, celebrated FoF liquidation, falls not far likely" not under a Labour

short of the 1970 FoF price of government. "I am not being \$18. And if you strip out the frondulent valuation of FoF at the time, he tells me, bey presto, you have a profit

Bear-faced

What with moles, Buzhy and National Savings' Melvin Moneyspider, I should have thought we had quite enough livestock crawling around the corridors of commerce. But no: brace yourselves for an infestation of bears. Paddington Bear, for-merly of Paru, has been signed up by the Cheltenham and Gloucester Building Society as a savings promoter.

In image and effigy, this furry little fellow has been taken on hoard by the C and G's catchthem-young brigade, who have a mind to divest some of the estimated £540m currently clinking around our progeny's pockets into ursine money boxes and Paddington pass-

Encouraging thrift in the young is, of course, wholly laudable. But however disarming the society's new totem, I feel obliged to point out that the most important criterion for any saver is to find the best and safest return. So a building society, where interest is paid net of tax, is arguably not the hest het for a non-taxpaying infant on 50p a week.

Unbeliever

A new flame has been lit in the twilight world of the Clegg Commission oo pay comparability with the induction of Plessey personnel director Parry Rogers into its thinning ranks. Now that three of the commis-sioners have handed in their Lint and Seed Marketing Board. notice, and with indications from the Prime Minister that the end is in sight, the new man,

to say that the public sector must pay X hecause the private sector pays X is a lax view of economic reality."

Rogers was, bowever, slightly in the dark about the details of bis job when I spoke to him. He had, he explained, not met Professor Clegg, and his letter of appointment bad been lost in the post.

Double O returns

out, affronted and ahused, but Odinga "Double O" Oginga, is a patient and durable man. After 10 years in the political wilderness the former vice president of Kenya is set to make a come-back. At the (approximate) age of 69, he has won his long battle to regain life membership of the Kenya African National Union without which he bss been unable to stand for Parliament. The crusty old warrior, who

made a stir on his first appearance as an MP decked skin apron, monkey tall cloak and headed greaves, has made his peace with president Daniel Arsp Moi who personnally signed his life ticket. And now there are strong rumonrs in Nairobi that one of his old supporters is prepared to stand down and make a space in Parliament for him. But whether he has retained

his old fire and influence is for the moment a matter for con-jecture. The old campaigner has had little oportunity for political tub-thumping in the past couple of years which be has spent in the bum-drum

Daunting prospect

Quote of the week: "We must put the past before us." chair-man Cyril Stein told Ladbroke's annual meeting yesterday.



De-industrialisation is good for the UK

THE LONG awaited Cabinet 435,000. Yet during this review of economic policy takes recovery period mannfacturing place this morning at a time employment fell hy almost when the air is thick with news 140,000—and by a further of closures, layoffs and losses. 220,000 between last Seplember in manufacturing industry.

In this highly-charged atmo. Not only have there been sphere, exponents of rival deeper forces than the busitheologies ere having a field ness cycle or Government day. The self-professed weets financial policy behind the conand most professional community traction of manufacturing. Some catnrs say that it is all the of these forces have been on fault of the Government's balance beneficial and have monetary and fiscal strategy helped to keep British living Over-eager supporters of that strategy are inclined to respond with the claim that it is the have been possible. In other only sure wey of securing a words a measure of de-indusrevival of manufacturing in the trialisation makes sense. medium term,

But I wonder how many people have suspected that both sides in this debate are displayof government policy. The critics put it: "Switching deeper forms than the powers reflect resources." deeper forces than mnnetary or exchange rate policy.

Moreover, although the recesrecovery is unlikely to reverse the loss of manufacturing jobs. These statements would still be true whichever party was, in power and whatever the name of the Prime Minister.

They relate, bowever. manufacturing, not total employment. There is no reason why the number of jobless should go on rising and rising indefinitely unless we are stupid ennugh to preserva institutions which prevent people from pricing themselves into work.

pelial III

raise de

e linan

ectual an

not have

path 12

he alles n coreme houshed eurs, og

Charle Kal

Hiller in -

11721-75

one for

T. GERT.

"11 TEIDE

Dave and

1× 55%数

10 10 35

P. Stig 2

/font 10

or riving Til

Version A

67561567

te week

ind Tris

APPENDING

· emark

Tien 77 6

1 719(35

Suggestive evidence about a structural shift away from manufacturing can be found in the period of recovery from the recession, mostly under the Lahour Covernment.

and this April.

standards at a much higher level than would otherwise

At this point in the argument have approached piecemeal in earlier articles)
some readers are inclined to resources . . I see . . My workshop becomes a hairdressing saloon." But in stylised form this represents what will sion is obviously adding to have in happen if the UK is in current pressures, the next draw the full benefits of North

> We could accumulate car mountains, machine-tool hills, summits of ships

Some of the reesons for the structural shift against manufacturing are explained very well in an excellent peper by P. J. Forsyth and J. A. Kay on "The Economic Implication of North Sea Oil" in the July issue of Piscal Studies. "There is simply no way in which oil can be converted into houses. or restaurant meals, or retail

PRE-OIL STRUCTURE OF UK ECONOMY

1976 value added at 1980 prices

	Production	Exports	Imports	Consumpt'n	I
Frimary production	9.00	1.2	8.0	15,8	Primary production
Manufacturing	48.9	24.9	22.0	46.0	Manufacturing
Construction and housing	22,5	0.2	0,3	22.6	Construction and ho
Distribution and services	88.1	18.8	16.9	86,2	Distributors and serv
Public administration	13.5		_	13.5	Public administration
Totai	181.9	45.1	47.3	184.1	
					T

Source Fiscal Studies, July 1980 (Institute of Fiscal Studies forthcoming

income." We can only exchange that this is just over 20 per happen to be predominantly dollar sychange rate. The manufactures — and use the appreciation of sterling will resources released from manufacturing in other parts of the economy to supply us with domestically-produced services.

North Sea oil. The 1FS authors estimate that import prices will fall by 15 per cent as a result

The authors bave provided some highly illuminating rough calculations. To isolate the effects of North Sea oil from other changes, the authors national income is about 10 per work in terms of its effects on cent or nearly twice as large the structure of production and consumption in 1976. This was the last pre-oil year, and all the data have been multiplied by a ecneral price index to bring them up to 1980 values.

Oil production when it reaches its peak is expected to add £10bn per annum or 5 per cent net to national output subtracting profits remilled overseas or retained by British companies, and domestic operating costs. This will reflected in import saving and export mereases in the primary product secinr of UK trade of about that amount. So long as the current halance of payments has to be in rough halance, this is hound to mean "deterioration" in the rest

of the trading account.
This effect will moreover he From the low point of March and distributive services . . This effect will moreover he heavily represented. Otherwise be. The depressive * * *

1976 to the peak of September and it is largely on items of augmented by the effect of the 11 would be very difficult to effects of North Scooll are over 1979, total employment rose by these kinds that we shall want "of premium" on the exchange stop these relative changes in and above those arising from the THERE IS only one serious way

our increased rate. The authors' best guess is the sizes of the sectors, Import world and UK recessions. They oil for traded goods — which cent or 40 cents on the storting. For so long as current payments, offects of "crowding out" h: augment the output boost from current lobbying. Some would argue that the

fall by 15 per cent as a result of the higher real exchange rate, while sterling export prices fall by only 4 per cent The lotal rise in the real as the increase in output itself. against it. Morcover as soon as we begin The final stage in the calcula-

tion is straightforward. As a result of North Sea oil rach sector of the economy gains from a 10 per cent hoost to consumption him loses from the change in the trade balance. The nel results are shown in

the second table. The rise in administration should public not be taken literally, as it is the automatic effect of assum- ductivity, especially in

The sensational result is the because of the contraction of the non-oil traded sector in manufacturing is sn heavily represented. otherwise be. The depressive 11 would be very difficult to effects of North Sea oll are over heavily represented.

controls would not after matters, are also over and above the balance, import savings would newly innustrialised countries be offset by lower exports, a and the effects of the rise in point forgotten in all the

Construction and housing

Distributors and services

FULL IMPACT OF NORTH SEA OIL

(hypothetical impact on 1976 levels by value added)

181.9

£bn. 1980 prices

energy prices on manufactur-

ing, which is a heavily energy-

ideas for preserving UK manu-

influences. A Common Agricul-

untal Policy approach could be

tains, stee! mountains, machine-

tool hills and summits of ships.

There is a great deal of political

only slightly disguised forms.

Suggestions for a massive gov-

ernment programme to invest in

hardly more sensible. A massive

increase in investment in any sector is likely to run into

ing them still further. The sug-

bivierness and disappointment

manufacturing industry

One can thing of facetious

intensive sector.

Post oil

UK's best hope lies in a rise in total output—say by 10 per cent over and above that obtained from North Sea oil. In that case there need be no absolute drop in manufacturing. But there would still be a relative shift

to think about how total output might be boosted by this amount, we see it would still involve a shift of workers out of manufacturing. Rival stralegies suggested in different parts of the political spectrum include demand expansion. planning agreements" or an attack on union privilege and overmanning. All, if successful, diminishing returns, Even withwould involve a rise in prothe industrial investment is already ing an evenly distributed rise in manufacturing sector—as their very low and the structural advocates are not slow in claim, changes discussed are lessen-So not even a British economic reduction of 9 per cept in manumiracle could avoid an employ gested programme would facturing output. This arises ment shift towards other sectors, amount to throwing resources The IFS estimates are not a away, not to speak of the future forecast but a comparison with

whal manufacturing would likely to be aroused.

a current account payments surfavourable impact of oil on the should. As the IFS authors balance of payments. This observe, the only way to avoid

possibility is related to the end-lessly and inconclusively manufacturing altogether would dehated question: "What do we do when the oil runs dry?"

into a permanent increase of consumption. Tentalive calculagest that if half the North Sea definitely by an amount corresponding to the other half.

The world economy is lerge enough to absorb these extra investment funds without runfacturing against contractionary ning into perceptibly diminishadopted and the Government could accumulate car mouning returns. Moreover, because an investment outflow has to be offset by a current account surplus, the pressures on British manufacturing are reduced—the pressure for such schemes in normally argues.

Overseas investment can take the form of official purchases of foreign exchange, invested in assets such as U.S. Treasury Bills. Apart from the infla- activities and to welcome the tionary aspects of such interven- undeserved good luck which tion, which so much bothered out such a boost, the return in the Germans, this is hardly the most promising way of maximising the real return. The best way is to encourage direct and portfolia investment.

The abolition of exchange controls last autumn was a step in this direction. The planned reduction in public sector should also release more institutional funds likely to spill overseas.

of preventing North Sea oil It is, however, extremely from imposing a contraction in unlikely that overseas investmanufacturing. This is to run ment will rise sufficiently to offset the whole effect of North Sea oil on the trading account. plus large enough to offset the Nor would it he sensible that it be not only to reinvest the scas, but to reinvest the interest The theoretical answer to the on the investment and the last question is that enough of interest on the interest, od the real income gain should be infinitum. That would assure invested to turn a windfall gain no manufacturing adjustment. but also no benefil whalever from North Sea oil.

The North Sea oil problem or opportunity is the old story revenues were invested, con- of the peasant who found gold symption coold he boosted in- in his back garden, it was the of the peasant who found gold main economic issue in 16th century Spain. In the case of Netherlands naturat gas it gave rise to the misleading label of the "Dutch disease." It has arisen in Australia in relation to mineral resources where it led to the famous Gregory Report. But it needs the British to make the discovery of black gold into a opposite of what the TUC tragedy instead of a piece of good fortune.

There seems no alternative but to abandon the spurious moralising which regards manufacturing as superior to nther has reduced the need for these arduous activities, as earlier we acepted the changes which made passible for fewer people to down the mines. If we are to have some de-industrialis ation anyway, we might as well enjoy it and concentrate on helping those who would other-

Letters to the Editor

The Ferranti From the Managing Director,

Edinburgh Financial and General Holdings. Sir.—As the person who initially promoted the idea of a restricted covenant in order to enable the National Enterprise Board placing of its 50 per cent share holding in Ferranti to take place. I teel that I must take issue with the July 1 article by Lex, which I felt totally, missed the point that the NEB disposal of its stake is not a normal slituation. The facts were that because 50 per cent of its shares were held by the NEB. found itself in a sheltered position that only could be resolved in two ways: by the NEB selling to the highest bidder, most likely to a competitor of the company; or by placing it as widely as possible amongst institutional in-

vestors, who had to give an undertaking not to sell within a certain period. Merely placing the shares amongst in tutions without such a restriction was not one of the options open to the NEB. as has been recognised by the Department of Industry giving the NEB the instruction to place it in the way that it ultimately did. As I made clear in my comments, which were re-ported in the Financial Times on June 23, the Royal Bank of Scotland and ourselves had no wish to see interference in the market place. We merely felt that a solution had to be found which recognised the special

position that Ferranti found Institutional Investors ought to have consideration for the plight in which manufacturing to by issuing a restricted samer action programme lays covenant one can help a com- some stress on voluntary agreemant to stabilise itself, and in ments, and I was under the prosper that is whet had to be impression that as a result of prosper that is whet had to be the opinion of the economic and the feeal solution. This must social committee and the resolution of the benefit of both tion of the European Parliaissuing a restricted surely be to the benefit of both the lavestors and the company, including its employees. This by meana justifies any other anompany not in the position of account of UK misgivings. government agency from pro in fact, specifically mentions deving itself from a takeover by bodies set up by business circles for the self-policing of adverfollowing a similar route would further argue with Lex (July 2) that the price. appeared to be the problem and not the restriction.

1:Glenfinlas Street, Bdinburgh: Post Office investment

Edinburgh Financial and

Peter de Vink,

General Holdings,

From the Chairman, Post Office Sir,-I am writing to complain about the inflammatory headline you placed over an article. by Jason Crisp (July 1) on the subject of Post Office investment and cash limits. The headline "Post Office to spend £1.5m without approval" was potentially damaging to the relation-

and Government Our current investment programme has been approved in the normal interchange with the Department of Industry and thus your headline is totally Act

The Trade Description Act sector in hanking and insurance fication to the endil report; the the Post Office is flouting the hamorous adverts—what I was existing institutions." It is concurrence with the accounting the hamorous adverts—what I was existing institutions." It is concurrence with the accounting treatment adopted.

Unfortunately, it is the head advertising puff in the law when the Wilson report has J. D. Keir, Uniterer House, line that catches people's eye of contract also supports my been huried under piles of dust. Uniterer House, line that take lasting impression that the draft divers that Eritin will be fored with Reading to the support of the content of the support of the une that carenes seeing impression that the draft direct that Britain will be fated with Blackfriars House, E.C.4.

sion rather than the content tive on unfair and misleading an Oppnsilion-posing as an of the article. The article was advertising won't affect it allernative Government-combroadly correct except for the either. Perish the thought : con- mitted to unilateral disarmalast sentence. We heve not trary to some advertisers' deviated from our target to fears, most consumers enjoy a achieve an average reduction in facing of humour with the hard costs in real lerms of 5 per cent. lor soft) sell, and I, for one, What will probably be changed is the financial target return on real assets employed from 5 per cent to some higher figure, which is quite a different issue. (Sir) William Barlow, Post Office, 23, Howland Street, W1.

Voluntary controls

From Mrs. M. Clark-Glass Sir,-As a United Kingdom member of the EEC's economic and social committee, and a inember of the National Consumer Council, I wes somewhat dismayed by your report (June 19) on a seminar which, in your reporter's words, discussed the "blood - curdling hrochure" "Advertising controls: new law and more to come ? "
Peter Thomson,

general of the Advertising Standards Authority, mede what L as a consumer, thought a most important point; the total in terms of effectiveness of law and self-regulation working together will be greater than the snm of the constituent parts. Consumers are well aware of the usefulness of ASA—but to be truly effective, self-regulatory codes need the back-up of

the law.

I cannot understand the remarks attributed to Dr. Richerd Lawson that the directive in its present form is not compatible with the UK's system of voluntary controls." The EEC's own second con-sumer action programme lays social committee and the resolu-tion of the European Parliament, the EEC Commission has gone to some pains to alter the original draft directive to take tising, thereby recognising those bodies and their usefulness. Neither their existence nor their scope will be affected by the provisions adopted to implement tha directive. They will be able to go about their husiness. exactly as before. Article 7: simply specifies that those affected by misleading and un-fair advertising shall in any

case have the right to refer the matter to independent courts. The amended directive even makes provision for our own Office of Fair Trading-the Commission has said that an edministrative authority. (i.e. the OFT) may he the chosen means of control " only in those countries where it already exists." The natural progression, to me, would be for a complaint about unfair or misleading advertising in the UK to be ship between the Post Office made firstly to the ASA, if that proves unfruitful then to the OFT which would then take proceedings very similar to the

am not misled into thinking that if I eat a certain hrand of chocolates it will only be because some man has gone through death-defying acts to get them to my bedside, or if I use a certain bath essence and stand at my window draped in a bath towel "strange things will happen." My own conviction is that the "persons addressed" (in the EEC's language) will as

(Mrs.) Marv B. Clark-Glass. Smith Gretton. Bladon Pork, Belfast 9.

Directive on

advertising From the Secretary Consumers in the European Community Group (UK)

Sir,—I was surprised to see the EEC's draft directive on misleading and unfair advertising depicted in "grim" terms at the conference reported in your article of June 19. As amended, the directive would simply allow tha UK to reinforce its current system, something for which Consumers in the European Community Group hes been pressing for some

The Department of Trade working party, to which you refer, argues that legislation to give the director general of fair trading the power to seek an injunction from the courts against misleading advertise-ments would "sufficiently reinforce the self regulatory arrangements of advertising control and meet the essential objectives of the EEC propo-We cannot see that this would cause a major upheaval and certainly agree that further legislative initiatives are not a threat to the preser-vation of western civilisation as

Ann Davison. Consumers in the European Community Group (UK) 29 Queen Annes Gate, SW1.

Competition and loans for homes

From Mr. J. Heddle MP Sir.—The. Wilson report has certainly put the cat among the building society pigeons, with its recommendation that there should be greater competition within the home loans movement, by ending the societles' interest rate cartel-but a much more sinister threat waits in

the wings. It will he remembered that the Wilson Committee was conceived by Mr. .lames Caliaghan, then Prime Minister, al the Labnur Party Conference in 1976, when the Left wing were baying for the nationelisation of the hanks. Mr. Catlaghan rightly perceived this to he an election loser, and Sir Harnid Wilson ohligingly "kicked for touch" for four years.

existing powers given to the the Wilson report quite clearly relation to deferred taxation, OFT under the Pair Trading states "We recommend against and the reason for it, their com-The Trade Description Act sector in hanking and insurance fication to the eudil report; the

ment, the abilition of private education and health services. the nationalisation of hanks and pensinn funds.

I firmly helleve that if the Left lakes over the Labour Party hetween now end then, that the building societies ton would feature in its manifestn as ideal candidates for nationalisation, that they would follow the banks to their corpnrate fate, just as the Insurance cnmpanies could follow the pension funds. Faced with a similar threat

far as English law is concerned. In 1978, the huilding industry still be our familiar "reasonable alerted the public by conducting effective "Cahin camlactually, I think Its effectiveness was such that il contributed to Mr. Callaehan's decision not to "go in the country" in the autumn of that year, when everyone, particularly the trade union movement. expected him to do so) and I think the bullding society movement should now start to think of conducting a campaign along similar lines.

The seemingly non-stop demand for home loens does tot encourage the building societies lo be more competitive with each other-although the Slow report on "Mortgage finance in the 1980s" did address itself to the medium-term demand for building society mortgage finance, and considered the extent to which this demand could still be financed by traditional means-it also considered methods by which in the terms on which alternative sources of funds might be

Bul I really think societies should adopt much more flexible lending policies, particularly to helo the "first-time-do-it-yourself-huyer," by lending on unimproved inner city properties. and also by seeking ways no huilding houses to rent themselves. The Building Societies Act 1962 prevents them from doing this now.

One or two of the more forward-thinking societies have certainly begun to think about the movement's future, hut the Wilson soporific will not protect them from a very real threal, which I believe lurks in the left. An open debate, however. more flexible lending policies. and a new Building Societies Act to enable them to huild houses to rent probably will. John Heddle.

House of Commons, SW1.

International reporting

From the Joint Secretary Unilever and Unilever NV. Sir,-Il is gratifying to he included (June 27) in "the top in your international annual reports study.

The problems posed by the prollferation and divergence of international requirements for such reports are very real and we have no easy solution to offer. You should note, however, that, although our auditors drew attention in their report on Unileyer's 1979 accounts to the departure from the United Notwithstanding the fact that Kingdom accounting standard in

GENERAL

UK: Ford UK union leaders meeting management on pro-posed 2,300 roluntary redun-Transport and General Wor-

kers Union conference opens, Liverpool.
Announcement of first wioner £250,000 Premium Bond jackpot. British Broadcasting Corporation to decide on this year's Pro-

menade concerts.
Mr. Norman Wilson, national chairman of Institution of Industriai Maoagers, luncbeon speech on Collaboration with Other Professional Bodies, Glaziers Hall, 9, Montague Close, S.E.

Last day of Royal Show, National Agricultural Centre, Stoneleigh, Warwickshire.
Mr. Boh Cryer, Lahour MP
for Keighley, speaks at Lahour Party meeting, Shefford, Bed-COMPANY RESULTS
Pickles, 161, Portland Street, Cours 24, Ensemble differences.
Float dividends: Batleys of Manchester, 11.30. Pyramid by Peter Lea-Cox, 1.15 pm.

Today's Events

attend a Misical Tribule to Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother by the Bands of the Regiments of Scotland in Holyrood Park, Edinburgh.

PARLIAMENTARY BUSINESS House of Commoos: Local Planning and Land 1No. 21 Bill,

remaining stages.
House of Lords: Housing Bill, committee stage. Motion to approve Novelties (Safety) Regulations 1980. Trees (Replanting and Replacement) Bill, third

Committee: Affairs. Race Relations and Immigration Sub-Committee. Subject: Racial disadvantage. Witnesses: Department of the Environment (Room 15, 4.30 pm).

Greene King and Sons Russell Brotbers (Paddington) Scottish and Newcastle Breweries, Tax Abrasives, Interim diridends: Bell Brothers, Birmingham Pallet Group, Gough Cooper, Ther-mal Syndicate.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Aero Nedles, Southcrest Hotel, Redditch 3. Alpioe, Selfridges Redditch 3. Alpioe, Selfridges
Hotel, Orchard Street, W., 12.
Altifund, 2, St. Mary Axe, E.C.,
12. Bremner, 44. Glassford Street.
Glasgow, 10.30. British Investment Trust, 46. Castle Street.
Edinhurgb, 12.15. Brncks, Winchester House, 77: London Wall,
E.C., 11.30. Fine Art Developments, Fine Art House, Queen
Street. Burton upon Trent, 4.
Hill Samuel Property Trust, 45.
Beech Street, E.C., 2.30. William
Pickles, 161, Portland Street.

(Publishers), Hilton Hotel, Park Lane, W., 10, UBM, Avon Works, Wintersoke Road, Bristol, 12. Cricket: Gloucestershire v. West Indies, Bristol. Tenuls: Wimhledoo champioo-

Rowing: Henley Regatta.

CITY OF LONDON LUNCH-TIME MUSIC St. Paul's Cathedral sleps.

Cantala 24. Ensemble directed

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

ELEKTROPRIVREDA BOSNE I HERCEGOVINE SARAJEVO

Privredna Banka Sarajevo – Udruzena Banka guarantor

U.S. \$10,000,000

Medium term project loan

arranged by

The Riggs National Bank of Washington, D.C.

and co-managed by

The National Bank of Washington, Washington, D.C. provided by

The Riggs National Bank of Washington, D.C. The National Bank of Washington, Washington, D.C. Allied Bank International Girard Bank, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

This loan is associated under a co-financing arrangement with the World Bank.

Granada grows 8% and expects more at year end

REPORTING AN 8 per cent rise in first half taxable profits Granada Group states that if present trading conditions con-tinue there ahould be a "rather

erger "increase in the percent-ege for the whole year. Stated earnings per 25p share Profit for the 28 weeks to April 12, 1980, attained by the television contracting programming and rental group was up from £21.2m to £22.9m on a £22.5m advance in turnover to £168.7m.
For 1978-79 the surplus was a

record £39m.

At the trading level the first half growth was £2.08m to £46.69m before depreciation of £21.53m (£21.17m) and interest eosts little changed at £2.26m

(£2.22m).
Stated earings per 25p share were 0.46p ahead at 6.73p and the net interim dividend is stepped net interim dividend is stepped up from 1.44p to 1.584p, and ab-sorhs £2.47m (£2.25m). The final last time was 2.4975p. The tax charge, of £12.27m (£11.38m), was after full provi-sions for deferred taxation on

UK rental profits. The company says this position will be reviewed at year eod.

An unrealised credit of £1.66m (£1.52m) arising oo an improvement in the exchange rate will also be deelt with in the annual

	Hal	f yaar
	1980	1979
	6000	£000
Tumovar	168,705	146,192
Trading surplus	46.686	44,606
Depich, rental sasets	17.644	12.029
Dapron, other Jasets	3,886	3,142
Intarest	2.257	2,222
Pre-tex profit	22,899	21,213
Taxalion	12,269	11,381
Not profit	10.630	9.832
Minority interests	126	45
Available	10.504	2.787
Lex, Back		•

Symonds slips to £207,000

A SECOND half fall from £126,684 to £106,648 has left the taxable surplus of Symonds Engineering Company behind at £207,670 for the year ended March 31, 1980, compared with £221,492.

At halfway the directors said that orders were at a reasonable level, and they were hopeful of a satisfactory full year.

Turnover of this precision

engineer, sheet metal worker, jig and tool menufacturer, rose from £2.18m to £2.53m, for the year. The dividend is effectively increased to 0.785p (0.775p) net per 5p share—libere was a one-for-one scrip lest year—with e final of 0.5625p. Earnings per shere are shown as 0.886p, compared with 1.969p on old capital.

BIRMINGHAM DC

Turnover

Interest

Taxation (note 2)

Minority interests

Earnings per share

Profit after tax

Trading surplus before charging:

Other assets

Profit before tax and minority interests (note 1)

in the percentage for the year as a whole.

Depreciation - Rental assets

HIGHLIGHTS

The exhaustion of the Long Tap, Treasury 13 per cent 2000, and the publication of the official reserves figures prompts Lex to examine the increased level of overseas buying in the gilt-edged market. The column also looks at the unique sterling/dollar convertible eurohond issued by Kolimorgen. Lex analyses the interior could be appropriate the property form. interim results from Granada and reviews the prospects for Daimler-Benz in the light of the current downturn in West German automotive demand. Elsewhere, dealings in Ferranti have resumed following the placing of the NEB stake, Milford Docks is once again under the gaze of e would-be predator, Ladbroke received only felnt criticism about its casino activities from shareholders at yesterday's annual meeting and profits from Blundell-Permoglaze have been dented by the erosion of export

Confident Mr. Stein heckled at meeting

Corner," exclaimed Mr. Cyril Stem, chairmen of Ladhroke Group, at yesterday's annual meeting in answer to the calls of vocal ex-caino employees for more explanation of why the group was forced to move out of the gaming business.

"lt's not the Hyde Park Caelno either," was the reply from the gallery, where journalists, former gamling em-ployees, stockbrokers and other non-bona fide shareholders were seated away from the main hody

Having threatened to have the more vocal non-shareholders removed from the meeting, Mr. Stein said: "I regret as much as any sharebolder the unfirtunate events that took place in the casino division.

Last year, the group's pre-tax profit figure of £49m included around £25m from casino end

lottery operations. Since then, Ladbroke's involvement in the lucrative London gaming market has ended and it is currently selling off its 11 provincial clubs. It is because of past misconduct, chiefly involving the illegal tempting of bigh-spending gamblers from rival clubs, that Ledbroke has been moving out of the casino world.

A writ is due to be served today on behalf of ex-casino staff members of Ladbroke claiming damages against the manage-ment's conduct of the casino division.

of the UK Casino's Staff Legal Association, which represents several hundred Ladbroke casino employees made redundant this year, by lewyers Kanaer Holmes

GRANADA GROUP

Results for 28 weeks to 12 April 1980 (unaudited)

1 Pre-tax profits in the first 28 weeks were 8 % above those for the same period last

year. If trading continues as at present there should be a rather larger increase

2 The taxation charge of £12,269,000 is after full provision for deferred taxation on

3 The improvement in the exchange rate of Sterling results in an unrealised credit of

4 An interim dividend of 1.584p per share which with the related tax credit equals

GRANADA GROUP LIMITED 36 Golden Square London WIR 4AH

9.051% (8.228%) an increase of 10% and amounting to £2,474,000 (£2,249,000)

will be paid on 1 October 1980 to shareholders on the register at 22 August 1980.

£1.056m (£1.524m) and this is a matter which will be dealt with in the annual accounts.

UK Rental profits. This position will be reviewed at the year end.

On current trading, he said initial estimates for the half-year to June indicated that the group had done well in non-casino operations. "The prospects for the year are good." Combined with the group's strong asset hese, he said this showed reason for confidence in the group's continued prosperity.

£3m water tender at par

Sunderland and Snuth Shields Water Company is raising £3m through an offer for sale by tender of 91 per cent preference stock redeemable at par on

July 31, 1985. Minimum price for tenders is £100 per eent. Tenders must he received not leter than 11 am on July 9 with a deposit of £10 per cent on epplication. The first dividend on the stock, covering the period July 9 to September 30, 1980, will be £1.692 per cent and will be payeble on October 1. Thereafter, dividends will be calculated to March 31 and September 30 payable on April 1 and October 1.

Stormgard advances to £38,000

Taxeble profits of Stormgard, investment holding and dealing company, advanced from £29,570 to £38,230 in 1979 on

168,705

46,686

17,644

3,886

2,257

23,787

22,899

12,269

10,630

10,504

126

6.73p

J. Sainsbury expansion to Falling exports speed up in next 3 years hit Permoglaze

of the J. Sainsbury supermarket group, yesterday told share-holders at the group's packed annual meeting that expansion in the three years to March, 1983, would be "substantially greater than in the past three

years."
"We plan to add approximately 30 per cent to our sales area in this period." The expansion was possible because of greater success recently in obtaining planning permission for new sites, according to the

ehairman. Sir John told shareholders at the Connaught Rooms in London that the programme would he financed largely from retained earnings together with the proeeeds from property sales. If necessary, there could be a necessary, there could be a limited amount of sale and over lease back; but the expansion new require extensive and

addition to developing J. Sainsbury supermarkets. the group would open three new "Sava Centre" hypermarkets and np to 10 home improvement centres in the next three years. The Sainsbury group last year the danger of industrial disrup-entered into a joint venture in tions next winter, the real pur-

DTY retailing with GB inno-BM, chasing power of Sainsbury cus-a leading Belgian retailer. tomers would cease to grow.

The ehzirman told shareDespite thase expected difficul-

heevily in training and develop-ment programmes for staff. While he was not willing to make a profit forecast. Sir John predicted that as a result of re-cession, continued inflation and

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

Symonds Eng. 0.56 — 0.56* 0.79 0.78*

Technology Invest. 2.6 Aug. 28 2.1 4.46\$ 3.1

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated.

* Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ Maintained total forecast. § Includes special payment of 0.36p.

ties. Sir John concluded that he was confident "our Company is very strongly placed to weather whatever storms may be ahead." holders £157m had heen spent over past five years developing new stores and new methods aquipment for operations. He added: "Up to last week there

The group continued to inveal waa no sign of any downturn in the buoyant level of our trads." J. Sainsbury produced pre-tax earnings of £43.8m in the year to March, an increase of 41 per cent. Retail sales were up 21.8 per cent to £1.23bn in the same

higher sales of £39.09m (£22.66m), as reported on June

3. The taxable surplus was reduced to £2.03m (£0.76m) on

The development of new tech-

nical products and wider market

ontlets will provide opportunities

in the shorter-term and an

additional source of atrength for

the future, the chairman says.

Crude oil and other raw
material prices will continue to

rise and this will again affect evailability of mineral oils and petrochemicals. However, the

directors remain optimistic that the group's own supply arrange-

C. Heath divestment warning

Ashley Industrial

Granada Group int. 1.58 Hampton GM Areas 3

Mr. Frank Holland, cheirman of C. E. Heath and Co., the insur-ance broker with large Lloyd's of Londoo interests, told share-holders at yesterday's ennuel meeting that the group may have to divest itself of its Lloyd's managing agency operations. He gave his warning following publication of an internal report

by Lloyd's into self-regulation prepared by Sir Henry Fisher and a working party.

The Fisher team recommended that over five years, the shareholding links between all Lloyd's insurance brokers and managing agencies—the groups which look after the affairs of underwriting syndicates—should be termineted, to avoid potential abuses because of conflicts of interests. Mr. Holland told shareholders that it is " sad to think our under-wring interests may be dissolved in this way," but stressed that the managing agency interests may be dissolved in this way," but stressed that the managing agency interests did not represent "too significant" a part of

the group's income.

Mr. Holland warned that the continuing strength of sterling against the dullar would affect resolts in the current year. And he said that trading was con-tinoing to be effected by soft market conditions, while inflation was also having an impact on purall performance. overali performance.

in answer to a shareholder's question, Mr. Holland explained The rate of interest payable on the £50m of Birmingham District Council 1983-85 floating rate stock for the six months from July 3, 1980 to January 3, 1981 and Partners.

"As chairman, the buck has to stop with me for problems which occur in eny division," Mr. Stein told the meeting. The company now hed to get on with the job in hend, he said.

"As chairman, the buck has to stop with me for problems which occur in eny division," Mr. Stein told the meeting. The company now hed to get on with the job in hend, he said.

Stated earnings per 10p unable to recover from understance writing agencies and companies and represented a large number of items.

52 weeks

to 29.9.79

277,544

85,442

35,701

6,849

3,883

46,433

39,009

14,953

24,056

23,958

15.34p

98

£000

146,192

44,606

18,029

3,142

2,222

23,393

21,213

11,381

9,832

9,787

45

6.27p

ring item," said Mr. Holland, "but it is difficult to give an

Mr. Holland told shareholders that the board was keeping 'an open mind' nn the question of remaining an independent broker

Century Oils sees sales boost

THE COMBINATION of present levels of trading, increased selling prices and expanding market outlets should result in a substantial increase in total sales at Ceotury Oils Group during the current year, says Mr. Charles Mitchell, chairman, his annual statement. However, indications are that

margins, which have narrowed recent months, will remain under pressure in the prevailing economic climate, he adds. Pre-tax profits surged to Meeting, Stole £3.57m (£1.26m) in the year to July 24 at noon.

ments, stocking levels and recycling potential will ensure continuity of supply to its customers, he edds: Bank overdrafts rose by some £1.5m to £2.65m during 1979/80. and term loans by about £2.2m to

£3.93m, glving a total increase in horrowings of £3.7m. This was n line with expectations and the directors are satisfied the group bas an adequate margin of unused hank fecilities, Shareholders' funds were up from £8.04m to £12.07m.

Meeting, Stoke-on-Trent, ou

Police clash with pickets

POLICE clashed with pickets seven ambulances at a price of

yesterday at Adwest Engineer-ing in Reading, as the pickets The ambulances were built attempted to dissuade workers from entering the plant. One picket, Mr. Danny

Broderick, a former shop

steward, was arrested and later released. Ahout 40 pickets were outnumbered by around two to one by the police. The pickets, many of them former Adwest employees, were protesting at the sacking of around 50 workers last month,

following a series of protests over the dismissal of one wnrker, and e pay dispute, now. settled. Mr. John Collingbourne, the compeny's managing director, said yesterday thet the majority

of the 300-strong workforce at the plent, which makes car steering geer, had accepted the pay offer and were adamant that the workers who had been dismissed should not be reinstated. However, leaders of the pickets said that they would attempt to mount e mess picket on July 14, and have warned that Adwest "could become anothre Grunwick." They ere anothre Grunwick." They ere to inhhy for full TGWU support.

Call for inquiry into £58,000 ambulance sale

AN IMMEDIATE inquiry into the purchase of unsuitable embulances by Cambridgeshire Area Health Authority been demanded by Brien Mawbinney, Peterbornugh.
The euthority had purchased

	Price	
July 2	61	+ 01
Banco Bilbao ,	222	+6
Sanco Cantral	248	I+S
Sanco Exterior	208	,
Senco Hispano	225	+a
Banco Ind. Cat,	122	,
Banco Madrid	141	
Benco Sentander	275	+2
Sanco Urguijo	154	+4
Benco Vizcaya	231	+5
Sance Zeragoza	202	TJ
Dragados	80	+2
Espendia Zinc	59	+1
Fecsa	59.5	-5.7
Gal. Procuados	25	-1
Hidrois	65	-5
Ibarduero	60	-a
		-4
Petroleos	106.5 87	-5
		-5
Sogefisa	107	
Telefonica	61.5	-a,e
Union Elect	64	
Union Elect	- 6	٩_
Exclusive	- 3	



with the wrnng type of chassis, omitted from the order form.

S. & W. BERISFORD DIVIDEND

The directors of S. & W. Berisford, which has announced plans to raise £28.5m hy way of a one-for-four rights Issue, intend to recommend a final dividend of 6.5p for the year to September S0, 1980. This will bring the net total to 9.75p, compared with 7.5p for 1978/79.

and building chemicals manufac-turer; fell by £149,500 to £539,717. mainly due to the effect of a strong pound on exports, and the Board expects the full year's outcome to follow a similar In the last full year, profits

rose from £1.78m to £2.19m The interim dividand is increased from 1.2p to 1.6p net and while, in view of the prospects for the second half, they cannot anticipate a further increase, the directors say they intend to match last year's total

Sales in the aix months to pril 30, 1980 went ahead from £8.91m to £10.77m. The surplus is struck after higher depreciation of £212,049 (£163,948), and a tax charge of £288,000 (£359,200) leaves stated earnings at 3.9p (\$.2p) per 25p share.

The spreading recession towards the end of the first half led several industrial customers to resort to short time working with a consequent effect on paint usage. This brought lower demand for the industrial division which is likely to persist throughout the remeinder of the

throughout the remeinder of the year.

The decorative side exceeded budgeted volume, but had to bear the costs of temporary packaging, amounting to £30,000, hecause of the steel strike. The volume of husiness remains satisfactory and margins are being maintained.

Building chemicals sales increased significantly in volume and reliable that the division again.

and value but the division again made a small loss, partly because the new insulating product, Thermarend, will take some time to get under way in current economic circumstances, say the

The Irish division continued to licrease its market share. comment

directors.

The chairman of Blundell-Permoglaze said at the AGM in March-that trading in the first four

FIRST-HALF taxable profits of Blundell Permoglaze Holdings, decorative and industrial paint BOARD MEETINGS

Finals: C. H. Industrials, Caled (Oundee), Celestion Industrials, Fulles Smith and Turnar, General Escriber (Paddington), Milbury, Russell Brottles (Paddington), Scottish and Newcaries, Tex Abrasivas, Turnbur Scott.

Macpherson (Donald) Midland Benk Trade Indemnity Finals:—

Isily Mail and Gen. Trust July Hambro Trust Aug.

Laurence Scott Lufty.

Ill and Associd Invest Trust July Rathers (Jewellers) July Weddington (John) July Western Board Mills July Western Board Mills July

months was well up on budge However, in the subsequent two months, the recession hit sales of coatings and finishings a industrial customers and the high rate of sterling stifled export sales. Pre tax profit for the first half was down 22 per cent and the shares were down 3p yester day to 97p. Yet the vital decora tive division has exceeded expectations and probable increased its market share. The compeny is confident it and rebound from current soft con competitors but the halance the year will remain diffic with profits perhaps as lower fl.6m. On an indicated flittotal net dividend, the yield would be just over 7 per cuttand the prospective fully task

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE 10 2:20 0,69 3 1.50 - 14 5.40 3 1.50 - 70 162 1.30 63 1.70 66 0.50 200 200 0.30 65 16 53 8.20 60 10 30 242 5.86 23 5 2 0.70 - - - - 45 1.40 1.70 0.40 n.20 50 10.50 23 5 F.110 F.115 F.120 F.105 F.110 F.115 358 10 4.30 1.50 C DM.120 C DM.130 C DM.140 C DM.280 C 5110 20 4.30 1.50 1.50 10 2.50 3 1058 TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS



The second-largest store in the Tesco chain, at Pitse

A five year expansion plan

Extracts from the Statement by Mr. L. Porter, Ph.D.(Hon), Chamman,

In 1979/80, including the acquisition of Cartiers Superfoods Ltd., Tesco added 523,000 square feet of new

£175 million over book value.

* Based on an internal valuation, the value of the property portfolio as at the year end, 23rd February 1980, was £360 million giving an excess of By the end of 1983/84 Tesco will have increased its selling area by a third to 8 million square feet.

Lurnover increased to £1,602 million and net profit before tax was £36.5 million. Group profitability from Home 'n' Wear was effected by the June 1979 rise in VAT and general depression in consumer spending.

The expansion strategy which we have developed and started to implement should ensure that the Group will be able shortly to resume a trend of increasing profits. Although the prospects for the UK economy in 1980/81 remain troubled and we are egain facing high prospects for the or vill begin to reap some of the benefits of our enlarged selling capacity during the course of the year.

Looking further forward the prospects are even more exciting as, over the next four years, we shall be increasing our network of superstores to a strength of over one hundred. Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts available from the Secretary

Tesco Stores (Holdings) Ltd., Tesco House, Delamare Road, Cheshunt, Waltham Cross, Herts, ENB 95L

Alex Bernstein Chairman

2.July 1980

A FAVOURABLE formula for detected at the West Driefonteio the payment of the South African gold mine on Monday. State's share of profits has been granted to the Gold Fields Carbon Leader reef horizon in group's Doornfontein following a depth of 1,700 metres in the the gold mine's application for No. 2 shaft area. There were mining lease over an area of no easualties and the area some 563 bectares (1,391 acres) affected by the fire is being some 563 bectares (1,391 acres) State's share of profits has been The state's percentage share of profit will be determined by taking a figure of 15 less 120. divided by the ratio of mining profit to mining revenue expressed as a percentage. There will also be a surcharge of 1.25

The important thing is that this new formula, which is less onerous than that previously applying to the existing Doornfontein mine will apply as from July 1, 1979 to both the existing

mine and the new area.

This back-dating of the formula will mean a substantial return of the percentage of profits paid to the state during a year when the a year when the mine's profits-were expanding rapidly to line with the rising gold price.
In addition, the company is to

be granted deep mine status which gives, for formula tax purposes, an allowance of 10 per cent on capital expenditure for

A separate formula is applied in regard to tax which, in South Africa, is based oo a sliding scale and applies after deduction of the state's share of profit and redeemable capital expenditure.

Mr. R. A. Plumbridge the chairman, pointed out in the last annual report that an easier lease formula would be needed to make mining of the new area. to make mining of the new area

viable proposition. If will still be no "push-over" in view of the fact that while the gold bearing Carbon Leader reef has given consistent results at the existing Doornfontein in areas such as Australia and mine, there is no guarantee that Canada where there is also a it will continue to do so as it demand for such men, and so

plunges downwards into the deeper adjoining area. Furthermore, the cost of ex-

over the next five years. at the existing mine and the spending is to be arranged in such a manner that if the new area does not live up to expectations the project can be stopped without the company being committed to spending the full sum. often an Afrikaner from the An underground fire was: Rand

sealed off: Production is not expected to be greatly affected.

Skilled labour shortage on Copperbelt

ZAMBIA'S shortage of techol-cians and skilled minars remains a threaf to the maintenance of production on the Copperbelt which contributes about 10 per cent of the Western world's copper. At present, copper sup-plies are more than adequate, especially in view of the world economic recession, but the picfure chould change if the current U.S. copper industry strike in eopper industry strike is

rolongeo. The Zambian Government-controlled Zambia Daily Mail has quoted Dr. Brian Saville, acting manager of the Mming Industry manager of the Mming Industry
Manpower Services Unit, as saylog that at present there are
2,679 expatriates out of a total
mining labour work force of
60,311: The mines urgently
require 220 graduates, 100 techoicians and some 850 craft
workers, most of whom will have

to come from outside the country.
Because of the lack of Zambiao
personnel to fill the more skilled jobs, largely brought about by the shortage of men with suffi-ciently bigh educational standards, the mines bave to turn

to expatriates. However, the salaries offered are not competitive with those he European expatriates are difficult to obtain.

Consequently, the major Zam plotting the new area has been been mines have been aiming estimated at some R73m (140m) their recruiting drives at the which will add considerably to Philippines and the Indian sub-poortionien's capital spending continent areas where there has next the n long been a mining tradition and Buf the move is necessary io where men with suitable techni-yiew of declining ore reserves, cal qualifications can be found.

But the Zambian miners do not always take kindly to accepting instructions from overseers from these areas—paradoxically they are more ready to accept orders from the devil they know who is

Hampton Areas pays more and plans scrip issue

RISE in nickel royalty income from Australia's Western Mioing and a full year's contribution from the coal mining machinery manufacturer Wallex Machine bas boosted earnings of the London-based Hampton Gold Mining Areas to 12.19p per share for the year to March 31, compared with 11.50p last time.

A final dividend of 3p net per share is to be paid, making the lotal for the year 4.50p compared with 3,50p.

The directors are to propose

a three-for-one scrip issue and the consolidation of every two op shares into one of 10p. This will raise the nominal value of the Issued share capital and give the shares trustee status. Mr. Jim Ley, chairman of Hampton Areas, described the year as one of "marking time," partly owing to the lack of a permanent managing director. Mr. George Livingstone-Lear-month, formerly of Charter Consolidated, takes over as manag-

ing director oo July 21.
Royalty locome from Western
Mining rose by 44.3 per cent to
£744.148 in line with the higher niekel price, a record in terms Australiao Wultex contributed £977,155 to operating profits compared with \$720.190 for the eight months of the previous year during which It was under Hamptoo's coorni. Hampton's coal mining operation, the six-mine complex of Staffordshire's Great Row Colliery, cootributed £298,709 to

£250,578 last time. The main factor preventing these satisfactory results from being reflected at the net level was a write-off of £136,668 following Hampton's sale of its 50 per cent stake io the Northampton Lead Mices joint

venture in Australia. A further depressing factor was the extraordinary debit of £61,884 relation to the termina-tion of the deal to sell the nickel royalties to the Colonial Mulual Assurance Society

applications for exploration the 21 claims it has lessed from licences will be made in the Crested Butte since 1974. eventh Round.

For the future, Mr. Ley pointed to 6 per cent from 4 per cent the Seventh Rouad.

out that Hamptoo has 180,000 acres of freehold land with miolog rights to the oorthern any minera parl of Australla's Kalgoorlie properties. gold miolog region, and a Max said yesterday that it is indicated that the company intends to exploit this.

The shares closed 5 lower at 375p last oight.

The shares closed 5 lower at 10 determine whether it will be commercially feasible.

CARLESS CAPEL

Australia, for approximately £1.5m. The transaction will show a profit on the original invest ment of \$1.4m.

Amax takes a further step at Mt. Emmons

sources giant yesterday tool aoother step towards the devel opment of the Mouot Emmons Turnlog to the company's molybdenum project in Guooisoo North Sea interests, Mr. Ley said County, Colorado. The company that further wells are to be has finalised an agreement with drilled in Block 16/21a by North U.S. Energy Corporation and Sea Sun OD, operator of a Crested Buile Silver Mining consortium in which Hampton under which Amax will take nown has a 5 per cent stake. Further all reserved mineral rights on Crested Rutte since 1974

> gross royalties payable to U.S. Energy and Crested Butte no any minerals produced from the

Mount Emmons cootains less molyodenum in terms of lon-Carless Capel and Leonard, nage than other Amax deposits, petrol refining, oil and gas notably the buge Mount Tolman

AMERICA'S AMAX natural re

exploration, chemicals, etc., has prospect in Washington State, sold its 1m partly paid shares but the ore grades are much and 1m options in Strata Oil NL, bigher.



Plaster, plasterboard and other building materials Paper, paperboard and packaging products

- > Profit increased from £35 million to £47 million
- > High level of capital expenditure will be maintained
- Satisfactory profit levels should be maintained and we continue to be optimistic about the longer term as the potential growth in our main products remains excellent

F. G. Flood Chairman

Year to 31 st March	†98 0	1979
	£ million	£ million
Sales	341	298
Profit before tax	47.1	35.4
Attributable profit (after tax)	34.3	25.3
	р	q
Earnings per share	37.6	28.5
Dividend per share (including tax credit)	12.857	9.563

Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts may be obtained from the Secretary, Ferguson House, 15/17 Marylebone Road, London NW1 5JE.

BLUNDELL-PERMOGLAZE Holdings Limited



"I expect the year's outcome to follow a similar pattern to the half year's figures and I hope shareholders will consider that to be a satisfactory performance in the circumstances."

N.G. Bassett Smith, C.V.O., Chairman

Extracts from the Interim Statement

Half Year (unaudited 30.4.80 - 30.4.7) £ 000 £ 000 Sales 10,796 8,90	9 31.10.79 0 £000
Profit before Tax 540 689	
Attributable to Ordinary Shareholders 251 320	1,492

After the marked increases in profit achieved in recent years we have experienced a reversal to this trend as a result of two factors currently affecting all industry. The most significant reason for our reduced profit has been lower exports mainly as a result of the strength of sterling. The Industrial Division experienced a lower level of demand towards the end of the half year as the recession in the country began to spread through a number of industries.

Dividend Last year we increased our total distribution and it is to be the Board's policy to pursue a progressive dividend In view of prospects for this year we cannot amicipate a further increase but it is our intention at this time to maintain last year's rate of distribution. We have decided to declare an interim dividend of 1.60p per share (1979-1.20p) in line with our normal practice of paying an interim at the rate of one-third of the previous year's total.

500 V.53

230,0

TOTAL HORS



This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange

£25,633,621 9 per cent. Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 1992

The Council of The Stock Exchange has admitted the above Loan Stock to the Official List. Particulars of the Loan Stock are available in the statistical service of Extel Loan Stock are available in the statistical service of Extel Loan Stock are available in the statistical service of Extel Loan Stock are available in the statistical service of Extel Loan Stock are available. Loan Stock are available in the stansmeal service of Extel Statistical Services Limited, and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 23rd

KLEINWORT, BENSON LIMITED, 20 Fenchurch Street, London EC3P 3DB and from SHEPPARDS and CHASE, EC2V 7AU

Today a bold new name in mining enters the listings

Gencor

You've heard of General Mining and Finance Corporation? It's South Africa's second largest mining house. And Union Corporation? Its shares have long been listed on the London Stock Exchange and traded on Continental bourses. Both trace their roots back to the discovery of gold on the Witwatersrand.

We've joined forces.

Together our assets exceed £1.500 million. Together we provide jobs for 200,000 people.

In mines that produce significant proportions of South Africa's gold, platinum, coal, uranium, chrome and other base minerals. In industries that contribute 29 per cent of our £65 million annual profits. In exploration activities that spread across Europe, the Americas and Australia as well as our Southern African home base.

We've been partners for several years, now we've merged - and today sees the formal adoption of our new name: General Mining Union Corporation Limited, Gencor for short.

Together we've the financial and people resources to take bold initiatives and tackle the biggest projects. To benefit our shareholders, our employees and the countries where we operate.

Gencor You'll be hearing about us.

General Mining Union Corporation Limited

6 Hollard Street, Johannesburg, South Africa

BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31st 1979

31st Oec., 1978	LIABILITIES		31st Dec., 1978	ASSETS	
U.S.S		U:S.\$	U.S.\$		Ų.S.S
4.309.200	Notes payable	_	86,527	Cash	16.537
955.937	Accrued interest	848.793	50,000	Short-term deposit	161,100
21,000	Accrued taxes	21,000	•	Short-term	
6.273	Other liabilities	6.335	3.751.000	eecuritiee	_
0,2.2	Long - term debt		19.396	interest receivable	4.061
4.510.761	macuritles	4.913.641	68.710	Other receivables	26,066
40.039.261	Long-term debt	39.196.500	00,1.0	Investment in	
9,600,000	Capital etock	9.600.000	300.011	parent company	300,011
82,622	Legal reserve	82.622		Intercompany loan	500,011
930,540	Earned eurolue	1.(45.209	55,486,536	receivable	51.75S.93S
700,010	Lamed earpide	1,13,245	693,414	Prepaid assets	550,390
		i	073,777	riepaid assets	330.370
60,455,594		52,814,100	60,455,594	•	52,814,100
-	•				

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS **ENDED DECEMBER 31st 1979**

Dec. 31s: U.S			U.S.S	
4,208,488 11,722 6,452		Interest Income Debenture purchase profit Dividends received	3.530.624 12.320	
3.097,258 315,530 88,255 1,089,923 213,971	4,226,662	Total Income Interest on long-term debt Other interest and bank charges Provision for taxes Lose on fluctuation of major currencies Loss on early redemption of long-term debt	2,699,382 408,061 82,371 138,461	3,542,944
(578,275) 1,513,397 4,582 930,540	4,804,937	Net income/ Loss) Earned surplue at beginning of year Transfer to Legal Reserve Earned eurplus at end of year	214.669 930.540 1,145.209	3,328,275

Mr. John A. Landesberger, the Managing Director, commented on the progress of the company. He pointed out that in 1979 a modest profit of \$214,669 has been achieved which will be added to

By July 24, 1980, the 6% £/DM guaranteed (oan will have been fully redeemed, It is expected that 1980 will again show a profit.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI

E.N.L

(National Hydrocarbons Authority)

6% Sinking Fund Debentures due February 1, 1981

NOTICE IS HEREBY CIVEN that, pursuant ip the provisions of the Sinking Fund for the Debentures of the above-described issue, Mergan Charanty Trust Company of New York, as Fiscal Agent, has selected by lot for redemption on August 1, 1980 at the principal amount thereof \$1,047,000

Outstanding Debentures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing Social Numbers Ending in the Following Two Digits: C6 12 20 25 27 30 43 44 46 63 71 77 82 89 94

Also Debentures of \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing the Following Serial Numbers: 781 1381 2081 3181 5081 5981 7581 8081 981 1581 2181 3881 5281 6981 7681 8481 1181 1681 2381 4181 5381 7081 7881 8681 1281 1781 2481 4781 5581 7281 7881 8881

On Agenst I. 1980, there will become and be due and payable upon each Delenture the principal amount thereof, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as on said dote is legal tender for the payment therein of public and private debts, at the option of the holder, either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Gnaranty Trust Company of New York, 13th Floor, 30 West Brondway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) subject to any laws and regulations applicable ent or otherwise in the country of any following offices, at the principal office of Banca Nazionale del Lavoro in Romo or the principal office of Banca Commerciale Italiana in Milan or the main offices of Morgan Cuaranty Trust Company o New York in London, Brussels, Paris or Frankfurt or the main office of Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. in Amsterdam or the main office of Krediethank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg-Ville. Debenines surrendered for redemption should have attached all unmatured coupons appurtenant thereto. Conpone due August L 1980 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

> ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI By: MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY

June 26, 1980

NOTICE

From and after August 1, 1980 interest shall cease to accrue on the Debentures herein designated

The following Debentures previously called for redemption have not as yet been presented for

DEBENTURES OF U.S. \$1,000 EACH DEBENTURES OF U.S. \$1,000 EACH
2174 4723 10264 14911 14941 15164 15207 15460
2176 4724 10269 14913 14946 15170 15418 15467
2180 4726 10270 14927 14947 15173 15422 15467
2185 4727 10231 14928 14932 15176 15431 15470
2193 4728 10283 14929 14934 15183 15435 15474
2193 4728 10283 14929 14935 15183 15435 15474
2194 4739 11439 14931 14955 15185 15438 15486
2200 5188 11454 14932 14959 15195 15439 15931
2207 10260 15980 14335 14961 15190, 15441 15907
2207 10260 15980 14335 14961 15204 15442 16007
4589 10261 14900 (4930 14962 15205 15447 16016

NOTICE OF ISSUE

ABRIDGED PARTICULARS

OF NEW YORK, Fiscal Agent

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the undermentioned

Sunderland and South Shields Water Company

(Incorporated in England on 28th May, 1852, by the Sunderland and South Shields Waterworks Act, 1852.)

OFFER FOR SALE BY TENDER OF

£3,000,000

9½ per cent. Redeemable Preference Stock, 1985

(which will mature for redemption at par on 31st duly, 1985) Minlmum Price of Issue £100 per £100 Stock

yielding at this price, together with the associated tax credit at the current rate, £13.57 per cent.

This Stock is an investment authorised by Section 1 of the Trustee Investments Act, 1961 and by paragraph 10 of Part II of the First Schedule thereto. Under that paragraph, the required rata of dividend on the Ordinary Capital of the Company was 4 per cent. but, by the Trustee Investments (Water Companies) Order 1973, auch rate was reduced to 2.5 per cent. in relation

to dividands paid during any year after 1972. The preferential dividends on this Stock will be at the rate of 91/2 per cent. per annum and no tax will be deducted therefrom. Under the imputation tax system, the associated tax credit at the current rate of Advance Corporation Tax (3/7 the of the distribution) la equal to a rate of 4 1/14th per cent. per annum.

Tenders for the Stock must be made on the Form of Tender supplied with the Prospectus Tenders for the Stock must be made on the Form of Tender Supplied with the Prospectus and must be accompanied by a deposit of £10 per £100 nominal amount of Stock applied for and sent in a sealed envelope to Berclaya Bank Limited, New Issues Department, P.O. Box 123, 2, London Wall Buildings, London Wall, London EC2P 2BU marked "Tender for Sunderland Water Stock", so as to be received not later than 11 a.m. on Wednesday, 9th July, 1980. The belance of the purchase money will be payable on or before Tuesday, 29th July, 1980.

Copies of the Prospectus, on the terms of which alona Tendars will be considered, and Forms of Tender may be obtained from:--

> Seymour, Plerce & Co. 10, Old Jewry, London EC2R 8EA.

Barclays Bank Limited. 53. Fawcett Street, Sunderland SR1 1SD.

or from the principal office of the Company 29, John Street, Sunderland SR1 1JT.

Companies and Markets

UK COMPANY NEWS

BIDS AND DEALS

Rosehaugh stepping up stake in Sunbourne

chase a further 16; per cent of the capital of its associated of the capital of its associated

For the period from April 6,
investment company Sunbourne
Properties. This will increase the
Rosebaugh Group's sharebolding
from 331 per eent to 50 per cent,
the remaining 50 per cent,
the period from April 6,
1979, to March 31, 1980, accounts
of Croekerton and its subsidiaries — haulage contractor
which specialises in distribution
of wices and spirits—show a preowned by Sunley Holdings.
The total consideration to be

paid for the further shares being acquired is £305,235 and Rosehaugh has reserved the right to satisfy some or all of this by means of a vendor placing of new ordinary shares of 10p each in Rosebaugh. Completion of this translation is to take place on or before August 29, 1980.

On the basis of unaudited management accounts for the period to February 29, 1980, Sunbourne, together with its wholly-owned hsidiary. Sunvale Properties, had not taneible assets of approximately £2.47m after deductiogk the full-amount of potential deferred taxation.

M. CLARK BUYS CROKERTON

With effect from June 26, Matthew Clark and Sons (Hold-Ings), wines and spirits group, has acquired for £300,000, the entire capital of Crokerton Haul-

agriculture experts concerned

about this year's crop and live-

. The heat, which has risen as

high as 113 degrees in Central

Texas, has not damaged crops

significantly yet. But experts say such commodities as newly

planted wheat and cotton may be ruined and cattle may die if

rain doesn't arrive in the next

A prolonged drought com-

bined with high temperatures

could cause severe damage, the

state's agriculture department

says, and grocery stores prices beyind the Texas horders would

reflect the cost of that damage.

stock production there.

two or three weeks.

tax loss of £5.110.

Net assets amounted to £42,193, but no account has been taken of a revaluation of motor of a revaluation of motor vehicles and trailers, which in January revealed a £20,000 surplus over book value.

BOC/CABOT COMPLETION The purchase of Bormin Metals by Cabot Corporation has been

Bocmin formed part of the metals division of BOC Interoational, and specialises in metals. minerals, ores and chemicals.

The directors say that the transaction's value is not material in relation to the assets of BOC International.

SHARE STAKES Ductile Steels-Britannie Assurance has acquired 132,500

ordinary making holding 907,500 17.02 per cent).

Rosehaugh Company is to purbalance of £70,000 due on June reducing holding to 15.1 perbase a further 16; per cent 25, 1984.

Fundinvest-Edinburgh Investment Trust bas purchased a further 30,000 capital shares and now holds 720,000 (11.34 per

cent) House of Fraser—The trustee interests of Sir Hugh Fraser have been increased by 140,000

Atlanta Baltimore and Chicago Regional Investment Trust-Following purchases totalling 110.000 ordinary. Coronili Insurance holds 265,000 sbares (6.83 per cent).

WELLMAN AND WIGGLESWORTH

The argument whereby Wellman Engineering Corporation is acquiring Frank Wigglesworth and Company from Carcle for £4,000 casb and 626,163 Wellman shares has become unconditional.

The new shares, which do not rank for the final dividend in respect of the year to March 31, 1980, have been granted a listing by the Council of the Stock Exchange. They have been pieced with the National Coal Board Superannuation and Pensions Find which now holds St. George's Lanndry—Proving 951,163 Wellman shares, or 8 paid on June 25, with the Laundrieel has sold 25,000 shares 951.163 Wellman shares, or 8 per

Heat worries Texas farm experts

DALLAS. Texas - Almost ducer of cattle, cotton and sheep, thing around," the Texas depart-

two weeks of record-breaking and is fourth in wheat productment says. temperatures in Texas bave tion. But for now the Texas Depart-

hot dry weather has been almost a blessing, providing ideal condillons for the rice and winter wheat harvests. However, the weather is hard on newly planted corn, wheat and

The curtailment calls for the idling of 57,000 tons of the toll on cattle producers, the plant's annual capacity. Prodepartment says, as hot cattle cedures for the shuldown of the don't gain weight. The state department and the U.S. Agriline will begin immediately...

is designed to keep inventories in balance by cutting back production at higher-cost facilities.

REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS IN BRIEF

sorghum.

culture

Siree*, W. July 22. neon.

J. > LLAM (Culler and size) metal engineer)—Results for 1979 stready inown Shareholders' funds 2889,028 (2670,26%), bank overdrafus 2005,092 (289,22%), bank belances and cach (13,817 (21,298)). Mesting, Sheffield, July 25 at noon

UKO INTERNATIONAL (ophthalmic catelogic editional)

UKO INTERNATIONAL (ophrhalmic innses, catening equipment)—Results for year to Merch 31, 1990, reported June f3. Sharehelders' lunde £18.2m (£17m) Bank belances and cosh £1 19m (£0.95m). Sank overdishs £1 16m (£2 16m). Curtinit year has eterted bidly m ophthalmic division with demand low in home markel. Caleting division hes started reasonably will bur outlook uncursary Meetings Winchester Hause Londoo. £C.

occur—group has interests in Stazil. Meating, 100, Old Broad Street, EC.

M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited

7/28	Lov	at Lane London EC3R 1	IEB	Te	lephone	01-621	1212
197	9-80				Gross	Yield	
High	Low	Company	Price	Chenge	niv (p)	**	P/8
'ad	55	Airsprung .		_	15.1	110	3.6
50	26	Armirage and Rhodes	30	_	3.a	12.7	2.0
285	185	Bardon Hill .	284	. —	13 8	4.0	a 3
100	75	County Cars 10 7% Pt.	76	. '	15.3	20 I	_
101	63	Oeborah Ord	92	_	5.0	5.4	10 1
125	88	Frank Harnell	317	_	70	67	7.3
129	59	Frederict Parker .	89	_	12.8	14 4	4.1
156	99	George 8lan	99	_	16 5	16.7	_
81	45	Jackson Grasio	aı	_	ខ្នុក	7.4	3 1
153	103	James Burrough .	113		7.9	70	9.3
300	242	Robert Jeokins	300	_	31.3	10.4	90
732	175	Tordsy	220	_	15.1	6.0	3.7
34	114	Twinlock Oid "	15	_	-		
82		Twinlock 12*, ULS	75	Ξ	13.0	15.0	_
56	23	Unitock Holdings	47	_	2.B	S 5	ff.0
50	45	Un-tock Holdings New	45	· —		_	0.8
99	42	Walter Alexander	93	_	4.4	4.7	6.2
218	136	VI S Yeales	218	_	12.1	5 5	3.51

† Accounts prepared under provisions of SSAP 15.

Output cut at

ment of Agriculture says the U.S. aluminium REYNOLDS METALS said it

will suspend production of primary aluminium from one potline at its San Patricio reduction plant near Corpus Christi, The weather also is taking a

The company said the move

damage has not been done and " one good rain in the next two Texas is the U.S.'s leading pro- weeks could turn the whole Reuter

ARMITAGE SHANKS GROUP [bath

roem equipment)—Results for year to March 29, 1980, and prospects, re-ported June 5. Historic pre-tex profit

MONKS INVESTMENT TRUST-

Department

optimistic, however. Serious

GILTSPUR (industrial services proup)
—Results for year to March 31, 1980, elready knewn. Shareholders' lund C16 71m (£14.55m); decrease in bank overdrafts and term leans £730,000 (£2.78m). Historicel pre-tes profits of £4.57m (£4.52m) raduced to £2.61m (£3.42m) on a CGA bess. Mr. Marwell Joseph is to relife es charmen at the soucceeded by Mr. E. H. Sharp Meeting, Mount Reyel Hotel, Bryanston Sireer, W. July 25, neon.

J. XILAM (Culler and steet metal

ng: Winchester Heues. London, EC.
uly 25. nosn
DUNDONIAN Jouble services energy

DUNDONIAN Joubic services energy censervation and nebural recourses —
Recuits for veer to March 31, 1980, already known Shareholdera' lunds 59 02m JC2 limi 8 and loans and ovardraite Ef 04m JC110,000(Comoany'n strong position to be uned as "soring board" for marf phase of growth and proceeding. 8 and look to future with confidence Meeting Moorgete Place. EC July 31, 11 am.

OCEAN WILSONS (HOLDINGS) Investment comeany!—Results for

OCEAN WILSONS (HOLDINGS) (INVESTMENT) Commany - Results for year anded January 31, 1980 reported June 11. Sharehelders funds £12 08m (£10.99m). Market value of listed memorants £4.7m [£4.31m]; unlisted at directors' valuation £267.000 [£287.000]. Cherman eavys orolin for first four months of current year are good-and-that 1980 orolits will be antielectory in Cruzeiro terms unless drastic changes occur-argued has interested in 81221.

occid—group has interests as \$1211.
Meating, 100, Old Broad Straet, EC.
July 24, noon.

SCOTCROO (food, trenapert, packriging)—Results for March 31, 1980
year recorted June 4 Shersholders'
lunds (7 37m [CS 15m] Come (CS14,000
¡(1,11m). 8ank everdielt (f.67m
[C1,54m]. Cash et benk and on hand
[C1,54m]. Cash et benk and on hand
[C1,32m (f.703,000) Historic pre-lac
group. C12m [C1 46m], reduced to
fil5m (f1,04m] on CCA besis. Mesting, Ginegow, July 28, noon.

RABBY LESUE [mechanicel and civil
enginearing group)—Results for year to
Minch 31 1980 inported with prespects
on June 30. Shersholdere lunds 19,13m
(IB 99m) Historical ere-tax profits of
[C11,000 (f2 C9m] reduced to a loss of
[C11,000 (firdit f1.17m) on CCA basis.
8onid has soproved budgets covering
an impreved perfembines, contricularly
by the lose-minking aubardistien. Mesting, Abercam Roome, Bishopagere, EC.
July 24, noon
PORTSMOUTH AND SUNDERLAND
NEWSPAPENS—Results for year ended
March 29, 1980, innoorted May 23
Sharsheldere funde (28-2m (E7.5m).
Mesting, Sundarised, July 25, 12-30 pm.
GEEVOR TIN MINES—Results for the
value (28-2m) (F2.5m).
Mesting, Sundarised, July 25, 12-30 pm.
GEEVOR TIN MINES—Results for the
bent balences, short-term deocette and
cash (220 000 (E314,000); loans £1.13m
[C288,000] (Historics) pre-use orolits of
C714,000 (f1 C2m) reduced to f495,000
on n CCA basie. Chairman says the
overall outlook for the certaint year is
lor n lurther decrease an orolit unlean

there is a substential improvement in July 24, noon.

BURNETT & HALLAMSHIRE HOLD-INGS Imming and construction group)

Results for year to March 31, 1980, and prospects reperied June 27. Share-helders lunds (25.56m [£1.74m), lixed assets £24.86m [£1.07m), benk bnlances and cash £1.34m (£1.77m), hire purchase craditors due after March 31, 1981, £2.24m (£2.53m). Meeting, Sheffield, July 24, at noon

July 24, 12:15 pm.

TANJONG TIN DREDGING—Resulis lot 1979 already, knewn. Shereholders' lunde 1552,082 (1605,780). Cash increased by [16,347 (decreased E17,058). In Juhe 1930 Pahang Consolidated 4:29.8 per cent: Gopeng Consolidated 8.74 per cent and Tren it Enterprises 15.3 per cent. Chairman says although production during recent months showed marked improvement resulted for current year tityl likely to be comperable with 1978 and 1979 Meeting, 65. Lohdon Wall, EC, July 24 at 12.30 pm.

of £6.27m reduced to £3.21m on £CA besis. Shereholders' lunds £28.88m (£25.6m), Loan capital £386,000 (£78.000), ether leans £386,000 (£618.000). Sank and cesh belancse. £578.000 (£386.000). Overdrafts £3.15m (£3.85m), Acounts refer to inobility of directions to express opinion on value of cempeny's investment in Armitage Shenke Iren Private Cempeny. Auditorg Past Marwick Mulchell and £6. concur MK ELECTRIC HOLDINGS (manufac-MK ELECTRIC HÖLDINGS (manufacture of electric plugs, sockets and appliances)—Reaults for year to March 29, 1980, raperted in full praliminary report on June 17. Shaleheldens' lunde (31.65m (EZ7.35m); overdrafts E4.9m (C1.95m), bank belencea end cesh to 27m (C0.29m). Hiererical pra-les proles raduced to C3.74m (C6.34m) en CCA besis. Chairman says no volume (newth can be exoccled in the UK this year. Board'a policy to develop new products end to move into international markal re yielding recults and further progrees in anticipated this year Meeting, Chartered Accountents' Hall, Moorgele Pieca, EC, July 23, noon.

ARBUTHNOY LATHAM HOLOINGS.— Past Marwick Mitchell and Ca. concu with directors' vinw. Meating, Chamba of Commerce House, Sirmingham, Jul 8RITISH & COMMONWEALTH SHIP-PING COMPANY—Results for 1979 and crospects reported June 13. Shere-holdere lunde £145,98m (£134,32m). unsecured leene end depente 53 07m (£4.37m), bank everdrelte £12.19m (£11 2m), depoeits and bnn/ balences £25 89m (£44.54m). Caledonia Investiments ewick 49 per cant of the ardinery, capital. Meeting, London EC, July 22, at noon

Meeting, Character Accounters Trans.

Mootspele Pleca, EC, July 23, noen.

ARBUTHNOT LATHAM HOLOINGS—
Results for year te March 31, 1980.

reparted June 20, Shuraholders Lunde (13.07m (13.42m) Loane [4.78m (15.7m) Medium-term bank launs (4.08m (4.37m), Mcdum-term loans (4.15m (4.42m), Mcdum-term loans (4.15m (4.42m), Mcn-banking current assets (95.42m (14.884m)), Lisbritins at banking customers (23.17m (16.62m) Current deposit and other accessioners (23.17m (16.62m) Current liabritine for membership current including oraviation for last, inner reserves and contingencies reserve (97.17m (95.2m), Nan-banking current liabritine 159.78m (14.6.09m), Acceptances on binell of banking current (23.17m (16.82m), Menting, 37, Quinen Steel, EC, July 31, 12.30 om.

EXCHANGE TELEGRAPH (accoming) MONKS INVESTMENT TRUST—
Recults for year 1s April 30, 1980.
Announced May 29. Investments listed in market value in Grent British £33.16m (£45.26m). Oversees investments 1:00.00 (£20.47m). By year end ell defilm leane had been repeld. In Fabruery comosny berlowed £3.5m from The Raysi Bank of Scotlend, investing preceeds in equities, mainly in UK and the U.S. Interest on loan will have asses effect on eeminge in the current year, but beard ballows the figures will be about the seme as they would have been last time without the near-accurring dividende. Total dividend in excess all list year's basic 2.25p is lorsesst. Mearing: Great Esstern Hotel.

EZ3.17m [£18.82m]. Menting, 37. Qunen Street. EC. July 31. 12 30 om.

EXCHANGE TELEGRAPH (accointed now a ngency, printer, telecommunications and novalising)—Results for year 16 March 31. 1980, almosty known. Sharaholdnre lunda £13 J8m [£12 03m]. Mistorical pre-liss profits of £3.11m (£2.56m) induced to £2 43m on CCA besis. Cheirmen eavy continued piogress of group in period of high inflation and in a penetrally denreced accommy reflects success in all areas of scrivity. Mr John C Harving is rotening as chairmen after the annual meeting and he will be successed by Mr. Alan B 8 rester. Name of period tompany is to be changed to Extel Group. Meeting. Extel House, Ener Harding Street, EC. July 24, noon.

CHAMGERLIN & HILL (castings and electrical awitchgeari—Heaulia year onded March 31. 1980, recorted May 22. Sharehalders' funds (£3.3m [£2.5m]. Fixed assats £3.57m (£2.5m]. Fixed assats £3.57m (£2.5m), not current year. Meeting, Welsell, July 25, minor.

8 EECHWOOD CONSTRUCTION (HOLDINGS)—Resulte for year to March 31, 1980, strendy known. Shoreholdsis- funds £3.57m (£3.26m), 8ank overdralta and leane £1.5m [£2.48m). On CCA basis group prefit before Ins reduced to £71.38 [£388,345]. Cheirman believes occorrunities exist for gray's funds £3.7m (£3.26m), 8ank overdralta and leane £1.5m [£2.48m). On CCA basis group prefit before Ins reduced to £71.38 [£388,345]. Cheirman believes occorrunities exist for gray's further growth provided company can retain its compatitive contains.

BPB INDUSTRIES (manufacturer of pleaser, pineterboards and related materials). Pleasers and related materials. Results for year to March 31, 1980, resoured on June 26 Sharaholders' lunds £151 48m [£125 29m); short-term deposits and cash £8.99m [£126 21m]; bank overdrate £6.94m [£5.29m] Haterical pre-tes profits reduced from £47.1m [£35.4m] to £25m [£23m] en a CCA besie. Reserves at year-end £208m [£184m]. Chairmen says that, with the exception of Ceneds, ell oversene subsidiersies hypermade a sallelectory etait to the year. Company centinuise. Its be optimistic about the lenger term and hen yet to benefit from its new venture into glass fibre inentation. Meeting, Ferquaori Houen, Marylebone Rend, NW. August 1, noon.

Forecast. Meaning: Great Eestern EC. July 23. 10 nm.

Global trading starts Tuesday

empire is expected to begin on the Stock Exchange next Tues-

The company, which is engaged in oil and gas exploration and production in the U.S. and Canada, has applied for a full listing by way of en intro-duction by Hambros Bank.

Global was formed in 1970 to take over most of the assets of the Fund of Funds, mainly non-producing oil and say principles.

producing oil and gas properties in the U.S. and Canada plus \$20m in cash and 47 per cent of a real estate company in liquidation. It has since developed signific-

ant oil and gas production and expanded its exploration activity. In 1979, the company produced 170,000 barrels of oil and 6.4bn cubic feet of gas and spent \$2m on explorationo.

on explorations.

Proven net reserves at the end
of 1979 were 1.4m barrels of
crude oil and 88bn cubic feet
of gas worth a total of \$94m on
the accepted U.S. calculation
method which does not allow for
product price establishing

The company had net income of \$8.2m (\$752,000) in 1979 on revenue of \$13.9m [\$9.9m). Cash flow for the current year is projected at \$57.4m, including \$34.6m from the real estate com-pany liquidation. Cash flow for 1981 is estimated at \$25.5m Global shares have been

traded in an over-the-counter market in Frankfurt and have. The calendar 1979 profits for risen from the equivalent of More O'Ferrall were 12.5m. in 34.18 at the end of December, yesterday's story on the group's

TRADING IN the 21m shares of for Fund of Funds shareholder Global Natural Resources, the sole surviving offshoot of Mr. rights to one Global share to Bernia Cornfeld's failed IOS each FoF share held. who have not yet claimed their rights to one Global share for sare held. The trustee, Mr. Erskine Carter, who is also a Global director, Infant to sell the remaining the claimed shares in the second balf of 1981, maintaining the proceeds for the benefit of incidentified shareholders.

The company, which has a list of FoF shareholders, has made continuous efforts to locate ahareholders but with dimbrals ing success.

ing' success. Mr. Frank Beatty, President of Global, said there were two pos sible events in the next year that could have a material effect on the price of the shares and thus affect the things of the selling of the unclaimed ahers.

These were a decision to dooble gas liquefaction capacify in londonesia, where the company is a producer and a decision to develop substantial gas reserves in the Canadian Arctic. Mr. Beatty said the London listing was partly a response in the substantial shareboldings in the company held in Europe Re-estimated that 20 per cent of shareholders are in Germany with substantial holdings in Switzerland, France, Haly and the Low Countries

The company has - air registered its shares this week with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

MORE O'FERRALL 1979 to \$10.21 last week expansion in Beigium, the pub-About 21 per cent of Global lished figure was incorrectly shares are still held by a trustee given.

Chamberlin & Hill Limited

RESULTS AT A GLANCE Year anded 31st March 1979 £000 10.570 8,553 Turnover 743 1,018 Profit before tax 11.56p 16.77p Earnings par shara , 2.028p Dividend per share (net). 2.6p

From August, demand was very strong in most

divisions of the business with the result that record profits were achieved, despite a difficult first half. On the foundry side, the problems associated with Lichfield Works were largely overcome and the outlook there is encouraging. The engineering companies accounted for

slightly more than 27% of total profits and the Directors are confident that the greater spread of markets now available to the Group will prova to be of inestimable value in the future.



level of capital expenditure is being maintained in order to improve servica to customers and to provide better production facilities and working conditions which should lead to increased productivity.

J. R. Eades, Chairman.

et form

Summary of Results

	Year ended 31	st March
	1980	1979
.:'	£000	EDITO:
Sales	16,118	12,866
Pre-tax profit	752	597
Taxation	237	186
Profit after taxation	515	411
Earnings per share	12.3p	-10.1p. 🦃
Dividend per share	3.75p	300 🚊

Extracts from Chairman's Statement:

* Marked increase in Sales and Profits

* Balance Sheet strengthened - shareholders' funds up by £0.9 million.

* Improved liquidity has halved gearing over last two years

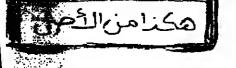
Highlights from the Statement by the Chairman, John Downing:

* The past year was a difficult one for most businesses engaged in civil and mechanical engineering. However, the Group came through this challenging. period in sound financial shape, although it was a disappointment that pre-tax profit of £501,815 was not closer to the previous year's record figure of £704,255.

* A final dividand of 1.58p per share is recommended, making a total distribution for the year ended 31st March, 1980 of 2.2p per share (2.0746p). This represents an increase of 6% over the previous year, covered 3.3 times. * Whilst an improvement in the general economic and financial outlook is --

impossible to forecast at this stage. I believe opportunitias exist for the Group's further growth, provided we can retain our competitive position, in Wales and elsewhere.

Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts may be obtained from The Secretary. Beechwood Construction (Holdings) Limited, Rhosmaen, Llandello, Dyfed, SA19-7HR.



A. G. Barr profits ahead slightly to £950,000

INCLUDING INTEREST payable of £181,000 against £60,000, taxpable profits of A. G. Barr and Go., soft drink manufacturer, were ahead slightly from £934,000 to the half transfer of \$250,000 for the half transfe able profits of A. w.

Co., soft drink manufacturer, started were ahead slightly from £934,000 schedule for occupance to £950,000 for the half year May ended April 26, 1960. Turnover The Manchester sales depot at was up by 15.8 per cent to Moston is to be redeveloped, at a cost of over £500,000, and a start is scheduled for the middle of this month.

directors of the fall.

Mr. Robin Barr, chairman and managing director, says that although sales were adversely affected in some areas by the stoppage in the steel industry, distribution of the company's canned products was not discupled, due to a high build-up of container stocks.

First-half earnings per 25p share are 7.22p (7.1p) and the interim dividend is unchanged at 1.25p—last year's final was 3p paid. from record profits—of 25.53m.

Tax takes £494,000 compared with £486,000, leaving net profits at £456,000 (£448,000).

BHS is below target

SIR JACK CALLARD, chairman of British Home Stores, paid at yesterday's AGM that the widely-reported deterioration in UK retail trading conditions over the past weeks was affecting the He said: "Our own experience

confirms these reports to the extent that sales are running below the targels we set ourselves at the beginning of the mancial year. But the statement regarding sales which I mede in the document recently circulated to concerning our proposal to raise capital, remains unaftered.

"It is predicted that the volume of total retail sales in the UK will be lower than last year. In these circumstances, our profit performance will depend on our ability to continue to increase our market share and control expenses."

way of a rights issue to aid the development programme was announced in mid-June. At that time the company said sales in the first pine weeks of the current year show an increase of 18 per cent.
In the year ended last March.

taxable profits wera £41.82m, compared to £33.58m, on turnover including VAT up from

and loans from the holding com-pany. British Electric Traction, was reduced from £2.4m to just under £1.3m during 1979-80. Even so the directors consider this level to be too high and hope that further reductions will be possible during the current

As known Humphries pushed taxable profit abead from £604,331 to £1.05m last year. However, had it not been for the The 68.4 per cent-owned South £727,000 surplus arising on re-valuation of long leaseholds a deficit of some £52,000 would have been carried forward.

management expects higher sales and profits in the second half. Pre-tax profits for the whole of the previous year were R1.37m.

Milford quiz would-be directors

MR. CHARLES SMITH, chair man of Milford Docks Company bas postponed for three weeks the annual meeting in order to quiz a new group of shareholders who want to join the board.

The annual meeting, which was to have taken place oext Tuesday, will now be beld on July 31. Meanwhile, Mr. Smith and his fellow directors have sent the aspirants a detailed questionnaire about intentions.

This is the second time in six months that a boarding party has approached MiHord, which operates a small dock business the Milford Haven estuary. In January three Individuals, headed by Mr. Richard Eldridge and his Sanoil company, tried to get themselves onto the board but were repulsed.

Now one of the signatories to their attempt, Mr. Faik Aydin Ezen, is heading another trio. This time the other two names are Mr. John Knowtes, an associate member of stockbrokers Charles Stanley, and Mr. James Noel McTavish Thomson-Moore.

The delay of the annual meet, ing while Mr. Smith tests whether the three men are friend or foe will not cost shareholders their final dividend. In place of the final, a third interim dividend of 3.422p is to paid as arranged on July 8.

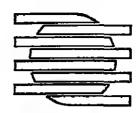
Coates Bros. S. Africa ahead midway

African subsidiary of Coates Brothers, manufacturer of packaging and printing supplies, has pushed its first half taxable profits up by 34 per cent.

The surplus for the six months to April 30, 1980 rose from R469,000 to R629,000 and the

Turnover rose from R7.07m to 18,61m. There is no interim dividend—a single payment of 13 cents was made for 1978-79.

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange, London. It does not constitute an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase any shares.



Global Natural Resources

Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1967 (Registered No. 989370)

Authorised

\$250,000

divided into 25,000,000 Common Shares of \$0.01 par value each

Issued and Fully Paid \$210,700

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange, London for all the issued shares to be admitted to the Official List.

Introduction arranged by

Hambros Bank Limited

Brokers to the Introduction

Rowe & Pitman City Gate House, 32-45 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1JA

The Stock Exchange, London

Particulars relating to Global Natural Resources Limited are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies of such particulars may be obtained from the above addresses during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 23rd July, 1980.

3rd July, 1980.

Ashley Indl. jumps to £0.41m

PRE-TAX profits of Ashley In-dustrial Trust, formerly Thames on the market for jeans and Plywood Manufacturers, expanded from £252,306 to £407,921 for the year ended April 30, 1980, helped by acquisitions. Turnover increased to £3.6m, compared

with £2.83m.
The net total dividend is raised from 2.3p to 3p, with a final of 1.8p. Stated earnings per 25p share are higher at 9.47p (7.67p) after tax of £162,567 (£68,201). The directors say that, follow-Ing trading losses in Thames Plywood Manufacturers, produc-lion will cease at the company's plant at Barking, Essex, in Sep-

The long-term decline in the demand for the company's pronicts has worsened in the last six months and magagement po longer feels able to forecast the return of a position in which the plant will operate economically.
It is intended to sell the plant.

machioery and premises.
Statutory redundancy and other severance costs are likely to be about £270,000 but no other material costs are expected. There are no outstanding contracts on which penalties will arise the directors say arise. De directors say.
British Plywood Manufacturers
will continue to function inde-

perdently and will be expanded to the limit of its productive capability in the course of rationalisation, they add

120mm or 121 11.15000

st hait 0a

atte

ead of Over to be:

re 13 05 fg COVE No picage

s and

h should July

3 0

3

FOSTER BROTHERS

casual clothes. It is planned to open a further eight branches within the next six months to complete tha first phase of ex-

Technology earns and pays more

REVENUE, AFTER tax of £458,801 against £394,571, of Technology Investment Trust, came ont bigber at £594,471 for the year ended May 31, 1980, compared with £628,221.

And the dividend is stepped up to 4.46p (3.1p) nat per 25p share, with a final payment of 2.6p—the total includes a special 0.36p in respect of payment of arrears of dividends received.

Gross revenue for the year amounted to £1,48m against £1,12m, and earnings per share are shown as 4,53p (3,18p).

Humphries borrowing still too high

have not yet been re-couped by situation has lead to the heavy borrowing, the directors note. Out of the last 10 years the com-pany has been in loss on five occasions, the most recent being in 1976-77.

Plascut Group receivers appointed

Mr. Tony Richmond and Mr. Peter Scaman of charlered accountants, Peat Marwick Mitchell and Co. Sheffield, have been appointed joint receivers

This means that past losses

and managers of Plascut Group, the metal profile cutters.

The receivers say the business, at which has a workforce of nearly oper 100 at three locations, will con-Foster Brothers, which con Total Indebtedness at which has a workforce of ne trois over 700 retail outlets, has Humphries Holdings, developer 100 at three locations, will formed a new division called and printer of motion films, tinue while its future Blue Movers. represented by bank overdrafts considered.

APPOINTMENTS

Lloyds Bank first woman regional director

has been appointed a regional director of the Central London regional Board of LLOYDS
BANK, which sits at Lombard
Street under the chairmanship
of Sir Peter Matthews, Commandant McBride is the first woman to be appointed a regional direc-tor of a Lloyds Bank regional Board. She joined the Wumen's Royal Navy Service in 1949 and was a director of that Service from 1976 to 1979.

Mr. John R. Storar, formerly deputy chairman of DRAYTON PREMIER INVESTMENT TRUST, has been appointed chairman following the resigna-tion of Mr. Philip Shelbourne as tion of Mr. Philip Shelbourne as director and chairman on his appointed a managing director appointement as chairman of TUBE INVESTMENTS on BNOC Mr. L. Jeremy Fillenham completing his secondment as

have been appointed to the Board of DRAYTON MONTAGU PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT.

joined the partnership of HALL, GRAHAM, BRADFORD AND Mr. P. D. Carter, managing

director, the Littlewoods Organ-isation, has been elected chairfrom 1976 to 1979.

Mr. J. D. W. Stobart bas been great Britain to succeed Mr. appointed a director of FUL-CRUM INVESTMENT TRUST. (London, S.W.9.).

Mr. BL C. Abbott, joins the Board of BRABY LESLIE on Saptember 1 as a non-executive

National Oil Corporation. While the greater part of Mr. Utiger's time will be spent on TI Group affairs, be will also continue as chairman of British Aluminium. Mr. Bernard L. Jones, bas

> Mr. Parry Rogers, director personnel and Europe for the Plessey Company, bas been ap pointed ebairman of the INSTI-TUTE OF DIRECTORS Industrial Relations Committee.

Lord Peart, Leader of the Opposition in the Housa of Lords and former Minister of Agriculture. Fisheries and Food in two Governments, has been appointed to the Board of the ECON-OMIC FORESTRY GROUP.

GRANADA THEATRES bas appointed three new directors: Mr. W. H. Butters, (Marketing). Mr. M. R. Robinson, (operations) and Mr. J. Whittaker (financial)

CROUZET, the UK subsidiary of the French automation control group, has made three appointments: Mr. Richard Healey as commercial director, Mr. Michael Fleming, national sales manager, and Mr. Jack Clarke, sales manager for Ireland.

NORTHERN TRUST COM-Chicago-based PANY, the Chicago-based international bank, bas appointed

developing couotries, for the INTERNATIONAL WOOL SECRETARIAT, He will be based in Cairo from July 1.

MACHINERY, PICTORIAL part of the Monotype Group, bas appointed Mr. Dennis Bradley as sales director

in eight countries.

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue / June, 1980

\$500,000,000

10.35% Secured Notes Due June 1,1990

Fully Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by the

United States of America

Acting through the Chrysler Corporation Loan Guarantee Board issued by

Chrysler Corporation

Salomon Brothers

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group

The First Boston Corporation

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Bache Halsey Stuart Shields

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. ABD Securities Corporation

Mr. Jeffrey F. Ruzicka as vicepresident and general manager of its London branch. He will replace Mr. John W. Taylor III, who is returning to Chicago to become deputy head of Northern Trust Company's international department. Both will work together until the appointment becomes effective on September

Mr. Odysseus S. Belleuls has een appointed director,

PETROLEUM PHILLIPS EUROPE AFRICA states that Mr. T. D. Fitzmaurice is promoted to vice-president, natural gas liquids (N.G.L.) and chemi-cal feedstocks, petroleum pro-Europe Africa group,

Mr. Robert E. Vanden Bosch has been elected senior vice-president of HARRIS BANK. Chicago. He is bead of the international banking artivities, incloding its foreign bank and representatives offices

Warburg Paribas Becker **Atlantic Capital** Allen & Company

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Blyth Eastman Paine Webber Drexel Burnham Lambert Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc.

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. Basie Securities Corporation Alex. Brown & Sons

A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.

Daiwa Securities America Inc. **EuroPartners Securities Corporation**

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Inc.

Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc.

Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., Inc.

Janney Montgomery Scott Inc.

Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc.

McLeod Young Weir Incorporated

The Nikko Securities Co.

Wm. E. Poliock & Co., Inc.

Advest, Inc.

J. C. Bradford & Co.

Rotan Mosie Inc.

Dominion Securities Inc. Robert Fleming

Hudson Securities, Inc. Moseley, Haligarten, Estabrook & Weeden Inc.

Kleinwort, Benson **New Court Securities Corporation**

Nomura Securities International, Inc.

Stuart Brothers

Oppenheimer & Co., Inc. Thomson McKinnon Securities inc.

Yamaichi International (America), Inc.

Wood Gundy Incorporated Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. A. E. Ames & Co.

> Blunt Ellis & Loewi William Blair & Company **Butcher & Singer Inc.**

Dain Bosworth

Boeticher & Company Greenshields & Co Inc

Bacon, Whipple & Co.

Legg Mason Wood Walker McDonald & Company Prescott, Ball & Turben Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood

Richardson Securities, Inc. Stone & Youngberg Stephens Inc.

Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru International, Inc.

The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc.

Sanyo Securitles America Inc.

New Japan Securities International Inc.

Ultrafin International Corporation



Established in Curacao (Netherlands Antilles)

Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders to be Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of Arrow Capital N.V. ("the Company") will shareholders of Arrow Capital IV. I the Company Will be held on July 23, 1980, at 10 o'clock in the forencen (local time) at the offices of the Company, 6 John B. Gorsiraweg, Carração (N.A.), for the following purposes:

1. Report of the Managing Director on the course of business

and the management of the company during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1980. To approve the Company's annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 1980 -To ratify, confirm and approve the acts of the management and the Advisory Board.

To elect a Managing Director for the ensuing year.

To elect an Advisory Board for the ensuing year.

To appoint independent Auditors for the ensuing year.

To transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

The official agenda of the meeting fogether with the annual accounts for the Company's financial year ended March 31, accounts for the Company's financial year ended March 31, accounts for the company's financial year ended March 31, accounts for the last the offices of 1980, may be inspected by ell shareholders at the offices of 1980, may be used as the offices of its sponsoring banks, 1980, may be inspected by eit shareholders at the offices of the Company as well as the offices of its sponsoring banks, viz. Tanque Rothschild S.A., Paris, N. M. Rothschild and Sons Viz. Tanque Rothschild and Pierson, Heldring and Pierson N.V., Vi terdam, Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A., Brussels, Banque

ree SA. Geneva, Rothschild Bank A.G., Zurich, Banque nationale a Luxembourg S.A. Luxembourg. lers of registered shares shall be entitled to vote at the eting in person or by proxy. Holders of bearer shares ail be entitled to vote at the meeting on presentation of eir share certificate(s) or of a voucher given by any of heir share cerumcate(s) or or a voucner given by any of he: Company's sponsoring banks stating that share ertificate(s) in respect of the number of shares specified ertificate(s) in respect of the number of shares specified in the youther have been deposited until the end of the

The Managing Director Intimis Management Company N.V.

DOWN

),'de'5

HE OCH j:S!nbu^{ry}

المراجعة المالية المراجعة في المراجعة . منتق <u>ق</u>ورن

Ahmanson buys out Kollmorgen BORROWER PROFILE Californian house loans competitor

strengthen its position in north- saw its earnings fall sharply in ern and central California, the first quarter, and some H. F. Ahmanson, the largest analysts have forecast that this savings and loan association (S and L) in the U.S., has agreed in principlo to bny one of its competitors, Fidelity Fin-

ancial Corporation, for \$137m. The proposal is the third in a auccession of acquisition pro-posals involving the California savings and loan industry, B treod which has been prompted partly by the difficult conditions the industry has been experiencing because of high interest rates, and by legislative changes which promise intensified competition between commercial hanks and savings and loans associations.

Savings and loans associations are the major lenders for private house purchase in the U.S. akin in some ways tn British huilding societies, except that generally they are private corporations rather than mutual

Rising interest rates through most of last year, coupled with B weakening housing market and the tradition of lending on home mortgages at fixed interest rates, have severely hurt the profitability of the industry. Sevings and Loan of California of \$12bn.

move which will and has assets of ovar \$12bn, \$75m not of tax, compared with

\$117m last year.
But Fidelity Financial, which has 82 offices in California, compared with 105 for Home Savings and Loan, has been even harder bit hy conditions in the industry. The company, which has assets of \$2.5bn. reported earnings of only 14 cents a share in the first quarter compared with 70 cents B share in the same period of last year. For the whole of 1979 it earoed \$15.9m or \$2.48

Savings and loan associations are a key sector of the economy of California because of its active and at times, speculative, housing market. Earlier this year, in an unusual diversification move, National Steel, the fourth largest U.S. producer, completed the purchase of United Financial Corporation. Subsequently. Subsequently. Great Westorn Savings and Loan, the second largest U.S. savings and Inan association proposed to purchase Financiel Federation. a merger which Ahmanson, which owns Home would create a unit with assets

Sharp rise in Tyco profits

TYCO LABORATORIES, the ecquired last September. diversified manufacturer safety, fire protection and capital gains of \$1.4m from disother products, bad a 50 per cent jump in its fnurth quarter General Signal against a eain net earnings to 86m or \$1.27. of \$8.5m from the sale of its a share on a 47.6 per cent rise in sales to \$89m.

This pushed net profit for the year ended May 31, 1980 margins have widened sig-

The year's results exclude stakas in Cutler-Hammer and Trane in fiscal 1979.

Although electrical and electo \$21.2m. or \$4.69 a share, up tronic products accounted for 88 per cent from a year earlier. only about 25 per cent of its rose 48 per cent to sales last year, they brought in \$320.3m. suggesting that gross about 52 per cent of its profit. rargins have widened sig-ificantly.

In January this year, Tyco acquired 14 per cent of Muir-head, which manufactures the first-time contribution of facsimile transmission systems.

Armin Corporation, which was and other products.

Champion sees decline

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

profit to show a sbarp 70-80 per year. cent decline from the 32 cents

a share achieved a year earlier, the June figures were an The company attributed the indication of an improvement to projected decline to a drop in more normal sales tevels, sales of spark plugs in the U.S., saying that second quarter sales would he appreciably, lower \$1.49 compared with \$1.45 in than in the previous year. How- 1978.

CHAMPION SPARK PLUG ever, June sales were about expects its second quarter net equal to those of the previous

For all of last year per share earnings at Champion totalled

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

1,237,800 Shares

Wang Laboratories, Inc.

Class B Common Stock

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

It said it could not judgo if

to raise £6.5m on

KOLLMORGEN CORPORA-TION, a U.S. company specialising in electro-optical instruments, is raising £6.5m through an offering of debon-tures in the Euroband market by its wholly owned sub-sidiary, Kollmorgen Inter-national Finance NV.

The term of the 15-year debentures, which will be convert-ible into common stock of Kollmorgen Corporation, will be fixed just before the offering date, expected to be in mid-July. Joint lead manager: of this issue are Merrill Lynch International and S. G. Warburg.

Elsewhere in the Eurobond market the sour climate of recent days continues. In the dollar sector the new issue for the Province of Nova Scotia closed at 94941, having been quoted even lower at the start of husiness vesterday morning. This despite the fact that the lead manager, McLeod, Young Weir International trimmed the amount of the issue by a third to \$50m, increased tho coupon by a per cent to 103 and priced the bonds at 994 instead of the indicated 100. Full allotments were given to

the underwriters, as was also the case with the \$50m, 11 per cent issue for United Biscuits which starts trading tomorrow. This issue was quoted in pre-market trading yesterday less

The current investors' strike is affocting virtually all recent issues. One ootable casualty issues. One ootable casualty is the 91 per cent European Investment Bank bond. Yesterday it was quoted by the lead managers at 921-1. Elsewhere the \$100m seven year bond for Pembroke-Capital Corporation with B compon of 9g per cent, was quoted at 94-95.

The weakness of the dollar sector is now spreading, albeit a milder form to the foreign D-Mark bond sector. where prices fell for the third. day running. Most Issues shed about i of a point in the secondary market while secondary market while Dresdner Bank brought the Indicated coupon on its DM 100m seven-year offering for Iberduero up by i of a point to 9 per cent. BHF Bank is arranging a

DM 130m 61-year convertible bond for Dalei. Japan's largest retall chain. The borrower is paying a coupon of 6 per cent and the note holders will have the option of redeeming the bonds after five years at 110, the first been offered in a D-Mark denominated convertible

Lex, Back Page

Seeking new ways to raise money

It has begun sounding out UK institutions on the possibility of borrowing long-term in sterling. while later this year it expects to become the first devoloping country to float commercial paper in the U.S.

These developments under-line both the Imaginative approach of the Mexican Government towards its debt management and the country's oew-found credit worthiness among international banks. Largely because of its oil

wealth, banks are increasingly inclined to put it on a credit footing closer to those of second rank iodustrial countries rather than the devoloping country group to which it helongs. The recent success of a \$125m fixedrato Eurohond for Pemex, the State-owned oil company confirms this, as LDC borrowers have normally no access to this sector of the market.

In London this week, Sr. Guslavo Romero Kolbeck, the Governor of the Central Bank, explained that the decision to aim for long-term finance from UK institutions follows on from Mexico's approach to the insur-ance market in the U.S. last In its quest for long-term

money. Mexico last year \$200m in requested a relaxation of the autumn. requested a relaxation of the autumn. U.S. bankers say the rule harring U.S. insurance com-panies from lending more than obtaining the top A1P1 rating May.

Euromarket

MEXICO, which is one of the most prolific borrowers on international markets, is looking at two new ways of raising finance.

The porcent of their assets overseas. It would like to be able to tap these assets on the sort of preferred basis already two new ways of raising finance. cent allocation would give it access to some \$3bn in longterm institutional funds.

The application to relax the rule was made initially to insurance companies in New York stato, tha most important in-surance market in the U.S. It is still under consideration and Sr. Kolhock is confident of a successful outcome. Meanwhile UK Institutions

are also viewed as a potential source of funds because, with nil revenues reducing the public sector borrowing requirement In the noxt few years, they will have less scope for investing in

It is obviously early days to talk in concrete terms, but the demand for funds would creata a chance for sovereign borrowers such as Mexico raise 20-year monoy in Britain. This would certainly help improve Mexico's dobt profila which Sr. Kolbeck said is very important to debt management strategy.

The commercial paper venture is to be carried out through the state financing concern, Nafinsa, which aims to raiso \$200m in this way during the for its paper. Later Pemix, too, could tap this market For this year, Mexico oxpocts net external public soctor horrowing to total around horrowing to total around \$3.4bn, little changed on the

1979 figure of \$3.3bm. borrowing requirements, origin-

REC	UiRE	MENTS (S	5bn)
1981		Principal 3.4	Interest 2.5
1982		3.7	2,3
1983		3.5	1.5
7994		4	15

has already been raised.

This package attracted attention because of the fine spreads. Eight years money was sought at a split spread of 11 over London interhank rate. On the Canadian side, Bank of Montreal provided \$250m over seven

MEXICO'S DEBT SERVICE International lenders tend to see Mexico as closer to second-rank industrialised nations than to the group of developing countries to which it more accurately

ally estimated at some \$11bn, years at a flat margin of 1 par have been cut to around \$8bn cent. basically because prepayment of This basically because prepayment of existing borrowings will be lower than earlier expected. Of the total, about \$3.5bn

is slightly less than half the overall requirement, but as Mexican officials point out, high interest retes in the first half tho year made international rrowing less attractive. The largest individual portion finance already arranged was a \$800m packaga negotiated with French, German and Canadian banks to coincido with the visit of President Lopez Portillo to those countries in

beiongs

initially to confirm Mexico'a excessive ambition as rogards spreads. Bank of Montreal appeared to bave difficulty selling the credit to fellow Canadian institutions and ended up taking the whole amount on to its own books. The bank says it regards the credit as " a very good asset," while Sr. Kolbeck edded this week that the decisien to go it aleno was a voluntary one on the part of the bank. Offers were forthcoming. from other Canadian banks, he said, but Bank of Montreal

prices. Mexico will still have a current account deficit this year of about \$3.5bn compared with. \$4.2bn last year. Next year, officials say, it abould narrow more

sharply to about \$2.5bn.
This year's result would have been much better were it not for a drought which led to the for \$1bn of imported cereals and sugar, of which Mexico is normally an exporter

At the same time, consumer prices rose by 13.2 per cent in the first five months compared with a target of 20 per cent for 1980 as a whole. Because of this.

Sr. Kolbeck said he has not plans to maintain an artificially high: exchange rate. A policy of slow and orderly depreciation is preferred, as this will keep manufacturing exports competitive.
Oil exports this year are

expected to jump to around \$12-\$13bn from somewhat over \$4bn last year. Thio reflects not only price increases but also crude oil exports of some 300m barrels compared with 195m-in

Against this, Mexoco's total public - sector external debt seems small: \$31.5bn as of June 15, an increase of \$1,76bn sinco the ond of last year. Mexico's reserves at the end

of last your totalled some SDR 1.6bn (\$2.1bn). About 28 per cent is held in gold, 60 per cent in dollars and 12 per cent in other currencies, reflecting dobt obligations in Deutsche decided not to take them up.

Despite the sharp rise in oil

Marks, Swiss Francs and Yea.

IBH buys stake in U.S. machinery manufacturer

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

IBH HOLDING, the acquisitive West German construction machinery group, has bought a 5.5 per cent stake in Pettibone Corporation. a Chicago-based group with similar interests, signalling the direction of the German group's major push into North America.

IBH, which in five years has built itself into the largest construction equipment group in Eurone, naid \$3.2m for the 136.700 shares and said in its filings with the Securities and Commission Exchante Washington that it might buy up to 500,000 more shares. If IBH is able to purchase

the additional shares it would hold a little more than 25 per cent of Pettibone's capital.

IBH said it had discussed with Pettlbone huying 600,000 shares time such a put option has directly from it, but these dis-Pettibone's request. The Ger-

man group said that if discussions were reopened and the

WANG

accordingly. IBH anid it did not have env plans for major changes in the company, although its intentions

purchases made the number of

shares bought on the open

" might bo reduced

depended on the continued par-ticipation of Mr. E. J. Seifert. the president and chief executive officer, in Pettibone' management. Peltibone produces steel castings, slurry pumps, mecbanical handling equipment, fork lift

industrial trailers and tractors, and equipment for the forest industry.
In the 12 months ended March Petilbone had pre-tax nrofit of \$22m and net profit of \$11.7m on sales of \$354. IBH expects its turnover to

reach about DM 1.2bn (\$680m) this year. Although as a private directly from it, but these dls-company it has given no indi-cussions had been ended at cation of its profitability, it has acquired mostly loss-making companies suggesting a deficit would be likely.

Slower growth

By Our Financial Staff

at Kroger

in sales

KROGER, the major supermarket and drugstore operator, has reported a 19 per cent rise In its second quarter net profit to \$27m while sales rose 11 per cent to \$2.3hn.

However, for the 24 week period ended June 14, net profit was ahead by nnly a marginal 3.2 per cent to \$39.4m. The first half profit figure was affected by a poor first quarter, which saw net profit slipping some 20 per cent despite a 14 per cent increase in sales to \$2.2ha. This was attributed to a strike in 50 of ito shops in West Virginia, competitive forces and rising costs,

Half-year net earnings per share were \$1.43 as against \$1.40 last year. The compara-tive figures for 1979 have heen restated to reflect the change in its accounting from FIFO to LIFO. Kroger, which is the second

largest food retalled in the U.S., operates more than 1.200 supermarkets in 21 states and stores under the name

The food husiness accounted for the llon's portion-93 per of its profit last year. Net earnings last year were slightly shead at \$85.7m, against \$84.6m.

LTV-Kaiser talks ended By Our Financiel Staff

LTV Corporation, the U.S. conglomerate which includes the Jones and Langhlin steel concern, has decided not to go ahead with talks on the possible acquisition of Kaiser Steel Corporation, the Cali-LTV said its Investigation

of Kaiser's ioss-making Fontana integrated steel niant and other assets indicated they did not fit in with its iong-range plan. Taiks between Kaiser and Nippon Kokan, the Japanese steel-maker, on the takeover of the Foniana plant came to nothing earlier this year. Kaiser in the past year sold its Australian iron ore interests, a major part of its U.S.

Venezuela to reassure lenders

SR. HERNAN OYARZABAL. Venezuola'a director of Public Credit, is to visit Europo next week to reassure international bankers about late payments of intorest and principle on short-term debt incurred by the country's stato agencies. visit comes at a timo

when Venezuela is seeking to arrange a \$1.2bn. aeven-year epproveredit with a margin over Lon-obtain,

don interbank rates of per cent for the first two years and are widely believed to exceed per cent for the remainder. \$6bn and bankers bave The credit is designed to. consolidated some of the country's sburt-term debt. State agencies have been heavy borrowers on the Euromarkets for periods of up to two years because longer-term external funding requires Congressional epproval, which is difficult to

recently been Increasingly exasperated by the propensity: of some of the barrowers to dolay payments on their credits This is seen as boing caused by. poor management of the debt rather than to any fundamental problems over Venezuela'a

. Amounts raised in this way

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond Issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. For further details of these or other bonds see the complete list of Euroband prices published on the second Monday of each month.

Closing prices on July 2.

Et 13's 30' 11's 87 .
Elec. de Frence 10 88.
Export Ov. Con. 5's 84
Export Ov. Con. 5's 84
Export Ov. Con. 12's 87
Foderal Dov. 8's. 12's 85
Finlend, Rep. ol 9's 86
Fort O'S Fin. 12's 85.
George Weston 13's 85.
FMAC O'S Fin. 13's 85
Goodyeer 10'S Fin. 13's 85
Goodyeer 10'S 12's 86
ICI Fin. Nod. 11 83 ...
McGrew 13's 85
ICI Fin. Nod. 11 83 ...
McGrew 13's 85
INCF 12's 85
SNOT F CM 12's 85

DEUTSCHE MARK
STRAIGHTA is
Alzo 3 90
Aeien Oev. Benk 10 00
Auettalian 84 90
BFCE 74 87
PFCE 84 95
Brazil 8 87

Aid Offer day week 1

921, \$32, -01, +03,

884, 894, -01, -1

964, \$77, +01, +11,

914, \$92, -04, -05,

884, 894, -04, -1

974, \$94, -04, -01,

n day -04, on week -Arramilia S.3 83 Austrolia 97, 89 E18 74 89 Finland S.6 89 ... 30 20 22 10 10 15

50 30 50 50

R. Bk. Canada 10 86 CS 40 94 94 94 0 10 11 R. Bk. Canada 10 94 CS 40 87 89 40 0 11 Totdom Cpn. 134.85 CS 30 1034 1044 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 1	ľ	Quebec 104 86 CS	50.	924	9414	+0%	-0	. 71
SOFTE 8½ 89 EUA U. BK.Nrvy, 9½ 90 EUA Alsamene BK. 84 84 FF Ned. Gasumia 8¾ 84 FF Ned. Middbk. 84 84 FF Norway 84 85 FF Norway 84 84 FF	ŀ	R. Bk. Canada 10 86 CS		94-	9412	* O	ተጫ	, 11
SOFTE 8½ 89 EUA U. BK.Nrvy, 9½ 90 EUA Alsamene BK. 84 84 FF Ned. Gasumia 8¾ 84 FF Ned. Middbk. 84 84 FF Norway 84 85 FF Norway 84 84 FF		R. Bk. Canada 10 94 CS	. 40	877	89 4	+04	0	. 11
SOFTE 8½ 89 EUA U. BK.Nrvy, 9½ 90 EUA Alsamene BK. 84 84 FF Ned. Gasumia 8¾ 84 FF Ned. Middbk. 84 84 FF Norway 84 85 FF Norway 84 84 FF		Tordom Con. 131-85 CS	.30	1037	1043	+0%	-04	72
SOFTE 8½ 89 EUA U. BK.Nrvy, 9½ 90 EUA Alsamene BK. 84 84 FF Ned. Gasumia 8¾ 84 FF Ned. Middbk. 84 84 FF Norway 84 85 FF Norway 84 84 FF	ľ	M. Bk. nomk. 9 91 EUA		94	351	. 0	-03	. 9
U. BK.Nrwy, 9¹, 90 EUA Algamene BK. 8¹, 8⁴ F1 Ned. Gasunia 8¹, 8⁴ F1 Ned. Middbk. 8¹, 8⁴ F1 Norway 8¹, 84 F1 Norway 8¹, 85 LuxF1 Norway 8², 86 LuxF1 Norway 8², 8	-	SOFTE BL 89 EUA	40	. RO-4	M/2.	· U .		v. Tu
Algamene BK, 84 84 F1 Ned. Gastania 83, 84 F1 Ned. Middbk, 84, 84 F1 Norway 84, 85 FF1 Norway 84, 86 FF7 Norway 84, 86	٠.	U. Bk.Nrwy, 91 90 EUA	. 3B	971	99	0	0	· . B
Ned. Gasania 83, 84 Fl 50 99° 200° 40° 40° 40° 80° 80° 80° 40° 40° 40° 40° 80° 80° 80° 80° 40° 40° 40° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 40° 40° 40° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 80° 8	1	Alsemene Bk. 84 84 Fl	75	. 56%	904	-04	0,	, 3
Ned. Middisk. 84 84 F1 75 95° 95° 95° 40° 40° 40° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 1	1	Ned. Gasunia 84 84 FI	50	. DOT	7005°	+04	_ C	- 8
Norway 84, 84 FI	ł	Ned. Middbk. 814 84 FI	75	. 954	954	+0-		ı·В
Norway 84, 84 FI	١. ١	Norway 84 84 Fl	100	974	577 ₄	+0%	+05	9
Pkillios Lempa 84 84 Ff 75 37% -0% -0% 13 Air France 11 84 FFr 120 95 - 36% 0 0 - 0% 12 CECA 14% 86 FFr 150 100% 106 0 - 0% 12 Evatom 9% 57 FFr 150 34% 85% 0 + 6% 13 September 11% 89 FFr 70 92 93% 0 0 12 Finland 11 B4 FFr 80 94 95 - 0% - 0% 12 Finland 11% 89 FFr 70 92 93% 0 0 12 Finland 11% 89 FFr 70 92 93% 0 0 12 Finland 11% 89 FFr 120 97 98 0 0 0 12 Finland 11% 89 FFr 120 97 98 0 0 0 12 Finland 11% 89 FFr 120 97 98 0 0 0 0 12 Finland 11% 98 FFr 120 97 98 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Ι'	Norway 84 84 Ft	100	374	975	~04	-03	. 9
Air France 11 84 FFr 20		Pkillips Lempa 84 84 Ff	75	377	27%	- O's	04	9
CECA 14% 86 FFr	ı							
Finland 11½ 89 FF7 70 92′, 93°, 0 12. Goz de France 11 84 FF7 70 94 95 -0°, -0°, 12. Ronault 9½ 85 FF7 70 86′, 87′, 0 8 12. Ronault 9½ 85 FF7 70 86′, 87′, 0 8 12. Solvoy et Cie 9½ 87′ F7 120 86′, 87′, 0 18 12. Beneficial Fin. 14½ 50 € 20 99½ 100½ -0½ -0½ 12. Beneficial Fin. 14½ 50 € 20 99½ 100½ -0½ -0½ 12. Fin. lor Ind. 12′, 58 € 30 95′, 95′, -0½ -0½ 13. Fm. lor Ind. 12′, 58 € 30 95′, 95′, -0½ -0½ 13. Gon: Elec. Co. 12½ 89 € 50 96′, 97 0 -0½ 13. Gon: Elec. Co. 12½ 89 € 50 96′, 97 0 -0½ 13. Indonosio 8½ 31 K0 7 993 33°, 0 0 8. Mitsubishi 7½ 84 K0 10 192′, 93°, 0 0 9. Mitsubishi 7½ 84 K0 10 192′, 93°, 0 0 9. Goddentel 8½ 97 KN 7 99°, 90°, 0 0 9. Euratom 8 87 LuxFr 500 94′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. Euratom 9½ 88 LuxFr 500 98′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. Ela 9½ 88 LuxFr 500 98′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. FEILATING RATE			750	1044	706	0.	-04	12
Finland 11½ 89 FF7 70 92′, 93°, 0 12. Goz de France 11 84 FF7 70 94 95 -0°, -0°, 12. Ronault 9½ 85 FF7 70 86′, 87′, 0 8 12. Ronault 9½ 85 FF7 70 86′, 87′, 0 8 12. Solvoy et Cie 9½ 87′ F7 120 86′, 87′, 0 18 12. Beneficial Fin. 14½ 50 € 20 99½ 100½ -0½ -0½ 12. Beneficial Fin. 14½ 50 € 20 99½ 100½ -0½ -0½ 12. Fin. lor Ind. 12′, 58 € 30 95′, 95′, -0½ -0½ 13. Fm. lor Ind. 12′, 58 € 30 95′, 95′, -0½ -0½ 13. Gon: Elec. Co. 12½ 89 € 50 96′, 97 0 -0½ 13. Gon: Elec. Co. 12½ 89 € 50 96′, 97 0 -0½ 13. Indonosio 8½ 31 K0 7 993 33°, 0 0 8. Mitsubishi 7½ 84 K0 10 192′, 93°, 0 0 9. Mitsubishi 7½ 84 K0 10 192′, 93°, 0 0 9. Goddentel 8½ 97 KN 7 99°, 90°, 0 0 9. Euratom 8 87 LuxFr 500 94′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. Euratom 9½ 88 LuxFr 500 98′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. Ela 9½ 88 LuxFr 500 98′, 95°, 0 +0½ 10. FEILATING RATE	1	Eurarom.93 87 FFr	150	847	851	. 0 -	+04	13
Finjand 11½ 89 FFr		Finland 11 B4 FFr		94	951			
Goz de France 11 84 FFr. 190 94. 950%0%. 12. 18M France 117. 34 FFr. 120 87. 56%. 0. +0%. 12. 120 86% FFr. 125 87% F			. 70	921	9374	0.,	.0	.12
BM France 111 34 FFr 120 37 38 12 40 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1			. 190	94	96	-0%	,-04	.12:
Senit-Gobeln 92, 86 FF; 130 -852, 863, -03, -03, 13. Solvoy et Cie 92, 87 FF; 125 844, 854, -03, -03, 102, 100, -04, -03, 13. Beneficial Fin. 144, 50 € 20 982, 1004, -04, -03, 14. Cittoorp 11/5 132, 90 € 50 983, -994, 0 -07, 13. Fin. lor Ind. 127, 88 € 30 955, 955, -03, -14, -13, 13. Fm. lor Ind. 145, 88 € 20 1023, 1027, +04, -03, 13. Fm. lor Ind. 145, 88 € 20 1023, 1027, +04, -03, 13. Swed. Ex. Cr. 154, 85 € 20 103 1033, 0 -09, 13. Indonosio 85, 31 KO 7 933, 333, 0 0 8. Mitsubishi 77, 84 KO 10 1924, 93 0 0 9. Norges Kom. 72, 88 KN 12 1934, 933, 0 0 8. Occidentel 83, 91 KN 7 1904, 993, 0 0 9. Curatom 8, 87 Luxfr 600 993, 993, 0 0 9. Euratom 9, 88 Luxfr 600 993, 993, 0 +03, 10. Euratom 9, 88 Luxfr 600 993, 993, 0 +03, 10. FELIATING RATE				37	5014		. 4-0-2	-12
Solvoy et Cie 9½ 87 6Ft 125 84½ 83¼ - 0½ + 0½ 13. Beneficial Fin. 14½ 50 £ 20 99½ 100½ - 0½ - 90½ 12. Circorp 11/5 13. 50 £ 50 98½ - 99½ 0 - 0½ 13. El8 11½ S1 £		Ronault 9% 85 FFr		861,	872	0.	8	13.
Beneficial Fin. 14's 50 £ 20		Semit-Gobaln 9% B6 FFr	130					
EIS 11', S1 E		Solvey et Cie 94 67 FF	125	844	8514	-04	+0-	.13.
EIS 11', S1 E		Beneficial Fin. 14% 50 £	20	99.	1004	~04	-0-	14.
EIS 11', S1 E		Citicorp 11/5 1312 90 £		38	991	_O_	-02	13.
Fm. lor Ind. 143, 88 £ 20 1023, 1027, +64; -93, 13. Gen: Eleo. Co. 122, 29 £ 50 967, 97, 0, -03, 13. Swed. Ex. Cr. 154, 85 £ 20 103 1037, 0 -03, 14. Indonosio 83, 31 KO 7 193, 237, 0 0 8. Mitsubishi 74, 84 KO 10 1922, 93 0 0 8. Occidentel 83, 91 KD 7 1904, 903, 0 0 8. Occidentel 83, 91 KD 7 1904, 903, 0 0 9. Euratom 8, 87 Luxfr 500 893, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 92, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 0 0 93, 903, 90		EI8 112, S1 £	. 25	91	913	+0%	+0-	13,
Gen. Elec Co. 12½ 39 £. 50 96½ 97 0 -0½ 13. Swed. Ex. Cr. 15½ 85 £ 20 103 103½ 0 -6½ 14. Indonosio 8¾ 31 K0 7 193 33¾ 0 0 6. Mitsubishi 7½ 84 K0 10 192½ 93 0 0 8. Occidentel 8½ 91 KN 7 190% 90¾ 0 0 8. Occidentel 8½ 91 KN 7 190% 90¾ 0 0 8. Euratom 8 87 LuxFr 500 98½ 95% 0 +0½ 10½ Euratom 8 87 LuxFr 500 98½ 98% 0 +0½ 10½ Euratom 9¾ 88 LuxFr 500 98½ 98% 0 +0½ 10½ Ela 8¾ 88 LuxFr 500 98½ 98% 0 +0½ 10½ FLIATING RATE		Fin. lor Ind. 121, 59 E						
Swed. Ex. Cr. 164 85 £ 20 103 1034, 0 -64 14: Indonosio 84 31 KO 7 193 334, 0 0 8. Mitsubishi 77, 94 KO 10 1924 93 0 0 9. Norges Kom. 72 89 KD 12 1934 937 0 0 8. Occidentel 84 91 KD 7 1904 904 0 0 8. Akzo 94 87 Luxfr 500 894, 964 0 0 404 10. Euratom 9 8 81 Luxfr 500 894, 964 0 0 404 10. Euratom 9 8 81 Luxfr 500 997, 984 0 404 10. E18 94 86 Luxfr 600 977, 984 0 407, 10. Volvo 94 67 Luxfr 500 962 974 -04 -04 10. FLIATING RATE				1023	1027	+64	-o,	13.
Mitsubishi 77, 94 XO 10 1921, 93 0 0 3. Norges Kom. 72, 89 KII 12 1933, 937, 0 0 8. Oecidentel 81, 91 KII 7 1901, 903, 0 0 . 8. Akzo 91, 87 Luxfr 500 943, 951, 0 +01, 10, Euratom 8 87 Luxfr 500 893, 907, +01, +01, 10, Euratom 92, 88 Luxfr 500 931, 981, 0 +01, 10, Elia 93, 86 Luxfr 800 971, 981, 0 +07, 10, Volvo 91, 67 Luxfr 500 962, 971, -01, -01, 10. FELIATING RATE	٠.			964	97 ,	0.	-0-	13.
Mitsubishi 77, 94 XO 10 1921, 93 0 0 3. Norges Kom. 72, 89 KII 12 1933, 937, 0 0 8. Oecidentel 81, 91 KII 7 1901, 903, 0 0 . 8. Akzo 91, 87 Luxfr 500 943, 951, 0 +01, 10, Euratom 8 87 Luxfr 500 893, 907, +01, +01, 10, Euratom 92, 88 Luxfr 500 931, 981, 0 +01, 10, Elia 93, 86 Luxfr 800 971, 981, 0 +07, 10, Volvo 91, 67 Luxfr 500 962, 971, -01, -01, 10. FELIATING RATE		Swed. Ex. Cr. 154 85 £ .		103	1037	.0	-0-2	14.
Mritaubishi 7-74 X 0 10 1924 93 0 0 8. Norges Kom. 7-2 89 KH 12 1934 934 0 0 8. Oecidentel 84 91 KH 7 1904 903 0 0 9. Akzo 94 87 Luxfr 500 994 963 0 0 +04 10. Euratom 8 87 Luxfr 500 987 997 0 +04 10. Ela 94 88 Luxfr 500 987 987 0 +04 10. Ela 94 88 Luxfr 500 979 983 0 +04 10. FLIATING RATE				,				
Akzo S\ 87 LuxFr 500 94\ 95\ 00\ +0\ 10\ Euratom B 87 LuxFr 500 89\ 90\ +0\ +0\ 10\ Euratom 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 98\ 90\ +0\ +0\ 10\ Ela 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 97\ 93\ 97\ 0 +0\ 10\ Ela 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 97\ 97\ 97\ -0\ 10\ 10\ Volvo 9\ 67 LuxFr 500 96\ 97\ 97\ -0\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 1				T324	93	O	0	Э.
Akzo S\ 87 LuxFr 500 94\ 95\ 00\ +0\ 10\ Euratom B 87 LuxFr 500 89\ 90\ +0\ +0\ 10\ Euratom 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 98\ 90\ +0\ +0\ 10\ Ela 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 97\ 93\ 97\ 0 +0\ 10\ Ela 9\ 88 LuxFr 500 97\ 97\ 97\ -0\ 10\ 10\ Volvo 9\ 67 LuxFr 500 96\ 97\ 97\ -0\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 1				123%	83%	ō	ō	, 84
Euratom 8: 87 LuxFr 500 89% 90% +0% +0% 10. Euratom 93, 88 LuxFr 500 98% 90% 0 +0% 10. Ela 9% 88 LuxFr 500 97% 98% 0 +0% 10. Volvo 9% 67 LuxFr 500 96% 97% -0% -0% 10. FEDATING RATE		Occidental 84 97 KII	. 7 .	190%	901	.0	. 0.	
Einston 94, 88 LuxFr 500 987, 983, 0 +04, 10. Ein 94, 88 LuxFr 600 977, 983, 0 +07, 10. Volvo 94, 67 LuxFr 500 962, 974, -04, -02, 10. FERIATING RATE		Akzo 94 8Z LuxFr	600.	200	20.7	.0 -	-0.	10.
Volvo 94, 67 Luxfr 500 96-2 974 -04, -04, 10.		Euratom B. 87 LuxFr	500	89.	90'5	+04	+04	70.
Volvo 94, 67 Luxfr 500 96-2 974 -04, -04, 10.		Enlatom 94 88 LuxF		987	90 -	0.	+0.	301
FLUATING RATE		CIR 34 80 LUXFI	900	3/3	20.3	.0	-07	ĮŲ.
FLUATING RATE		A OIAG RA RA FINEL " "	SAM.	20,7	¥7.	-04	-0*	· Cu
NOTES Serend Sid Offer Codes Comp C.V		FLUATING RATE	••					٠.
		NOTES Soi	mad B	M Off	er Co	the C	con	c.v

noxt coupon becomes affective. Spread Margin, above aix-month offered rate (1 three-month; shows maken rate) for U.S. dollem: C.con The outpart coupon vide The curmin yield.

Orivertible Bonds: Denominoled in dollar unless otherwise and ordered. Che, day Thengo on day. Chy. driff The currency of share at convention into shares. Chy. other Currency of share at convention after fixed at issue, of ocquiring sheres via the bond over the most recent of ocquiring sheres via the bond over the most recent.

The Financial Times Ltd., 1880. Reproduction in white or in part in any form not parmitted without writt consent. Bate supplied by Inter-Bond Services (as aldiany of departments).

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Bear, Stearns & Co. Blyth Eastman Paine Webber

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Drexel Burnham Lambert

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. Kidder, Peabody & Co. L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Lazard Frères & Co. Salomon Brothers

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc. Warburg Paribas Becker

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim & Co., Inc. Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

June 23, 1980

Daimler-Benz lifts output and sales

BY KEVIN DONE IN FRANKPURT

IN STRIKING contrast to most 480,000 cars should be car as an addition at the bottom ment in capital goods in West into reverse, Daimler-Benz bas nanaged to marginally increase its car prodoction in the first six months by 0.2 per cent and has pushed up its turnover by 8 per cent to DM 14.8bn

High capacity working leads the group to expect a "satisfactory" result for the whole

Dr. Gerhard Prinz, chief executive, said yesterday that group turnover for the whole 1980 should reach some DM 30hm, an increase of about 10 per cent over last years

The growing weakness of the German car market-registrations of new cars fell by 11.9 per cent in the first five months and there was a fall of 20.2 per cent in May alone— means that Daimier-Benz must markets. Exports in the first six months accounted for 46.2 per cent of the parent com-pany's sales, against 42.7 per cent in the first half of 1979.

Daimler-Benz is hoping to

at the company's annual meet- markets.

planned plant extension in Bremen for this model meant that the company was having to prepare an alternative plan for starting assembly of the model at the existing Mercedes-Benz plant at Sindelfingen, near Stuttgart, he said.

Commercial vehicle producfor some 51 per cent of group

of the German motor industry delivered compared with of the Mercedes-Benz range in Germany and from continuing which has been moving sharply 422,159 in 1980.

Worldwide, the group's com-Delays in obtaining the neces-mercial vehicle production sary building permits for the should rise to 270,000 this year. said Dr. Prinz, compared with 256,000 in 1979, while domestic commercial vehicle output is exto total more than 200,000.

In the first six months total output rose by 4 per cent to 129,700 vehicles. The strikes and labour conflicts in Brazil hit tion, which last year accounted overseas production, however, for some 51 per cent of group and this showed a fall to 29,400 10 per cent over last years reach new market sectors with turnover, was still benefiting compared with 31,200 in the total of DM 27.4bn. More than the launch of its new smaller from the high level of invest- same period last year.

Veba sees slower growth in second half

BY OUR FRANKFURT STAFF

HAVING ENJOYED a record HAVING ENJOYED a record This recovery has taken much DM 11 per tonne had fallen in year in 1979, Veba, West Gerlonger to take effect than exthe first five months to DM 6

the first six months is unlikely to continue into the second half of 1930, Herr Rudolf von Bennigsen-Foerder, chaiman of the group, said yesterday. The group's performance this year would not be as good as 1979. Last year Veba increased group pre-tax profits by 75 per cent to DM 15bn on sales of

been achieved in the group's declinend by 3.2 per cent to glassware division this year, 302,000 tonnes. lowever. It managed to reach a hreak-even pointin April and May for the first time since the

nkers k

se plobi£

: iundame

/ICE

increz:

many's largest industrial concern is expecting a "satisfac capacity has been completed tory" but reduced result for and turnover of Veba-Glas was
The strong development of five months of 1980 to cline in oil consumption in

Deutsche Texaco, the West German Unit of Texaco of the U.S. and good profits in the first half of 1980 after earning DM 190m (\$108m) in 1979. The annual meeting approved 1980 capital investments of DM 423m, about a third of which will be used for exploration and exploitation of oil and gas

Veba's oil operations have been hit by crude oil price increases, which have been early 1970s.

Gross losses of some DM 180m product prices. The West Gerhave heen accumulated since 1972 by the glass division. But reflecting the slight over-supply of crude oil to the world market organization of the operation and Vola is military to be able organisation of the operation and Veba is unlikely to be able and a major reduction of stocks to impose higher prices to re-last year Veba's glass-making cover its extra costs in the activities are expected to return short term.

Last year's profit of some

major improvement has DM 231.1m, while volume sales West Germany in the first half of 1980, At about 80 per cent were still operating at some 9 per cent above the average for

the oil sector. Veha is also suffering a decline in volume sales in its petrochemical activities, which dipped by 8 per cent in the first four months. But the substantial price increases that have been pushed through, largely as a result of the increase in crude oil and gas feedstock prices, have meant that hasic petro-

chemicals turnover rose by 31 per cent in the same period.

The main chemicals sub-sidiary, Chemische Werke Ruls, has managed in the first five months to increase volume sales by 8 per cent and turnover hy 26 per cent, but the chemicals market is expected to he much weaker in the second

Veba's performance in elec tricity supply is being improved hy its strong commitment to per ceot of its power station capacity was accounted for by nuclear power plants against a share of 10.6 per cent for the Federal Republic as a whole. Through the commissioning

and building of new nuclear power stations—two stations each of 1,300 MW are under construction in which Veha has a 50 per cent interest and a third, also of 1,300 MW, is wait ing for planning approval-Veba hopes to hoost the share of nuclear power in its electricity production to 21.5 per cent or 3,827 MW by 1985, compared with a total West German nuclear power share of 17 per cent or 19.000 MW.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

هكزامن الأحيل

SVERIGES INVESTERINGS BANK AB

Luxembourg Francs 500,000,000 11½ per cent. Bonds due 1988

Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise

Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas pour le Grand-Duche de Luxembourg S.A.

Banque de Suez-Luxembourg S.A.

Crédit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lorraine Luxembourg

Crédit Lyonnais Luxembourg

Société Générale Alsacienne de Banque

PKbanken International (Luxembourg)S.A. Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken (Luxembourg)S.A.

Svenska Handelsbanken S.A.

June 1980

MORGAN GUARANTY REVIEW

Debt problems of Third World

borrowing by non-oil developing margins on syndicated loans; says horrowing in the bond and countries during the first half they may also have to scale credit markets picked up of this year suggests that some down their requirements as markedly in the second quarter may already be having difficulty well as having to have recourse after a very slow start to the financing the higher payments to other forms of financing year, so that hy mid-year the deficits they are incurring such as short-term borrowing, total raised; at \$53.1bn, was only because of the rise in world suppliers credits and IMF balf total.

Morgan Guaranty Trust in its. By contrast industrial countatest World Financial Markets. The bank says that external in international capital markets of activity in the second quarter borrowing, by this group during the first half of this led by a very heavy increase in borrowing by this amounted to only \$7bn in the year than they did in the same first balf of 1980 compared 1979 period with more than \$12bn in the same period of last year. It calculates that the

this group raised only \$5.4bn have sharply increased horrow-through publicised international bond issues and medium-term credits during the way meeting their needs, first half. Their second half re-quirement is almost three times. At the same

test of how smoothly the re- markets. They raised nearly

SLUMP in international accept a further increase in

In the medium term credit market alone they raised \$14.9bn 12. compared with \$10.6bn Most largest borrower countries in smaller industrial countries

quirement is almost three times At the same time oil exportant large, at \$15.1hm.

The second half of the year continued to be fairly heavy may therefore turn out to be a borrowers in the commercial. cycling process is working. At \$9.5bn during the first half best, the hank says, some of compared with about \$10hn these countries may have to during January-June 1979.

the volume of dollar issues.

New international bond issue in the first half totalled \$21,2hn overall pace of horrowing was thus almost entirely due to a lower volume of new credits, which fell to \$31.9hn from \$36.9hn.

The credits total includes old borrowings compared with \$5.5bn in the 1979 period. Even after adjustment for this, the volume of new credits was some \$3bn lower in the first half of this year than in January/June.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

\$160,000,000

Secured Notes, due 1994

Madison Paper Industries

a Partnership between Subsidiaries of

Myllykoski Oy

The New York Times Company

The undersigned have provided limited recourse debt for the construction of a new paper machine and a related groundwood pulp mill at Madison, Maine. The Project, which will produce supercalendered printing paper, will be operated by Madison Paper Industries, a partnership between subsidiaries of Myllykoski Oy of Finland and The New York Times Company, U.S.A.

The Toronto-Dominion Bank

Bank of Montreal

The Chase Manhattan Bank. N.A.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

The Toronto-Dominion Bank



Endeavour tops family bid for White Industries

ENDEAVOUR RESOURCES, a holders to offer all their share-member of the group headed holdings. The White camp itself hy Mr. Alan Bond, has again holdings. The White camp itself raised its partial takeover bid bid, from a company—White for White Industries, the New South Wales coal group in a move which places a capitalisation of around A\$190m (U.S.\$229m), on White against A\$180m on the basis of previous offers. Endeavour is vious offers. Endeavour is locked in battle for control with inferests which include the White family and the Japanese group, Mitsubishi Deevlopment.

support of 53 per cent of the capital but this includes 5.6 per cent beld by the listed White associate, Mareeba Mining and 4.5 per cent recently issued to a staff share scheme. Endeavour, which holds 43.56 per cent of White Industries, has instituted legal actions seeking to invadidate the Mareeba and staff scheme holdings. It is also seeking the winding-up of

its formal offer documents which showed that its bid has been raised from A\$20 a share to A\$21. Endeavour is seeking 20.1 per cent of the remaining

Holdings—to be formed by the White family.

White Holdings, which is supported by Mitsubishi, will offer three of its shares for every one White Industries, with a cash alternative of A\$20 a share, funded entirely by the Japanese group. Mitsubishi already holds 15.36 per cent of White Industries which enables White Holdings to speak for 35.78 per cent of the capital. It plans to lift its stake to 58 per cent through a formal invitation to

The latest move makes the fifth partial offer for control of White Industries since the White and Bond factions came to deadlock.

Endeavour announced a bid of A\$18 a share on May 12. This was topped by Mitsubishi which unced that it would make a partial offer of A\$18.25 to lift its stake to 25 per cent of White Industries, for which it bad approval from the foreign investment review board. Endeavour then raised its offer

Burmeister hits export credit snag

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhage ATTEMPTS BY Burmeister and Wain, the Danish shiphuilding and engineering company, to obtain a DKr 100m (\$18.3m) export credit guarantee to help finance construction of a series trouble, as a result of demands to the company hy the Govern-

The Government is apparently reinctant to give a guarantee to the company, as long as it is managed by Mr. Jan Bonde Nielsen, who is also the major shareholder.

The company, therefore, proposed to set up a separate com-pany to run the shipyard under e management agreement with the Lauritzen shipping and shipbuilding group. The credi guarantee would then bave been given to the new company. Talks with Lauritzen, bow

ever, have broken down. The B and W board said it would now seek alternative arrangements which could satisfy the Government. The Copenhagen shipward has

on order five 60,000 dwt hulk carriers and letters of intent from a Greek owner for two more vessels. But, because the export credit guarantee is dragging out, there is doubt vhether the Greek owner will finally place his orders in Denmark. The company is also facing problems in concluding contracts with suppliers, as long as the credit guarantee has not heen awarded

Mr. Bonde Nielsen took over at B and W in 1974. He is at present facing an investigative charge of fraud, in connection with a company which he founded in the 1960s and which went into liquidation five years ago. Police have still to decide whether to press the charge or

to drop it. B and W officials claim that as a result of the liquidation of a number of major assets this company bas ...its. strengthened financial

Endeavour yesterday sent out

The White camp claims the White Industries' shareholders

shares, which would give it 55 price to A\$20, which was per cent of the capital. If the White camp stands firm it could not succeed, but it has of White Holdings, has scrapped also invited uncommitted White its partial bid.

> Weekly net asset value on June 30 1980

Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V. Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange



US \$100,000,000

Medium Term Facility

arranged by

Ulster Investment Bank Limited

provided by

International Westminster Bank Limited National Bank of North America **Ulster Bank Limited**

Ulster Investment Bank Limited

National Westminster Bank Group

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI E.N.L

(National Hydrocarbons Authority)

61/2% Sinking Fund Debentures due February 1, 1982

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Sinking Fund for the Debentures of the above-described issue, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Fiscal Agent, has selected by lot for redemption on August 1, 1980, at the principal amount thereof \$1,289,000 principal amount of said Debentures, as follows:

Outstanding Debeutures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing Serial Numbers Ending in the Following Two Digits: 02 07 09 11 39 47 63 64 68 78 83 92 93

Also Debentures of Prefix "M" Bearing the Following Serial Numbers: 2640 5340 6640 2840 10740 13140 14540 14640 14840 15840 17440 18340

On August 1, 1980, there will become and be doe and payable upon each Debenture the principal amount thereof, in such coin or curreccy of the United States of America as on said date is legal tender for the payment therein of public and private debts, at the option of the holder, either (u) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 13th Floor, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) subject to any laws and regulations applicable thereto with respect to the payment, currency of payment or otherwise in the country of any of the following offices, at the principal office of Banca Nazionele del Lavoro in Rome or the principal office of Banca Commerciale Italians in Milan or the main offices of Morgan Cuarenty Trust Company of New York in London, Brussels, Paris or Frankfurt or the main office of Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. in Amsterdam or the main office of Kredictbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourge-Ville.

Debentures surrendered for redemption should have attached all unmatured coupons appurtenant thereto. Coupons doe August 1, 1980, should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

From and after August 1, 1980, interest shall cease to accrue on the Debentures herein designated for redemption.

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI By: MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Fiscal Agent

June 24, 1980

NOTICE

The following Debentures previously called for redemption have not as yet been presented for payment: DEBENTURES OF U.S. \$1,000 EACH

M204 5006 8286 10683 10701 10719 11087 12683 16407 16429 16449 16461 16476 16490 16529 17626 22504 205 5019 8287 10685 10702 10722 11090 12638 16412 16430 16450 16465 16477 16491 16530 17627 22505 250 5227 9751 10688 10704 10724 12151 16402 16419 16431 16451 16458 16479 16494 16534 17629 22506 231 6065 10676 10687 10705 11027 12153 16402 16419 16434 16451 16458 16479 16496 16500 16542 17630 224142 1234 7405 10677 10690 10706 11077 12614 18404 16422 16445 16453 16470 16480 16500 16542 17630 224142 1234 7405 10677 10690 10706 11077 12614 18404 16422 16445 16458 16471 16482 16506 17619 18871 24591 2406 7406 10679 10691 10707 11082 12642 16456 16456 16471 16486 16519 17619 18875 5004 7619 10682 10699 10709 11086 12650 18406 16427 16448 16450 16475 16487 16527 17622 21858

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

U.S. \$100,000,000

RepSteel Overseas Finance N.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands Antilles)

111/2% Guaranteed Bonds Due 1988

Unconditionally guaranteed as to principal, premium, if any, and interest by Republic Steel Corporation

Republicatee

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

The Bonds, issued at 97% per cent., have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the Bonds. Interest is payable annually on 1st July in each year, the first payment being made on 1st July, 1981.

Full particulars of RepSteel Overseas Finance N.V., Republic Steel Corporation and the Bonds are available in the

Extel Statistical Service and may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 17th July, 1980 from

W. Greenwell & Co., Bow Bells House,

Bread Street.

London EC4M 9EL

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Hutchison loan stock issue for property development

BY RODNEY HOBSON IN HONG KONG

HUTCHISON WHAMPOA, the trading and property company, is to raise HK\$600m (equivalent to some U.S.\$120m) through the issue of 9 per cent un-secured loan stack, 1989-93.

with warrants at par.

The issue will be used mainly to provide working capital for its property development. It will also re-fioance short- and medium-term barrowing.
Cheung Kong (Holdings).
which bulds at least 3t per cent

of the Hutchison equity, has undertaken to procure the acceptance of provisional allotfor a minimum of HK\$160m, representing about 30 per cent of the ordinary sbarebolders' entitlement.

Advance in

earnings

at LGV

By Our Johannesburg Correspondent

interest, increased its taxed attributable income hy 22.6 per cent to R1.90m (US\$2.5m) in

navments absorbed R1.52m

a 30 per cent stake and a further

GENERAL

Wardley are underwriting the remaining HK\$440m of the stock. The stock will provisionally be allocated on a hasis of HK\$12 for every to ordinary sharea held or 100 preference

Brokers here feel the issue will benefit from the Hong Kong stockmarket being awash with funds from Sir Yue-Kong Pao'a raid on Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf shares, in which he raised the stake of his interests in Wharf from 30 per cent to 49 per cent, at a cost of over HK\$2bn.

Schroders and Chartered, and property development to date. The largest development will be a 2.3m square foot site at Hunghom. The site, near the terminus for the Kowloon-Canton railway, is owned through its subsidiary, Hong-keys and Westwood Pork. kong and Whampoa Dock. In April, Hutchison Whampoa

announced a 44 per cent rise in profits to HK\$332m. In addition, there were extranrdinary profits.

After dividend payments, HK\$424.7m was carried in ward. that Butchison was taking a conservative approach that reflected the high cost of borrow-Hutchison is embarking on its ing to finance development of most ambitious programme of its land bank.

> trading in its shares for almost any reason, and have the re-quest granted. Once that has been done, there is virtually no

> compulsion for a suspended share quickly to be re-listed.

Johannesburg SE rules on suspensions tightened

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

THE JOHANNESBURG Stock At present, any quoted com-Exchange (JSE) is tightening pany can request auspension of its rules to curtail share suspen-sions with effect from July 7. Volkskas (LGV), the unquoted The major basis for suspension South African insurance com- will rest on takeover or merger will rest on takeover or merger pany in which Legal and negotiations which are likely to General Assurance Society of be protracted the UK has a 30 per cent If secrecy is not possible in negotiations which are likely to

such negotiations, quoted com-panies concerned will first have to approach the JSE with a copy the year to December 31, from nf a Press announcement stating R1.55m in 1978. The dividend that negotiations are in progress. nf a Press announcement stating and giving full details. This will bave to be accompanied by

Last July, the British parent a warning to shareholders to sold 70 per cent of the group exercise caution in their tradto the South African hanking ing until negotiations are congroup, Volkskas for about R20m clided. In that case, a suspen-(U.S.\$26m). Part of this was sion may not be necessary or passed on, leaving Volkskas with granted. However, a brief suspension

20 per cent each held by Rembrandt and Momentum may be granted on the grounds of excessive share price fluctua-tions, and lifted nnce an Life assurance, net of reassurance costs, continues to Requests for suspensions, other provide the largest proportion than during takeover negotiations, will only he granted in income. Life premiums rose 19.3 per cent in the year to exceptional circumstances and R40.8m, from R34.2m. While then only for brief periods. In exceptional circumstances and pension premiums were 19.9 per any event, companies with suspended shares will be obliged cent bigber at R28.9m, compared with R24.1m. Investment to publish progress reports at income was 21.3 per cent ahead, at R34.7m, against R28.6m. to publish progress reports at 14-day intervals if the suspension is to continue.

Higher repayments for creditors of Gollin group

BY JAMES FORTH IN SYDNEY

group, Australia's largest inter- an extraordinary profit of national trading house until it A\$7.6m, including A\$4.9m from crashed in August 1975, are a reduction in payments to expected to obtain a much creditors. Creditors of Gollin higher repayment than origin- Holdings will receive 4 cents forecast. Tbe group operates under a five-year scheme of arrangement with the profitable trading assets concentrated in Gollin and

Gollin Holdings, the remaining member and former parent of the group, does not under-take any trading and the creditors of the two companies are quite separate.

Gollin and Company, which retained the group's coal, timber, tea, coffee and other operations, haa this week reported a rise in profit for the year to February 29 from A\$3m to A\$3.3m (US\$3.8m). The accumulated profit for the first three years of the scheme is A\$9.7m, compared with the initial projection of A\$8.1m.

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Limited

The former parent declared in the dollar on September 30, making a total distribution to date of 17 cents in the dollar. Gollin and Co. will pay 2

cents in the dollar for a total payment to date of 11 cents. Mr. J. Rodger, the scheme administrator, has revised his earlier projections of 30 cents in the dollar for Gollin Holdings and 52 cents for Gollin and Co. to 35 cents and 75 cents, respectively. It is also proposed to offer the assets of Gollin and Co. for sale next year after the end of the fourth year, rather than at the end of five years as

originally planned. Mr. Rodger expects increased interest in the aasets, particularly the coal, and hopea that the sale will obtain as much as A\$70m, which would enable full repayment of creditors and allow some excess for distribu-

tion to sharebolders. Approachea bave already been eceived from a wide range of ousiness interests, including overseas oil groups, local listed companies, sbarebrokers, mer-chant banks, and institutions. sharebrokers had suggested refloating Gollin on the exchange lists, but Mr. Rodger ules nut this option.

Profits rise at Malayan **Breweries**

By Georgie Lee in Singapore MALAYAN BREWERIES, the largest brewery group in Singa-pore and Malaysia, has reported a 22.3 per cent rise in group profit for the six months to March to S\$11.9m (U.S.\$5.6m) against S\$9.7m for the first half

Pre-tax profit was 19.8 per cent higher at S\$19.4m and the tax weot up by 16 per cent to S\$7.5m. Group turnover rose by 18.5 per cent to \$\$186.5m (U.S.\$88.4m). The interim gross dividend is 10 per cent.

LEGAL NOTICE

No. 002066 of 1980

In the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE Chancery Oivision, Mr. Justice Vinelott. In the Matter of CAMARIOGE ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES LIMITED and In the Matter of The Compenies Act. 1948. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice Chancery Oivision dated the 23rd day of Juna 1990 con5rming the Reduction of (s) the CAPITAL of the above-named Company Irom £12.478.275 to £3.000,000 and (b) the SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT of the above-named Company Irom £17.088.418 to £14.488,000 and the Mineta sproved by the Caurt shewing with respect to the Share Capited at the Company as altered, the several particulars required by the Register. Of Companies on the 27th day of Juna 1990.

Dated the 30th day of Juna 1980.

SALIGHTER AND MAY, of 35. Sasinghell Street, London EC2V 5D8.

Solicitors for the said Company

BASE LENDING RATES

A.B.N. Bank Allied Irish Bank American Express Bk. 17 Amro Bank 17
Henry Anshacher 17
A P Bank Ltd. 17
Arbuthnot Latham 17
Associates Cap. Corp. 17
Banco de Bilbao 17
Bank of Credit & Cace. 17

Charterhouse Japhet ... Choulartons C. E. Coates Consolidated Credits

Greyhound Guaranty Grindlays Bank

Co-operative Bank Corinthian Secs. The Cyprus Popular Bk. Duncan Lawrie Eagil Trust E. T. Trust Limited. First Nat. Fin. Corp.... First Nat. Secs. Ltd. ...

Antony Gibbs

Langris Trust Ltd. Lloyds Bank Edward Manson & Midland Bank Montagu ■ Samuel Morgan Grenfell National Westminster Norwich General Trus P. S. Refson & Co. Rossminster Ryl. Bk. Canada (Ldn.) Schlesinger Limited E. S. Schwab Security Trust Co. Ltd Standard Chartered Trustee Savings Bank United Bank of Kuwait 1 Whiteaway Laidlaw
Williams & Glyn's
Wintrust Secs. Ltd.
Yorkshire Bank

Industrial Bk. of Scot. Keyser Ullmann Knowsley & Co. Ltd.

VONTOBEL EUROBOND INDICES

14.5.76=100%

Company Announcement



Gold Fields Group

DOORNFONTEIN GOLD MINING **COMPANY LIMITED**

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

PURCHASE OF MINERAL RIGHTS

in an announcement published in the press on 20 September 1978, members were informed that this company had been granted an option by Gold Fields of South Africa Limited (GFSA) To purchase the mineral rights in respect of an area of approximately 563 hectares of the farm Doornfontein No. 118 LQ., which adjoins the southern boundary of this company's existing mining lease area. In terms of the agreement with GFSA, the consideration payable to that company, in the event of the option being exercised, was R997.600. GFSA undertook that it are its nominees would apply this consideration in subscribing for 172,000 shares in the capital of this company.

Members were also informed in the Chairman's Review dated 24 August 1979, and in the Directors' Report for the quarter ended 31 December 1979, which was published in the press on 9 January 1980, that GFSA had made application for a new mining lease over the above option. area which, if and when granted and in the event of the option being exercised, would be reded to this company and merged with this company's existing leases.

GFSA has been informed that the Honourable the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs has approved the application for the new mining lease. The consideration payable to the State in respect of the merged mining leases will be a share of the annual profits derived from the working of the enlarged area, effectively calculated according to the formula:

$$Y = 15 - \frac{17}{2}$$

where Y = the percentage of divisible profit payable to the State, and X = the ratio of mining profit (after the deduction of redeemable capital expenditure), or to mining revenue expressed as a percentage. The amount as determined by the above formula will be subject to a surcharge of 1.25 per-

The company has also been informed that its application for the mine to be classified as an "other deep level gold mine" in terms of the income Tax Act, has been approved. For formula tax purposes this will entitle the company to an allowance of 10 per cent on capital expenditure.

All the above arrangements are effective from 1 July 1979.

Consequent upon the approval of the application for the new lease, this company purchased the mineral rights referred to above on 30 June 1980, and cession of the mining lease will be taken in due course. The purchase consideration of R997,600 has been paid to GFSA and that company has applied for, and has been allotted. 172,000 shares in the capital of this company for a like: consideration. Application is being made for the new shares to be listed on The John Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange, London.

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange in London.

UB FINANCE B.V.

(Incorporated with limited liability in The Netherlands)

Issue of U.S. \$50,000,000 11 per cent. Bonds due 1990



Guaranteed by United Biscuits (Holdings) Limited (Incorporated in Scotland with limited liability under the Companies Acis, 1929 and 1947)

The issue price of the Bonds is 100 per cent. of their principal amount

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds.

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Commerzbenk Aktiengesellschaft Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Kidder, Peabody International Limited Kredietbank International Group Morgan Guarenty Ltd Morgen Stanley International Société Générale Swiss Bank Corporation (Overseas) Limited

The 50,000 Bonds of \$1,000 each constituting the above issue have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to tha issue of the Bonds.

Particulars of the Bonds are available in the statistical services of Extel-Statistical Services Limited and may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 23rd July, 1980 from the Brokers to the issue:

Rowe & Pitman, City Gate House, 39-45 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1JA

Wood, Mackenzie & Co., 62-63 Threedneedle Street, London EC2R 8HP

the brokers to the issue:

3rd July, 1980

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

Orion Bank Limited

The second secon

and Markets CURRENCIES, MONEY and GOLD

Pound eases

treding in the foreign exchange the other hand the Italian hra market yesterday, while the fell to DM 2.034 per 100 lira from market yesterday, while the dollar finished weaker on the day sgainst most major currencies. DM 2.097. Outside the EMS the Swiss franc was unchanged at DM 1.0843, while sterling rose to DM 1.0843, while sterling rose to DM 4.1650 from DM 4.1610. The 32.3640.2.3650 in very quiet compared with DM 1.7615, trading On the other hand the lower trend in London interest rates pushed sterling down to a market. rates pushed sterling down 10 a low point of \$2,3555-2,3565, before it recovered slightly to close of \$2.3570-2.3580, a fall of 27 points on the day. The pound's tradeweighted index, as calculated by the Bank of England, fell to 74.4 from 74.5, after standing at 74.5 at noon and in the morning. The dellar's index, on Bank of England figures, fell to 83.3 from 83.5.

The U.S. currency traded within a range of DM 1.7560 to 1.500 to 1.7525 against the D-mark and closed at DM 1.7580, compared with DM 1.7520 on Tuesday. The dollar finished at 1.7218.50 compared with Y219.55 in terms of the Japanese year, and fell to SwFr 1.6185 from SwFr 1.6270 against the Swise SwFr 1.6270 against the Swise franc. The Italian lira was firmer in the forward market, after Tuesday's sharp fall, but lost ground for spot delivery.

D.MARK — Slightly weaker within the European Monetary System recently, but showing a firmer tendency against the dollar following a sharp narrowing of Euro-currency interest rate differentials.—The D-gark weskened against most of its EMS narroers at the Frankfurt EMS partners at the Frankfurt. fixing. The French franc rose from DM 43.145, per 100 francs simules, and balance of nas-from DM 43.09; the Dutch guilder ments arphlems severals to DM 91.375, per 100 guilders depressed the surrence. The way DM 6.25t; the Danish krone to the close from V. DM 32.31 per 100 krone from the close from V. DM 32.21; and the Irish punt to opening at Y219.70.

Sterling lost ground in late DM 3.7620 from DM 3.7490. On

BELGIAN FRANC-Bemaining steady within the EMS despite recent easing of Brussels interest rates, including a cut in the central bank discount rate.—The Belgian franc improved against the dollar, D-mark and Italian lira at the Brussels fixing, but weakened against other major currencies. following comments from Bolgium's Finance Minister about the importance of main-M Paul Hairy, the new Minister. said that a strong franc was an absolute condition of Belowing economic recovery. The dollar fell in BFr 28.16 from BFr 28.20 at the fixing: the D-mark to 15 9897 from BFr 15 9950and the life to BFr 33445 per 100 Hrs from BFr 3.3512. On the ther hand stading the to thin Swice from the Rive 17 2275 from Rive 17 2246. Annet from the Direct and live other PAS estreamine sepra firm with the

JAPANESE YEN - Steady in recent weeks, after showing a marked recovery no the down-Last vear fears about energy ing The dollar fell to V910 10 at

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

	ECU central rates	amounts equinst ECU July 2	from central	% change edjusted for divergence	Divergence
Belgian :Franc	39.7897	40.2651	+1.19	+0.68	±1.63
Oanish Krons	7.72336	7.20496	+1.06	+0.55	±1.64
Germen O-Mark	2.48208	2.51720	+1.41	+0.90	±1.125
French Franc	5,84700	6.83763	-0.16	-D.67	+1,3557
Outch Guilder	2.74362	2.75497	+0.41	-0.10	±1.512
lush Punt	0.668261	0.670139	+0.29	-0.22	+1.568
Itelpan Line	1157.79	1203.84	+3.98	+2.79	14.08
Changes	are for EC	U. therefore	positive che	nge denotes	

from DM 91.29; the Belgian franc improved elightly aminer the to DM 6.257 per 100 francs from dollar in moderate Tolera tend.

ECU amounts from % change edusted for nivergance first from % change nivergance nivergance from % change nivergance nivergance first from % change nivergance nivergance first from % change nivergance nivergance first from % change nivergance ni	69 4389 1653-1660 Austria	ī
elguan Franc 39.7897 40.2651 +1.19 +0.68 ±1.53 fran Riel	360-9,0400 0,8635-0,8640 Belgium	
sh Punt 0.668201 0.670139 +0.29 -0.22 +1.668 Saudi Arab. Riyel. 2.8 elsn Ure 1157.79 1203.94 +3.96 +2.79 +4.08 Singaporo Dollar. 4.677 Sth. African Rand 1.611	598-0.634 0,2667-0,2668 Netherlands. 5,33-66,43 28,16-28,17 Norwey. 460-5,0560 2.1390-2.1410 Portugal 370-2.6920 1,0120-1,0130 spain. 2,83-7.86 3,3290-3,3310 Sweden. 1775-4,9875 2,1100-8,1190 Switzerland.	

Rate given for Argentina is tree rate

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

IING

: of the be

PICTOR MEDI

capital of p

f in ibe per

at to 8 200

⇒uid be com

y Africh : ine Smb .

issified at For lastly

t. tapework

-3

July 2	PoundStarling	U.S. Dollar	Deutschom'k	Japan seyon;	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	DutchGulld'	ttalian Ura	Canada Dollor	Belgien Fra
Pound Sterling U.S. Dollar	0.424	9,358	4.145 1.758	515.0 218.5	9,615 · 4,078	3.815 1.619	4,538 1,926	1994. 846,6	2,705 1,148	66.39 29.18
Beutschemark	0,241	0.589	1.	124,9	2.320	0.920	1,095	481.1	0,653	15.01
Japanese Yon 1,000	1,942	4.578	8.049	1000,	18,67	7.408	8,811	3872.	5,263	128,9
Franch Franc 10	1.040	1,452	4.311	555,6	10.	3,968	4,718	9074.	3.814	68,04
Swiss Franc	0.268	0,618		135,0	2:520	1.	1,189	592.7	0.709	17,40
Butch Gullder Rallan Lira, E.000	0.820	0.880	0.913 9.079	113.6 258.3	9,119 4,822	0.641 1,913	2.276	43D.4 1000.	0,686 1,367	14.63 53.29
Canadian Doller	0.370	0.871	1,632	190.4	3,554	1,410	1,677	737,0	1,	24,54
Belgian Franc 100	1.506	3.552	6,844	775.9	14.48	6,747	e.836	3004,	4,076	100,

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (11.00 a.m. JULY 2)

•		
	3 month U.S. dollars	6 month U.S. dollars
:	bid 9 3/16 + offer 9 11/16	bid 9 and offer B 7/8.

The fixing rates are the arithmetic means rounded to the nearest one-eigenenth, or the bid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference banks et 11 are each working day. The banks are National Wasiminster Bank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Sank, Banque Natuonale de Parie, and Mergen Gueranty Trust.

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market Closing Rates)

:											
	July 2	Sterling	U.S.Dollar	Canadian . Dollar	Butch Gullder	Swiss Franc	West Germai Mark		allan Lire	Asien \$	Јаралезе Үел
		17.171 ₂ 171 ₄ .171 ₂	814-91g	12-14 12-14	103s-105s	314.4 354.414	10.1016 95, 91	121g-121g 121g-195g	16-95 25-35	251.078 914-974	181 ₂ ·13 125 ₄ ·131 ₄
	Three months	1756-1756 1834-17 1514-1512	115 1156 612 934 934 10	124-124 114-115 107-114	105s 105s 105s 105s 101s 103s	51g-55g 61g-50g 51g-66g	912-956 913-913 813-813	123g-196g 196g-125g 123g-126g	97-34 24-87 82-94	815-1169 834-918 111-943	12-13-10 12-12-1 10-70-11-10
	Ono Year	14-144	9 4 10	104 104	1014 10 de .	64-52	814-836	121-124	20.29	978.10	859.97g

Long-

INTERNATIONAL MONEY MARKET

Dutch rates steady

steady in Amsterdam yesterday; with dealers expecting little sharp movement in the coming two weeks Bank overdrafts two weeks. Bank overgrams, remained within the quota laid down by the Central Bank, with the former estimated at just over FI Son at the moment Market rates may be affected however, depending on how the Finance Ministry raises funds to meet Ministry raises funds to meet
Government short term cash requirements. The last Treasury
bill tender netted F1 317m, sigmificantly below expectations,
and has led to speculation that
the authorities may announce
further Treasury bill tenders.

Vectories will maney was annoted Yesterday call money was nuoted at 101 per cent, with period rates also showing little change from

Tuesday.
In Paris, the Bank of France announced a further first category paper facility, by which banks will be able to obtain additional funds where needed. The option will be available from July 7, when banks requiring liquidty will submit paper maturing between July 10-20 and July 21-30. The Bank of France last bought first category paper on June 26 at an unchanged rate of 121 per cent. At the same time FFr 2.6bn suction of 12-month LONDON MONEY RATES authorities announced a

mbert 54 MONEY RATES

mbert S. NEW YORK	\$
on Line Prime Rata	11 ¹ -12 8 ⁷ -9 ² - 8.01 7.98
Discount Rate Diversight Rate One month Three months	7.5 10.40 10.20 9.95 9.36
Glacount Rate Outscount Rate overnight Rats One month Three months	9.5
S CC SOLUTION RATE CONTROL (Unconditional) Blits Disapport (three-month)	9.0 12.6875 —

Slight rise Gold rose \$3 to \$853-665 in the

Interest rates were generally Treasury bills, also scheduled for London bollion market yester-July. In Dublin, the Irish Associated day. The metal opened at \$667-670, and was fixed at \$672.00 in the morning, and \$661.50 in the afternoon. It touched a peak of \$674-677, and a low point of \$658-661. There was some profit taking in quiet, nervous trading. Banks cut their lending rates between 1 per cent and 1 per cent. Rates for tripls "A" category borrowers have been cut to 17 per cent from 18 per cent, double "A" category to 17; per cent from 18; per cent, and

In Paris the 124 kilo gold bar was fixed at FFr 87,300 per kilo (\$665.02 per ounce) in the afternoon, compared with FFr S7,300 (\$865.10) in the morning, and FFr 86,350 (\$656.541 Tuesday

bei cent mom 101 ber comm and		-	·	
6ingle "A" to 177 per cent from 187 per cent. The move was seen	Go	id Bullion (fino o	unos)	
as a reflection of the general	Close \$662-665	(#28034-282)	\$659-668	1£278-98012:
easing in Dublin interbank rates	Opening 3667-670	(£2821(.8881 ₂) (£284,770)	\$549-652 \$656	£278,143
and lower rates elsewhere in	Afternoon fixing \$661.50	£280.438;	\$660	1£2 7 9.543r
Europe and the U.S.		Gold Coins		
	Krugerrend\$680-688	(1288-290) (1286) p. 2881g)	\$579-682 \$577-680	£288-290-
UK MONEY MARKET	Maplejeaf		\$167-1.168	£71.72.
And the second second second	King Sovs	28.082	\$185-188	1£79-80
Small hala	Victoria Sova \$190-165	188-083	\$165-188 \$161-164	£78-80.
Small help	French 20s		\$815-BID	
	100 Cor. Austria, \$555-556		3548 652	
Bank of England Minimum	\$20 Eagles \$770.775		4766-762	
PSUGHUS MATE IN her cent.	\$10 Eagles	-	. =	
(Non-mbox 15 1070)	35 Eagles			

authorities lent a small amount other hand banks brought for cent but came down on the foreto one or two houses at MLR for word belances a very large cast of a large surplus to 17-174 repament today. The market was amount above target and there faced with the repsyment of was a small surplus of disburse per cent during the afternoon. Tuesday's moderate loans, and ments over revenue transfers to but closing balances were taken to but closing balances were taken around 17 per cent. the unwinding of a previous sale the Exchequer.

be in god supply in the London and repurebase agreement on a In the interbank markel, over money market yesterday, but the small number of bills. On the night loans opened at 184-79 per

Lending Rate 17 per cent-(since November 15, 1979)

Day to day credit appeared to

July 2 1480	SterOng Certificate of deposit	Interbank	Local Authority deposits	Local Auth. negotiable bonds	Financo House Deposits	Company Deposits	Discoun1 market deposits	Treasury	Eligible Bank Bille #	Fine Trade Bills è
Over right	1756-1714 1714-17 1612-1666 1814-1512 14-2-14-1 1354-1359	144.144	17/2-1768 17/2-17 ³ 4 17/4-17 ⁵ 8 16 ³ 2-17 ⁷ 16 ¹ 2-15 ⁵ 4 14 ¹ 4-14 ¹ 2 14-14 ¹ 8	18/4-1811 17/4-1734 1649-17/8	18 ¹ 4 17 ⁷ 5 17 ¹ 1 17 ¹ 3 16 15 14 ¹ 4	1754-18 1776 1756-1714 1617 1654 1516	· 155g	15%-15% 15%-15% 15%	17,3-174 1634 161 ₆ 14 ₁₃ -144	18 1714 1654 1514

Local outbority and insuce houses seven days notice, others seven days fixed. *Long-term local authority mortgage rate nominally three years 137-147, per cent; four years 137-14 per cent; four years 137-14 per cent. • 9ank bill rates in table are buying rates for prime paper. • 9uying rates for four-month bank bills 157-157, per cent; four-month trade bills 157-per cent.

bills 16's per cent.

--Approximate selling rate for one-month Treasury bills 15's-15's per cent; two-months 15's-15's per cent two-months 16's norther 15's-15's per cent. Approximate selling rotes for one-month bank bille 17's-17's per cent two-months 16's per cent three-months 16's per cent three-months 16's per cent one-month 16's per cent one-month 16's per cent one-month 16's per cent one-months 16's per cent one Per cent:

Figures Houses Base Rates (oublished by the Financs Houses Association) 17 per cent from July 1, 1980. Closing Bank Deposit Rates for sums of seven days' notice 15 per cent. Clearing Bank Rates for lending 17 per cent. Treasury Billin Average bender cates of discount 15.6301 per cent.

9.14 4.17-4.07 pm 4.30 3.40-3.20 pm 8.94 77-67, pm 3.90 54-48 pm 0.82 1-24 dvs — 0.17-0.12 cm 7.56 8-7 am

7.56 8-7 pm — 40 pm-60dis —2.54 \$0-155 dis ~14.44 47-53 dis

3.22 51-41 pm 4.31 5.85-5 55 pm

8.14 4.17-4.07 pm 8.16 4.15-4.05 pm -3.78 0.57-0.52die

CURRENCY RATES

Sanki Special Europear rate Brawing Gurrency

Note Rates

39,35-29,65

7.63

7.34 48-43 pm 6.16 11.79 11-10 pm 31.01

THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

2.3570-2.3580 2.7045-2.7065 4.537₄-4.547₄ 68.33-66.43

115.15-115.35 165.20-165.40

155.20-165.40 1,951-1,957 11.39-11.40-9.61-9.62 9.76-9.77-514-515-29.40-29.45 3.81-3.82

2,2565-2,3650 2,3570-2,3580 2,1310-2,1370 2,1350-2,1370 1,1486-1,1496 1,1466-1,1469 1,8235-1,9282 1,9235-1,9250

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

107.6 166.9 198.2 196.0 109.1 52.7 129.7

Based on trade weighted changes from Washington agreement December, 1971

OTHER CURRENCIES

2.3555-2.3650 2.7040-2.7200 4.521-4.57 55.25-88.60 12.85-12.91 1.1030-1.1080 4.127-4.17 115.00-138.00

165,20-166,00 1,560-1,997 11,39-11,45

9.50-9,66 9.75-9.82

10-60c die

10-60c die 21-27 lun dis 81-7era pm 41-31-c pm 31-21-ora pm 2.00-1.70y pm 18-17-gro pm 41-31-c pm

1.66-1.55c pm 1.50-1.40c pm 0.24-0.38c de 0.10-0.20c dis

t UK and Ireland are quoted to U.S. currency. Forward promiums and discounts apply to the U.S. dollar and not to the individual currency.

Austria Sch.... Betglan F..... Danish K..... D'Mark Gullder French Fr. ...

Belgiso rate is for conventible france. Financial franc 88.80-68.91 Six-month forward dellar 6.20-6.15c pm, 12-month 8.90-8.90c pm.

THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

Business and Investment Opportunities

READERS ARE RECOMMENDED TO TAKE APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONAL ADVICE BEFORE EXTERING INTO COMMITMEN

INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP

Group of companies established seven years in two attied high growth service industries requires additional funding. High calibre young management and excellent central London premises. 51% of equity offered for c. £100,000 line of credit. Management involvement desirable but not essential. Write Box G6192. Financial Times

10 Cannen Streat, ECCP 4BY.

A wonderful opportunity to purchase a wholesale and retail Jewellery Business as a going concern with offices or as living accommodation.

Turnover in excess of £500,000 p.a. Plenty of scope for a higher Turnover. Offers over £85,000.

> Write Box G.6190, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

OUTSTANDING OPPORTUNITY FOR

Major U.K. and European Distributor

Revolutionary computerised electronic globusts designed and developed in USA contently enjoying exceptional select and sales growth rate in USA, Australia and South East Asia Bur client company is affecting the right to market these expline new products to retail and business houses.

Obtered as a whole or sequests countries or regions by reportations Applicants should be able to demonstrate the ability to appoint a network of dealers and extebrion a letter of credit to fund stock holdings. Much gross profit margin will generate excellent cash flow and profits on anticipated tumover of ETO million of a st wholesale prices. Possible UK assembly is anvisaged under licence.

Conlider: at replies in writing with financial resume to reach address below by July 11, 1980 MESSRS. JOLLIFFE CORK & CO. Chartered Accountants, Elvien House, 18/20 51 Andrew Street, London EC4A 3AE - Attention of G. D. Thomas.

A CORPORATE AIRCRAFT INVESTMENT PACKAGE FROM NORTHAIR—CESSNA

* A corporate atterate qualifies for Capital allowance which means that a grottmous company con over I year on the total cost of the aircraft in taxation over I year on the cost of the same cost of the same

**Norther operate an exclusive leasing service by special arrangement with a major registal item leasing secure, to halp you maximise your return on capital For further details contact: The Chief Executive NORTHAIR AVIATION LIMITED Leeds/Bradford Airport, Yeadon, LS19 7YG Tel: (0532) 502251 Telex: 557165

CASH FLOW PROBLEMS?

RELEASE YOUR OWN CASH BY DISCOUNTING YOUR INVOICES 95% paid by return on approved accounts Phone Bolton (0204) 693321

MRS. BENNETT Silverburn Finance (U.K.) Ltd.

LEISURE

We ore a successful leisurebased company and are secking to expand by way of acquisition If you are thinking of taking it easy—If you would like to join up with a successful company—If you need thancial help, write in the streams. confidence to:

Sox G6211. Francial Times. 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

In spike all current temporales restriction GLOBEWIDE FINANCE LTD. CAN ARRANGE

Guilding Society Mortgages of up a £25,900 Residential Mortgages of op to £500,000

Large-scale feasing lacifities and bridging finance are and available Principals only should write to 121a Westbearne Grove London W2 1UW

VENTURE CAPITAL LUANS

Available for new projects, start ups, new vanitutes Financiers rivine all lypes of legal linancial and business proposels. Submit datails (lypewrinen) for Boa G6210, Frnancial Times. 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y

IBM ELECTRIC **TYPEWRITERS**

Factory reconditioned and guaramand by IBM Lease 3 years from under £5 weekly Rant 18M typewniars from £26 per month inc. Iuli service Tel: 01-397 9499

LIMITED COMPANIES FORMED BY EXPERTS

FOR £85 INCLUSIVE READY MADE 495 COMPANY SEARCHES Espress Co Registrations Lid Epworth House 25-35 City Road, ECI 01-628 5434:5, 7351, 9936

ROLLER SKATING RINK

Blackgool company has agace and schama for rink disco, bar, complax close to the Tower. No compatition. Ready to open in 6-8 weeks. First 12 months ext. 1/0 Eam. Investor required to provide 1200,000.

PLASTIC INJECTION MOULDING CAPACITY AVAILABLE Competitive rates for volume production Facilities for designi developing and mouldmaking.

AKRO-MILS (U.K.) LTD.

210 Church Road, Leyton E10 7JH. Tel: 01-558 1203

TRI-LINGUAL ANGLO-SWISS MANAGEMENT CONSULTANT

(English, German, Frencht
available world wide
21 July to 13 Seplamber
for Market Research, Feasibility
Studies, Training Programmes, EOP
Piolects.
Background: Production Engineer, Systems Manager, Lecturer in Quantitative
Methods and Logistics.
Write Ber G.6191; Financial Times,
10 Camon Street, ECAP 48Y.

COANS AND FINANCE for Orivate Com-panies Full Anancial services Churchill's. 01-352-7047. 24 hoars, AUSTRALIAN Real Estate Apeet visiting London from July 6th to 6th to svoil-able for free conductations at Standard Court Hotel. Ask for Mr. V. Seifert.

AFRICAN BUSINESS PROMOTION

FOR BUSINESS CONTACTS IN AFRICA

Also introduction to existing insti-tutions and government agencies and all enquiries on investment opportunities. leasibility studies, export of complete industrial and agricultural machines, management controls, import and caport of rew materials, industrial preducts and general manufactureres agencies.

International Development

FINANCE BROKER

A self · employed freelance Finance Groker or Agent is sought by a long-established House sacking to establish itself in the import finance market. Location less important than potential tontatis.

Further details write Box G6197. Financial Timas 10 Cannon Streat, EC4P 489

EXPORT PROFITABLY AND SIMPLY TO EASTERN EUROPE

Vienna office of well known British group has excellent contacts in East Germany. Caechoslovakia, Hungary, aic., can build up busi-ness quickly in most consumer product fields. Wate lo

Mr. P. L. Kaffai. RECKITT GmbH Promotion Office for Eastern Europe A-1040 Vianna, Plotagasse 7a.

EQUIPMENT LEASING

Financial Leasing lacifices available in respect of plant, machinery and equipment in the price range C500-£15.C00.

LOCANA LEASING LIMITED Chencery House, Chancery Lane, London WCZA 1QP. 01-831 6936

OWN BRAND PRODUCTS

Manufacturers with comprehensive acrosol. Italia and oasta filling plant, plus development laboratory, offers production faculities any type of 2017, household of industrial chemical product. Write Box G6188. Financial Times. 10 Cannon Street. EC4P 4BY.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

sought for international soft drink company holding substantial domes lic and overseas orders which only capital injection can help fulfil Seeking £150,000. Principals only Write Sox G6194. Financial Times.

FOR INSURANCE COMPANIES with large UK cargo and/or

fire, burgiary portfolio
i irm of loss adjusters specialising
i these clesses of business seeks
50'ii merger with such a com-For further enquiries please tel.

FINANCIAL **GUARANTEES**

secured for worthy projects from major benk of insurence company in form of promissory note, trust note, Letter of Credit, etc. Nothing payable pilor 10 actual commitment. Send perticulars ro:

AGC, Niels Ebessensvej 25, 1911 Copenhagen V, Benmark.

FURNISHED LONDON OFFICES avail. Inth part time. All services including secretarial. Telex, teleabone and accommodation address work-wide Business Control 01-036 9916.

ACQUISITIONS & MERGERS BY AGREEMENT Our business is

merging your business Successfully.

36 CHESHAM PLACE LONDON SWI. 01-235 4551

ARE YOU FINANGING YOUR CUSTOMERS?

Then obtain details of our

Factoring and Invoice
Discounting Services

ARBUTHNOT FACTORS LTD.
Breeds Place, Hastings TN 34 3DG
Contact: S. E. Finch Tel.: 0424 430824

London 01-6381301. Birmingham 021-454 7962. Newcastle 0632 614545.

Leeds 0532 444578 Manchester 061-236 9777. Nottingham 0602 598821.

STEEL TRADING

Successful international steel trading company, with offices in the U.S.A., Europe and Far East and holding exclusive producers agency contracts, is looking for important financial partner to expand present scope of activities.

> Write Box G.6182. Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

SOUTH EAST ASIA

Singapore based menulacturing sub-endery of UK public company with own and product is extending its sales organisation and distributive outlets throughout the Asean region. Has capability of hendling sales of additional industrial products and commarcial vehicla components wither as distributor of on commis-Sion basis. Companies wishing to expend compones to this major growth area should write in the first instance to:

Chief Exacutive, Box G6189,
Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street,
ECJP 48Y.

VELVETEX

Molyship Holdings seek someona interested in a merger or in buying controlling interest in one at their associated companies. Molytes international, who are manufacturing and marketing the Velvetes electrostatic flock sgraying process. The grocess is widely used in the motor industry, interiol design, and the achibinon display market.

Please write to the Chairman MOLYSLIP HOLDINGS LTD. Hatfield Road, St. Albans, Herts.

Investors Wanted

indiviously required to back invasiment idea being started by a team with proven track record. Serious enquiries only please a minimum investment is £25,000. Reply to Boa G6141, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y.

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

Experienced public company director is looking for further directorships on a part-time basis. Roply in strictest confidence to Box G6136; Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y.

LIMITED COMPANIES iormed in the 16LE DF MAN. GUERNSEY, JERSEY, LIBERIA and MANY OTHER COUNTRIES

For luther details confeet: ASTON CHMPANY FORMATION LIMITED
9 Prospect Hill, Oougles,
Isle of Man, vie UK
Tel. Dougles (0624) 26591
Teles: 628241

TAKEAWAY FOOD IN WALTON-ON-THAMES

Ideal premises with planning con-sent available for wall known Teke-away Food Franchise. Equity and profits offered for £40,000 invest-ment

Phone John Marcer Walton-on-Thames 22165

EXPORT TO NIGERIA

London-based exporters/con firmers able to offer irrance to person wishing to start own busi-ness within existing company of profit-shering besis. Write Boa G6198 Financial Times 10 Cennon Street, EC4P 4BY

GOLD SOVEREIGNS

AND KRUGERRANDS Sought and Sold in FREE ADVICE AVAILABLE no Mr. Cavendish or Mr. Woods 0244 24315/47541 SHAW CAVENDISH & CO.

Cash & Shares

can offer a very attractive deal to a private company making profits over £200,000 pre-tax. Write Boa 35970 Fmancial Times. 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y.

SPECIAL OFFER ON NEW

FILING CABINETS Normal Price Our Price . . £106 00 . 190 00 aswer 🗓 🕹 £76.50 E60.00 Belivery Free in London Areas Extra DISCOUNTS for Quentity AM OFFICE TRADING COMPANY

Phone 01-549 9339 NIIW

INVESTMENT

Pierre Joseph Redoute "The Lines 8 volumes bound as 4 in Hall Morocco Full set of 485 engravings, very fine hand enduring glus one in black and gortrail of ings, very line hand chauting glus one in black and gortrait of Redoute; Published 1802-1816, in good conduiton A London distereurently asking US\$165,000 for similar work. An occillent investment at £55,000. Oversees vendor Strict confidence observed. Can be viewed at Lendon bank. Please contact UK Asont, Poler Sieel, 112 High Street, Grentwood Essex CM14 4AP. Tel: Grentwood 102771 221562 Telex: 995228.

CAPITAL AVAILABLE \$500 000 minimum. Also ercellant

VENTURE CAPITAL CONSULTANTS 15300 Venture Styd.. Style 500A Sherman Oeks, California 91403 USA - (2131 789-0422 Telex: 651355 VENCAP LSA

WE REQUIRE £1.5 million Pounds

to develop an expanding company with current grotus in taxees of £250,000. Principals only Negotiation: are expected to be completed by July 31, 1980.

Write Soa G6195, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, £C4P 48Y.

LIMITED COMPANIES

ISLE OF MAN, CHANNEL ISLANDS Co-operation with Professional Firms assured Registered Office, Nomince Orecters and Servetarial Services provided by GROSVENOR TRUST CO LTO.

A SUBSIGIETY O'.

ANGLO MANX EANK LTO. 5. Athol Street, Douglas, I O.M. Tel. Douglas (0624) 23845. Telex 627976.

OFFICE PROPERTY LEASE FOR SALE

We own a 21-year lease on a 2,500 as in office building which is of recent construction. We are seeking a sale and lease-back arrangement whereby we would be allowed to retain the use of part of the accommodization. The rent currently payable is £20,000 per annum.

Write Bev G6199 Financial Times.

10 Connon Street, ECSP 48Y.

FOR SALE. Olivetti Auditronic 730. E500 ono. Telephone: 01-907 8856. AGENCY. No colorat required Established over 30 years. Clients in 119 sountries. Seno large S.A.E. Wage. Dest. F., P.O. Box S. Mariborovich, Wills.

JOBS COLUMN, APPOINTMENTS

Case of hatched, mismatched and dispatched

BY MICHAEL DIXON

SUPPOSE YOU are the head of an employment agency. It has 750 staff of various levels throughout the UK, and probably the world's most advanced computer system for matching job-seekers with job-

Suppose, too, that you had to cut the staff by a third over the next 18 mmths, and reduce operating costs from about £8.5m to £7m. How would you start the necessary redundancy

programme?
The problem is not imaginary. For months it has been exercising the top management of the Government-sponsored Profes-sional and Executive Recruitment agency. And today they reveal their consen answer. It is to start by scrapping the computer system

But more than the electronic wizardry is vanishing. The decision also ends an attempt to prove a theory which, alas. is still held true by large numbers of people. The theory is that anything individuals can do for themselves or can be done for them by private enterprise, a bunch of computerised civil servants can do better.

The attempt arose from the belief of the 1970-74 Conservative Goverument under Mr. Edward Heath that, where feasible, state services should be sold instead of furnished free of charge. Mr. Heath's advisers

ing in executive recruitment. prise consultancies should set Their thoughts turned to the in and make themselves simi-Government's own rusty old employment - exchange mechanism for dealing with managerial and specialist

The advisers recommended

that this mechanism should be rebuilt. Part of it should continue to provide "social" services such as advising jobless bigher-level workers having difficulty in finding new employment and he financed by trament, and he financed by tax-payers' money. But the other part should be run as a com-mercial agency charging fees to employers for filling managerial and specialist jobs, with the aid of the last word in computermatching systems.

Thus was born a new competitor for the private-enterprise consultancies, who were not altogether overjoyed by the event. They complained that they were being subjected to subsidised competition. How else could PER offer services, including the advertising of a jub and the sifting of the initial response down to a short-list of candidates, at about half the fee charged by fully commercial recruiters?

But their protest bad little effect on Mr. Heath's Conservative Ministers, and even less on Government. Instead of feebly wailing about taxpayer-financed bad nuted the growth of com- competition it was officially now, when the number of jubs mercial consultancies specialis- suggested, the private-enter notified to the agency as exist-

larly efficient. PER's charges bad been set at a "realistic" level which, after a short time for settling-in, would adequately cover the costs of services run thoroughly modern And while the period was longer than had been forecast, and fully commercial recruiters remain dubious about bow mucb of PER's social grant is effec-tively osed to feather-bed its job-filling activity, the agency claims to bave made a small

services in each of the past three years. Surplus

surplus on its fee-charging

Since 1976-77, while PER's social grant bas risen by 40 per cent to £3.5m, its fee earnings have increased by 78 per cent to £4.2m. In 1979-80 It showed a surplus of just over £100m. compared with a loss of £300m

three years previously.

Even so, the agency cannot claim to have been successful in terms of market satisfaction. The number of jobs which em-ployers asked PER tn fill—as distinct from merely notifying the agency that the job-opening existed—fell by balf from the first full year of operation in 1974-75 tn about 20,000 two years later. It seems clear that

ing is down from 500-450 a week to only 350-300 weekly, the demand for the fee-changing services has fallen further still. Not all in this weakness can be blamed on the current

Disappointment at PER's effectiveness is indicated by a fairly steady flow of complaints to this column both from wouldbe employers and from irritated job-seekers.

It seems that if the agency's

electronic system were instead to arrange marriages. the nursing homes would be with millionaire divorce-lawyers suffering from overwork. At least half the matches approved by the computer apparently prove inappropriate with either the chosen candidate obviously wrong for employer, or vice-versa. Also, the system doubtless fails to perceive many potential matches which would be satisfactory to both parties.

PER has striven to overcome such deficiencies by successively refining the matching system. Unfortunately, the more sensitive the system is made, the more detailed the information required from employers and job-seekers. Since that informa-tion then bas to be translated into a form assimilable by the computer, improvements to the system automatically increase the expense of the human staff needed to serve it.

retical interest, of course, in continuing the attempt to make the system at least as discriminating as the average person choosing on his or her own behalf. For instance, could that continuing the attempt to make aim be achieved before the necessary increases of PER's staff bad so reduced the popula-tion available for employment

whole exercise futile anyway? But the agency, perhaps in-fluenced by the thrifty attitude of the present Government, has decided not to test theory. It bas simply declared the matching system redundant, thereby expecting to dispense with the

in other fields as to make the

This action is less than original PER's French counterpart did the same about two years ago, opting instead to send to every job-seeker on its send to every joo-seeker on his register a weekly "newspaper" consisting of classified details of the jub-openings notified to it by employers. The responsibility for deciding who suits what has thus been removed from the combination of officials and computer, and entrusted to

the job-seekers themselves. PER is following this example, too. The first proto-type of its weekly "Executive Pust" appears today. It is re-stricted to jobs in sales, marketing, distribution and purchasing and will be sent to

There would be much theo- about 25,000 registered job-etical interest, of course, in seekers interested in those

flat £175 to have a job-opening included, or make no payment unless the list fills the vacance when a fee of 121 per cent of the starting salary will be pay-able. PER will continue to offer advertising agency and selection services, and to do its

All registered job-seekers will receive the weekly paper free. With about 80,000 of them on is anxious lest the total should suddenly be boosted by people who, while not seriously contemplating a move, would not be averse to free information on the jobs available. If so, PER would like to charge the "merely curious" the 30p a copy to be paid by any employer wanting to receive the

The only trouble is that even if the agency could make a clear distinction between the serious and the casual, the existing law would not recognise it. Where PER is concerned, while all who seek may not find, they are certainly entitled to do the purchasing and will be sent to seeking free of charge.

Systems Appraisal

Young CA

As part of the senior management development programme, a public group with activities ranging from civil engineering to energy, requires a young accountant to join their small and recently established audit team.

This new appointment entails reviewing and recommending improvements to the systems of the UK engineering subsidiaries; it provides an excellent training ground for transfer to financial or line management within a few years. Based in London, the appointment will involve some European travel.

The requirement is for a lively and ambitious accountant with the ability to work with senior management, coupled with experience in the profession of major audits in manufacturing industry

Remuneration: around £10,000 plus car.

Please write in confidence to CT Garcia (ref 180F).

Thomson McLintock Associates 70 Finsbury Pavement London EC2A ISX

Project Economics Engineer

Economic assessment of develop-

investment options.

This is a senior London-based

tunity for one of a select few

individuals to join Conocos ·

Sea petroleum investment

is engaged in the evaluation of

immediate and long term North

prospects. The post calls for an

Engineer with experience in both

project economics analysis and

offshore operations—someone

appointment and an ideal oppor-

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER - SPAIN

International Food Company requires experienced Financia Controller for Spanish subsidiary. Essential qualifications absolute integrity financial competence, fluent Spanish and English. Competence salary and normal benefits. Preferred

Write Box A7221, Financial Times, 10 Camon Street, EC4P 4BY.

Financial Director

N.W.England

to £15,000+car

Our client is a leading manufacturer of a range of consumer durables. The group to which it belongs believes in giving full autonomy to its subsidiaries.

The responsibility will be direct to the Board for the entire accounting and office administration functions. The technical accounting difficulties in this industry will present a challenge and the capability to review current management information and computer systems will be sought.

The compensation package is negotiable and will include a company car and relocation expenses. Candidates men or women, probably aged 29-40, will be chartered accountants and should apply with full details, in strict confidence, quoting Reference: 696. FT to:

R. J. Mooney. Managing Director.

EXECUTIVE PRESELECTORS

Professional & Management Selection. 8a Symons Street, Sloane Square, London SW3 27J. Tel:01-730 0187.

Corporate bankers

We offer international career opportunities in corporate banking in our London Office where our General Banking, Scandinavia and Shipping divisions are expanding. Candidates should preferably have three to eight years' previous banking experience and typically will be aged between 25 and 33 and have a university or business

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York is a leading U.S. commercial bank with operations which extend world-wide. It has been established in the City since 1897. The bank serves a variety of international corporations, governments and other banks through a broad range of banking, investment advisory and specialist financial services.

In addition to highly competitive salaries. Morgan Guaranty offers an attractive range of fringe benefits which include a profit-sharing bonus, low-cost mortgage facilities and non-contributory pension, medical and life insurance plans.

Applications should be made in writing enclosing a full curriculum vitae to: Christopher Hoysted, Vice President, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York. P.O. Box 161, Morgan House, I Angel Court, London EC2R 7AE.

The Morgan Bank

Financial Manager

Berkshire

c£14,000+bonus+car

Our client is an international group with a large share of the U.K. market in the distribution and leasing of industrial equipment.

A new position has been created within the Leasing/Contract Hire Division for a commercially minded Financial Manager. Reporting to the General Manager, the main responsibilities will be for the ongoing improvement of profitability, financial planning, and control procedures.

Candidates must be ambitious qualified accountants, aged 30-35, with a minimum of 4 years commercial experience. Previous involvement in the leasing/rental industry would be an advantage.

It is envisaged that proven success in this position will lead to a General Management appointment with the group.

Interested applicants should submit full career details stating current salary, office and home telephone numbers and quoting ref. 803 to Nigel Hopkins F.C.A.

Michael Page Partnership
18/19 Sandland St., Bedford Row, London WC1

DEALER

Medium-sized firm of stockbrokers urgently require an authorised clerk aged between 25-35. He or she must have good market knowledge. Applications will be treated in strictest confidence and sbould be addressed to:

Box A.7226 Financial Times 10 Cannon Street EC4P 4BY

JUNIOR SECURITIES CLERK

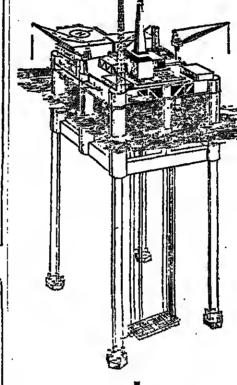
to join a small but busy department of an established and expanding City Investment House. Varied and interesting work involving securities control. Bright school leaver considered. Salary up to £4,000 and excellent benefits. Write or telephone:

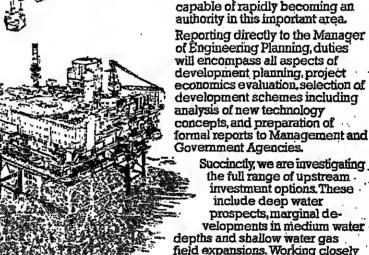
Mr. Coen.
Henderson Administration Ltd.,
11 Austin Friars, London, EC2.
01-588 3622.

STERLING AND F/X DEALERS! T/A DEALERS!

Lor Clients are offering realistically
igh sateries for trainees—5 yrs.
xp. Local Authority/CO/F/X
rokers. II you feel undervalued in
the market, call immediately:
III-637 0781

ATA SELECTION
MANAGEMENT SERVICES LTO...
230, Gr Portland Street, Wt.





will encompass all aspects of development planning project economics evaluation, selection of development schemes including analysis of new technology concepts, and preparation of formal reports to Management and Government Agencies Succinctly, we are investigating

the full range of upstream investment options. These include deep water prospects, marginal developments in medium water lepths and shallow water gas field expansions. Working closely with other departments including Operating Divisions, Exploration

North Sea Petroleum and Management, the expertise of the person appointed will also

ment projects is a key function in the continuing expansion of Conoco North Sea Inc. We have provide quidance on economic potential for new acreage acquisitions through licensing, already taken a place at the forefront of North Sea development farm-ins or trades. through our Murchison and Hutton Aged 30+, the successful candidate will possess a minimum of 3 years engineering experience Projects Staying at the forefront will depend upon the quality of technical and economic planning which is applied to our future

in upstream petroleum operations. Additionally, he or she will have a suitable academic backgroundwith at least a BSc Engineering degree-and the ability to apply a wide range of analytical techniques including computer economics Engineering Planning Group which simulation. A sound grasp of technical report writing is essential. Some background in the preparation of long range plans and budgets would be an advantage. The importance attached to the post is amply reflected in the remuneration package offered and it is most unlikely to disappoint candidates of the

> Please write, in complete confidence, with comprehensive career details and current salary indicator quoting reference SRB/80-8, or telephone for an application form to:-Diana Marsh, Personnel Officer, Conoco North Sea Inc. Park House, 116 Park Street. London WIY 4NN.

calibre and seniority sought.



Tel: 01-493 1235 ext. 3142.

Investment and Financial Analysis

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited is looking for an experienced analyst to join its established Investment Research Department. The successful candidate will assume responsibility for analysis of a particular industrial sector but will also undertake investment research projects of a broader nature. Career prospects within the Schroder Group are excellent.

Candidates should be aged between 24 and 27 and have a good honours degree and/or professional qualification. At least two years' experience as an analyst with a financial institution or stockhroking firm is essential. Computer programming experience would be an advantage.

A fully competitive salary is offered and the Company's standard conditions of employment include four weeks' annual holiday, a non-contributory pension scheme, a mortgage subsidy scheme and a family medical insurance

Applications should be made in writing, together with a full curriculum vitae to:

Mr. John R. Lambert, J. HENRY SCHRODER W.4 GG & CO. LIMITED, 120 Cheapside, London EC3V 6DS.

SCHRODERS

FINANCE ASSISTANT

to Managing Oirector required for expanding Manehester based private Finance Company. at present mainty in the Business Transfer field. Person appointed will be expected to have a proven record and be capable of opening up new lines of business.

Salary paid commensurate with achievement. Car and other fringe

Please write Box A7219, Financial Times. 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY.

3 Young Accountants Move into Management!

Essex: S.London: N.London

Recent promotions have created the need for our client, a well known, highly respected, manufacturing group to make these 3 key As part of a team of specialists, you will review and report on all

facets of the company's varied and diverse activities. Probably in your mid to late 20's you will be ambitious, self motivated and fluent communicators with an analytical approach

towards problem solving. Starting salary will be negotiable around £9,000 plus usual large company benefits include generous relocation package where

To apply please telephone M. J. R. Chapman or write to him quoting reference: 3895.

> Lloyd Chapman **Associates**

123 NewBondStreet London WIYOHR 01-499 7761

Top Executives

If you are finding your talents wasted - we can help.

In the serious business of marketing yourself MINSTER EXECUTIVE provides the profe and individual and comprehensive career counselling service that has achieved outstanding results After evaluating your full potential we direct you through every stage of the job search, formishing you with material individually tailored to your specific needs, and counsel in the art of being interviewed.

As professionals we have an acknowledged standing in the employment market. We invite you to a minary discussion to discover why our clients have been so successful.

MINSTER EXECUTIVE LIMITED 28 Bolton Street, London WIY SHB. Teh 01-493 1309/1085 A key appointment in a developing Company

MANAGER

Marketing and Development

Norwich Winterthur Reinsurance Corporation Ltd.

We are acting for the above-named Company, which is looking for a senior executive to take charge of its world-wide marketing activities, with the exception of North America, Australasia and South Africa. The appointment is based in Norwich.

Beside possessing development and managerial skills, candidates must have a thorough knowledge of foreign markets, particularly those in Europe, and have a degree of linguistic ability. The preferred age range is 35/45.

Salary is negotiable and will include normal fringe benefits such as motor car, non-contributory pension, assisted mortgage, etc.

For further information, in strict mutual confidence, please contact our Managing Director, Mr. D. R. Whately. His private telephone number is 01-623 9227. The reference is 505.

WHATELY PETRE LIMITED. Executive Selection, 6 Martin Lane, London EC4R ODL. WPL



For the person who doesn't have to take chances, this is the chance of a lifetime.

Director of European **Marketing Communications** for Texas Instruments.

The special person we're seeking is already highly placed in a company and probably isn't looking for a change. But for the person whose experience matches our need, this could be the once in a lifetime opportunity too rare to pass up.

The Company.

Ľď

ine vaquir p

αaγeΓ_,

150FL

SPAR

Im

Certisor. Il aiso

Dimonic

1

Z.127 22

- 5670

1.607

_ ______

Bround-

tênî,

FC ECT.78

namusi p si

erie M

s and

#Status#

1 :0 23 :: <u>(1</u>8

وشرورزه

- 2

ms of the

Texas Instruments: A worldwide leader in high technology business, industrial and consumer products with plants in Europe and around the globe. A \$3 billion company. With a goal of \$15 billion by the late 1980s.

The Challenge.

TI needs an exceptional person to head our European Education and Communications Center. This includes all advertising, merchandising and public relations activities throughout Europe.

The Rewards.

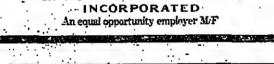
This is a key executive position. A very high level of com-pensation is offered. You will be located in Nice, reporting directly to the worldwide manager at corporate marketing headquarters in Dallas, Texas.

The Experience.

To have this exceptional position, you'll need some exceptional credentials. You'll be surrounded by highly qualified people, so you must be highly qualified. From 8 to 10 years of successful marketing communication experience is required, ideally in multinational electronic companies managing complex programs, and budgets. Because you must work effectively with many people, you should be of a European

nationality speaking perfect English.
 To apply, send resume in confidence to: R. Y.
 Henslee/Texas Instruments Corporate Personnel/
 P.O. Box 225012, M.S. 87/Dallas, Texas 75265, U.S. A

Texas Instruments





PINANCIAL

ENGLISH SEWING LTD. the major subsidiary company of the TOOTAL group, has extensive sewing thread manufacturing and marketing interests throughout the world, controlled from its. Marchester headquarters. Sales are about £100m. It now requires a Financial Controller to assume full responsibility for the accounting function, tricluding overseas subsidiaries. Applicants must have a strong management accounting background in a marketing orientated manufacturing industry, together with experience of data processing. Experience of overseas manufacturing operations would

The successful applicant will be expected to make a significant contribution to the management of the Company, and can expect a Board appointment as soon as this contribution has become

The job will be well paid, with benefits applicable to the TOOTAL group. There is help towards any necessary housing move.

If you are in the age group 35 to 50, professionally qualified, and feel you meet the job requirements, please write in confidence with brief details of qualifications, work and salary record to:-

ENGLISH SEWING LTD

56 Oxford Street, Manchester M60 1HJ.

Corporate Audit

ur client, LEAR SIEGLER Inc., has over a quarter of a century's profitable growth and sales currently exceed 1.5 billion dollars a year. A young, ambitious candidate is now required to join their European Audit Team, which reports to the Corporate Controller in California.

Work will be principally in West Germany, but opportunities may arise from time to time for assignments in Netherlands, France, Italy, Spain and UK. time to time for assignments in Netherlands, France, Italy, Spain and UK. Tasks are varied and challenging covering the manufacturing and marketing of technical, automotive, precision optics and electronic components and systems. As well as being a rewarding position, future prospects in the line function are excellent. Since the working week will be spent abroad this appointment may be better suited to a single person.

Candidates, qualified accountants or equivalent, preferably with internal audit experience and a cound knowledge of German (assistance could be provided to achieve fluency), are invited to apply for an application form, quoting MCS/3840 to:

MC5/3040 to. Ken Johnson, Executive Selection Division. Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE19SY, who will forward completed application forms to our client



Treasurer

Consumer Banking

Bracknell c£12,000+benefits

Reporting to the Chairman/Managing Director, responsibilities include all funding activities, commercial lending and representing the bank to external bodies, through a small but specialist team.

HFC Trust is a consumer finance and banking concern with US parentage. It currently operates 90 branch offices throughout the UK with plans for further rapid expansion.

Candidates, in their thirties, must have a proven record of commercial lending experience, ideally gained in a larger clearing bank. Exposure to funding techniques and Bank of England reporting would be advantageous. Personal high standards of performance and integrity are expected.

Remuneration includes a subsidised mortgage, non-contributory pension and car. Applications, which will be treated in strict

confidence, should contain relevant details of career and salary progression, age, education and qualifications.

reference 906/FT on both envelope and letter.

Please write to Peter Williamson, quoting

Deloitte

Management Consultants 128 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4P 4JX

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

£12,500 p.a. + CAR

City-based life assurance company require a qualified accountant for this Board appointment. Age 35 years plus computer experience an advantage. Excellent company benefits.

Tel: Michele Saich A.C.11 or Chris Stock F.J.C.B. BANKING & ACCOUNTANCY PERSONNEL SELECTION 01-481 8111 Ref: 45757

P.A. to Finance Director

Leatherhead, Surrey

to £10,000 + benefits

If you are a newly or recently qualified A.C.A., looking for your first commercial appointment, inaveryattractive market town close to London, this is an opportunity you should consider very

Ourclient is a £60 m. sub-group of a substantial quoted company, manufacturing a wide range of plastic and glass products. It has subsidiaries throughout Europe and in Australia.

In a newly-created position, you will act as the

Finance Director's right hand man (or woman) in all aspects of the enterprise's financial management and reporting, with particular emphasis on international currency movements, acquisitions, and the new capital investment programme. Some travel to overseas subsidiaries will be involved.

You will receive a very generous starting salary, with a comprehensive range of benefits, and full relocation expenses will be paid, if necessary.

Please contact Peter Wilson, F.C.A., in strict confidence, at Management Appointments Limited (Recruitment Consultants) Albemarle House, 1 Albemarle Street, London W.1. Tel: 01-499 4879.

Management Appointments Limited=

Group **Chief Auditor**

Our client is a successful medium sized British Group embracing a broad range of engineered products. A challenging opportunity exists to join the group

accounting function as Group Chief Auditor. Reporting to the Group Chief Accountant you will be expected to make a major contribution to the development of the group's accounting and administration procedures. Through a small team you will plan and monitor internal audits, review subsidiary accounting systems, undertake ad hoc investigations and provide accounting support at local and group level.

Preference is for a qualified A.C.A. or A.C.C.A. aged 30 - 40 with sound experience gained in a medium to large professional practice combined with financial line or internal audit experience in an engineering

The group offer first class career prospects and a good benefits package, iocluding assistance with relocation costs where appropriate.

Please send comprehensive career details or telephone for an application form to:-

Bryan Greenwood, The John Dalton Partnership Limited, 38 Hoghton Street, Southport. Tel Southport (0704) 38776

JOHN DALTON PARTNERSHIP Management Selection & Recruitment Consultants

Financial Controller RIYADH

A Financial Controller is required by a Riyadh-based holding company owning substantial Interests in a number of joint ventures engaged in diversified activities including process clanes and industrial engineering and construction, general contracting and trading, manufacturing, agriculture and maintenance services.

Based at the company headquarters in Riyadh, the successful candidate will report to the Chief Executive Officer and will bave full responsibility for the financial and accounting affairs of the holding company. His main function will be to monitor and audit the financial performance of the joint ventures, and to manage the finances and accounts of the holding company.

The successful candidate, probably in his mid-thirties, will hold recognised accounting qualifications, and will have international experence in auditing and the controllership function and preferably will be familiar with the contracting industry.

Salary will be commensurate with experience and the required skills. The successful candidate will also receive a full range of fringe benefits including furnished housing, a car, and other

Letters of application together with a CV should be forwarded to Mr. D. W. Hall, 26 Cadogan Square, London SW1.

REGONGILIATION DEPARTMENT MANAGER

Major American bank is seeking an experienced Department Manager for its Reconciliation Department. Applicants should have a banking background with at least five years' experience including Nostro account reconciliation.

Salary negotiable plus excellent fringe benefits. Please write, including full career and education

> Box A7210, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

INBUCON

Financial Controller East Midlands £12,000+Car

To join the Management team of a Company employing 180 people and showing a profitable turnover of over £8M.

Reporting to the Managing Director the man or woman appointed will control a staff of 10 people and be responsible for all accounting and secretarial functions. In particular the ability to interpret financial information and present findings in a clear and sensible way is important.

Candidates will be aged 30-40 qualified and have had good commercial experience preferably within the food processing industry. Reliability and common sense are qualities looked for, together with a professional approach to the detail

The remuneration package includes free family plan BUPA and there is a company pension scheme. Relocation expenses to a very pleasant area will be Please write quoting reference 3885 to J. G. Battersby,

INBUCON MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS LIMITED

Executive Selection,

Knightsbridge House, 197 Knightsbridge, London SW7 1RN.

Group Financial Controller

Surrey

around £14,000 + car

Our clients, a dynamic U.K. group of diverse trading interests (T/O £25m), are seeking a replacement for the present Group Financial Controller, who is about to emigrate. Reporting to the Group Financial Director, the successful candidate will be a key mamber of the managament team.

This position offers a balance between specific financial managament opportunities and project work of an investigative and innovative nature. Applicants, preferably graduates, male/female, must be Chartered Accountants, aged late 20's, who have already gained experience in an industrial/commercial environment and have a proven business acumen. Raf. 1165/FT. Apply to R. P. CARPENTER, FCA. FCMA, ACIS. 3 De Walden Court, 85 New Cavendish Street, London W1M 7RA. Tel: 01-636 0761.

Philips & Carpenter Selection Consultants

Jonathan Wren · Banking Appointments The personnel consultancy dealing exclusively with the banking profession

CREDIT ANALYST (fluent German)

Our client, a prominent internationally expanding German bank, wishes to appoint a Credit Analyst as part of its current development plan. Prime responsibility will be to review new commitments, both country and commercial risk, and to prepare submissions to the Board for new participations, as well as reviewing the existing loan portfolio

The ideal candidate will be fluent in both the German and English languages preferably with German as the mother tongue, although this is not essential. He/she will also have a minimum of two years experience of risk appraisal. Please telephone KEN ANDERSON

EXPORT FINANCE COMMERCIAL LENDING up to £20,000

A number of attractive openings at Manager level currently exist with expanding, highly-reputed international banks in the City. Specifically, there are requirements for those with experience in the business devalopment of intamational bank lending services in tha U.K. and Ireland, and for individuals with a successful track record in the arranging and structuring of export/project financa packages. Please telephone KEN ANDERSON

JUNIOR FOREX DEALER

Our client, a well established European bank, requires someone with at least three years dealing experience obtained in an active bank. dealing room, including spot, forward, arbitrage etc. A knowledge of Spanish would be desirable. Please telephone BRIAN GOOCH

First floor-entrance New Street 170 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4LX 01-623 1266

International Lending

Standard Chartered is Britain's largest assets exceeding £13 billion and more than 1500 offices in some 60 countries. Our International Division, based in London, is growing rapidly, and exceptionally we are recruiting a few suitably qualified young bankers to contribute to and benefit in career terms from its growth and

We are seaking young men or woman in their late twenties or early thirties, with several years' experience of euro-currency lending at a responsible level, with considerable knowledge of country risk analysis and credit review techniques. risk analysis and credit review techniques, and sound basic knowledge of loan Standard Chartered

This experience will have been with banks of significant size end seputation actively involved in the appropriate markets. Graduate and/or AIB qualifications are important, while formal credit training could be an advantage. Our salaries and banefits are at a level to

be expected of a major bank and career prospects, both in the short and longer term, are excellent.

rerm, are excellent.

Please write, giving full details of achievements, qualifications and salary progression, to Bob Leeming, Manager, UK Manpower, Standard Chartered Bank Limited, 10. Clements Lane, Lombard Street, London, EC4N 7AB.



Management Consultancy

Graduate ACA or ACMA

Citybased to£15000

Management consultancy offers intellectual and practical challenges through dealing with a wide range of clients and problems. Providing impartial and professional advice to management, often at board level, requires consultants whose technical skills and personal abilities are of the highest calibre.

Our need is for ambitious accountants, axed 26-32, with a good degree and examination record. Your career will demonstrate rapid progress and will include at least two years in industry or commerce. Experience of management accounts, stock control, costing and information systems will be of particular interest. Your personal qualities must include

developed commercial acumen, communication skills and an interest in problem solving.

Applications, which will be treated in sirki confidence, should contain brief but relevant details of career and salary progression, age, education and qualifications.

Please write to G. W. Thiel, quoting reference 904/FT on both envelope and letten

128 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4P 4 in

Financial Controller

London – West End

c£13,000 + car

Our client is a well established dynamic and progressive Advertising Agency. Their growth record, particularly in the last three years, is second to none.

They seek an ambitious commercially orientated Financial Controller to take full responsibility for the accounting and finance function as well as the development and improvement of in-house systems and financial controls.

Candidates must be qualified accountants, aged 28 - 40, with a minimum of two years commercial experience preferably gained in an advertising or marketing environment.

It is anticipated that proven success in this position will lead to a Board Appointment.

Interested applicants should submit full curriculum vitae stating salary, office and home telephone numbers and quoting ref. 804 to Nigel Hopkins F.C.A.

Michael Page Partnership 18/19 Sandland Street; Bedford Row, London W.C.1.

01-242 0965/8

Pension Fund Management Analyst/Dealer

The Investment Division of Shell International is responsible for the management of the Pension Fund portfolios of several companies within the Royal Dutch/Shell Group. The combined assets of these funds make up one of the largest pension fund portfolios in the U.K. being valued at about £1,000m. We are looking for a young person to join this investment team and to assist in managing the Equity portfolio.

To be eligible you will be professionally qualified and/or a graduate. Preferably you will have experience of fund management on a large scale within a merchant bank, pension fund or similar institution; although someone with analytical training, without fund experience, will be considered. You should be familiar with the analytical and dealing requirements for managing a large Equity portfolio and be prepared to take decisions and accept responsibility for stock selection involving substantial sums.

The starting salary is likely to be around £8,500 (including London Allowance) but could be substantially higher for an exceptionally well qualified candidate. In addition there is a wide range of company benefits. Working conditions in Shell are excellent, as are the sports and social facilities that are available. Please write with full resume of your career or telephone for an application form to:

Shell International Petroleum Company Limited, Recruitment Division (FT); PNEL/21, Shell Ceotre, London, SE1 7NA. Telephone 01-934 4626.



Director Overseas Operations

South Wales base

up to £20,000

Aluminium Wire and Cable Company Limited, a leading U.K. supplier of aluminium wire and cable, wish to appoint a director to take charge of a newly created Division which will handle the overseas marketing and sales of their conductor, wire, ble and accessory products and electrical contracting business. This appointment is being made at the highest level reporting direct to the Managing Director and carries complete responsibility for identifying and evaluating markets throughout the world except U.K. and Western Europe, for preparing appropriate strategies and plans for these markets and for achieving the planned sales and contribution budgets. The successful applicant will have several

years' experience of overseas industrial Sales Management and top-level negotiat-

ing for annual sales of at least £10 million and must be prepared to spend six months per year overseas. It is desirable for candidates to have experience in the electrical capital goods industry and be familiar with Spanish and Arabic commercial cultures. The remuneration package offered is in the range of £18,000 - £20,000 and fringe benefits are those associated with a toplevel appointment in a large group. The successful candidate is likely to be between 38-50 years old and will be based in South

Please write, stating age, current salary and how you meet our client's requirements, quoting reference DO/4094/FT on both · letterand envelope. Men and women are invited to apply. No information will be disclosed to our client without permission.

Established Sales Executive

For all aspects of international securities markets

North American experience preferable but not essential

NATIONAL UNION OF TEACHERS

BRANCH ACCOUNTS

MANAGER

Applications are invited for this new post from appropriately

qualified persons. (Some knowledge/experience of computer applications would be an advantage.) The person appointed

will be responsible for the introduction and operation of

Further details and an application form may be obtained

from the General Secretary. National Union of Teachers,

Hamilton House, Mabledon Place, London, WC1H 9BD, or

Completed application forms should be returned not facer

Salary Scale: £8,900-£9,600 (subject to 1980 review.

a Uniform Branch Accounting system.

by telephone: 01-387 2442, Ext. 150.

Contributory Pension Scheme.

Please contact Mrs. Sue Barber 01-628 4030 30 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1SB

Accountant for consultancy

Bermuda



Our associated firm in Bermuda is expanding the range of consultancy services. it offers to the local and international business community.

Assignments are varied and have recently included feasibility studies, financial investigations and systems development work, for clients in banking, insurance,

You should be a qualified accountant in your late 20's or early 30's. Previous experience of investigations, financial services and computer based accounting systems would be an advantage.

The initial engagement is for two years. Salaries are competitive, living

Resumes including a daytime telephone number to E H Simpson, Executive Selection Division, Ref. S658.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

Shelley House : Noble Street London EC2V 7DQ

MERCHANT BANKING

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited CORPORATE FINANCE

Barings are seeking an additional executive to ioin the bank's corporate finance team which operates principally in their London office, but also in the bank's own offices in New York, Hong Keng and Singapore and in affiliated companies in Australia; Malaysia and Nigeria.

The successful applicant will probably be a graduate aged between 24 and 30 with a professional qualification in accountancy or law or with a business school degree. Experience in corporate finance would be an advantage.

Applications, enclosing a curriculum vitae, should be sent in confidence to -

Mr. Francis Carnwath Baring Brothers & Co., Limited 88 Leadenhall Street,

London, EC3A 3DT

Young Accountants

Urwick, Orr & Partners Limited

London

£8,000 to £11,000 + subsidised mortgage

We are a leading composite insurance company, situated in London, and currently have opportunities in the management consultancy and management accounting functions of our International Finance Division for qualified accountants and for those about to qualify. The work involved includes the design and implementation of management information and accounting systems, monitoring and commenting on results of operating divisions, together with other financial assignments. Wa are seeking persons who have initiative and who are willing to

Starting salery will depend upon qualifications end experience, but is likely to be between £8,000

The Company offers excellent conditions, including subsidised mortgage facilities, a first class pension scheme and free lunches.

Please write with full details to:

R.F. Gristwood, Assistant General Manager, International Finance Division, Commercial Union Assurance Company Limited 19th Floor, St. Helen's, 1 Undershaft, London EC3P 3DQ.

An Italian institution—based in Rome—with direct interest in industry development is searching for o

DIRECTOR-ECONOMIC RESEARCH

DEPARTMENT

relevant research experience in international

organisations or research institutions and managerial experience. He should have Italian

nationality. All information will be treated as

Please send your curriculum vitae to Box A.7227 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY



APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING Rate £19.50

than Friday, 25 July, 1980.

per single column cm.

International Investment Management The ideal candidate is a senior economist with

City based organisation with very substantial investments in Europe. North America and the Far East seeks Assistant Investment Manager for usually wide ranging appointment. Age under 30 with some years sound investment experience in one or more of the areas mentioned above. Good degree helpful but not essential. Personal qualities and the ability to communicate easily important. This is an apportunity to be involved at both the policy and executive levels on a world wide basis.

Write in the strictest confidence to Box A7223
Financiel Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y

BANKING OPPORTUNITIES

U.K. subsidiary of major international banking group have elerical vacancies for candidates with sultable experience in the following areas:—

OPERATIONS-NOSTRO RECONCILIATION/ CURRENCY EXCHANGE/INTEREST

CLEARANCE/REMITTANCES/PAYMENTS ACCOUNTS . DEPOSITS FOREIGN EXCHANGE BRANCH BANKING

CREDIT LEASING Attractive salary and frioge benefits according to age and experience. Apply in writing with full details to

> **Ruth Sefton** BANK LEUMI (U.K.) LIMITED 4/7 Woodstock Street, London, W1

SALES AND MARKETING EXECUTIVE

An established but rapidly expanding international organisin the field of computerised information requires an energetic and imaginative executive to develop the marketing effort in the U.K. and a number of overseas territories.

The successful man or woman will have relevant experience proven marketing ability and most be willing to travel. Some knowledge of European languages would be helpful as would a knowledge of computer-based communication systems and the workings of international financial markets.

The executive appointed, directly responsible to the marketing and business director, will be based in London and salary and commission will reflect the Importance of this key post. - Please write, giving full career details, to Box A7730 Financial Times, 10, Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y:

strictly confidential.

CTIES C

SENIOR INVESTMENT

We have specialised for a lengthy period in the overseas stock markets of South East Asia and Japan and we are currently looking for two experienced investment analysts with managenal as well as analytical skill. Applications are invited from experienced analysis for the following positions:

Hong Kong based:

A senior research analyst with proven skills and the ability to control and correlate research material from various overseas offices. Experience in the South East Asian stock markets would be an advantage but it is

London based:

A senior analyst with 3/4 years experience to expand our coverage of the various sectors of the Japanese market while, at the same time, being responsible for the control and direction of our overall research output on this particular area of our overseas coverage. Because of the nature of the Japanese stock market, an analyst with experience in the technology sector is likely to be attracted to this position.

Ramuneration will be competitive with the usual fringe benefits necessary for these senior appointments. Please apply in the first instance, in writing with a full curriculum vitae to:

Mrs. J. E. Shaer, Personnel Manager, Vickers da Costa Ltd., Ragis House, King William Street, London EC4R9AR

GROUP TECHNICAL TAXATION ADVISER

City c.£12,000 + car + benefits

A challenging new position is being created in the Taxation Department of a leading U.K. based public Group with substantial overseas

The Ideal candidate, aged 30 or over, will be a qualified accountant who has passed the ATII examination and has at least three years' relevant post-qualifying experience in Corporate Taxation in an International professional firm and/or industry. Reporting to the Deputy Group Taxation Manager, he/she will advise management on all aspects of Corporate Taxation and VAT, with particular regard to tax planning and the implications of current legislation on proposed transactions throughout the world. A genuine interest in the development of fiscal legislation Internationally will be required.

Candidates must have the personality to establish good working relationships with colleagues of all disciplines and maintain close liaison with financial management in the Group's operating divisions.

Applications under Ref. No. RCI55 to: Miss Marion Williams, Extel Recruitment, 4 Bouverie Street, London EC4Y 8AB. Tel: 01-353 5272

Extel Recruitment Executive Selection Consultants

Project Finance Management

- FOR A LEADING British international bank. Rapid expansion of an established department, coupled with the staffing of new offices overseas, creates the need for at least one additional experienced executive in London.
- RESPONSIBILITY will embrace all aspects of project finance management, from initial prospect identification through negotiation to customer service.
- THE REQUIREMENT is for significant experience in this field.
- PREFERRED AGE: 30s. Remuneration to match the individual, and unlikely to be less than £,17,000 with additional

Write in complete confidence to A. Longland as adviser to the bank.

TYZACK & PARTNERS LTD

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS 21 AINSLIE PLACE

and LONDON WIN 6DJ EDINBURGH EH3 6AJ

Business Systems

Project Management Remuneration c.£16,000

Our client is a major financial institution which is vigorously developing its services in the UK

its rate of growth has created two new posts for Business Systems Project Managers to lead multi-disciplined teams in the development of new on-line integrated commercial systems. Utilizing large main frame computing power, Project Managers will analyse, design and implement a range of financial and commercial

Reporting to the Systems and Programming Manager, the successful candidates, of aither sex, will be of graduate status with a proven

track record in the management of large systems. Experience of a terminal based system using a larga scala databasa is desirable, as Is experience of the application of minis in the financial services industry.

The appointments offer a basic salary up to £14,000 with achievable fringe benefits which can add a further £2,000 or more to the salary. The relocation benefits are excellent.

Please send your curriculum vitae, in strict confidence, to T. D. A. Lunan at the address below or telephone 01-437 2515 (24 hour liva answering service) for a personal history form quoting reference number 345/FT.

Management Selection Division.

Prents

Executa

Schings

hich of

olanist. Kong 5º. Allaud

hiv b

(1 24 S.C.)

the a basis ie min

المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية المرادية ال المرادية ال

- 10 PM

16 127 (**55**°)

19#

poly 2

الله إلى المحاولة المحاولة

T. D. A. Lunan & Associates Ltd., 1 Old Burlington Street, London WIX 1LA.

(24 hour live answering service).

FINANCIAL MANAGER

Government of Bangladesh wants a highly qualified, experienced Financial Manager for Chittagong Wasa under World Bank credit. Interested and prospective persons may contact Commercial Section of Bangladesh High Commission on telephone no's 01-584 COS! or 01-589 0539.

WANTED

General Trader £8,000-£10,000 with proven track record, looking to develop talents and salary for young aggressive company tallored for success.

Call 01-409 2022 MAYFAIR APPOINTMENTS 16 Barkeley Street,

Loan Officers International Banking

SECURITY PACIFIC, a leading international bank, with assets of \$25 billion and over 550 branches worldwide, invites applications from experienced Corporate Bankers-Credit Analysts, male or female, for oositioos in Corporate Banking. Significant expansion has created opportunities for prospective Lending Officers to market the Bank's services to domestic and multi-national corporations in Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

The Bank offers a full range of services to it's customers throughout the world and the responsibilities of these positioos will include credit control and aoalysis and the development and servicing of new Corporate relationships.

These assignments offer long term career development opportunities for sell starters who can demonstrate

negotiating skills and clieot handling ability and are ready to accept the challenge of producing results in a competitive environment.

You should hold a degree or pro-fessional qualification, have a strong background in financial analysis and fluency in a second European language would be an advantage. Highly attractive salaries will be commensurate with qualifications and experience and we offer a full range of geoerous fringe

Career details should be sent to:- Patrick J. O'Hara, Assistant Vice President, Security Pacific Nanooal Bank, 2 Arundel Street, London, WC2R 3DF.



FOREIGN EXCHANGE ASSOCIATE c£11,000

Between 25-35, with 5 or more years experience of the foreign exchange market, you will now be seeking a more demanding position where you can build on your background and broaden your exposure to the

Cripps,Sears

A major American shipping group, with a multi-million dollar turnover, is in the process of relocating its operations to Victoria-London and now seeks a Foreign Exchange Associate. The purpose of the position is to manage the Company's considerable foreign exchange exposure as well as to carry out special project work which may, for example, be in the areas of presentations to lenders, financial statement analysis, the economic analysis of projects and loan compliance.

The scope and responsibilities of this position: necessitates regular contact with top management as well as senior banking personnel and provides an

ideal opportunity for an ambitious person to progress

The excellent range of fringe benefits include a non-contributory pension scheme, free accident, travel and disability assurance, free lunches and free private medical care for self and family.

In the first instance telephone or write to the Company's advisors through Mrs V J Van Reyk at CRIPPS, SEARS & ASSOCIATES (Personnel Consultants), Burne House, 88/89 High Holborn, London WCIV 6LH. Telephone 01-404 5701. Telex: 893155 Cripps G. This position is open to both men and

TAX MANAGER

Singapore

c. £20.000

Due to expansion of the Ernst & Whinney office in Singapore, a vacancy has arisen for a dynamic and self-motivated tax manager. This is a senior management position and applicants should be qualified accountants with at least

four years' tax experience in the tax department of a professional firm or as an Inspector of Taxes. The job will involve the supervision and reviewing of the preparation of tax computations, solving tax problems, assisting in tax planning and staff training. A great deal of client contact is involved in this particular job, and so enthusiasm and the ability to write fluently and express views and ideas clearly

The position provides an opportunity to travel within South East Asia and good prospects for personal career advancement. The initial contract will be for two years with the option of renewal at the end of the period either by extension or on an indefinite basis.

In addition to the basic salary, the package includes an annual bonus, housing allowance, annual leave, passages to U.K. for self and family, education allowance, interest free car loan, contributory provident fund, and club entrance subscription.

Please send full relevant personal and career details in confidence to Nicholas Land. at the address below: -

Ernst & Whinney

Lynton House, 7 Tavistock Square, London WC1M 9LS

LEADING ARAB **CONSORTIUM BANK**

requires:

Senior Executive

aged 37/45 preferred

Experienced in loan syndication, bonds and securities Treasury and foreign exchange together with all associated accounting procedures

Normal expatriate benefits provided—Salary negotiable tax free, paid in U.S. Dollars

Please apply with full c.v. to Box A.7229, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

RICHARDSON, CHUBB & CO

STOCKBROKERS, DORCHESTER, DORSET

We require a Member of The Stock Exchange to assist in the management of a growing number of private client portfolios and the handling of new enquiries from professional sources. Ideally applicants should be about 30 and it would be helpful if they have some established business, while there is scope for early partnership.

Please write in confidence to us at 5 HIGH WEST STREET, DORCHESTER, DORSET giving full details of age and experience

Corporate Finance Analyst Charter Consolidated Limited, an international Group

engaged in the development of mining and industrial interests, has a vacancy in its Finance Division for a Corporate Finance Analyst to be located in their London Head Office. The scope of the work is wideranging, but primarily consists of examining in depth and advising Head Office divisions and Group companies on corporate finance matters regarding existing investments, new projects and acquisitions in mining and numerous fields of industry. The appointment involves challenging and creative work where conceptual thinking, sound judgement, a well developed understanding of investment as well as an eye for detail are essential qualities. The post will lead to opportunities in general management for the right candidate.

Applicants, male or female, in the 25 - 30 age group should have either accounting or business qualifications or be financially orientated lawyers. Some experience of corporate finance work with a merchant bank or stockbroker or similar experience gained with a large firm of professional accountants, management consultants or in industry will be required.

The salary will reflect the high personal qualities required. Attractive conditions of service include a generous mortgage interest subsidy scheme.

Applications, which will be treated in confidence, to:-The Personnel Manager, Charter Consolidated Services Limited, 40 Holborn Viaduct, London, EC1.

European Financial Controller

c.£17,000 p.a. + car + incentive plan Hampshire

Aworldleading manufacturer of sophisticated electronic components, quoted in the USA is seeking a financial controller of the highest calibre to join its European executive. Current business plans are on target to achieve an annual turnover in excess of \$50m throughout Europe.

Reporting to the European Vice-President. the job embraces wide ranging operational and financial functions for marketing, sales, distribution, and a new manufacturing plant. This involves overall financial plans and policies, budgeting, development of key operating controls, foreign exchange, legal functions, insurance and taxation throughout

Applicants, either male or female, should be aged 30-45 years; they must have a formal finance qualification and preferably a degree in business or economics. Direct experience at a senior level in financial management within a multi-national market-oriented company is essential, with experience of a manulacturing facility, the applications of EDP systems, and the adherence to reporting deadlines.

The excellent remuneration package includes a company car. performance incentive plan, private health insurance, pension scheme and generous relocation assistance.

(Ref: M9246/FT)

REPLIES will be forwarded direct, unopened and in conlidence to the Client's advisors unless addressed to our Security Manager listing companies to which they may not be sent. They should include comprehensive career details, not refer to previous correspondence with PA and quote the relerence on the envelope.

PA Advertising

Norwich Union House, 73/79 King Street, Manchester M2 2JL Tel: 061-236 4531



A member of PA International

Finance director: **Europe**

South of England, to £17,500



Our client is a division of e US international group which manufactures and distributes high technology products through subsidiaries in Europe and the UK.

As Finance Director you will play a key role in controlling the profitable growth of the business and assisting in the development of long term strategies. There will be frequent travel within Europe.

You must be a qualified accountant-possibly an MBA-with management and corporate planning experience gained in a multi-national group. Preferred

Resumes including a daytime telephone number to EHSimpson, Executive Selection Division, Ref. \$669.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

Shelley House Noble Street London EC2V7DQ

£10,000 + CAR

Our client is a medium-sized angineering company in a well-established, profitable Group led by a small, committed team of forward thinking executives. The Group turnover exceeds £50m and there are ampla resources for further investment, from which this

They seek a qualified accountant with sound commercial experience. To perform his duties the candidate must be capable of effecting changes to existing systems. Ha/she must have successfully managed the financial function of a small/medium sized engineering company. The Financial Oirector will be involved also with investigations, the financial aspects of planning commercial decision making and in price and terms negotiations with customers,

It is unlikely that anyone under 30 years of age will have had the experience or maturity to handle this pointment. Candidates must have the presence to command the respect of a small departmental staff and be able to communicate at all levals,

> Please telephone or write to: A.T. Hughes, Executiva Resources Ltd., Floor, City Centre House, Union Street. Birmingham B2 4SR.

CORPORATE

Midlands

Our client, a major international bank is seeking a young executive for their well-established and successful Birmingham office.

He or she will be assigned their own group of existing and potential clients with whom they will manage the overall relationship, with special responsibility for marketing the complete range of the bank's services.

Candidates aged 25-29 must be of graduate calibre with the relevant experience and prepared to be based in the Midlands for several years. Longer term career prospects are excellent both in the UK and abroad.

Remuneration will be c. £9,500 plus use of a car, normal bank benefits and relocation expenses if appropriate.

Please send full career details, in complete confidence, quoting reference 1139 to David Thompson who is advising on this appointment, or telephone for an application form.



One Old Bond Street. Loodoo WIX 3TD. THE ADVENTISED APPOINTMENTS

Manager Financial Analysis

The Construction Equipment Group of International Harvester Company, a mejor multi-national supplier to the industry, offers an attractive career opening for a suitably qualified man or

Reporting to the Manager of Finance (E/ME) the incumbent will be responsible for preparing forecasts and budgets for the UK and monitoring tha monthly results. Varied financial projects are also involved in this broad liaison role.

The qualified epplicant will have relevant experience in eithar financial analysis or en industrial environment and will be a qualified accountant, preferably with a degree. The applicant

will also have the confidence to be able to work independently and communicate effectively at all levels of management within a large industrial organisation.

The position, based at our marketing headquarters for Europe and the Middle East located in Hounslow, West London, offers an excellent salary and benefits package including assistance with relocation, where applicable.

Please send, in strict confidence, a detailed CV including salary history to: The Personnel Department, International Harvesler Overseas Services Company, 730 London Road, Hounslow, Middlesex TW3 1PH.

Construction Equipment

CENTRAL ELECTRICITY GENERATING BOARD



Director of Finance

Applications are invited for the post of Director of Finance. The vacancy arises from the appointment of the present holder as Financial Adviser to the Electricity Council.

The Central Electricity Generating Board is the largest integrated electricity generation and transmission authority in Western Europe. Currently its gross reveoues are £6000 million annually, and its annual capital expenditure in the region of £600 million.

The Director of Finance is responsible for the full range of financial and occounting activities which are normal for an organisation of this size, but in addition carries responsibility for commercial activities, and for advising on the formulation of the Bulk Supply Tariff.

He she has a key role as financial edviser to the Board, who will look to him her to develop financiel policies which assist the Board's operational strategy, having regard to the economic climate within which the Board operates. Experience of finance management in a very large organisation, and the ability to demonstrate mature judgement on financial issues, are essential requirements.

Applicants are likely to be at least 40 years of age with professional and academic qualifications.

Initial salery for this appointment will be not less than £20,000 per annum, together with the usual benefits pertaining to an appointment

Applications, giving full details of experience, qualifications and present salary, should be sent to the Deputy Chairman, CEGB. Sudbury House, 15 Newgate St., London EC1A 7AU by 21 July 1980.

Investment Management-London

c. £14.000

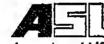
A leading UK pension fund requires a professionally qualified person with investment experience to join an

Candidates should have a professional qualification, either as an Accountant or an Actuary, and relevant investment experience gained with a firm of stockbrokers or an insurance company.

The salary could be around £14,000, depending on experience, and there are good prospects for promotion and excellent conditions of employment.

Please write with full details. These will be forwarded direct to our client. List separately any companies to whom your application should not be sent. Ref. B.1696.

This appointment is open to men and women.



CONFIDENTIAL 17 STRATTON STREET LONDON TRECRUITMENT WIX 6DB

A member of MSL Group International

Accountant

Major Investment Group Channel Islands

To £10,000 Plus Car

Our Client, a major British investment group, seek an additiooal accountant for their Jersey based operation. The job will involve control of the Investment Accounting area, liaison with investment advisers, management companies, brokers, banks etc. Experience of investment Accounting would be an advantage

The job will appeal either to a 25-29 year old qualified accountant seeking to join a major fioancial institution with long term career prospects with the Group, or to a 38-45 year old who wants to relocate to the Channel Islands.

In either case there will be an initial contract period, subsidised housing, relocation expenses and a Channel Islands tax threshold. Please write to Colin Barry at Overton Shirley and Barry (Management

Consultants) 2nd Floor, Morley House, 26 Holborn Viaduct, London EC1A 2BP (Tel: 01-353 1169) quoting reference no. 292.

Overton Shirley

GULF DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD.

The following are required for overseas projects, aged preferably under 35:

- 2. FINANCIAL EXECUTIVE (PREFERABLY WITH MERCHANT BANKING EXPERIENCE)
- BUSINESS ADMINISTRATOR
- COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER
- PROCESS ENGINEER
- MECHANICAL ENGINEER
- ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
- MARKETING EXECUTIVE FINANCIAL CONTROLLER
- will be an advantage for candidates to have previous overseas experience and additional qualifications including languages.

Apply in confidence with curriculum vitae to The Secretary, Gulf Development Co. Ltd. 128 Park Lane, London WIY 3AE

ALANGATE FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALER

expanding Bank has

An expanding bank has a vacancy for an experienced spot and forward dealer to commence as a number 2 with a possibility to become the No. 1 possibility to become the No. 1 in the near future. Age 28+. Salary in excess of £10,000 pa. with the successful candidate.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE Instructions, Settlements and Positions. Several openings with International Bank for candi-dates aged 18-35, £4,500-£7,000

MANAGEMENT' ACCOUNTANT Qualified or part qualified with Qualified or part quarties with previous experience in a financial environment for an eminent City Merchant Banking concern. £7,000-£8,000 p.a.

Ask for Della Franklin. 78 Queen Victorio Street; EC4 01-248 6071

WANTED

Systems Accountant

The Company:

C£10,500

Overseas Containers Limited, a world leader in International Container Transport with a turnover in excess of £360 million.

The Job:

Reporting to the Group Accountant the job holder will join a small team of qualified systems accountants responsible for the development and improvement of the Company's computerised financial systems.

The Company is presently involved in a major systems development programme. Accordingly, job interest is high and prospects are excellent with significant opportunities for progression to line management positions. management positions.

The Person:

A qualified accountant with a sound career record that demonstrates he/she will have a realistic and selfreliant approach to systems development.

The Action:

For further information and an application form contact Ian Matheson, Personnel Officer, Overseas Containers Limited, Beagle House, Braham Street, London, El SEP. Tel: 01-488 1313, Ext. 4474.



Treasury

London SW1 to £14,000+Car

A distinguished international shipping group establishing offices in London seeks a Senior Treasury Associate' to work with an Assistant Treasurer on foreign exchange, financings, bank telations, loan compliance; planning and special studies. This is a vital area of the group's activities.

Candidates should ideally be 25-30,

15-22

Candidates should ideally be 25-50, with 3-5 years' relevant experience in a corporate treasury function or initiaison with corporate clients for a commercial bank. Foreign exchange, financing and financial analysis experience are essential, but the ability to communicate well with banks, clients and colleagues is equally important. important. For full job description write in

confidence to John Courtis at 78 Wigmore Street, London WIH 9DQ, showing clearly how you meet these requirements, quoting 7049/FT. Both men and women may apply.

John Courtis and Partners

Financial **Administration** Foreign Exchange FONDON MCI

This is a fine opportunity to join a young professional team within the Financing Manager's Department of British Gas HQ. The work involves foreign currency receipts and payments by the Corporation, advising on contracts with foreign currency implications administering overseas barrowings and the development

of suitable control systems. The person selected, mole or female, will be oble to participate in Treasury operations at the centre of a major. national industry having a turnover in excess of £3,000 million per annum. If you have a methodical outlook and olready have logged oppropriate administrative experience then this oppointment offers useful

Young graduates would find the post o useful introduction to this field, but opplicants with accountancy or banking experience may also apply. Appointment will be in a range rising to £9,614, benefits being those normally associated with a large progressive

organisation.
Please write with full details of age, qualifications and expanence, quoting ref. F/021601/FI, to:
Senior Personnel Officer [HQ],
British Gas, 59 Bryanston Street, London WIA 2AZ

BRITISH GAS

ECONOMIST THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Graduate required by the Korea Exchange Bank head office in Seoul experienced in speech writing in the English language on finance and economy, research and production of all types of written material relating to financial and business matters and the revision of various English manuscripts.

An excellent remuneration is offered, furnished accommodation, free travel for annual home leave plus other attractive benefits.

Qualified applicants are invited to apply by sending a full curriculum vitae to:-

Mr. K. S. Lee, Regional Director 1 Old Jewry, London EC2R 8DU

ACCOUNTANCY & LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LTD 35 New Broad Street, London EC2M 1NH Tel: 01:588 3576 Telex 887374



eader a

major ma major ma major ma major ma major ma major ma ma major ma ma major ma major ma major ma major ma ma

1.06132

gs nimes

mce.

2.54

 r_A

 $c_{0}(x)$

W.14

2 1 2 1 V 1000007

3..

ito £9,62

 $qg\pi^* \mathbb{P}$

 $=\frac{1}{2} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot$

....

13. 1. 15

 $p_{ij} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times N}$

± Žēpijā

. من نيت ×

3AS

ORE

Charles de .

AMSTERDAM

ACCOUNTANT

£10,000 - £12,500 (maximum tax circa 33%)

EXPANDING INTERNATIONAL TRUST COMPANY

Owing to expansion, applications are invited from Candidates aged 24-30, C.A., A.C.A., A.C.A. or A.C.M.A. (part qualified A.C.A.'s will be considered who have closely related experience), who have acquired several years' commercial or banking experience. The successful candidate will be responsible for circa 25 Client companies covering all accounting work, statutory returns and correspondence. Essential qualities include the ability to set priorities and liaise effectively with Clients. Knowledge of a European language will be an advantage though not essential. Initial salary negotiable £10,000-£12,500 (income tax maximum approximately 33%) plus house foan scheme, non-contributory pension, re-location and home leave expenses. Applications in strict confidence under Reference A/022/FT to the Managing Director:

ACCOUNTANCY AND LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LIMITED, 35 NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON ECOM INH TELEPHONE: 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576 TELEX: 887374

Finance Manager -Operations

The British National Oli Corporation is consolidating its finance functions in Glasgow. This opens up an outstanding opportunity for an experienced person to manage the finances of BNOC's operated offshore

BNOC (Development) Ltd, a principal subsidiary of BNOC, is responsible for all the Corporation's operated ventures. These include the Thistle Field in production, the Beatrice Field under construction, and the newly named Clyde Field, in design. Additionally BNOC (Development) is operator for exploration on over 35 blocks on the U.K. Continental Shelf. The annual capital budget is over £270 million.

The company has established financial procedures and it utilises batch and-real time computerised accounting systems. However, the current expansion of activity offers a great opportunity to build on these procedures. The Manager will report directly to the Chairman of BNOC (Development) Limited, Malcolm Ford, who is a full time Member of the Corporation himself. BNOC

The workload is substantial: the Finance Manager will have responsibility initially for.

about 50 staff in Corporate Headquarters in Glasgow, plus functional responsibility for a finance department in Aberdeen, the operations hase.

The prospective candidate must be a qualified accountant with a proven management record. He/she will currently be managing a finance function in an organisation involved with large scale capital expenditure. You should have at least 15 years practical experience, preferably in part in the oil industry. With these qualifications you are unlikely to be earning less than £18,000 in your present joh.

. In addition to a highly competitive salary a full range of company benefits is offered, including pension and life assurance, and where appropriate, generous relocation assistance.

If you are interested in this outstanding opportunity in finance, please telephone or write quoting Ref. FT/FM-O to:

Director of Personnel, The British National Oil Corporation, 150 St. Vincent Street,

GLASGOW G2 5LJ Tel: 041-226 5555 The closing date for applications will be 18/7/80.

The British National Oil Corporation

FINANCIAL ANALYST

CHELIENHAM. FINALIST/NEWLY QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Gulf Oil (Great Britain) Limited, a subsidiary of Gulf Oil Corporation, one of the leading international energy companies, has a vacancy for a Financial Analyst in our Financial Management Group, Gulf Oil (Great Britain) Limited is our Oil Product Marketing and Distribution Company in the U.K., and our Financial Management Group is a small professional team involved in both Financial Planning and Management Information Activities.

This opportunity will suit a Finalist/Newly Qualified Accountant ACA, ACCA or ACMA, not necessarily with oil industry experience, but with a positive approach to contributing to the profitability and efficiency of the business. Career prospects are good and we offer a competitive salary and other benefits associated with a company of international standing. Please write or phone for an application form to:

Peter White, Supervisor Personnel & Training. Gulf Oil (Great Britain) Limited, The Quadrangla, Imperial Square, Cheltenham, Glos. GL50 1TF. Tal: Cheltenham 21455 Ext. 3123.

PKBANKEN INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Eurobond Trader

PKbanken responsible for group international capital market activity. Our objective is to rapidly develop a fully integrated bond operation specialising in Scandinavian debt instruments. We now require a bond dealer to make markets in issues that we bave managed. The bank has made a major long-term commitment in this area and bas allocated a substantial emount of capital to aupport primery and secondary market activity.

The job has a high degree of autonomy and as such offers an attractive salary of between £12,500-£17,500 with a generous package of fringe benefits.

> Call or write to: Adrian Valori 49-51 Bow Lane, London, EC4 Tei: 01-248 8591

MAJOR FIRM OF LONDON STOCKBROKERS ... with large international business has a vacancy for an

ASSISTANT ACCOUNTANT EXECUTIVE

Competent to handle home and overseas bank and trustee knowledge of investment statistics essential. Remuneration according to experience, and there is a non-contributory pension schame. investment enquiries with the minimum of supervision. Good

Please write in first instance with details of experience to Box A7224, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY.

GENERAL MANAGER **MEXICO CITY**

Joint leasing venture of leading U.S. and Mexican banks seeking an entrepreneurial General Manager to head up their Mexican company. Must be thoroughly conversant with all technical aspects of leasing, and have a proven track record in reading market opportunities and generating new business in a broad range of capital equipment. Should also have experience in liability management since this company will be \$ funded largely by sources other than the parent banks. Fluency in Spanish is most desirable and knowledge of the Mexican market helpful. Compensation will be approximately \$100,000 (US).

Please reply in complete confidence with resume and current compensation to Box A7218 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

MANAGING DIRECTOR

A Public Company engaged nationally in the heat management services industry is seeking to appoint to this position a Senior Executive with extensive in-depth experience of the industry.

The location is Central London and an attractive remuneration package will be offered to the successful candidate who will presently hold a similar appointment and should possess sound allround financial expertise.

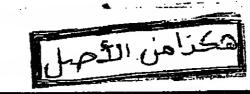
Applicants will ideally be in the 35/45 years age bracket and should send a fully detailed c.v. to:

> Group Managing Director Box A.7231, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

STOCKBROKERS

- 1. OVERSEAS SETTLEMENTS CLERK
- £5,000 + BONUS
- TRANSFER CLERKS £5,500+BONUS CLIENT LEDGER CLERK £5,000 + BONUS
- DIVIDEND CLERK £6,500+BONUS CONTRACT CLERK £6,500 + BONUS
- GILT SETTLEMENTS CLERK £5,000+BONUS

Contact Andrew Stephens on 623 0101 CAMBRIDGE APPOINTMENTS RECRUITMENT AGENCY



An Important Move to Bedford

Britain's largest hanlage group comprising over 50 operating companies with a consolidated turnover of £417 million needs to fill the following positions:-

Group Finance Director-Special Traffics Group

c.£14,000 + bonus and company car

The Special Traffics Group comprises 8 major operating companies with an anticipated revenue in 1980 of £100 million. The promotion of the present Director necessitates the appointment of a Group Finance Director to be responsible for all aspects of financial

Specific responsibilities include investment planning, evaluation of new products and projects, implementation and monitoring of corporate finance policy; budgetary control; computer application; cash flow planning; analysis of forecasts, trends and results on which strategic decisions are made.

Participation in the overall management of the Group, through membership of management committees of the Group and individual companies, will demand a wide range of managerial and entrepreneurial skills.

The successful candidate, male or female, must have professional accountancy qualifications as well as management and analytical skills in the formulation and implementation of high level financial

Initially this position is based in Watford, then from November/December 1980 in

Leading

International Finance

Consultants

Specialising in Industrial/ Commercial Properties requires dynamic person 30-40 able to negotiate at top level for posi-

tion as M.D. Excellent salary and participation in profits.

Ploase write in strictest con-fidence to the Cheirman giving details of past experience.

Write Box A7222,

Financial Times,

10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

INTERNATIONAL

BANK

LOCATED

CHAMPS-ELYSES, PARIS

FOREX DEALER

(3-5 years' experience)

Write with c.v., photo and required salary to Box A7225

10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y

Deputy Treasurer-Corporate Treasury

c.£11,500 + bonus and company car

The Corporation is currently establishing a Corporate Treasury Department, responsible for the negotiation and management of banking, leasing, insurance arrangements, funds management and ad hoc financial

Reporting directly to the Corporate Treasurer, the Deputy Treasurer will take particular responsibility for negotiating major leasing facilities, reviewing and improving the related administration procedures as appropriate. However, the work is not confined to these areas, and will at times cover the whole spectrum of financial management.

The man or woman appointed must show a keen commercial approach, strong profit motivation as well as the ability to negotiate at high levels, under limited supervision, with banks, leasing companies and insurance brokers.

Formal qualifications in banking or accountancy would be a significant advantage as would relevant experience in a Corporate Treasurer's department, banking or leasing environment.

This position is based in London, then from November/ December 1980 in Bedford.

For further details and an application form contact National Freight Corporation, Argosy House, 215 Great Portland Street, London WIN 6BD.

Hudson

Spriman International Recruitment Consultants

MANAGER/PARTNER DESIGNATE

Dublin

Salary Negotiable

Tel: 01-636 8688 Ext. 200.

A substantial independent firm of Chartered Accountants practising in the U.K. with international connections invites applications for a Manager to join its Dublin practice.

Candidates should have had practical experience in all aspects of an accountancy practice including public and private company work, investigations and taxation, as well as maintaining day-to-day matters relative to a continuing and busy professional firm.

The appointment will carry with it an early opportunity for partnership providing the successful candidate is able to demonstrate the qualities required to maintain and develop the practice. Candidates, who must be Chartered Accountants aged 30-38, will be

required to reside in Dublin with assistance given for removal expenses if appropriate. Please write in confidence with brief career details or telephone

Hudson Shribman International Ltd

23 College Hill, London EC4 101. UI-248 *1*831

Qualified Accountant Reinsurance: EC4

c. £12,500

The compact London Reinsurance Branch of a prominent French Insurance Group requires an A.C.A. or A.C.C.A. to take full responsibility for its day-to-day accounting operations-including D.o.T. requirements and liaison with computerised Head Office.

Candidates with appropriate treaty reinsurance experience are asked to contact our Managing Director, Mr. D. R. Whately, whose private telephone number is 01-623 9227. The reference

WHATELY PETRE LIMITED Executive Selection 6 Mortin Lane, London EC4R ODL



THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW ENGLAND

PROFESSOR IN ACCOUNTING & FINANCIAL MANGEMENT Applications om invited for appointment to a second Chair in the Department of Accounting and Financial Management. The appointed will be expected to serve as head of Department for live years in the first instence. The Department of Accounting and Financial Monagement is one of five departments within the Faculty of Economic Studies and offers both undergraduate and postgraduate occurses in Accounting, Finance, Systems, Small Business Management and Legal Studies.

The current prolessonal salary is \$A35,654 per annum. The University will per travel expenses for the appointee and lamily to Armidale together with researable removal expenses. Other benefits include superannuation (F.S.S.U. pattern or N.S.W. State Superannuation Schemo) and ossistance in obtaining finance for building or buying a home. The appointee will be eligible to apply for study leave with appropriate travel grants.

Intending eppiricams should obtain further information from the Staff Officer, University of New England, Armidale, New South Wales, 2351 Australia, With whem applications, which should include nomes and eddresses of three relemes, and atsting the Position No. 551, should be ledged before 15 September-1980.

Applicants in the United Kingdem, Europe and America should forward en additional capy, by the same date, to the Secretary General, Association of Commonwealth Universities (Appts), 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H OPF from whom lutther information can also be obtained.

We are a medium-large firm of London Stockbrokers who require a young, fully-trained, intelligent

FIXED INTEREST **SPECIALIST**

to work on own initiative. The successful applicant will probably be aged 20-30 and at present employed by a large firm where scope for advancement is

Apply with full c.v. to Box A.7206 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY



HOUSE OF COMMONS

(Department of the Clerk of the House).

SELECT COMMITTEE TEMPORARY ASSISTANTS

The Treasury and Civil Service Committee require three Temporary Assistants to cover economic, taxation and administrative questions respectively. Their duties will include giving specialist assistance to the Clerk of the Committee and undertaking research into specific questions. Applications are invited from candidates with a good degree or an equivalent professional qualification relevant to one or more of the above subjects, together with several years' practical experience in one of these fields.

The preferred age range is 28-3S years and for a successful candidate within this range the salary is likely to be between £9,380 and £11,280 according to age, qualifications and experience. Applications from particularly well qualified candidates aged from 25-27 will also be considered. The salary for this age group is likely to be between £7.730 and £9,33S. There is a non-contributory pension scheme with interchange arrangements with other Public Service pension schemes. The appointments will commence as sonn as possible after 1 October, 1980, and will be for periods of between two and

Strict political impartiality is required of all House of Commons staff and these Temporary Assistants will be expected not to engage in political activities for the duration of their appointments.

For further details and application form write to the Establishments Office, HOUSE OF COMMONS, London SW1A 0AA, or telephone 01 219 5598. Closing date for return of application forms 24 July, 1980.

Chief Accountant

This adventisement is tempifed on page \$99013 of Prestel

City

For an insurance company which is growing, profitably, from a significant and well established base.

The chief accountant will have full responsibility for

managing the accounting function, which has a large staff. Candidates, aged up to 35, must be qualified accountants with a good background in insurance, and must have supervised a staff of at least 20. Ideally they will also have experience in

taxation, EDP, and some company secretarial ability. Benefits include an annual bonus plan, medical insurance, and a first class pension plan.

For an application form telephone 01-248 6113, or write to E.M. Nell, Executive Selection Division, quoting reference 2070/L



Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

165 QUEEN VICTORIA STREET, BLACKFRIARS. LONDON, ECAV 3PD.

DV-Paris enció t 21127

rave^{i i}

aciay h

 $m_{\tilde{i}} = \tilde{c}^{\tilde{i}}$ Ereist

Stock

Stock **NEW YORK** Stock Schlitz Brew J.... Gt. Atl. Pao. Tez Gt. 2asins Pet.... Gt. Hthm. Nekoosa Columbia Gas . Schlumberger. 117% SCM 26% Scott-Paper 17% FOLLOWING TUESDAYS late some of Kaiser's steel-making on Tuesday due to a public holiptening in otherwise higher rally, stocks on Wall Street were assets. LTV eased \$1 to \$10\frac{1}{2}, day. THE AMERICAN SE Market Tokyo 3514 3234 1576 1574 1536 1574 2914 2913 5536 5514 85 4216 4256 4216 2413 4054 417 8754 23 2514 3834 1015 1015 2754 2814 2914 2015 2016 2914 2914 2015 2914 2015 2712 2712 27 4818 4778 2216 22 2656 255 2554 1578 ACF Industries... assets. LTV eased \$1 to \$101. THE AMERICAN SE Market Value Index was up 2.25 to 299.85 yesterday morning, but Bluz Monarch M/T.... Monarch M/T.... Monante MoroMcCmrk Morgan UP)... Metorola at 1 pm. Volume was 3.43m shares (2.73m). Halfiburtoe... Hammormili Ppr Handieman Henno Mining... Hercourt Brace... Harnischlegor... Chips were weak. Comp. Scienco... Cone Milla..... Cone Cen Ins.... Seatrain Lne .. The Dow Jones Industrial Security Pac.... Average at 1 pm b2d firmed by 1.02 to 873.29. The NYSE All Canada Markets advanced across a broad front in beavy trading early yesterday, fellowing a heliday on Tuesday. Common Index also gained ground by 0.19 to \$65.92. Trading volume was 30.35m, compared with 24.18m by 1 pm on Tuesday. Advances Ted declines by a six-to-five ratis. Hapco Industries Hat Can Nat. Detroit. Nat. Dist. Chem. Hat. Cypsum Het. Medical Ent Hat. Semioductr. Hat. Service Ind Hat. Standard. Hat. Steol. Hat. Steol. The Toronto Composite Indexwas up 13.1 to 2,074.4 at noon. The Metals and Minerals index gained 30.2 to 1,907.7, Golds 27.8 ConsumorPower Conti Air Unes. Conti Corp. Conti Group. Conti Illinois. Simplicity Patt... Other indexes reflected the narrowly higher trend. The to 4,433.0 and Oil and Gas 81.2 to 4,836.7. Sonesta Intl.... Solvesta Info Standard and Poors Composite to 4,836.7. Hudson's Bay Oil rose CS1 to CS34 while Dome Petroleum at CS85; and Imperial Oil "A" at CS45 each gained 1; Shell Canada added CS1 to CS34; and Gulf Canada CS1 to CS34; index has gained 0.02 to 114.95 Alcoa.....Amal. 2ugar Amax Amerada Hess Am. Airlines by 1 pm. Transports were np 4.22 to 279.47 and Utilities 0.11 to 113.33. 767s 2814 3358 6914 347s 3216 181c 2345s 3914 42 42 4354 6354 Analysts said bargain-bunting and interest in speculative issues continued following the four-session sinking spell that ended The Montreal Composite In-dex was up 4.65 to 380.76 at Doon. on Tuesday. Volume leader Norton Simon Papers rose 0.24 to 177.59 but Banks slipped 1.79 to 355.99. climbed \$1 to \$142 50 turnover of more than im shares, includ-Damon Dana Dart Inde Date Gen Dayton-Nudson Deero. Delta Air Oen'nys Hong Kong iog four large blocks ranging from 100,000 to 275,000 abares. Fellowing the steady rises of the past week stocks receded across a broad front on profit-Norfolk & Westd 333e Hth. Am. Coal.... 43 Hth. Am. iPhilps. 287e Hthn. State Pwr. 2472 44 393₈ The company said it knew of no | Hthn. State Pwr. | 2472 | 2473 | 2479 | Northgate Exp. | 872 | 915 | Northrop. | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 4174 | 417 taking. The Hang Seng index closed 29.13 points down at 1037.71 and dealers said the downward trend was influenced by rumours of an imminent fundraising issue by a major local commany. reason for the action. 5712 | 5714 2854 | 2814 5914 | 3212 29 | 2856 3754 | 5716 1914 | 1834 | 2512 | 2512 3534 | 3576 1614 | 1614 Airlines were active and mostly higher. Pan American rose 25 cents to \$41, and Eastern Germany Dentsply Intl..... Detroit Edison... Diomond Intl.... Diamond 2hemk DiGiorgio..... Digital Equip..... Dillion Airlines \$1 to \$91 bot Braniff eased \$1 to \$61, all in active trading. Active Sony slipped 25 cepts to \$10. A block of 350,000 shares by 6 major local company. Among market leaders, Hong-161₂ 263₄ 225₈ 661₃ 263₄ Among market testers, mang-kong Land fell 70 cents to HKS 13.70. Jardine Matheson 50 cents to HKS 17.70. Hutchison Wham-nea 30 cents to HKS 9, while Hong Kong Wharf beld steady at HKS 77.50. moved at \$10 Tampax 521e Tendy 421 Toledyne 121 Toktronix 3072 Tenneco. 3072 Tenneco. 3072 Tenneco. 3072 Texas Pet 25be Texas Comm. 8k Texas Comm. 8k Texas Instruts. 931 Texas Instruts. 931 Texas Instruts. 931 Texas Onl & Gas. 47t Texas Oll & Gas. 47t T Fidelity Financial rose \$21 to \$141. H. F. Ahmanson will buy Fidelity for about \$137m lo cash 4214 4115 121 1194 3072 4934 3978 3958 2659 264 Armetong GK. 16½ 16 Assemero 0il. 2036 2036 Asserco. 3914 3912 Ashland 0il. 3834 3754 Assd D Goods. 22 2936 Atlantic Rioh. 4654 2312 Auto.Date Prg. 2856 3612 Avec. 2078 2056 Avery inti. 1734 1734 and stock. Ahmansoo, which had Cheung Kong lost 50 cents to HKS 15.60. Hong Kong Bank 40 ceots to HKS 15.80, Hong Kong Electric 15 gents to HKS 6.40 and Swire Pacific's "A" 30 cents yet to trade, closed on Tuesday at \$23. Financial Corporation of Santa Barbara gained \$13 to \$171 and Dayco tacked on \$1 to \$101. to HK\$ 7.75. Elsewhere, Hang Seng Bank shed HK\$ 4 to HK\$ 132.00 and Green Island-Coment HK\$ 2 to Dayco booght a 68 per cent stake 6712 3714 841c 847s 2434 25 4016 3913 2214 461g 461s 6214 321c 511g 51 to Financial Corporation. Kaiser Steel lest \$31 to \$43. LTV Eastern Airlines. 94 Eastern Gas & F. 22 & Eostman Kodok. 57 Corporation ended consideration HKS 53.50 while World later-chaoged. of the possible acquisition of national was unchanged on HKS Timas Mirror.... to DM 192. Turnover on the four ex-Clasing prices for North changes totalled HKS 370.89m, compared with HKS 423.25m on Monday. The market was closed day's high of DM 86.50 to DM 1.60 higher on the di America were not available for this edition. AUSTRALIA BELGIUM (continued) CANADA Enserch 3412 34 Envirotech 954 94 Envirotech 954 94 Envirotech 954 94 Envirotech 954 94 Envirotech 954 954 Examerk 4713 485 Ethyl 28 2914 Ex Gell 0 6312 324 Ex Gell 0 6312 324 Ex Gell 0 6312 326 Excon 67 Enders 11 11 Faddors 312 652 Faderal Co. 3514 36 Faderal Mourt 161 161 Fad, Peper Brid 161 164 Fad, Peper Brid July 2 Frs. -Kellogg 204 Kennocott Cpr... 284 Kennemetal 233 Korr-McGee 754 July 2 Petrolane Prizer Pholos Dodge Phila Elect Philip Morris Philips Pet Philips Pet Philips Pet Phila Philips Pet Phoneer Corp Pittes Pawes Pittston Planning Rach...! 23.4 +0.4 288 -1 81.5 -0.3 64.8 -1 175 -1.6 65.8 +0.1 22.6 -0.2 218.6 +4.5 134.5 Seth Steel 8212 224 Sig Three Inds 485 48 Black & Decker 1734 1712 Slock HR 2512 2512 Slock HR 2614 25 Salue 80l 254 55 Salue 80l 254 364 Salse Cencade 364 364 Bar2-Worner 6415 344 Sraniff Infl 7 63 Sraniff Infl 7 63 Sraniff Infl 7 63 Sristol-Myera 385 385 SP 3436 3413 Srown Formon 394 241 Srown Formon 8 424 42 Srown Formon 267 2612 Srown A 2harp 25 243 Srowny-Ferris 184 184 Brusswick 1156 1136 ACF Holding ... Abitibl 185e 121e Agnico Eagle 143e 143e Aigane 311e 311e 311e Aigane Sieel 321e 321e Aabestes 35 35 8k Montrest 271e 275e 8k Nove Scotta 301e 305e Basic Resources 151e 154e Kiddo 5314 Kimberley-Gik 465a King's Oept. St. 103 Kingh's Okept. St. 123 Koehring 183 Koehring 234 Koehring 46 Kraft 46 Kroohler 46 Krooper 2662 LTV 1014 Ahold..... ABN AMEV AMRO Bredero Cart Bos Kalle Suchrmonn-Tet Calend Hidgs Slaver 2 Prentice-Hall..... Ennia 134.5 Eura Com Tet 67,50 Union Dil Cal..... Union Pacific..... Uniroyal..... Utd Brands.... Utd Energy Res.. US Fidelity G.... Proctor Cambio .1 7574 Pub. Serv. E & G.; 2634 Pub. Serv. E & G. 2634 2659 Pub. S. Indiana... 2359 2315 Pullman... 3114 2814 Purex 1512 1552 Purolator 93 23 Ouaker Oats 32 3216 Quanox 2112 22 Questor 54 516 RCA... 2234 2914 Raiston Purine 1112 1114 Ramada ions 712 713 Rank Org AOR. 414 436 Raytheon 744 444 Reading Bates 49 4612 Redman inds 934 7912 Releman inds 934 7912 Rolchhold Ghem. 1114 1116 Rolchhold Ghem. 1114 1116 Rolchhold Ghem. 1114 1116 Rollance Group. 6874 59 2714 Price + or Kroner -Glet. Srocades,... Neihoken July 2 Bridge Oil Andelsbanken 108 Battles Skand 310 +442 Surm & Wain 46,5 -5 Cop Handelsbank 102,76 D Sukkartab 259,6 +8,5 Denske Bank 100,76 East Asiotic 104 Finansbanken 141,78 Forehed6 Srygg, 242 + 2 Ousker Ossam | 21-4 | Questor | 534 | RCA | 22-5 | Raiston Purine | 11-1 | Parmada inns | 712 | 4-44 | 7-44 | Burnington Nrhn: 35 33 Burnington Nrhn: 35 33 Burnington Nrhn: 35 32 32 Burnoy: 6514 641s Can Packers 303; Can Perm Mtg ... 184; Can Trustoo..... 26 1st Pe hh..... Can Irustoc. 25 2554 Can Imp Bank. 2554 2214 Can Imas. 2554 2558 Can Pacific. 3875 40 Can P. Ent. 2158 22 Cdn Trus. 26 26 Gharokee Res. 1336 1255 Fisons.... Floetwood Ent... US Surgical..... Ford Motor..... 2478 Foromost Mck.... 2714 Glusader Off. Varian Assocs.... 2278 Vernitron 912 Ghisftain 2312 2414 Cominco 5714 3736 Cons Bathat A. 1436 1456 Costain 851 9 Saon Oovs 734 8 Denison Mines 43 Dome Mines 1113 Dome Petroleum 95 8716 1273 | 1336 4214 | 6959 2614 | 2659 1114 | 1136 52 | 32 Virginia EP........ 117g : 117g Vulcan Matris...... 355g 3554 Wolker IHmiC.HJ 231g 233g 1736 5334 4758 3812 1412 23 1 1634 1 1512 1 156 2 2414 Carter Howley 1712 Goterplilar 53 Calences Corp 4634 Central & SW 1412 Central Soye 12 Contral Tol Util 25 Central Tol Util 161 GK Tochnologies 2714 Gamble-Skogmo 40 Gannott 4512 Gelco. 33 ICI Aust -28 +150 -46 +3.5 Gen Am Irvest.... Gen Cinema.... Gen Dynamics... Gen Electric... Cen Exploration, Gen Foods..... Con Instrument. Gen Mills... Gen Motors.... Gen Portland.... Gen Portland... MIN Moekatharra Ms. Waise Mangt 535g Weis Mkts 945g Waise Fergo..... 1 2714 W. Point Peppl... 375g Western Airlines. 75g Westn, Bancorp.; 51 Westn, Hth.Ama. 573g Westninghouse 2514 Westvaco 5134 Wayorhaeuser.... 1 381g Masco. Mascey-Forgn Masc Multi Corp. Oen Pub Utilities Gen Reinago, Roper Corp*...... Mayter (Oscar)... Maytag... McGulloch Dil ... McOonald a... McDonnoll Coug... McDonough... McGraw-Hili... McLean Truckg... Msdio Genl... Medroulc... Medion Hett... Molillo... Mamorex... Mercentile Sts... Merceith... Mercith... Wheelobratr F. 3773 6753 Wheeling Pitts 1716 1753 Whirlpoof 2D 1236 White Consoltd. 6514 2314 White Motor. 536 313 Whittaker. 2233 2212 Wickes 1413 1536 Williams Co. 3563 3055 Winn-Dixie Str. 2836 Winn-Dixie Str. 2836 Winsc Elec Power 2512 2536 Wingley 156 3066 Wisc Elec Power 2512 2536 Wrigley 31312 3042 Wrigley 5736 Xerox. 5414 353 Xerox. 5415 3562 Zepita 3664 35 Zenith Rad 1056 1016 Montedison..... Divetti....... Pirelii Co...... Pirelii 2pA....... anie Viscosa...... do. co. Priv.i 3034 2912 758 713 774 Ferodo 370,8 -1.2 Gen, Docidontal 314,8 -3 Imetal 92 -1.5 Lalarge 246,4x -1.1 L'Drasi 55,6 -9 Machines Bull 55,6 -0.4 Matra 52,6 -9 Machines Bull 55,6 -0.4 Moulinex 73 -0.8 Peribas 941,8 -0.2 Peribas 941,8 -0.2 Peribas 12,8 +0.8 Perrior 689,0 +12,6 Perrior 689,0 +12,6 Pergeot-Cit 25,7 Pociain 255,2 -3,8 Redoute 438 -4 HONG KONG Indices **NEW YORK** -DOW JOHES July July June June 2 1 30 27 High | Low 41 93g 317g 491g 141g 137g 621g 645g 301g N'me 8'nde 74.87 74.97 75.35 75.84 75.89 76.15 70.01 NK Shanghai Bk. HK Telephone. **SWEDEN** O'eeas Trust Sk. SHK Props..... Swire Pac A..... Wheel'k Mard A Wheel'k Mariti'e Sangrem..... 617g Bnoil can Dil...... 5414 Steel of Can A.... 311e +1 +2 FRANCE Price + or Om. -+0.6 4 Day's high 876,02 low 862,63 +3 June 27 | June 20 | June 13 | Year ago (approx Ind. div. yield 🖫 🕒 -0,5 5.98 6.07 6.02 - 5.72 +2 STANDARD AND POORS Alinomoto... 195.6 + 8.6 154 + 1 308.6 + 1.3 68.6 + 1.5 973.6 + 4 251 + 4.2 129 + 0.5 190.5 + 1.3 High | Low | High | Low BMW... 2indust'ie..., 129.25 128.54 150.45 150.68 151.55 129.49 134.47 111.09 134.64 2.02 111.07 1277: 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 1277: 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.64 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 111.07 134.66 2.02 134.67 134.6 HDMC KDNG Heng Seng Bankığı 7,64) 1887.71; Ic. 1058,04 1841,45-1088,84 (28.5) 788.9 (16/8) AUSTRIA 65,11 (2:1) ind, div. ylold 🐒 +0.8 +5 +1. +2.5 3.27 July 2 Price + or 6475,95 (27: 449,01 (10:5) Ind. PrE Ratio 7,94 338 636 278 108 243 318 Long Gov. Band Yield 8.75 N.Y.B.E. ALL COMMON 126.38 126.89 127.83 128.15 144,70 (14/2) 110.10 (28:5) 118.7 27.6 418 147 164.5 268 BIHGAPORE Straits Times (1965) 1,826 -6 +5 +6. +10 Hitachi Hitachi Koki, Honda House Food SOUTH AFRICA Cold | 1358 | 184 | 265 | 182 | 44 | 215.5 | 49.5 | 1 | 180 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 | 1 | 18.5 55,75 65.34 56,34 66,44 67.77 55.30 (18/2) (27/3) BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG + 10 SPAIN Madrid SE •28:12:78| Price + or Low 534.72 (17/1. --20 RBED. TORDATO Composite (c) 2061,35 2069,46 2057,2: 2192,5 (20.2) 1722.5 (27:1) 2.826. 274 8.775 468 253 756 570 Oar-Buhrla WDRLD

Dow up 1.02 at mid-session

Continuing Tuesday'2 downturn, share prices closed slightly
lower in fairly active trading
yesterday with late profit-taking
more than offsetting early gains.
The Nikkei-Dow Jones average
fell 4.90 to 6.819.45 on volume of
430m shares. The Tekyo S.E.
index ended at 469.46, down 0.49.
While Electricals, Petroleums.
Vehicles and Precision Instru-

Vehicles and Precision Instru-ments lost, Papers, Chemicals, Cables and Electric Machines

volume 5m shares.

The market assumed a sbarply firmer trend following Tuesday's smal rise. Foreign buying interest continued especially from the OPEC countries. The Commerzbank Index rose 10.10

Veba gained DM 3.50 after amouncing higher 1979 pre-tax profit and external sales, and profit and external sales, and, forecasting satisfactory, but perbaps lower, 1980 results.

Autos were firmer, led up DM 4.00 by Daimler which forecast satisfactory earnings and increased production in 1980.

Engineerings maintained their firm trend and Linde put on DM 5.00, though KHD was tin-Stores were strong. with Kaufhof, advancing DM 4 AEG slipped down from Its

July 2

eigh (H.G.)

July 2

public authority loans were slightly easier and the Bundes bank bought DM 8.9m net of paper after purchases of DM 2.3m

yesterday. Australia Another inflow of overseas funds into the Oil and Gas sector helped underpin a firmer trend yesterday but profit taking tended to take most shares of

wehicles and Precision Instruments lost, Papers, Chemicals, Cables and Electric Machines advanced.

Despite lack of fresh factors, the market became cautious over the uncertain political situation in Japan.

Nippon Oil lost Y10 to Y1.670, Matsushita Electric Y9 to Y674, Mitsul Mining Y10 to Y696, Koa Oil Y28 to Y682, Sony Y30 to Y2.200, Nissan Motor Y7 to Y671, Mitsulmishi Corp. Y14 to Y640, and Ricoh Y11 to Y547.

Showa Electric Cable rose Y22 to Y303, Hokgetsa Paper Y22 to Y317, and Melti Confectionery Y15 to Y383 while the second market closed slightly lower with volume 5 m shares.

eased 10 cents to A\$14.40.

Alternative energy stocks did.

well, with shale oil hopeful.

Greenvale, up 20 cents to A\$3.70,

uranium issue Peko, up 20 cents to A\$3.50, and oil-from-toal stock.

Moonie Oil, up A\$3 to A\$23.

BHP rose 15 cents to an adjusted all-time record of A\$15.30 after amouncing an A\$35m deal with BP for oil and gas, exploration in the Great.

gas exploration in the Great Australian Bight Paris

Share prices tended mixed h fairly active trading.

Chemicals led the firmer sectors with Rhone Poulese gaining FFr 6.8 to FFr 124.8 and Roussel-Uclaf FFr 10 to FFr 238. Banking and Insurance, Real Estate and Investment portfolios and Rubbers were steady to Construction, Engine mixed.

Foods, Riccircals, Metals and Oils were easier, as were Cars Pengeot continued its west frend of Tuesday with a Full

close lay at	trend decli	of Tuesday w ne to FFr 220.	ith a	FVr45	25
		JAPAN (confi	nued)	1.0	
Prica Aust.	+ or	July 2	I Price	+6	
4.72	+0.67	Kubota	366 407 5,270	427-	7 (* 12 A)
1.95	+0.10	Kyoto Commic.	6,270 421	1 2 2 2 2	1 (Po 4)
2.35		Makita	. + 1090	4	
2.05 1.40	+0.03	Marudai	370 630 662		e e e
2.66 1.92 2.88	+0.05 +0.02 +0.01	Matsushita	574 540	40.	
1.60		M'bishi Benk	416		, E.J.
2.67	+0.16 +0.01 +0.18	M'bishi Elec: M'bishi Ri Est	. 196 . 383	39:	್ವಾರ್ಡ್ನ ೧೯೬೩ ೬
2,28	-0.02 -0.09	MHI	178		35
15.30	+0,15	Mitsukoshi	445	1	.)::37::
7.40 1.82	~0.10 ~0.01	Nippon Denso	1,060	-0.	
5.05 0.33		Mibboll Magress	454	46 -78	ادروس جوان. ادروس جوان
0.21		Nippon Dil	670	***	7.50
1,91 5,80	+0.01	Nippon Sulsan	I SEA	F 52.7	: <u>:::</u>
7.00 2.95 5.60	→ O.85	Nissan Motor	671	W-01	TISH
5.16 3.60	+0.84	Nisshin Steel	142	137	E VET
0.86	+0.86	MYK	274	-87	
0.52	-0.01 -0.02	Olympus	1,100	112	
4.60 5.90	0.20	Renown	584 547	Fix	
0.98 2.27	-0.08	Sanyo Elec	288	1 22	318
0.87 -1.90	-O.02	Sekisui Prefab	536	-17	
0.60	-0,05	Bony	2,200	-30	
4.60	-0.DB		266	E principal	1 to 1
8.90 0.18 0.49	-0.20 -0.91	Tainel Dengyo Taisel Corp	217	+1T- -2	1
1.05	+0.29	Taisho Pharm Takeda TDK	8,250	22	3.E.
-1,60 2,45 8,80	-0.83 10.0	Teilin	1 3 36		3
1.20 5.50	-0.02 -0.05	TBS Tokio Marine	ETO:	17. 14. 7.	
4.36 2.10	-0.20	Tokyo Gas	908	-0	
6.80	-0.10 -0.10	I TOKYO Sanyo	DIG	-	
0.50	+0.05	Toshiba Tokyo Corp TOTO	21B 45b		E (2)
2.40 14.40	-0.10	Toyo Beikan Toyota Motor	729		
0.52	+0.84	(VIOTOT	T-030		1
2.35 1.75 6.34	-0.09	Yamaha Motor Yamazaki Yasuda Fira Yokoyawa Boga.	540	-	3
1.85	+0.05	Yoko, awa Boge.	626	_ .	
5.48 3.28	-0.04	SINGAPORE	(3.7.)	11000	.8
1.50 3.90	-O.05	July 2	Price		E Book
	7	Bousteed Bhd	3.56		STEEL STEEL
Price	+ or.	Cold Storage OBS Fraser & Noore HawFar Majay Basking	5.44 4.84	-0.84 -0.94	a limited
H.K. \$		Fraser & Noove HawPar	7.50 2.14	-0.01	, -
15,60 2,20				-0.04	COR
11.50 6.60 132	********	OCBCPan Elect	10.7	43.5	
6.40	-0.75	Sime Darby	1.86 3.22 7.50xc	-0.04 -0.94	
77.6 13.7 15.8		UDB	4.14	-01	3
25.5	-0,3	SOUTH AFRICA	- 1	-7 JE	Section of
17.7 4.38	-0.23	July 2	Price	+0	
4.67 13.30 7.75	+0.82	Abercom			4
7,75 4.65 5.40	-0.171	Abercom AE & Cl. Anglo Am, Cp. Anglo Am, Gold	17.2	+0.3	5. C. F≥0 -
		CHARLE WILL			24 C

East Drie FS Geduld..... Gold Floids SA.

Sage Nidgs 5A Brews 8mith CG Sugar 8drec

BRAZIL -

+21

_3" _11

+1 -11 -4 -3

-<u>20</u>

NOTES:

277.8 69.8 164 150.5 270

هكذامنالأجل

Sincks Closing on traded price day 411.990 1442 — 407.000 594 — 74 318.290 234 + 12 312.200 254 + 17

2014 14¹2 59¹4 25¹4 52¹4

en - 1/4 - 3 + 1/2

BY JOHN EDWARDS, COMMODITIES EDITOR

NEWS THAT the U.S. stockpile

authorities had rejected all bids

at its first offering of surplus

tin under the new disposal

programme started on July 1

brought a surprising reaction on the London tin market

Prices rose initially encouraged by the fact that the stockpile authorities appeared determined not to sell below

current market levels. But new

selling emerged in the afternoon

and the three months quotation ended the day £25 lower at

£7,250 a tonne, while each tin

was only £5 up at £7,250 also.

The General Services Admini

stration said that it had received

oids totalling 595 tons for the

stockpile tin at prices renging from a low of \$3.90 to a high of

\$7.60 a 1b.

GSA bid rejection

confuses tin market

EEC mountains now molehills, says Sir Henry

BY RICHARD MOONEY.

chairman of the European Par-liament's agricultural com-mittee and a leading member of the Tory group in the Parliament, claimed yesterday.

In a speech which appears to be at variance with the British Government's position an EEC agriculture, Sir Henry, a former cent this year. Milk consumption for cheese manufacturing was higher than ever, he said, into Farmers' Union said: "Europe has definitely turned the corner. I don't now sea the community running into the A million European dairy monetary difficulties we thought cows had been slaughtered to help reduce the milk surplus and a further lm would have

THE COMMON Market's food into molebills and by 1982 I mountains have turned into hope the EEC's agricultural molebills." Sir Henry Plumb, policy will be looking in much hope the EEC's agricultural policy will be looking in much better shape."

An "excessively pessimistic" picture had been painted at the havinging of the wear Sir Homes.

beginning of the year, Sir Henry said. He thought EEC butter production would decline by 2.5 per cent and skimmed milk powder production by 3 per

"I am not saying that everything is OK but currently, been killed by September.

Be noted that the butter Royal Agricultural Show in tion, the mountains have turned mountain, which once stood at Stoneleigh, Warwicksbire.



Sir Henry Plumh, chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the Enropean Parliament: food mountains reduced

450,000 tonnes, had been almost halved, while the skimmed milk powder stock had been cut to 154,000 tonnes compared with

UK fishermen losing money

BY RICHARD MOONEY

BRITISH. TRAWLERMEN are trawler fleet left by the end of said his members were alarmed ding losing marry on every pound of the summer. fish landed and the losses are expected to escalate dramatic-ally during the summer, to under 100 vessels compared according to 8 report by an with nearly 500 in 1975. independent firm of chartered "Estment accountants.

war accountants.

Were The report, hy Hodgson,
Harris and Co., shows that quayHarris and Co., shows that quayhlind it to the problems of fish
processors.

Commenting on a rise in UK call, it the end of March were on averfire as we age 0.5p s pound below fishing fish reference prices announced fish reference price

These figures will be passed on to Fisheries Minister, Mr. Pater Walker, today by leaders of the British Fishing Federation, which commissioned the report. This was done in response to a call by the Minister for Industry to provide him with hard evidence of its plight to help him in his hid to secure the lion's share of EEC fish resources for the UK at a meeting of the Fisheries Council in

Luxembourg on July 21.
"It is clear that most of the problems now stem from the low-priced imports coming from tender the Continent," the Federation cargos to commented yesterday. "Unless were we get the same sort of sub-

Exchenge. Forward metal moved up if from 1903 to 1910 during the morning straigeting lears of a length; strike by U.S. miners. However, in the stranous the market tell away; on profit-teling. Short-selling and colling prompted by 5 the searer tone in gold; to close the class Kerb or 1904.5. Tumover 21.725

OPPER Official - Unofficial -

Amelgamated Metal Treding raported thet in the meming cash wirabam treded at £887; three months £907, 8. Cethodes: Cash £862; three mpnths £885; 84. Kerb: Wirabam: Three months

2908, 7, 8, 8,5, 8. Afternoon: Wirebare: Three months £906, 5, 7, 6, S. Kerb: Wirebare: Three months £304, 3, 4.

COPPER"

& months

6557 75 5217~

20.5

(3 · · ·

125

7 16 0 77 Edit

PORE

725¢-

Neave End.

125 125

AFRICA

7 CF 2004

BRITISH COMMODITY MARKETS

-2 --5,5

Our clients speculate, free of tax, in very small to very large

amounts, on:-

1. London Traded commodities, including GOLD.
2. The STERLING/DOLLAR exchange rate.
1.G. Index Limited, 73, The Chase, SW4 ONP. Tel.: 01-622 9192

CORAL INDEX: Close 461-466 (±1)

International Currency Futures comprising Swiss Franc, Oeutsche Merk, Franch Franc, Canadian Dollar, Dutch Guilder, Japanese

Yen, Mexican Peso and Sritish Pound as traded on The Inter-

Also Gold and Metals traded on London Metal Exchange and

A complete and confidential service available to Corporate and

Detailed information forwarded upon request together with Complimentary copy of "STUDY IN GOLO."

85, Victoria Street, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 1EH.

Tel.: 07535 51438

DROMORE SECURITIES COMPANY

BASE METALS
TIN Little changed despite news that the GSA had rejected all the blds. for the Initial selection otockpile tin. Forward metal opened firmer eround

It said the British deep-ses

But the Government bas been

slow the flow of cheap imports
Mr. Michael De Frates, secretary general of the UK Association of Frozen Food Producers

ment and to the catening industry should take the form of the UK Association of the UK Association of Frozen Food Producers

ment and to the catening industry should take the form of the UK Association of the UK Association of the UK Association of the UK Association of the Catening industry should take the form of the UK Association of the

at this attempt to increase artificially the cost of imported fish. He said even if Britain won 9 50 per cent share of the EEC cod quota, it would still have to import nearly 100,000 tonnes

Sugar prices drift

BY OUR COMMODITIES STAFF

RAW SUGAR futures traded mum export levy of 3.509 ECUs tion down £6.5 on the day to £357.25 is tonne. Traders said the market was inclined to drift in the absence of any fresh physical news, although buying tenders: by Turkey for three cargoes of prompt white sugar were expected to effect move-

stantial financial support that The EEC Commission their governments give them, authorised exports of 29,500 there will be little of the tonnes of white sugar at 8 maxi-

£7,330 level but ottrected hedge

TIN Official - Unotficial -

Moming: Sranderd: Three monthe 27,320, 7,300, 7,280, 70, 50, 60, 70, 75, 70, 80, 70, 60, 55. High Breder Cash £7,270. Kerb: Standerd: Cash £7,265, three months £7,255, 60, 55, 50. Afternoon: Standerd: Three months £7,250, Kerb: Standerd: Three months £7,250, 40, 30, 20.

LEAD—Marginally firmer. Forward mezal traded within narrow limits prior to ending the late Kerb at £346.5 efter

November Coffee 1499-1513

selling throughout the morning stremoon to class the late Kerb £7,220, - Tumover 935 tonnes.

to meet consumer demand. "It is nonsensical to make these essential imports more difficult to get by raising tariff barriers and reference prices,"

quietly on the London market yesterday with September position down £6.5 on the day to £357.25 a tonne. Traders said the market was inclined to drift in the absence of any fresh tonnes of whites with a maximum levy of 7.07 ECUs.

Meanwhile the UR green better the content of t Meanwhlle the UK sugar beet crop is progressing well after

Memma: Cash E341, 40; three months E347, 49, 47, 48, 49, 49, Korb: Three months E347, 46, 47. Aftermoen: Three months E345, 46, 45.5. Kerb: Three months E345, 48, 47.

ZINC—Little changed. Forward metal moved up from E318 to reach E319 during the offemeon but came under madest selling pressure on the lets Kerb to close at / £313.5. Tumevor: 11.575 tonneo.

Cash 506,5-7+1,25 306-7 +2,5 5 months 318-9 +1 319-5 +2,5 3 morths 507 +1 \$55.\$

Moming: Cash £306, 8.5: three menths £315, 17, 18, 19, 18, 18.5, 19. Kerb: Three months £318, 19, 18, Alternoon: Three months £318, 20, 19, 18.5, 19, 18.5, 18, Kerb: Three months £317, 18, 17, 15.

ALUMINIUM—Lost ground following chargest sellings which

chemist selling which depressed forward metal from E718 to e low of E709 pites to e close of E711.5. Turnover: 9,575 tonnes.

Moming: Three menths £718, 15, 14, 11, 12, 13, 12, 11. Kerb: Three menths £711. Altamosa: Three months £709, 95, 10, 11, 105, 11. Kerb: Three menths £710, 11, 12, 11.

Spot 2810-20 -10 8800-10 -12.6 5 months 2866-8 -1 2850-50 -7.5

Meraing: Three months £2,870, 50, 65, 69, Afternoon: Three months £2,850. Kerb: Three menths £2,850.

Silver was fixed 7.7p en ounce higher for oppt deliver in the Lenden buillon market yesterdey et 17.32. U.S. equivalents of the fising levels were: Spot \$17.294, up 18.3c; three-month \$17.68, up 22c; aix-month \$18.068, up 20.9c9 end 12-month \$18.928, up 23.7c. The metal opened et 17.15-67.30

(\$18.90-17.20) and closed at £7.05-£7.20 (\$16.85-18.95).

SILVER Buillon + or L.M.E. + or per fbding - p.m. troy ez. price Unoffici"

8pot...... 732.0p +7.7 713p +2 3 months 761.0p +7.7 743p +2.5 6 months 786.0p +7.7 -

LME—Turnover 236 (229) lets of

10,000 conces. Moming: cesh 729, three months 755, 54, 52, 50, 52, 53, 58,

59. Kerbs: three months 755. Atternoon: three month 744. 48, 43. Karbs:

three months 744, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37,

12months 632,50p+8.8 --

COCOA

SILVER

official | Donofficial + or

roots.

ZINC

three weeks of heavy rain hut

the British Sugar Corporation said the crop now needed sunshine to put sugar in to the

COFFEE

for cobalt with the Zamhian government, BOC sald the cohalt contract would continus

SOYABEAN MEAL

After initial etcadinese robustes weekened under centinuous pressure from producer type selling but support by commission heuses rended to restrict the downside petential, reperts tan late commission house buying over tencern at het end dry westhat conditions preveiling in the U.S. The markot finished tirm on etep-lose buying, showing geins of up to £2.50. restrict the downside petential, reperts Otexal Sumham Lambert. In the alternoon a weak New York tegether with selling from the trade induced lawer prices but further cold weether teports from Srezil begen to filter through to the market and prices reliled sherply back to unchanged levels. Late profittaking and producer perticipation towards the close prempted on irregular finish to the day.

COFFEE Glose + or Epertonne SUGAR

Raise: 7,403 (7,923) fors of 5 Tonnas.

IGO Indicator prices [er July 1]
(U.S. cents per gound]: Other Mild
Arablesa 168.00 (165.00); Robustas
ICA 1976 168.00 (165.00), ICA 1968
158.50 (154.50); Unwoehed Arabicas 207.00 (seme]: Cemp. dolly ICA 1968 179.83 [178.17].

GRAINS

Alumin'm a.m. + or p.m. 1+or unoffie'l - unoffie'l - 2 2 2 3 5 mentha 711-2 -12.7 710.5-11 -8.75 LONIION GRAIN FUTURES—Greins opened unchanged on barley to 10 up en wheat which saw some initial buying interest and values traded 10p-15p up. Hedge selling pressure was seen at these levels and values gradually dropped back and buying interest evaporated in the afternoon session to close 20p-30p down on the day in lainly quiet trading conditions, roperts Acti.

> WHEAT Month close -- close --Sept. 95.60 -0.25 a1.80 Nov... 89.45 -0.25 85.70 Jan... 103.35 -0.20 98.55 May... 105.75 -0.25 102.85 Mar... 110.15 -0.30 106.15

Business dane: Wheat: Sept. 96.00-95.60. Nov. 99.85-99.45, Jen. 103.65-103.35, March 107.00-106.75, May 110.40-110.35. Seles: 178 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: 9-ppt. 92.10-91.65, Nov. 96.00-96.70, Jen. 89.80-99.55, Morch 103.15-103.15, Mey 106.60-106.35. 8eles: 92 lots of 100 tonnes. HGCA—Locationol ea-farm spot prices. Feed barley Eastern 91.30, E. Midlende 91.00, Scotlond 90.70. Other milling wheat N. East 108.0

1MPORTED—Wheat: U.S. Berk Northem Spring Np. 2 14 per cent July 97.25. Aug. 98.00. Sept. 100.15 quoted transhipment esot coest. U.S. Herd Wieter 13½ per cent July 93.90. English Feed fob Oct.-0ec. 103.50 East Coots. Barley: English Foed tob Sept. 94.50, Oct.-Dec. 99.50 East Coast. Rost unquoted.

RUBBER

The London physical market opened bout unchanged, with good interest throughout the day, clooring on a steedy note. Lewis and Peat reported a Melaysian godown price of 291 (291.5) cents a kg (buyor, July). Sales: 298 (124) at 15 tennes, 11 (85)

Jly.-Sept/73.58-75,48 75,20-75,40 75,46 Cct-Deo/75,50-75,78 76,50-75,97 75,00-75,10 76,50-75,50 77,20-75,10 Api-Jun c 80,88-80,70 80,80-81,40 00,88-80,70 Physical closing prices (buyer) were:

It was felt that the rejection of all hids may have been a political gesture to Bolivia, which has strongly attacked the initially stockpile sales. squeeze. Another offering of stockpile

tin will be made in a fortnight. The GSA plans to hold fortnightly soles with the target of disposing of 10,000 tons of surptus stockpile tin a year over the next three years. There was an equally surpris-

sub-standard bearing in mind

that it has been stored for a

long period, even though it is claimed to he "A" grade tin.

ing trend in the copper market yesterday, where prices fell in spite of forecasts that U.S. copper workers could stage a pro-longed strike. Cash wirebars closed £ā.5 down at £883 a tonne.

But it rejected all the bids on the basis that they were below the prevailing market price. London traders were The market declined on Tuesday evening following rumours London traders were that Magme Copper, whose somewhat baffled by the state- labour contracts expired a day ment. It was pointed out that later than the other main copper market prices were currently companies, might reach a settle-above the "ceiling" level fixed ment. Instead talks were broken by the International Tin Agreement. In addition it was strike meaning that the bulk of
believed that the quality of the U.S. copper industry is now

Japanese form caustic soda cartel

A JAPANESE caustic soda ex-port cartel is to be formed with based upon cheap electricity the cartel immediately. The Australia to ensure stable production of alumina there. Behind the permission for the new cartel is deep anxiety in Japan that the country should

ecure assured supplies of Rising oll prices bave forced the Japanese to close 500,000 tonnes, of aluminium smelter

capacity in the last two years as domestic production has become uneconomic. Japanese companies are prominent among the inter-

national investors now hacking the building of more than 1m tonnes of new aluminium

the full approval of the from coal-fired power stations.

Japanese Government. The Australia's demands for trade and industry ministry has permitted 15 producers to form of alumina from bauxite will rise fast as the new smelters reason given is to maintain come into production. At pre-stable supplies of caustic soda to sent Australia needs to import about 600,000 tonnes of caustic soda annually to meet a total domestic demand for the chemical of 750,000 tonnes.

Japan's caustic soda exports to Australia will be around aluminium metal from the new 130,000 tonnes this year—an insmelters now being built crease of more than 30,000 tonnes on last year.

© BOC International said it bas DOC International said it has sold its metals trading sub-

sidiary Bocmin Metals to Cahot Corporation of the U.S. Bocmio, formerly BOC Minerals specialises in metals, minerals and ores trading and has a long-term supply contract

following the sale to Cabot.

PRICE CHANGES

In tonnes unless otherwise stated.

July 2 +or Month Metals Aluminium Free Mkt Cas wbar. £883 3 mths.....£905.5 Cash Cathode. £851 Gas w'bar. #2823 -5.5 £886 3 mths. £905.5 -7 £905.75 Cash Cathode. #2851 -2 £565 3 mths. £882.5 -5.5 £887.5 Gold troy oz. #3663.5 -3 \$577 Lead Cash. #2327.5 +2 £315.25 3 mnths. £345.75 +0.75 £31 Nickel. £3,246.35 Freemkt(olf lib 850,510c -7.5 255,285c

5141.73

Coconut (Phin. \$632x-50a -7.5 \$585 Groundnut : Linseed Grude. £400- £404 Palm Maleyan. \$545r \$565 Seeds Copra Philip.... \$435 \$415 Soyabean(U.S.) \$831.0 -4.18 \$252 Grains Barley Futures £85,70 —0,25 £95,80

Producers....\$750

Maize...... French No3AM :

Other

commodities

Cocca ship't... £1,115 +8 £1,153

Future Sept.£1,060,5 +8 £1,097

Coffeef Ysept.£1,64 -6 £1 (61,5

Cotton A,Indox 85: -0,85 85,50c

Rubber (kilo)... 58,50p 57p

Suger IRawi... £310 -13 £305

Wooft'ps 64s kl. 290p kilo 283p kile u July-Aug. x June-July. w Aug. x July. z Indicetor. § Suyar. ; Per 276-lb flask.

considerable courson and only scat-tered demand was mentioned in Middla Esstern qualities.

GRIMSAY FISH—Supply: demend teir. Pricas el chio o ode (unproccased) per stone: 5hell cod £4.00-£4.50, coddings £2.00-£3.20, Shell heddock £3.00-£4.20. Medium heddock £2.60-£3.60. amell £1.80-£3.50. Lorge plaice £3.80-£5.60, modium £3.60-£5.60, beat small £3.50-£4.30. Skinnad dog-fish modium £6.50. Leman spice lerge £7.00 medium £6.00. Reckhoh £2.30-£2.50. Rede £2.50. Saithe £2.00-£3.20.

MEAT/VEGETABLES SMITHFIELD—Pence per cound. Beet: Scottish killed sides 64.0 to 69.0; Ulster hindquerters 78.0 to 82.0. torsquarters hindquerters 78.0 to 82.0, torequartors 41.0 to 44.0; Erra hindquerters 77.0 to 81.0, ferequartors 41.0 to 44.0. Vsel: Outch hindo and ends 97.0 to 100.0. Lamb: English small 64.0 to 70.0, medium 62.0 to 68.0, heavy 60.0 to 67.0; imported frazen: New Zealand PL 60.0 to 62.0, PM 57.0 to 59.0. Pork: English small 90.1 to 40.0 to 40.0 to 67.0. English, under 100 lb 40.0 to 49.0, 100-120 lb 39.0 to 47.5, 120-160 lb 39.0

ts 45,5, MEAT COMMISSION—Average lat-MEAI COMMISSION—Average lat-stock prices at representative markets on July 2. G8 cartle 78.95p por kg. lw. (-1.66]. UK sheep 149.28p per kg est dew (-1.98]. GB pige 67.94 p per kg lw (+0.32].

COVENT GARDEN-Prices in starting per packaga excopt whore othorwise eleted. Imported Produce: 0 mnges— Jaffe: Valencia Lates 2.80-4.00; Jaffe: Velencia Lates 2.80-4.00: Moroccen: 54/113's 3.50-4.00: Cyprus: Volencia Lates 3.60-4.50: Arizone: Volencia Lates 72/113's 5.00-5.80: Rutapan: Navols 3.50-4.85. Lemons—Itolien: 100/150'c 4.50-5.50: Spania: Trayo 25/45'o 1.80-2.20, bexes 4.50-5.50: S. Alrican: 6.00-7.00. Grapefruit

U.S. GRAIN EMBARGO

Soviets, In short order, Senator Pobert Dole, a Kansas

Pobert Dole, a Kansas Pepublican and Congressman

Thomas Harkin, an Iowa Democrat, introduced legislation

which would effectively rescind

While the bills have small

chance of passage, they did set a forum for dehate on the success

or failure of the embargo. Called

no a house agriculture com-mittee hearing. Secretary of Agriculture Boo Bergland defended the policy, saying it would be continued. The

Soviets, he claimed. have felt the sung. milk production is down, chicken prices up. the

Russians have been moving their hest meats in to Moscow for the Olympics and unrest has been

Farm state Congressmen

were quick to dispute his

Carter Administration simply

Demanding that the

the embargo.

claims,

district.'

Anger in the farm belt

هكذامن الدصل

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

embargo on grain shipments to the Soviet Union has, more than says it was 6m metric tona on anything else, become the focal a July-June crop year and 10m on a long-term hasis. metric tons on an October- Although U.S. exports have point of the frustration felt hy metric tons on an October-U.S. farmers, who in spite of record agricultural exports, have thish year endured falling department officials is also prices, higher costs and a credit significant. They say it occurred With wheat prices at \$3.47 per Sovicts reserves were at their lowest.

bushel for the first two weeks While the success of the of June. 30 cents helow the price embergo is being debated, one in June last year, farm state nf its results is hecoming more Congressmen reacted angrily clear: a shift in agriculture also at record levels, 7.8bn tast trade, patterns. Argenting, year, a 10 per cent increase which exported no wheat to the over the orevious year. The last month to an announcement by the Agriculture Department that U.S. grain componies would be permitted to resume ship-ments of non-U.S. grain to the

Soviet outlook PERSISTENT rain in many

areas has hrightened prospects for the Soviet grain barrest, hnt a spell of hot, dry weather is now essential if crops are to ripen properly, western experts said.

The present condition of the grain crop ruled ont a repeat of the 1979 failure, which was caused by an earty summer drought in May and Junc.

Soviets in 1978-79, sold them 2m metric tons this year. The metric tons this year and reportedly will sell them 5m metric tons next year. The Apretralians, under an agreement concluded before the embargo was announced. exported 3.9m metric tons to the Soviet Union this year, 11 times more than in 1978-79.

admit that the embargo has failed. Mr. Harking cited statistics provided by the Congressional Research Service, indicated that the Soviet Unioo's shortfall of 1979-80 rrain was just 3.5m metric tons. less than one-half the corn crop of my own congressional The amount of the shortfall is the one negotiated with the creasing attractive alternative to Russians, Japan, Poland, many U.S. farmers. another matter of dispute, Russians, Japan,

THE AMERICAN partial depending largely on interpre- Romania and Israel, be says, tation of estimates. The USEA are among those nations interested in buying U.S. grain

September crop year. The been running at record levels, timing of the shortfall, says they are still less than they would have been had there been no embargo. Wheat exports this from April to June when the year soared to 37.4m metric tons, up from a high of 33.1. Corn exports hit a record 71.tm metric tons, up from a previous high of 60.2m.

The 1978-80 corn crop was wheat erop at 2.1bn was not a record, but it was a good croo, nearly matching orevious highs. While the American farmers are upset about the boycott, they also feel the Carter Administration has done little to help them in their cost-price squeeze. The Administration's set aside and diversion programmes, designed to keep

prices up, were never instituted, even after the embargo was The Administration's loan programme offers them a miserly \$2.50 per busbel, at the same time the agriculture department is estimating the enst of production at While the loan rate may be increased to \$2.85 this year, or even \$3.30 if supplemental tegislation now in the Senate is passed, the USDA is predicting

the cost of producing for 1980-19°1 at \$5 a hushel, When the new crop predictions are released next week, the Administration will formu-With worldwide demand in- late place to reinstitute price creasing at an estimated rate support programmes. It is an of 3.9m metric tons each year, election year and, while the the U.S. grain traders have President swept the form states been finding a number of new in the Democratic primaries, customers. The Agriculture anger in the farm belt has Department has been negotisting bl-lateral agreements, says the all-hut-certain Republican Mr. Bergland, very much like candidate, is looking like an in-

Meat demand growth slows

increase as quickly as expected and has not even matched the modest growth of world meat production during that period, the UN Food and Agriculture Organisation reported yesterday.

rate of increase which prevalled during the first half of 1980.

The continuing cyclical decline of beef output in North

Pork and poultry production Oceania was not compensated by rose strongly and continued to increases in most other parts of

WORLDWIDE demand for meat meat production to grow even in the first half of 1980 did not more slowly than the 2 per cent

replace beef during the first tha world-total bovine meat half of the year, particularly in production thus declined fur-North America. Most of the ther. Sheepmest output in-In the latest issue of its North America. Most of the ther. Sheepmest output in-monthly food outlook report, it increase in poultry production creased slightly, particularly in said that for the remainder of accurred in developing coun-the year. FAO expects world tries, the U.S. and the Soviet Union, it said.

America, South America and

AMERICAN MARKETS

Southern U.S. has taken its toll in many markets. Grains and soyaboans steged a major rally. The livastock complex was mostly limit up, and the cetton was sharply higher. Copeer was sharply higher an trade presection huying against on extended strika. Sugar backed off in a major maye to Sugar backad on in a majer meve to the downside on commission house prefit taking. Coffee sold off on reports of warm temperatures in Brazil. Coccaedvenced moderately on lack of origin sefting. Gold seld off charply an erail taking, while silver tread mestly mixed, reported Hauneld.

Polatoes (round whites)-Nev. 79.2 (79.2), Merch 101.5-102.0 (101.0), April 7/9.2], Merch 107.5-102.0 (101.0], April 122.8-123.2. 5ejes: 1.419.
Suger—Ne. 11: 5epl. 32.35-32.40 134.25j, Oct 34.47 [35.47j, Jen. 35.65, March 36.67, May 35.69, July 34.50, 5ee: 33.93, Oct. 33.50. Selee: 11,330. Tin—718.00-788.00 heked (772.00-790.001

790.001. CHICARGO, July 2. Lard—Chicago Iseaa 17.75 [18.00].

New York prime oteam 17.75 [18.00].

Live Gettle—Aug. 71.00 [69.50]. Oct. 69.97, Jan. 70.72, Feb. 71.12, April 71.72, June 73.50.

Live Hogs—July 42.75 [41.25]. Aug. 41.57 [40.07]. Ict. 41.15, Oac. 44.42, Feb. 47.10, April 46.30, June 48.35, July 48.75, Aug. 48.35.

July 48.75, Aug. 48.35.

Live Hogs—July 2542-2942, (2892).

Live Hogs—July 2542-2942, (2892).

July 48.75, Aug. 48.35.

July 48.75, Aug. 48.35.

July 48.75, Aug. 48.35.

Aug. 28.50.

Vi/Nort—July 436-4352, (4261, Sept. 449.49 (4391, Oac. 468-468, March 489.49 (4391, Oac. 489.49 (4

NEW YORK, July 2. Pork Bellies—July 40.32 [38,32], Aug. 39.85 (37.85), Feb. 65.67, March 50.00 feb. 40, Aug. 50.75, May 56.25, July 56.40, Aug. 50.75, many markets. Grains and the control of the contro Silver—July 1678.0 (1685.0), Aug. 1687.0-1690.0 (1700.01, Sept. 1710.0, Dec. 1753.0, Feb. 1785.0, April 1817.0, June 1849.0, Aug. 1831.0, 2009.0. June —, Aug. —, Oct.

1 Suyabeens — July 704 1674], Aug. 711-7117, [6811-), Sept. 7182, Nev. 734-736, Ján. 751-7501-, March 768-769, May 7827, July 792. [150yabean Meal—July 189.5-189.0 (181.31), Aug. 192.5-192.0 (184.51, Sept. 195.4-195.5, Oct. 198.5, Oct. 203.5-203.0, Jan. 205.0-205.6, March 208.5-209.0, May 212.5-213.0, July 217.0, Aug. ——.

Aug. —, 5eyabean Oil — July 25.10-25.15 [23.96], Aug. 25 13 [24.13], Sept. 25.32, Oct. 25 43-25.50, Oec. 25.80-25.70, Jan. 25.30-25.90, March 26.15, May 26.35-26.40, July 26 65, Aug. 28.50-

EUROPEAN MARKETS allost \$266, June \$267, July \$267, Aug. \$269.60.

ROTTERDAM, July 2. Wheat-U.S. No. 2 Oark Hard Winte Wheat—U.S. No. 2 Oark Hard Winter, 13.5 per cant. July \$198. U.S. No. 2 Red Winter July \$198. U.S. No. 2 \$190. U.S. No. 2 Nerthein \$ping, 14 per cant. July \$208, Aug. \$208, Sept. \$211.50. Ocr. \$211.50. Nov. \$214, Occ. \$299.60,
Sayameal—14 pot cont protein elloat
\$215 tradad U.5., July \$225, Aug. \$228,
5ept. \$233, Oct. \$238, Nov./March
\$248.50, Brezil Poliets afleat \$218,
\$248.60, Brezil Poliets afleat \$218,
\$240, Oct. \$245.50, Nev./March
\$250, Sept.
\$240, Oct. \$245.50, Nev./March
\$250, Sept.
\$240, Oct. \$245.50, Nev./March
\$250, Sept. \$211.SO, Ocr. \$211.50, Nov. \$214, Occ. \$218. Rest unsuoted.
Maize—Seot \$146, June \$139.5, July. \$140.75, Aug. \$145, Oct./Dec. \$149, Jan./Maich \$158.75, April/June \$162.

Bartey—Aug. \$168, Sept. \$172.
Soyaboans—U.S. Yellow Gullosits aftnat \$259 July \$272.75, Aug. \$276, 500t. \$281.25, Oct. \$286, Nov. \$286, Dec. \$792.25, Jan. \$296, Fab. \$372.25, Merch \$305.25, Aug. \$309. Argentina

INDICES

DOW JONES Dow July June Month Year ones 1 30 ago ago

PARIS, July 2. Cocco-(FFr per 100 kg). July 920-980, 5ept. 992-1,019. Occ. 1,025-1,030. Maren 1,065-1,090. May 1,070-1,100, July 1,090-1,100. Sales at call: 2.

FINANCIAL TIMES Bpot .. 451.62 427.20402.37417.23 F tur's 445.10 441.58438.75428.86 July 1 Jun 30 Minth ago Year ago 268.BS 267.45 857.72 292.05 (Average 1924-25-26 = 100) (Base: July 1, 1952-100)

REUTERS MOODY'S July 2 | July 1 |M'nth ago Year ago July 1 June 30;M'nth ego|Year ago 1586.0 1685.1 1580.3 1595.4 1181,3 ,1175,9 1111,B 1085,3 (December 31 1931 = 1001 - (8ese: September 18, 1931 - t00)

7.50-8.00. Apples—New Zaolend: Sturmer Pippine 9.50-9.60, Granny Smith 9.60; Tasmenian: Sturmer Pippins 9.40-9.50, Creften 11.50, King Cole 11.00-11.50;S Alrican: Gelden Oalicieus 9.50-10,00, Grenny Smith 9.50-9.80; Outch: 22 Ib Goldon Oelicious 2.50; French: 40-1b boses, Golden Oelicious 138/186's 5.20-7.80, 20 Ib 3.80-4.00; 7.50. Pears—Victorian: Jocophineo 12.00. Packham's 12.00. Peaches— 12.00, Packham's 12.00, Peaches— Spenish: Yellow flesh 2.00-3.50; Italian: Spanish: Yallow fiesh 2.00-3.50; Italian:
15, trays 2.80-5.00; French: 2.70-4.00.
Plums—Spanish: Red 1.50-3.00, Yollow
1.20-1.50, Geviore Iroye 7 lb 1.50-2.30,
Burbanks 2.50-3.50. Apricots—Spanish:
3.00-3.50. Cherries—Por pound, French:
0.30-0.25; Italian: 0.40-0.50. Grapes—Per pound, Caldiomian: Perfens 0.90,
Cardinal 0.80: Ieruell: Apprax. 9 lb 8.00:
Cvprus: Cardinal per pound 0.80.
Melons—Isreeli: Gelie 4.00: Spanish:
Merine 5/6'o 2.00-2.40, Nigen 3.00,
Gelie 3.50, Yollow S.00-5.50, Watermetons—Iarseli: 5.00; Spanish: 3.50-4.00. Avocados—S. Alfracan: 3.20-3.50.
Bananas—Jamolean: 28 lb, per pound
0.19. Tramstoes—Dutch: 3.40.2.50.

-Outspan: 4.00-5.25: Teaes: Pink flesh

Guernsey: 2.20-2.50; Jotsey: 2.20; French: 2.00. Onions—Spanish; 5.60-6.50; Egyption: 6.50; French: 5.00; Portuguese: 5.00. Potatoes—Cyprus: New crop 20 kg 4.20; Jersey: 4.95; Carrots—French: 22 lb 2.40, 26 lb 3.20; Italian: 2.40; Cyprus: 1.60. Bestroets—Contrel: New crop. 28 (b. 1.20) Cyprus: New crop, approx. 28 (b 1.80, Cabbages—Dutch: Vrhita 2.00-2.50, Courgettes—French: Per pound 0.25-0.30, Cepsleums—Outch: 5.20-5.40,

English Produce: Potatoes—rer pag.
new 3.25-3.40. Mushrooms—Per pound
0.40-0.70. Apples—Per pound Bramley
0.13-0.19. Strawbotries—English por
12 lb 0.15-0.25. Cabbages—Per beg t_z ib 0.15-0.25. Cabbages—Per beg 0.89-1.00. CauliBowers—Per 12: English 3.50-4.50. Peas—Per pound 0.18-0.20. Broad Beans—Per oound 0.08. Sectroots—Per beg 2.40. Cucumbers—Trays 10/20'o 1.60-1.80. Tomatoes—Per 12 ib 2.10-2.40. Lettuce—Per 12 round 0.80-1.00, Cos 1.00, Webbs 1.20. Carrots—Now crep 28 ib 2.50-3.50. Rhuberb—Per pound outdoor 0.60-0.06. Onlons—Per beg 8.30-5.60. Celens— Onions—Per beg 8.30-5.60. Celery— English 12/30's 2.50-3.00. Gooseberries—Per pound of 10-0.12. Cherries—Per

LEGAL NOTICES

Private Clients

national Monetary Market in Chicago.

PREVENTION OF FRAUD NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
Of 1 Moorgete, London EC2N S.H.
her relinquiched the Pricipal's has relinquiched the Priocipal's Licence issued pursuant to Section 3 of the Act, having been exempted from the requirement to hold such tiesness by virtue of being o member of the United Kingdem Association of Tokyo Stock Exchange Members which by an order made by the Department of Trade on 20th February 1990 was declared to be a recognised association of dealers in securities pursuant to Section 16

escenties pursuant to Section to of the Act.

New Japen Securities Europe Limited has mode epplication to the Department of Trade pursuant to Requisition 6 of the Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Deposit Regulation 1944 (S R & 0 1944 No 541) for the release of the five hundred pounds deposited in pursuance of Section 4 of the Act.

Any persons howing a claim on the funds rapresenting the doposit funds rapresenting the doposit and sidessess and details of their claim to the Assistent Secretary. Compenses Division. Opportunent of Trade, Senetuery Buildings, Great Smith Street, London, S.W.1, not letter than 29th July, 1980.

IN THE MATTER OF THE STAINLESS & RUSTLESS STEEL COMPANY LIMITED AND IN THE MATTER OF . THE COMPANIES ACT 1948

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before the Thirtieth day of July, 1980, to send in their full Chiratan and summers, their federases and descriptions, full particulars of their debte or cleims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (If any), to the undersigned Oavid Murray Nixon of 11/13 Holborn Vieduct, London ECIP 1EL, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, one, personally or by their solicitors, to come in and prove their debte or cleims at such time and place Liquidator, ore, persoonly or by their Solicitors, to dome in and prove their debte or cleims at such sime end place as sliell be opacified in such notice, or in- default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any therribution made before such debts are

Octad this 19th day of June 1980.

N.S.—This notice is purely formal. All known creditors have been, or will be, paid in fulf.

0. M. NIXON, A.C.I.S.,

Liquidator

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

Trading within a narrow range utures anded the day a little eteration Yesterd'ys + or Business COCOA 1067-1050:+160 1067-1043 1105-1068:+8.0 1067-1043 1103-1104:+3.0 1111-1086 1143-1144:+3.0 1152-1130 1163-1164:-3.5 1187-1156 1183-1185:-1.0 1185 March 1206 1208 . Sales: 2,130 (3,477) lots of 10 tonnes.

No. 1 Yest'rdays'Provious Business R.S.S. Close Close Done

o high of £348 on the pre-merker.
Tumover: 9,200 tonnes.

LEAO Official — Unofficial — Unofficial — Unofficial — South Early include the same light soles from producers, reports Gill and Outlus.

SOYABEAN MEAL

The London, morket opened slightly obsier and drifted on trade selling, reports T. G. Roddicks. Prices soon Yest rday for Business Close — Done

Sales: 251 1691 lots of 100 tonnes.

LONDON OALLY PRICE (rew suger]: £310.00 (£323.00] a tonne of for July-Aug. shipment. White suger daily price was £338.00 [£344.00].

The market generally locked interest and prices drilled in dull trading conditions, reports C. Czernrkew.

No. 4 Yest rdays Previous audiness Con Close Close Dono £ per tonne

Aug. \$85,00.38,00.559,00.41,05.541,00.51,00

Oct. \$57,00.57,56:503,50,54,00.565,50.57,50

Jan. \$63,98.79,00,375,50.77,00.373,50.79,00

Mch. \$78,50.78,75,354,75.85,00,890,00.79,00

May. \$375,05.74,50,378,12.79,80,378,00.74,00

Aug. \$562,08.63,55 368,50.78,03,549,00.85,00

Oct. \$554,63.56,00,381,00.64,00

Sales: 3.596 (4.892) leta el 50 tonnes. NUMSER 2 CONTRACT—Close (in ardor: buyor, sellar anly). Aug. 352.00, 352.75; Oct. 367.25, 367.50. Selsa: 2.12 [2,784]. Tote and Lyle ca-refinery price lor granulated basis white suger wos 2342.60 (samo) a tonne for heme trade and £422.50 (£441.00) for expert. International Sugar Agreement (U.S. cants per paund leb and stowed Caribbeen portl. Price ler Juty 1: Oaily price 32.21 (31.81); 1S-day pvorago 31.49 (31.21).

WOOL FUTURES

LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-BREDS—Close Jin ordor buyer, collar, business, sales]. New Zealand controper kilo. August 360, 361, 369-362, 5; Oct. 361, 365, 364-362, 4; Oec. 365, 367, ari, ari; Jan. 365, 366, fili, ari; March 370, 371, 371-370, 8; Mey 373, 374, 375-373, 2; August 375, 377, ari, ari; Oct. 376, 377, 380-377, 4; Oec. 375, 378, ari, ari; Sales 28 SYDNEY GREASY WIND.—Cipee (in order buyer, cellor, buoiness, celco].
Australian conts por pound. July 465.0. 466 O. 466 O.450.0. 49: Dct. 451.0. 452.0 486.0, 486.0, 486.0, 48; Inct. 451.0, 452.0, 452.4, 452.0, 452.6, 453.0, 452.0, 40; Merch 456.0, 457.0, 457.0, 457.0, 457.0, 457.0, 457.0, 457.0, 459.0, 12; July 459.5, 461.0, 460.0-459.0, 7; Occ. 459.0, 461.0, 460.0-459.0, 7; Occ. 456.0, 461.0, 460.0-459.0, 18. Seles 194.

POTATOES

LONDON POTATO FUTURES-Lack of LONDON POTATE FUTURES—Lack of fresh name left prices lergely unchonged ell day, but come limited selling of February mid moming put the price down to 52.50 belors recovering eagin by the close, reports Coley end Harper. Closing prices: Nov. 46.10 +10 (high 48.10, low 45.80]: Feb. 52.90 brachanged (high 52.90, low 52.50]: April 60.10 +10 (high 60.10, low 60.00). Turmover 59 lots of 40 tennes.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL—No apoi Pr shipment sales were recorded, leaving the total for the week so far at 100 tonnes. Evident leck of antarprise appeared to pervade the market end eperations were at minimum levels. Although occasional inquiry was experienced the occessional judnish was exberienced the

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

Foreign investment revives and long tap is exhausted Gilt rises stretch to £1 but equities close below best

Options

*First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day June 16 June 26 June 27 July 7 June 30 July 10 July 11 July 21 July 14 July 24 July 25 Ang. 4 "New time" dealings may take place from 2 am two business days

investment funds Foreign flowed Into Gilt-edged securities yesterday and the market, apparently fully recovered from lts recent hout of stock indigestion, made good headway. A firmer early trend was derived from a revival of hopes that Minimum Lendiog Rate would he cut shortly provided hank lendhas been reduced; the lalest clearing bank statistics are due

Gilt edged quotations quickly rose about a end held, but shortly after 1 pm a sparsely attended market was surprised by the unexpected exhaustion of the long tap stock, Treasury 13 per cent 2000, following a successful hid of 301: first-time dealings in the £ihn stock hegan last Thursday. immedi6tely strengthened further and overall

LONDON TRADED

Aug ust

28

49 121

Leading equities encouraged by the performance of Gilts and showed no aigns of recent concern about the plight of UK manufacturing industry. Lucas Industries' stance on wage claims generated some hope of moderation in pay settlements. Institutional Investors were not drawn into the market, howevar, and oo complation of small public huying orders most leaders eased from the best. Measuring this, the FT 30-share index shed nearly a balf of its noon rise of 4.1 to close a net

Speculative attention again focused on the Australian exploration sector where values moved still higher prior to losing momentum towards the close. Domestic Oils attracted consider able inquiries but the volume of husiness was less impressive until ao after-hours' improvement in LASMO and one or two other stocks.

2.2 up at 463.6.

Courtanids again attracted an active business in Traded options gains of a point were fairly and contributed 335 trades to a frequent before profit-taking total of 1,225. Mining issues

Vol.

20

23 10

881 | 1 | 1 | 1

Equity

366p

150p

544p

82p

154p 337p

89p 400p

105p

115p

959p

439p

OPTIONS

pared them to around §. Exceptions were the partly-paid issues which retained rises in excess of were also in demand with Cons. Were seen in Marks and Spencer. Sold Fleids and RTZ recording which retained rises in excess of 244 and 156 deals respectively.

Insurances readily responded fresh investment support and prices were still improving after the official close. Among Life issues, Legal and General rose 7 to 196p and Prudential 8 to 216p. while gains of around 9 were recorded in Hambro Life, 230p, and Equity and Law, 248p. Composites registered gains to 12, Sun Alliance firming that much, to 664p, while Eagle Slar, 212p, Guardian Royal Exchange, 300p, and General Accident, 290p, all

In Merchant Banks, a combination of revived hid hopes and a hroker's circular difted Rill Samuel 7 to a 1980 peak of 125p. Mercury were elso wanted and improved 4 to 212p. Hambros rose 8 to 488p.

The settlement of the Burtoo brewery workers dispute lifted recently depressed Bass and the close was 4 better at 224p. Other leading Breweries traded quietly and held steady around the overnight positions. Scottish and Newcastle were unchanged at 561p; the preliminary results are expected today. Among Wines Spirits, Amalgamated d Products, which Distilled announced an American tie-up earlier in the week, added a penny more to 43p after Press

Business in Buildings was sluggish, but the leaders usually managed modest improvements. Blnc Circle firming 4 to 348p and London Brick adding 1½ to 75½p. Second thoughts about the interim profits left SGB 3 cheaper at 157p, but Tilbury Contracting found support and firmed 6 to 195p. Elsewhere, British Dredging added 3 to 24p, after 25p, oo an investment recommendation, but small selling clipped 10 from Nottingham Brick, 175p, and 3 from Barratt Developments, 105p.

A relatively small evenly-belanced trade left ICI 2 harder at 378p. Among other Chemi-cals, Revertex shed 2 to 49p as Hoechst UK expressed doubts about Yule Catto's £5m bid for the outstanding Revertex equity. Scattered offerings left R. H. Morley 5 cheaper 6t a 1980 low of S5p, but Laporte, unsettled oo Tuesday by redundancy fears, improved 6 penny to 99p.

Freemans firm

Stores passed another quiet session with most closing a shade

issues ended with useful gains. Freemans featuring with 6 rise of 6 at 116p; Grattan, 68p, and Empire, 154p, added 2 spiece, Elsewhere in secondary counters, the trend was to lower levels. Comet Radiovision fell 4 to 83p. as did MFL, to 50p.

Helped by news that the Ultrasound sale negotiations are near completion, Thorn EMI advanced to 302p before settling at 298p for a rise of 8 on the day. Elsewhere in the Electrical leaders, GEC beld steady at 394p awaiting today's preliminary

Price changes in today's Share Information Service are based on the quotations published yesterday which were not fully updated to take account of Tuesday's late dealings because of editorial production difficulties.

statement: it was announced on Tuesday that the joint venture with Fairchild of the U.S. to mass produce microchips in Britain had been 6bandoned. Following the placing of the bulk of the NEB's bolding at 530p per share, dealing resum in Ferranti which opened around 570p, compared with the 570p, compared with the suspension price of 595p, and rallied 587p before closing at 571p. STC found support at 367p, up 7 but registed celling up 7, but revived selling left Muirhead 4 cheaper at 112p.

the Engineering Among leaders, Tubes treoded a sbade harder in the early dealings be-fore drifting back to close 2 dowo oo halance at 248p. GKN, bowever, held on to a gaio of 4 Vickers were unaltered at 232p. Vickers were unaltered at 132p which values the offer for Rolls-Royce Motors at 66p; the letter closed 2 cheaper at Scattered movements in secondary issues were usually British against Aluminium eased 5 more to 188p and similar losses were marked against A. Coheo 230p, and B. Bliott, 243p. Fresb offeriogs left Staveley 4 down at 204p, while Wheway Watsoo fell 24 to 104p. Among the firm spots, Ash and Lacy firmed 4 to 174p

following an investment recommeodation and Serek hardened 2 to 51p oo news of the U.S. J. Sainsbory held at 405p following the chairmao's cautious optimism at the annual meeting, to 145p on the modest increase in interim profits, while Avana put nn 7 for a two-day gain of 11 to 145p, after 147p, io response to the better-than-expected preliminary results.

confident The chairman's remarks at the annual general meeting failed to prevent selling of Ladbroke which shed 6 to

Still reflecting the bid approach from the Kuwait Invest-

Hay's Wharf higher

ment Office. Hay's Wharf met fresh demand and pushed ahead to 274p hefore settling a shade helow the best at 272p, up 32 on the day, for a rise of 106 since the announcement. Ropner responded afresb to the preliminary figures with a gain of 9 at 97p, while renewed specula-tive demand lifted Wilkinson Match 13 to 142p. Johnson Matthey relied 5 to 375p and revived investment huying laft European Ferries a similar amount dearer at 1764p. Gains of around 4 were recorded in Diploma, 472p, BTR, 344p, and Chubb, 102p, while Elswick Hopper responded to favourable Press mention with a gain of 11 to 19p. Sy way of contrast, Neil and Spencer were dull at 90p, down 4, while smallerpriced issues to give ground incloded Somie, 22p, and PMA, 30p, down 2 apiece. Leading miscellaneous industrials treoded harder, Glaxo improving 4 228p and Beecham 2 to 141p.

Components Motor were steadier than of late. added 3 to 198p, while Dunlop regained an early fall of a penny to close at 80p. Flight Refuelling continued to make good progress on strong speculative support and improved 7 for a three-day gain of 23 at 239p.

Buyers were again seen for Newspapers. Dally Mail "A" added 10 more to 525p. more Associated 6 to 332p and News International 5 to 180p. Regional issues also took on a firmer stance with United 5 op 8t 195p and East Midland Allied Press "A" a couple of peoce better at 77p. Elsewbere, John Waddinga dull market receotly, found support in front of next Tuesday's annual results and

closed 4 better at 114p.

Drawing strength from level of acceptances to the company's £108m rights issues, Land Securities touched a 1980 peak easier on balance. British Home, optimism at the annual meeting, of 338p before settling for a couple of pence firmer shead while Tesco shed a penny to gaio of 11 at 336p. Other Proper-off the annual meeting, closed 2 54p on news that the Inland ties met selective support, off at 304p, while similar falls Reveoue is challenging the MEPC adding 3 to 213p, Hammerof 338p before settling for a gaio of 11 at 336p, Other Properties met selective support,

son "A" 10 to 46 Land 11 to 831p.

Lasmo up again Among Oils, Lasmo opened higher following overnight business, but encountered selling et the enhanced level before fresh demand left the price 30 higher on balance at 830p. Tricentrol finished firmer at 400p after com-

ment on the half-yearly figures, while IC Gas edged up 6 more to 904p on the results and proposed scrip issue.

Down 13 on Tuesday following the surprise £28.5m rights issue, S. and W. Berisford attracted

support and rallied 8 to 154p.

Active Australians

Mining markets were again dominated by intense speculative activity in Australian Issues, which staged a fresh advance in the wake of the strength of overnight domestic morkets before coming under fairly sizeable profit-taking in the after-hours husiness. Greenvale Mining gained 12 to 167p, after 178p, Monarch Petroleum 8 to 52p and Spargos

Exploration 6 to 36p, after 40p. West Coast Minerals advanced S to 24p and Swan Resources
S to 24p and Swan Resources
S to 6 1980 high of 98p.
Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie put
on 6 to a 1980 high of 464p,
Poseidon edged up 3 to 227p,
North Kalguril added a penny to 101p and Alistate rose 15 to

Oo the other hand, Valiant Consolidated closed a net 5 cheaper at 100p, after having been 110p in the early trading, and Otter closed unaltered on balance at 110p, after 117p. Elsewhere in Australians, the London-registered

Areas slipped 5 to 375p des the increased profits and divi-dend and proposed scrip issue Financials moved ahead, reflecting the strength of the bullion price and the receot gains in copper prices, the latter following the U.S. copper miners' strike.

Selection Trust, the subject of heavy U.S. buying on Tuesday evening, advanced a point to £12, after a 1980 high of £121, while Rio Tinto-Zinc were well supported and finally 10 firmer at 440p, after 443p. Charter, which touched a 1980 high of 212p in late trading on Tuesday, closed 3 up et 205p.

June 27 69,78 70,82 465,9 69.09 70.70 70.64 70,84 70,76 70.81 Fixed Interest... 453.5 466.7 454.8 461.4 463.6 Industrial..... 555.5 349.7 346.9 348.6 361.4 Gold Mines. 7.73 7.68 7,72 Ord. Illy. Yield... · 7.76 18.65 18.69 18.42 18.49 16 10 Earnings, Yid. %(full) 18,76 6,52 6.61 6.48 7,76 P/E Ratio (net) (*)---98,725 22.212 22,805 23,816 21,899 20,26 Total bargains 123,70 115,86 154,77 164,34 113,67 Equity turnover £m. 18.134 17,985 19,101 18,526 18,655 15,56 Equity bargains total

10 am 463.0, 11 am 464.8. Noon 465.5. 1 pm 464.9. 2 pm 464.7. 3 pm 464.4.

Latest Index 01-246 8025.

+NiI = 6.Q3 Basis 100 Covt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Int. 1928. Industrial On 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity July-Dec. 1942.

HIGHS AND LOWS S.E. ACTIVITY Amy . 1980 High | Low Low 160.4

558.6 49.4 (4/6/79) (26/8/40)

442.3

Heavy overnight American huying coupled with the buoyant free market platinum price prompted 6 gain of 21 to 241p, after 245p, in Rustenburg.

Fixed Int..

Ind. Örd..

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1980

NEW HIGHS (103) NEW HIGHS (103)
BRITISH FUNDS (1)
CORPORATION LOAMS (1)
LQANS (12)
BRITISH FUNDS (1)
BUILDINGS (1)
BUILDINGS (1)
BUILDINGS (1)
BRANCEY & STORES (1)
ELECTRICALS (2)
FOODS (2)
INDUSTRIALS (14)
INSUSTRIALS (14)
INSUSTRIALS (14)
INSUSTRIALS (14)
INSUSTRIALS (17)
LEISURE (1)
MOTORS (1)
PROPERTY (1)
SHIPPING (1)
TEXTILES (1)
TEXTILES (2)
OUVERSEAS TRADERS (1)
MINES (16)

NEW LOWS (39) POREIGN BONDS (3)
Chinese 4-pc 1898 Chinese Spc 1913
Do. Spc 1912
Archor Chemical
Morley (R.H.)
Vorkshire Chems. Barker & Dotton
INDUSTRIALS (9)
Arenson (A.)
Chambertelu Phipyr P. M. A. (Nidac)
Acco Congusting A Sont
Welker & Bonn

shoes (1) M. & G Nides OVERSEAS TRADERS (1) Abrican Lakes

RISES AND FALES YESTERDAY.

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY GROUPS	V	Ved.,	July 2	, 198	0	Tues., July	Mon., June 30	Frl., June 27	Thors., June 26	Year ago (approx
& SUE-SECTIONS Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per section		Index No.	Day's Change %	Est, Earnings Yield % (Max.)	Gross Div, Yield % (ACT at 30%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL 6000S(172)	250.01	+0.3	17.93	6.45	6.82	249.31	252.88	253.53	254.87	244.6
2	Building Materials (28)	241.88	+0.5	19.18	6.87	6.18	240.63	242.58	244.85	248.07	228.3
3	Contracting, Construction(27)	363.95	-0.4	25.36	6.72	4.76	365.51	369.85	371.16	372.80	365.3
	Electricals (16)	678.16	+01	12.57	3.58	10.24	677.32	692.63	688.56	692.73	533.5
5	Engineering Contractors (11)	305.14		22.25	8.49	5.64	305.08	305.64	304.28	305.66	364.8
6	Mechanical Engineering (74)	166.76	+0.4	19.17	7.92	6.39	166.11	168,01	169.43	169.56	182.8
8	Metals and Metal Forming (16)	162.41	+0.7	22.37	19.45	5.36	161.23	163.18	163.68	163.86	166.0
	CONSUMER GOODS										
Ц	(OURABLE) (49)	217.07	+0.1	14.98	5.92	8.19	226.91	219.18	219.08	221.80	230.2
12	Lt. Electronics, Radio, TV(14)	320.56	+0.3	11.46	4.24	11.12	319.61	323.52	323.12	327.46	315.4
13	Household Goods (14)	99.15	-0.1	26.02	10.66	4.71	99.27	93.71	98.56	95.73	360.5
4	Motors and Distributors (21)	98.11	-0.6	23.55	10.12	4.93	98.68	99.51	99.74	100.89	116.7
	CONSUMER GOODS										
23	(NON OURABLES) (172)	226.68	+0.1	18.29	7.08	6.60	226.45	227.98	227.53	229.41	235.4
2	Brewerles (14)	281.99	+0.6	15.87	6.48	7.42	230.43	283.84	254.53	287.76	277.7
3	Wines and Spirits (5)	296.02		18.40	6.31	6.69	296.02	296.42	298.20	295.62	306.
4	Entertainment, Catering (17)		+0.3	17.53	6.77	7.08	328.80	334.08	332.51	334.76	318.3
5	Food Manufacturers(21)		+0.8	19.52	7.24	6.03	204,41	203.77	204.55	205.50	204.2
26	Food Retailing(13)	324,47	-0.1	13.01	4.88	9.17	324.74	327.13	327.44	329.79	298.8
32	Newspapers, Publishing (13)	445.98 129.23	+14	21.41	6.56	6.31	439.77	446.41	441.75	439.43	429
33	Packaging and Paper (15)	216.75	+1.0	27.87	10.13	4.16	127.97	129.41	130.25	131.36	128.6
34 35	Stores (42)	133.46	+0.9	14.17 24.35	5.69	9.09	218.64	227.90	220.52	222.98	241
36 36	Textiles(24)	220.10	+0.5		11.64 10.52	5.61	133.03	131.39	130.50	129.61	360.
20 37	Test and Compa(E)	27.39	+0.5	27.71		4.09	219.09	217.12	214.83	218.78	237.
9/ 41	Toys and Games(5)	217.51	+0.8	44.39	13.92 7.08	2.61	27.19	27.19	27.54	27.54	72
1 2	Chambrie (16)	315.50	+0.6	17.11	7.64	6.94 5.83	215.84 313.49	217.55 316.81	216.72	215.98	202
13	Chemicals (16)	219.36	+1.4	11.64	630	10.58	216.40	219.11	316.45 216.79	315.94 217.22	278.
44	Office Equipment (6)	107.56	-0.1	20.25	7.71	5.65	107.71	109.42	108.23	109.97	119
15	Shipping (10)	554.61	+13	13.84	6.36	8.81	547.25	552.26	546.81	543.91	452
16	Miscellaneous (60)	262 31	+0.7	17.33	6.94	7.07	260.58	261.04	260.77	261.41	246
29	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (492)	237.03	+0.3	17.68	6.84	6.83	236.30	238.49	238.22	239.66	236
1	Olis (8)	810.91	+13	28.48	6.35	3.88	809.54	813.27	826.98		667
9	500 SHARE INDEX	282.30	+0.5	20.01	6.73	5.86	280.84	283.84	234.16	285.25	271
1	FINANGIAL GROUP (118)	219.79	+1.6	20.01	5.71	3.00	216.33	218.19	216.60	217.06	
2	Parke(4)	231.99	+0.4	42.05	7.01	2.92	231.04	231.42	235.26	233.89	194.
3	Banks(6) Discount Houses (10)	261.62	T0.4	42.00	6.75	272	261.62	265.28	263.70	265.68	242
4	Hire Purchase (5)		+0.8	14.44	4.62	8.99	214.72	213.62	203.70	214.94	SPE
5	Incompres (Life) (10)	213.21	+3.7		5.97		205.66	206.63	203.65	204.97	169.6
ž	Insurance (Life) (10)	147.79	+29	_	7.28	_	143.68	145.30	142 10	142.64	125.
57	Insurance Brokers (9)	316.04	+6.8	14.70	7.24	9.34	313.66	315.91	315.86	313.40	
8	Merchant Banks (13)		+20	1	5.14	1	127.10	127.74	128.06	128.20	257.2
9	Property (45)	407 77	+14	3.34	2.84	42.45	402.13	404.68	401.61	406.13	355.7
ro	Miscellaneous (11)	135.83	+0.1	16.18	6.42	7.85	135.76	136.43	135.56	135.64	121
ň	Miscellaneous (11)	247 99	-04	-	5.73		241.00	242.61	242,47	241.75	209/
ñ	Mining Finance (4)	236.73	+3.0	1140	4.17	10.58	229.92	228.77	227.83	226.21	119/
Ž	Mining Finance (4) Overseas Traders (19) ALL-SHARE INDEX(750)	387.01	+14	13.15	717	934	381.80	384.76	385.61	387.98	344.4
9	ALL-SHARE INDEXCESON	26674	+0.8		6.41			269.54			
•		1	TV.0	. –		. —	- 201.UL	· 207.24	207.20	2034	499.1

	FIXED INT	EREST F	rice in	oi ces		YI	INTEREST FLDS Av. Gross Red.	Wed., July 2	Tues., July 1	Year ago (approx.)	
	British Government	Wed., July 2	Day's change %	xd adj. today	nd adj. 1980 to date	123		5 years		11.94 11.94 11.94	10.25 18.62 10.99
1 2	Under 5 years	105.89	+0,44 +0,71	_	5.18 6.77	4 5 6	Medium Coupons	' 5 years 15 years 25 years	13 <i>3</i> 4	13.38 13.46 13.43	11.97 12.06 12.65
3 4	Over 15 years	114.75 130.17	+0.76 +0.46	-	7.39 7.24	7 8 9	High Coupons	5 years	13.27 13.69 13.72	13.45 13.80 13.84	12.21 12.40 12.37
5 .	All stacks	110.22	+0.63		6.37	10	Irredeemables		11.25	11.30	10.64

							_			<u> </u>	<u>. </u>
15	20-yr. Red. Deh & Loans (15) Investment Trust Pre(s. (15)	53.00	113,98	5a.90	55.00	53,00	53.01	52.74	52,75	52.76	57.85
	Unrectment Truct Drefe (18)	8 40 E0									4

dempton yield. Highs and lows record base dates and values and ca summer. A list of the constituents is available from the Publishers, a Street, London, EC4P 4BY, price 15p, by post 25p.

ACTIVE STOCKS

Stock LASMO European Ferries Hay's Wharf Bass Charter Cons. Imp. Coot. Gas Premier Cons	£1 25p 2p £1 5p	marks 8 7 6 6 6	Closing price (p) 830 176‡ 272 224 205 904 107	Change 00 day +30 + S +32 + 4 + 5 + 4 + 10	1980 high 830 176 1 274 238 212 904 107 485	1980 low 337 98 117 188 134 593 39 1 327	
European Ferries	25p	7		+ S			
		7					
Bass	25p	6	224				
				+ 3			
Imp. Coot. Gas	£1	6	904	+ 6	904	593	
	5p						
RTZ	25p	6	440				
Selectioo Tst	25p	6	£12	+ 1	£12‡	586	
Courtaulds	25p	5	81	+ 1	82	64	
Grand Met	50p	5	154	+ 1	157	120	
Hambro Life	5p	5	230	+ 9	230	112	
ICI	£1	5	378	+ 2	402	348	
Lloyds Bank	£1	5	320	+ 2	332	277	
P & O Defd	£1	5	115	+ 1	125	105	

OPTIONS

Chloride.

Endeavour,

First	Last	Last	For
		Declara-	
		tion	
		Sept. 11	
		Sept. 25	
		Oct 9	
For rai	e indice	itions sce	end of

Share Information Service iocluded Grand Metropolitan, Leisure, North West Mining, Woodside, Hampton Industries, Woodside, Rustenburg Platinum Woodside, Hampton Industries, Woodside, Ruster LRC, Ladbroke, Comfort Hotels, and Endeavour.

Lasmo, Offshore, Gronp Lotus Candecea, Candecea, FNFC, North Kalgurii, Vickers, Poseidon, Dunlop, BSR, Lourho and Minster Assets. Puts were produced io Grand Metropolitan, Lucas 60d GUS "A," while wbile Stocks favoured for the call doubles were arranged in Coral

Premier Coral Leisure,

Oil,

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

Issuo	SET OF	15	980	Stock	50 to	+ 01	- 2 E	Prop	88	내운
Prics p:	E 250	High	Low		94.	-	A D	₽Ş	동	2.5
55 r83	F.P. 20/6 F.P. 27/6	90	74 3 79	Home Farm Prodel0p ttJenkin & Pursor Oakwood Group	88 81 ₄ 80	+1	b2.8 b6.5	2.5 2.4		12.1
783 100	F.P. 27/8	110	81	Paerless	85	+1	b6.3	2,8		
	-	IXI	ED	INTEREST	STO	CI	KS			
£	125 ta 2	1		I				1 25	4]	<u> </u>

- | 6712 | 6512 London & Midwand muss of post 1986 4/8 | 10848 | 1017a North Surrey Weter 10po Pref. 1986 - | 1154 | 1112 | South 6taff, Water 92; Rd. Pf. '25

_				44	RIG	HTS	" OFFERS		
Issue Pric		Pnid Up	Ren	test iunc. ate	15 Nigh	Law	Stock	Olosing prioss pt	i or
103 116 100 55 50 54 620 40 263 118 125 60ct	NF NF F NF F N N	P	30/6	1/8 7/8 4/7 23/7 18/7 18/7 18/7	100 55 824pm 47 337 151 167cm	13pm 134 141om 80 61 25pm 4114 307 124 127 pm	Astbury & Madeley Brown & Jackson Carlese Capel. Charterholl. Clifford's Dairies 'A' Eleco. Harrison & Crosfield. Hewley Leisure. Land Securities. Linfood Lloyds & Scottish. Pancontinental. Silvermines.	161 ₂ pm 10pm 150 20pm 07 63 40pm 451 ₂ 337 150 145pm 320pm 150	+18 +0
	Ren	unc	lation	dato	ususiiv	lest de	sy for dealing tree of stamp	duty. b Fl	OUTBS

LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

	and Metal Forming + 11.55 and Metal Forming + 11.55 string and Peper + 11.55 umer Goods (Non-Durable) Group + 10.91 entral Engineering + 10.92 Retailing + 10.93 cos Manufacturing + 7.65 Manufacturing + 7.65
1013033 1780013 7 14.07 1033	



37

INDICA	FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE
69.47 IINIT	Sen & Dadley Tst. Magnet. Ltd. Manualife Management Ltd. Manualife Management Ltd. Stewart Unit Tst. Managers Ltd.(a) City of Vectorarizer Assurance Legal & Seneral Prop. Fd. Mgrs. Ltd. Sciencer Life Groups (Jersey) Ltd. Scien
TRUSTS	### Accuse Unity - Lordy First Line - Lordy First L
Abbry Central 40.1 40.2 6.05 10-1	15. Per. Cap. 15.3 +0.4 15
45. Cornell Louise St. 24 and Tat. Mingrs. Accu	Commodity
Allied Hambro Ltd. (2) (b) 458	millington Unit Mag. Ltd. (a) Commodity & Gr
1342 1544 1545 1546	A frome 1956 52 - 0.2 10.76 income and Growth Lag 9 456 + 0.2 5.7 Equity
High Yield FO	Starting Control Starting Co
ation 13th Sanater Co. 15th MR.B. 4224 - 0.21 cm 1450	Instance Co. 120 Oct. 2010 100 Oct. 2010 Oct. 2010 100 Oct. 2010 100 Oct. 2010 100 Oct. 2010 100 Oct
Mer. Min. 6. Coty. 60.7 66.7 69.0 4 6.51 De. A. 6.7 De. 6.7 De. A. 6.7 De. 6.7 D	U.S. & Green 150.7 144.0 - Butterield Management Co. Ltd. 101.8 161. 162.0 16
158, Fencharch St., ECSM 64A. 623 9231 C. 8. Anderson U.T. 158.5 62.71 1 5.08 5 Rayl Tokes 1. Mobile St. FCPV 7.18	Metual Unit Trust Managers* (a)(g) 6a.com Unit Trust (a) (g) 6a.com Unit 101
TRICALS 0 Arbitration Securities Ltd. (a) Icl Deals Arbitration	Mary Aug. ECTA 88P. 01623 6114 103 104 105
US7R1445 6 (54 Witth award) 72.2 1.00 inc. at 1.00 inc. a	Service: 15.34 16 Total of 13 4.65 Prices on June 18 Next dealing July 2 Tymidal Managers Ltd.(a)(b)(c) Im. (i.e. f. imm. 15.6 incm. 15.54 16 Total of 13.6 Prices on June 26 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 26 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 26 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 26 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 27 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next dealing July 31 18 Capying Road British (15.6 Ltd.) 15.6 Prices on June 28 Next deal
Company Comp	S Antany Unit Tet. May Link Antany Unit Tet. May Link Link
PAPER 75 (Accumulation) 49.3 37.5 10.47 Percentage (Accumulation) 77.6 79.00 0.1 10.47 Percentage (Accumulation) 77.6 79.00 0.1 10.47 Percentage (Accumulation) 77.6 31.76 11.3 10.0 Americance 77.6 21.3 7.6 13.76 13.50 Americance 77.6 22.6 23.76 13.3 10.0 Americance 77.6 24.4 10.1 13.90 Americance 77.6 24.4 10.1 10.1	10.7 Decision law Fd. 1712 7724 40.8 710 10.400 710 10.
AS TRADES, Dealings Tiles, West, 17Tuns, Friday, 77 Las Sandel Arctimaty, Unit, 75t, Migs. Link 9 (a)(c) Sandel De. Ac Arctimaty, 18th, 18	## Collect 174 175
Barclays Unicorn Ltd. V (a)(c)(q) 59 Gre 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	inflora July 2 1772 2 203 9 5 2 456 Marwich Union Insurance Strong (b) Information 1 11 11 19 Mired Fd 1129 Mire
10. Experi income 221 231.4 19.7 (Accume 20.5) 10. Experi income 221 231.4 19.7 (Accume 20.5) 10. Experi income 221 231.4 19.7 (Accume 20.5) 10. September 221 231.4 19.7 (Accume 20.5) 10. September 231.4 19.7 (Acc	107.4 106.1 279 Peer Growth Fe. 270 201 +0.5 571 100.0 Accom 731 78.7 +0.5 571 100.0 Accom 731 7
Do. Trestee Fund 133.1 343-1sd +0.2 5.93 (59) (59) (59) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50) (50	Exchange, ECSP 30N U1-628 8011 For interface Serious Serious Group) Weight 1st _D155 1964 +0.5 5.04 Pelican Units Admin. Ltd. (gllx) Utster Gank 1a. Usster Gank 1b. Usster G
86, Leadenhall St., EC3. 01-563 2830 Cabbot C C. Stratton Trust. 1254.3 225.01	Capital Trost. 150.6 151.1 - 0.1 2.87 48, flort St. Healey on Thames 0.49126868 150.1 150.2
B'goic lat, Say 1 2554 2697 -0.8 2.8 Cab. St. (Accurac) July 1 2577 263.9 +0.9 2.96 Cab. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St	Income Trast 1695 101.56 + 0.8 6.3 Practical Judy 2 1770 2 1897 + 1.8 491 1.5 1.8 1.5 1.5 1
Regis Hise, King William St., ECA. 01-623 4951. Olf & M. Amer, Sen. 11 22 5 30.4 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	#floral 192 193 101 192 193 101 193 10
Do, Acc. 1 acc., 1984. Thus. Prices June 24/25/25. Pacific Britannia. Trust Management (a)(g)(z) Cook. 606. Saidday He., 4th Fig., Finday Cross.	Abbey Life Assurance Co. Ltd. Second Section 1987 188
Commodity 148.8 159.9s +0.11 2.97 North A Downstein 47.2 50.7st +0.21 4.49 Exempt 115.0 121.0 -0.1 5.44 Hall 5 Extra locome 32.6 39.3 +0.11 11.67 45 Bee	Property
6704th 174.9 80.5 +0.1 8.62 (0) Fin inc & Growth 58.9 74.1 -0.1 2.50 (b) Hig	this irost 23.6 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 - 0.7 -
Special Simulation 11.9 North American 11.9 Professional 11.5 Professional 11.6 Prof	Person Equity Fig. 22.1 23.1
The British Life Office LtdW (a) intel Strict Stric	## St. ECZV 20E 01-00 170 250 01-00 170 050 050 050 050 050 050 050 050 050 0
Brown Shipkey & Co. Ltd. V(a1(g) Akry E Rev Fin Rev Fi	AMEV Life Assurance Ltd. 97.6 52.5 14.7 .
Art Gerenth Accum. 612 680 +0.3	oil Pet Inc. 1015.9 115.11 6.12 Income Find 665 12.51 9.21 Addity Money Find 15.01 1
Ecenpt May 13	C Dept Trust Samagement Ltd.
Do. Inc. Access	Proper Road, Bristol G272 32241 International Foods Capital G272 32241 International Foods Capital G272 32241 International Foods G272 3
Carliel Unit Fd. Higgs. Ltnl V (a)(c) Leo Uti Milborn Hoose, Newcastle-upon-Tyne 21155 Llevils	Select Income 13.2
Carr, Sebag Unit Trust Managers(a) Do. (Ac 57/63, Princes St., Manchester 051-236 5855 Carr, Sebag Cao, Fd. 1291 40.5 415 Oc. (Ac 1202 Carr, Sebag Cao, Fd. 1291 31.0 40.1 915 Oc. (Ac 1202 Carr, Sebag Cao, Fd. 1291 31.0 40.1 915 Oc. (Ac 1202 Carr, Sebag Cao, Fd. 1292 St.) Churlace Charities N/R Fundit:	The same of the sa
Income State 30 117.44 1-277 11.75 Dr. (Account, Jone 30 118.07 14.79 11.75 Dr. (Account, Jone 30 118.07 14.79 11.75 Worldware Charities Official Invest Foundation Dr. (Account, Jones Official Invest Found	ride Gertia. 66.0 70.94 +0.11 2.02 Incl. Bord Fd. 152.8 56.4 +0.51 4.21 Worldwide Growth Fd. 116.73 127.83
Chieftain Trust Managers Ltdy (a) (g) Chieftain (g) Chie	Gatekoose Rd. Aylesbury. 0296 5941 Scottist Securities Ltd. 53 46.5 +0.2 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar 51122 Pen. Man. Fd. Jacob Fd. 45, 12 5.37 2-6, High St., Potters Bar, Heris. P. Bar, Heris. P
CC Prof. 6 (ii) 13 22 24 3 -0.1 13.25 M & C Smaller Co's Trust 22.5 24.5 -0.1 4.72 Three Q	193 340, South Street, Dorkley 193 19
57.43, Princiss St., Manchester. 051-25 590 (Accum. 137) 148.403 5.90 (Accum. 137) 148.403 5.90 (Accum. 137) 148.403 5.90 (Accum. 137) 149.402 13.90 (Accum. 137) 159.402 139.402	1.0 1.0
50, Chancely Late, Wil24 Ht. Growth Fund. 66.7 66.7 Company For Contropolitan see Choularton Fund Manager. Company Craigmount Unit 1st. Mars. Ltd. Craigmount Unit 7st. Mars. Ltd. Dividence Conversion of the Control	Control Cont
High focume 5.5 500 -0.3 231 Europea 5.5 500 -	Control Cont
The laterant And 34 and 122 Age and 122 Ag	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Treet Mont Lid.	Units Unit
Discretionary Unit Fund Managers Accum. Ellino He, 36/38 New Broad St, ECZM INU. Findler COLASS 4485 Disc. Inc. June 27	we have a second section and a section and a second section and a
Q. Williams	Sept He King William St. ED4 Basic Reviews 1164 1173 1173 113

ech, 10ec 1935 Indiro Sign 82-8421 ech 114-pc 1934 Indiro 1640, 1934, Indiro 1660, 1934 Indiro 1660, 1935 Indisury 15pc 1935 Indisury 15pc 1935 Indisury 15pc 1935 Five to Fifteen Years **AMERICANS** 1990 High Low Stock

Over Fifteen Years

Undated

INTERNATIONAL BANK 871: | 76 | Spc Stock 77-82 | 27 | | 5.75 | 12.10

CORPORATION LOANS \$72 +4 12.21 13.75

\$774 +4 12.22 14.82

\$774 +4 12.22 14.82

\$774 +4 12.22 14.82

\$784 +4 10.19 13.99

\$792 +4 10.19 13.99

\$792 +4 10.20 12.51

\$792 +4 10.20 12.51

\$792 +4 10.20 12.55

\$11 12.75

\$814 +4 12.51

\$814 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75

\$814 +4 12.75 Euroley 12: 1: 187 Cardif 11: 15: 6 G.L.C. 12: 2: 193 Suspan 9: 2: 15: 2: 193 Suspan 9: 2: 15: 2: 193 Heris Sign 193-67. Liverpool 9: 2: 15: 63 Lo. Corp. 13: 2: 63 Lo. Corp. 13: 2: 63 Lo. Corp. 13: 2: 63 Lo. Cop. 13: 2: 63 Lo. Cop. 13: 63: 67 Lo. Signe 12: 64 Lo. Signe 13: 64 Lo. Signe 13: 64

COMMONWEALTH AND AFRICAN LCANS Aust. Size: 81-82 26. Spc 1921-85 M.Z. There 1938-92 Do. Trigge 63-85 Sp. Alma 1925 74-81 5th. Read. 2-sec 63-70 Do. Spc 78-21 6.23 13.22 7.48 15.33 11.42 13.45 9.73 19.20 10.14 14.20

-14 S.673 -575 -575 -576 -5240 -| 184 | CRS \$2.50 |
184	CRS \$2.50
185	Crise Winn 51.5
185	Crise Winn 51.5
187	Color 54
187	Color 54
187	Color 54
187	Color 55
187	Crown Zell 55
187	Crown Zell 55
187	Crown Zell 55
188	Crown Zell 55
189	Ford Motor 52
180	Ford Motor 53
180	Ford Motor 54
180	Ford ANGERSTANTE PARTIES HANGERSTANTE TO THE TOWN ANGENERAL STREET ON A STREET OF THE STREET ON A STREET ON 8957 Ovens-III. \$3.125
107; Greiter Best USSS.
107; Greiter Best USSS.
177; Refinance \$0.25
177; Refinance \$0.25
177; Rep. M.Y. Corp. \$5.
6515 Research \$5.
6515 Research \$5.
6515 Research \$5.
107; Recover Intl. \$1.
107; Shell Cil. \$1.
107; Shell Cil. \$1.
107; Shell Cil. \$1.
107; Shell Cil. \$1.
108; Sherry Corp. \$0.50.
159; Tremene \$6.
174; Tremene \$6.
175; Tremene \$6.
174; Tremene \$6.
175; Trem 164 | 114 | Zapata Corp. 25c. CANA

103, 855p Bk. Montreal \$2.

1114, 870p Bk. Nova Scot. \$1

ECID 685p Bell Careath \$82,

103, 860p Can, lon, Bk. \$2.

103, 860p Can, lon, Bk. \$2.

104, 860p Can, lon, Bk. \$2.

104, 860p Can, lon, Bk. \$2.

104, 860p Can, P. Erd, 8

407, 650p Can, P. Erd, 8

400, 570p Mawker Std. Can, 114, 850p Can, P. Erd, 8

400, 570p Mawker Std. Can, 114, 850p Can, P. Erd, 8

400, 570p Mawker Std. Can, 114, 850p Can, P. Erd, 8

104, 850p Can, P. Erd, 8

105, 116, 80p Can, P. Erd, 8

105, 116, 80p Can, 116, 80p Ca 11.52 51.44 +1 10.4 +1 10.5 51.20 51.20 51.20 44.4 44.4 44.4 451.20 451.20 451.20 167.2 +10 51.00 -10 72.4 +10 51.00 -10 72.4 +10 51.00 -10 72.4 +10 51.00

AND SPIRITS

5.0 21 827.90
+1 19.75 13 25.90
+7 17.8 13 25.90
+7 17.8 13 25.97
+7 17.8 13 25.97
+7 17.8 13 25.97
+7 17.8 13 25.97
+7 18.5 14 1 BUILDING INDUSTRY, TIMBER AND ROADS

Hire Purchase, etc.

BEERS, WINES AND SPIRITS

= = == ===

E - Gress Chir Grs

| 122 | 125 | 130 | 14 | 135 | 135 | 14 | 135 | 135 | 14 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | 1 ACTION THE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND ACTION OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY A Seelland Applications of the control
410169927559577433787064473476632385088519522559451353334118355599993388832159

r Day 20p
r Day 20p
r Day 20p
r Sum 5p27
(Result 5p27
(Result 5p27
(Result 5p28
(Result 5p28
(Result 5p29
(Result

Descoter - Doublebrae 100...
Doublebrae 100...
Doublebrae 100...
Double Streets - Duport - Edoro (Hidgs) - EHiott 183...
Ext Industries - Externer (S.W.)...
Firth (G. M.) 100 Folkes Hfo niv 5p Francis Inst. 20 ...
Garton Eng. 10p...
Granges K100...
Granges K100...
Granges K100...
Granges K100...
Granges K100...
Granges K100...
Habit Precision 5p Haden Carrier - Hall Eng. 50p...
Hall Haptson 5p ...
Hall Haptson 5p ...
Hawthere Sid...
Hawthere Sid...
Hopkinsons 50 ...
Hwwthere L. 50p...
Hwwthere L. 50p...
Hill & Smith...
Hopkinsons 50 ...
Hawthere Sid...
Hopkinsons 50 ...
Hawthere Sid...
Lowes Group 10p...
Johnson & Firth Johnson 5p ...
Johnson & Firth Johnson & Firth Johnson 6p. Firth Joh

ELECTRICALS A.B. Electronic. 163
††Air Cali. 185
††Air Cali. 185
Amistrad. 98
Arien Dect. 49
††Acat TV Rent. 49
††Acat T

| 1950 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 | 1970 |

Laird Group
Laird Group
Laire & Elifot Lo
Lanc (Percy) 100
Lee (Arthur) 127
Ley's Foundries
Liprond
Liprof (F.H.)
Lookey (T) 5p
Do, 'A' 5p
Do, 'A' 5p
Do, 'A' 5p
Marianair 20p
Marianair 20p
Mille Holdings
Marianair 20p
Mille Holdings
Marianair 20p
Mille Holdings
Mille Sp
Mi FOOD, GROCERIES, ETC.

HOTELS AND CATERERS

INDUSTRIALS (Miscel)

| 122 | 131 | 142 | 132 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143

ADVERTISEMENT OFFICES Birmingham: George House, George Road. Teter: 358650 Tel: 021-454 0922 Edinburgh: 37 George Street. Telex: 72484 Tel: 031-226 4139

Lisbon: Preca de Algeria 58-10, Lisbon 2. Telex: 12533 Tel: 352 508

EDITORIAL OFFICES

Cairo: P.O. Box 2040. Tel: 936510

Amsterdam: P.O. Box 12%, Amsterdam-C. Telex 16527 Tel: 276 796

Birmingham: George Horse, George Road. Telex 338650 Tel: 021-454 0922

Hoon: Presshaus 11/104 Koussallee 2-10. Telex 8869542 Tel: 210039 Brussels: 39 Rue Ducale. Tel: 22283 Tel: 512-9037

Dublin: 25 South Frederick Street. Tele: 5414 Tel: 785321

Edinburgh: 37 George Street. Teles: 72484 Tel: 031-226 4120

Madrid: Espronceda 32, Madrid 3. Tel: 441 6772

Frankfurt: Frankenzilee 71-81 Teles: 416052 Tcl: 7598 234

Johannesburg: P.O. Box 2128 Telex 8-6257 Tel: 836-7545

SUBSCRIPTIONS

Loeds: Perstanent House, The Headrow. Tel: 0532 454969

Frankfurt: Frankenaffee 68-72. Telex: 416193 Tel: 7598 1 Telex: 440135 Tel: 7576 I New York: 75 Rockefeller Plaza, N.Y. 10019, Telex: 238409 Tel: (212) 489 8300 Paris: Centre d'Affaires Le Louvre, 168 Rue de Rivoll, 74044, Telex: 220044 Tel: 297 2000

Manchester: Queen's House, Queen Street. Telex: 665813 Tel: 061-854 9381

New York: 75 Rucksfeller Pizza, N.Y. 18019. Telez: 66390 Tel: (212) 541 4625 Paris: Centre d'Affaires Le Louvre, 165 Rue de Rivoli, 74044 Telez: 220044 Tel: 297 2000

Stockholm: e/o Svenska Daubladet, Raalamb Telea: 17603 Tel: 50 60 88

Tokye: 8th Floor, Nilhen Ketzai Shisubus Buikting, 1-9-5 Otensachi, Chiyoda-ku. Fax Tet: 241 2920

Washington: 914 National Press Boilding, Washington D.C. 20045 Telex: 440340 Tel: (202) 347 8676

Mescow: Kutuzovsky 14, Apar Telex: 7900 Tel: 243 1635

Rome: Via della Morcede 55. Telex: 610032 Tel: 678 5314

Mexico: Paseo de la Reforma 122-10, Mexico 6DF. Tol: 53513-68

Tokyo: Kasahara Buliding, 1-6-10 Uchikanda Chiyoda-ku, Telex: J27104 Tel: 295 4050 rseas advertisement representatives in merica, Africa, the Middle East, Asia and the Far East. For further details, please contact:

Financial Times, Brackes House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 48Y

FINANCIAL TIMES PUBLISHED IN LONDON & FRANKFURT

Heed Office: The Plancial Times Limited, Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 487

Telex: Editorial 5954871. Advertisements: 885033. Telegrams: Finantimo, London. Telephona: 01-248 8000. Frankfurt Office: The Financial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankenaliee 68-72, 6000 Frankfurt-am-Main 1. Telex: Editorial 416052. Commercial 416193. Telephone: Editorial 7598 234. Commercial 7598 1 INTERNATIONAL AND BRITISH OFFICES

For Share Index and Business News Summary in London, Birmingham Liverpool and Manchester, Tel: 246-8026

20 per cent and allow for value of declared distribution and rights.

* "Tap Stock.

* Highs and Lows marked that have been adjusted to allow for rights learn for cash.

† Interim state increased or recumed.

† interim state increased or recumed.

† interim state increased or deferred.

† Tap-free to non-residents on application.

† Figures or report awaited.

† Undsted security.

† Price at time of suspension.

† Indicated dividend after pending scrip and/or rights issue: cover relates to pervious dividends or forecasts.

† Morger lad or reorganization in propress.

† Not comparable.

† Same interim: reduced final and/or reduced earnings indicated.

† Forecast dividend; cover on earnings updated by latest interim statement.

† Cover allows for conversion of states not now ranking for dividends or ranking enly for restricted dividend.

† Cover does not allow for shares which may also rank for dividend at a lature date. No P/E recito usually provided.

† Excluding a fixed dividend declaration.

† Regional price.

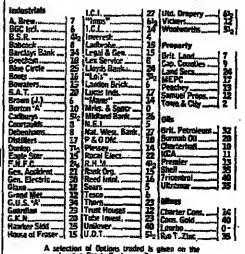
† Pint yield, p Assumed dividend or insular section propectus or other efficial extinate. ¢ Cents. d Dividend rate paid or poyable on part of capital; cover based on dividend and yield. A Sounced dividend and yield after scrip issue. † Payment from capital sources. In Kenya, as Interim higher than previous total. c Rights issue pending.

‡ Earators based on pretimizery figures. c Ordend and yield enclude a special payment. I indicated dividend: cover relates to previous dividend. P/E ratio based on latest annual earnings. In Forecast dividend. P/E ratio based on pretimizery figures. c Ordend and yield enclude a special payment. I indicated dividend: cover relates to previous dividend: cover based on pretimizery figures. c Ordend and yield based on propectus or other official estimates for 1979-80. M Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1978-79. E figures to and or other official estimates for 1978-79. E figures assumed. Z Dividend and office official estimates for 1978-

REGIONAL MARKETS listed only in regional not officially distate in Albany Iov. 20p.
Sertam. Est. 50p.
Courer Carli Crate & Rose £1.
Fife Forze.
Finday Picz. 50.
Grale Ship. £1.
Higgore Brew.
Holt (Jas) Z50.
1.0.M. Stm. £1.
Pearce (C. H.).
Pear (M. H.).
Sheff. Reinstant.

Sindali (Wm.).

OPTIONS 3-month Call Rates



Central African

Canada Life Unit Trust Managers Limited. Canada Life House, High Street, Potters Bar, Herts, EN6 SBA.

FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday July 3 1980



'NO SUBSTANCE' IN LABOUR MP's BRIBERY ALLEGATIONS

Rolls-Royce clears executive

have taken brines in return for the whole affair repreheosible."
placing machine 100l nrders Rolls-Royce hegan its investiwith an Italian company has heen cleared by a Rolls-Royce investigation.

Rolls-Royce has sent the investigation report to Sir Keith Joseph, Industry Secretary, for a decision on whether to publish it. Mr. Rooker has refused to comment on the company's findings, either in Parliament or outside.

Mr. Turner yesterday again called on Mr. Rooker to with-draw his charges, as did some of Mr. Rooker's fellow Labour MPs. Mr. Phillip Whitehead. MP for Derby North, said: MP for Derby North, said: "After looking at this report, I think it is now incumbent on Mr. Rooker to make a personal statement, either withdrawing or explaining, with more evidence and sources, why he persists in allegations which Rolls-Royce has refuted."

Mr. Walter Johnson, MP for Derby South, said he had had no reply in his request to Mr. Mr. Rachurn about Mr. Turner Trade union representatives subsequent recommendations Rooker for an explanation as is that he is a man "who works on the Coventry machine tool would also have to be put to a to why he raised a matter conhard, and plays hard." But committee, who were in contact Commons vote.

Four quit

after BL

Motor Industry Correspondent

Austin Morris, the BL volume

car subsidiary, have resigned

following an investigation

into allegations of bribery at

The allegations came from

one of the sub-contractors

who worked on the re-develop-

ment of Longhridge in pre-

paration for prinduction of AM's new car, the Metro, due

small sums of money were involved. The empiraces

were not senior managers but

two were engineers and two

tinn three weeks' ago and an

immediate Investigation was

were supervisors.

According to AM, relatively

to be launched in October.

EMPLOYEES of

inquiry

gations immediately after Mr. Rooker made the allegations in the Commons two weeks ago. It recalled Mr. Turner from a husiness trip in the U.S. The investigation was headed

hy Mr. Ashley Raehurn, vicechairman. It involved question-ing Mr. Turner: all those in Rolls-Royce who are closely connected with the purchase of machine tools: representatives of John Brown 1the parent company of Webster and Bennett, the company which lost the orders to Italy), Webster and Bennett: Iodustrial Sales (the UK selling agents for Morando, the Flat subsidiary which won the orders); and personal acquaintances of 37-year-old Mr.

Mr. Turner's personal financial situation, and that of his wife and children, were also investigated.

The conclusion formed by

BY JOHN ELLIOTT, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

MR. JAMES PRIOR, the Em-

ployment Secretary, is consider-

ing how to relleve some of

the social pressures of the

recession by providing help for the worst cases of unemploy-

those who are out of work for

This emerged at a meeting

yesterday of the National Economic Development Council

which also showed that Minl-

sters and leaders of both sides

of industry are beginning to develop a wide-ranging dialogue on the country's economic

problems, including the question

The unemployment problem

was raised by Mr Prior during

there was a need to relieve the

"worst social pressures" with-

a debate on the economic im-

ment such as school leavers and

a long period of time.

of wage rises.

A3f first heard of the allega- pact of North Sea oil. He said

started. It lasted five days, jout abandoning the Govern-

The employees resigned on | ment's basic policies which were

Rolls-Royce is awaiting delivery of nine Morando machine tools, valued at nearly Rolls-Royce £1.5m. Two are for the Derby factory, two for Barnoldswick in Lancashire, and five for the aero-engine factory which Rolls are heing hought by British Royce is building in Miami. The group has 14 other Morando machines already working.

The Morando machines were chosen in preference to Wehster and Bennett, says Rolls-Royce. because they alone could meet the technical requirements for the fast cutting of a new, tough alloy, which has been introduced when the fast cutting of a new tough alloy, which has been introduced to table on Monday. It will propose because they alone could meet

alloy, which has been intro-duced recently.

Tests are still being carried out by Rolls Royce engineers on at its Coventry factory to see if they can he adapted and improved to meet the Morando specifications. Rolls-Royce repeated yesterday that its policy is In buy British "if the right product is available at the right time and the right price."

It is by no means certain that the niotion will succeed. There will have to be sufficient pressure for it to he dehated by the Commons, and then there would have to he a vote. If the matter is sent to the committee, the

There was a need to help the 1980.

help create jobs by making it Cahinet support for any attractive for people nearing schemes that significantly in-

as the industrial damage that repeated its calls for interest

frey Howe, Chancellor of the economic debates has been Exchequer, who is chairman of strengthened at recent meetings

the Government has been prun pact on the economy being

panies.

long-term unemployed and the

school leaver and, perhaps, to

Leaders of the Confederation

of British Industry, who are worried about the social as well

present economic policies might create, enthusiastically backed

The subject is now to be de-hated at the next oneeting of the council in a month's time

with the approval of Sir Geof-

Exchequer, who is chairman of

Since the middle of last year.

ing hack the amount of State

aid devoted to creating and protecting employment, which

was budgeted by the last Government at £500m for 1979-

the council meetings.

retirement age to go early.

Prior considers 'social

aid' for some jobless

MR. FRANK TURNER, the cerning Mr. Johnson's continue was absolutely "no substitution of the consultation." I find his conduct throughout allegations.

MR. TURNER, the cerning Mr. Johnson's continue was absolutely "no substitution of the consultation." In Mr. Rooker before he stance in Mr. Rooker's his allegations, would not comment yesterday on the comment yesterday on the Rolls-Royce findings. There is growing concern in the Coventry area about the contraction of the machine tool industry, and the oumber of imported machine 100ls which

industry.
Richard Evans writes: group of Cooservative MPs is 10 seek a Commons lovesrigation into Mr. Rooker's allegations if he does not retract to the next

that Mr. Rookers action in accusing Mr. Turner, under privilege, of a criminal offence, Webster and Bennett machines should be referred to the Committee of Privileges.

Mr. Prior clearly realises that

he would have difficulty gaining

creased public expenditure and

We will now have to see what

During the meeting the CBI

rates to he brought down and

for the national insurance sur-

charge to be abolished in order

to reduce pressures on com-

The acceptance of the NEDC

as a forum for wide ranging

when the TUC has not objected

to the issue of pay and its im-

mentioned. But it has been raised only in general terms.

not as part of any possible

NEDC papers. Page 5

policy of restraint.

alternatives can he devised.

Taking over part of the social security bill for employees now met by individual companies may cost the Treasury an estimated extra L2 5bn (£1.26bn). Its purpose is to help reduce labour costs.

The Cahinet is expected to authorise special extra State spending of L3.100bn of which L1.000hn is for the State industries, L1.000hn for the depressed south, and L500bn for the effectively hankrupt Societa Italiana Resine chemicals group.

To keep the public sector borrowing requirement for 1980 within the scheduled ceiling of L40.500hn the Cablnet was expected tn tax revenues.

Increases are predicted.

have Secured union

bid to bolster economy By Rupert Comwell in Rome

Italy in

TRE ITALIAN Cabinet last night met to approve a major package of predominately fiscal measures to stabilise the economy, holster industry's competitiveness and betp shore up the lira.

The package has been the subject of almost noo-stop dis-cussion between Government, trade unlons and industry in the past few days. Its main features were expected to he a aubstantial reduction in the social secority charges borne hy iodnstry, and an increase in indirect taxatinn.

But it hecame clear last night that Sig. Francesco Cossiga's three-party coalition had howed to intense union pressure and dropped plans for a partial freeze on the Inflatinnary automatic wage indexation mechanism, the "sea mobile."

is to help reduce lahour costs, enabling industry to price its goods more competitively buth at home and abroad.

This is designed to slow the rapid advance in imports and increase exports, to reduce the record trade deficit and strengthen the lira.

SIR warned last month it would have to close all its plants in the already depressed Island of Sardinia for lack of funds to pay workers and huy raw materials. An injection of funds would clear the way for ENI, the state energy group, to take over the SIRs industrial management for at least a trial period of one

The clampdown nn tax evasinn is expected to net ahont L1.500bn ln extra revenue. In addition, value-added tax levies are being stepped up on a wide range of gunds, and other indirect tax and public sector tariff

approval for a special levy on workers, equivalent to 0.5 per cent of gross monthly

The Government appeared

Weather

UK TODAY dry

Mainly intervals.

London, N.E., S.E., C., S.N.,

C.S., England, E., W. Midlands, Channel Islands, Lake District Mainly dry, sunny perinds, Max. 2nc (68F). E. Anglia, E., N.W. England, Borders Mainly dry, sunny intervals. showers near coasts. Max. 19C

S.W. England, S., N. Wales Mainly dry, sunny intervals. Max, t8C (64F).

Cloudy, occasional showers, Max. 17C (63F). Onttook: Rain spreading from the West to many areas.

WORLDWIDE

	A.qsA					Y day midday C F		
Pims	S	24	75	Lishon	5	27	81	
je-sev	F	15	59	Locarno	7	22	72	
la buig	5	11	52	Landon	S	19	66	
Ajace o	С	20	68	Luvmba	ć	12	54	
Algiers	Š	28	62	Lines	š		ıίί	
mbemA	F	17	62	Madrid	3	30	86	
Albens	s	23	82	Maigica	ć	24	75	
Bobia n	S	35	98	Melago	ċ	28	áž	
Sarcina	С	18	64	Malia	ś	30	55	
Se.ru1	0800	29 12	84	M chate	۶	18	64	
Bellast	č	13	55	Melone.	Ä	11	53	
Belaig	ě.	15	64	Milan	ŝ	25	52 77	
Beilie	С	18	64	Matteal	č	20	-	
Biarrica	3	18	64	Moscow	č	*	67 72 52	
Marm Marm	F	18	64	Munich	ĕ	īī	<u> </u>	
lachol	5	ΤĒ	61	Nairobi	č	20	67	
are.	Ċ	18	64	Naples	Ě	23	73	
SI	- 5		7.		-			

THE LEX COLUMN

Engulfing another gilt-edged tap

1979

25 Years Gilt-Edged

Yield Index

(High Coupons)

1980

existing orders would allow

turnover to rise hy 10 per cent this year and eosure full em-

ployment in the car plants next

Nevertheless it seems that

even the remorseless rise of Daimler's earnings will he

interrupted this year. It is already clear that the 3.7 per cent rise in Daimler car prices

earlier this year will not match

to suffer from a jump in the

share. The shares are 30 per

shock" and although they have

bounced back recently they may

lose ground again at the recession in the German car market deepens.

plucking up the courage to mount an assault on the remnants of the long tag. Treasury 13 per cent 2000. The stock was eventually swallowed up just after one o'clock, a time hen normally no one hut the odd jobber is left on the Stock Exchange floor. The market seems to have recovered thoroughly from last week's hnut of profit-taking, and in its present mood would probably be strong enough to contemplate the issue of yet another partlypaid stock-there are already four in existence. It seems more likely, though, that the authorities will wait for at least an-

Assuming the short/medium tap is sold out soon, the market has to find about £2.5bo between now and September to meet out-standing calls on partly-paid stocks. The domestic funds may have to produce more than their fair share if the foreign buyers who have been conspicuous recently turn out to be loose holders. In any case, the strong flow of dividend payments this

month is already spoken for, Gilt-edged prices have now returned almost to their peak of a week ago, and the market ls discounting a good four-point the rise in costs. Further cut in Minimum Lending Rate, adjustments must prove diff-But unless next week's hanking cult. Profits are also expected figures are good enough to allow an early fall, the market may depreciation charge. The com-begin to lose momentum in pany says it is still looking for which case traders—as opposed "satisfactory" earnings but, the to the investing institutions—
might once again find the costs
of carrying a bond portfolio
prohibitively high. There is also the danger that a cut in cash dividend of DM 10 per MLR might be the signal for share. The shares are 30 per substantial profit-taking by foreign holders of stock. For the moment, though, market's almost ghoulish exhilaration at the prospective depth of the UK recession is carrying all before it.

Granada Daimler-Benz

Already under pressure from mounting Japanese competition, the German car industry has seen demand lurch downwards chise applications. Granada has in the past couple of months. pushed TV earnings up despite Registrations in May were 12 this expenditure and a damagper cent down on those for ing strike, from which adver-April and one-fifth down on tising revenue took months to their level a year earlier. Yet recover. UK rentals showed share prices for the sector only a small improvement but have, as a group, outperformed the group has a 91 per cent the German stock market so far price rise behind it and the this year and have ignored the depreciation charge on rentals is falling. So, with TV advertis-

Daimler-Benz has a track ing bolding up the full year record as the most recession could well produce profits of proof of the German car makers £45m against £39m last time.

ing the gilt-edged market was Index rose 2.2 to 463.6 and pressure on margins will coincide with a spending bulge

hy the company.

Granada needs to prepare for the second ITV channel and must also restock its TV rental operation. If demand for videocassette recorders takes off, this will prove a further cash drain.

Offsetting this squeeze is a steady stream of income from property and Granada's other investments, which also hrighten up an already solid balance sbeet. Granada's strongest cards are a high propartion of variable costs and an unusually broad spread of interests. At 175p, the shares trade on around 3.8 times prospective grass cash flow which is higher than for several of Granada's competitors but looks reasonable on a long term view The yield is almost 4 per cent. asuming a 15 per cent rise in the overall dividend.

£/\$ Convertible

A rare financial instrument made its debut yesterdaya eurosterling band converti-ble into U.S. dollar shares. The sterling/dollar convertibles issued in the early 1970s were mainly placed or offered for sale in London, but this issue—from Kollmorgen Corporation—will come in bearer form and be syndicated across Europe. Following the recent Daiei sterling convertible, this underlines the increasingly international flavour of the London capital markets.

One attraction for the investor is that the conversion exchange rate is fixed at the date of issuc. So this provides a currency hedge in a company with a fashlonable story to tell. Knll-morgen's main business is in electronic interconnectors. motors and controls and electro optical instruments, and its earnings have doubled since 1976. The conversion premium over the current price of the equity will be about 15 per cent. but then the yield on the shares a is under 2 per cent compared! with 8 per cent or a bit more on the band.

That may be half a point more than the horrower would have had to pay for a dollar issue. But a ylanned UK acquisition may mnp up a quarter of the proceeds, and Kollmorgen bas other European assets which it ing purposes. Since the company does not think that the relevant accounting standard FAS 8, will last for much innger [] In its present shape, it is not and at the annual meeting. Thereafter the going may get concerned about the fact that conversion of the bond would:

BR 'will exceed its cash limits by £40m'

BY PHILIP BASSETT

exceed its cash limits by £40m- recent nosedive in industrial £50m this year unless action is

Sir Peter Parker, chairman of British Rail, made clear yesterday that this could only be avoided by plotting a rareful course between the options of raising fores, improving productivity and selling nif assets. Brilish Railways' board mem-

bers now recognise that, without some combination of these three steps, expenditure will exceed the £750m income available from the passenger service grant, BR Pensinn Fund support and the industry's borrow-

He told the annual conference in Guernsey of the National cent. Sir Peter said the position

Continued from Page 1

Gas

separate discussions in Moscow Thresen-Gaa and BEB, jointly owned by Shell and Esso.

coming months—it is hoped on both sides that an agreement can be reached by the end of the year—are clearly going to worth of debt incurred by be difficult. It is not yet clear. Rhodesia before the Smith the Russiane will have to pay- pendence in 1965. a matter which Aroved sensitive during recent Japanese pipe rales negotiations with Moscow. The is it clear whether the consortium will be prepared to link-up some of the more remote areas in Siberia as the Soviet Union wishes.

A further complication could present. piping will be partly standard large diameter capable of withstaoding 75 atmospheres pressure. But part of the deal may toclude new pipes which can take 100 atmospheres of Persian Gulf crudes. In Algiera yesterday, members of the Organisation pressure These are a relative innovation and may thus arriuse the suspicions of the U.S. which could well feel that this part of the dea! falls into the list of prohibited exports to the

Other elements in the 25-year economic agreement, initialled industry as a victory for Algeria in Moscow this week, may also which has been negotiating raise some eyebriws in Wash-, price ington. The guidelines provide, thermal parity with nil-with a for example, for co-operation in number of inquefied natural gas-joint oevelopment of nuclear customers in Europe and the r peaceful purposes.

high hopes for the freight business this year were "sinking fast." He said: "We are hack in trouble. That is the hard news.

Passenger business had also shrunk from exceeding budgeted expectations to last month only meeting them. A further fall in business could be expected.

for whether to raise fares again this autumn, though a meeting of the board today will be presented with a range of papers listing likely options for the increases. Fares were last increased in January by 20 per

activity had meant that BR's business activity and disposable income.

The heard has not decided so

BRITISH RAIL is likely to Union of Railwaymen that the depended on fuel cost movements inflation, the level

He made a strong appeal to the NUR and the other rail unlons not to default on their commitments to improve productivity, particulally in freight. parcels and administration which the board considered was crucial to the recent signing of 20 per cent pay deal for its 180,000 main line workers.

the British Railway's Property Board—was "a short term sur-vival plan" to enable the industry to remain within its borrowing limits

Last year. BR scraped home to stay within its £715m cash limit by only £1m. It only achleved that hy with-holding the consolidation of the outstanding £2.00 of a supplement into railway workers' pay packets and halting plans to lay miles of high quality continuously welfed rail-track on a number of roules.

Sir Peter is not keen, though to press for a relaxation of the The chairman said that the cash limit. He is worried that decision to seek further of BR assets-which is a likely to include parts of British Government funds in the short Transport Hotels, Sealink and term would damage the credibility of the board's cases for the Channel Tunnel, the Advanced Passenger Train and greater investment in the industry in general.

Zimbabwe £22m debt dropped

BY BRIDGET BLOOM AND DAVID TONGE

nanwe and will reschedule a further £33m for repayment over till years at a line interest rate. The debt settlement, details the debt settlement, details between British and Zimbab governments to Zimbahwe's eid and in Parliament following a mean officials over the past two needs. on the gas project, is now ex- haling and will reschedule a Bondholders in London, pecied to join the main con- further £33m for repayment over. The debt settlemen ortium, which also includes til years at a line interest rate. The negotiations over the day in Parliament following a Treasury statement on Friday that agreement had been reached rovers about £100m

> The remaining £50m is owed the estimated 15,000 holders of Southern Rhodesia honds. Details of the settlement terms for the bondholders will not be

Continued from Page 1

In Algiers yesterday, members of the Organisation of Arah Gil Emporting Countries

(OAPEC) agreed on the need to coordinate an alignment of

natural gas prices with compar-

The resolution, which came at the end of a three-day symposium, is seen in the oil

increases-hased en

regime illegally declared inde-

its independence last April. It was welcomed in Salisbury hy Mr. Enos Nkala, the Finance Minister, who said it would strengthen Zimhahwe's capacity to raise finance for much needed development in international markets.

Deutsche BP, which had held THE BRITISH Government is announced for another week or Lord Carrington, the Foreign to write off £22m owed by Zim- two, says the Coocilf or Foreign Secretary, told a Commons S.W., N.W. Scotland, Isle of Man wean officials over the past two needs.

months, is seen by the govern- Britain has pledged about

ment as an important element. Stam for a three-year aid pro-in a British-led international gramme, while the U.S. has effort to aid Zimhahwe following offered El+m over the same period.
The total amount of Western

aid pledged so far is apparently less than £150m, which Salis-bury officials compare wryly with the promises of a Western financed development fund of But in London yesterday. Kissinger initiative in 1976.

New steel strategy urged

the industry's biggest union warns today.

The Iron and Steel Transs Confederation, in a detailed study of BSCs problems, arrues that the only solution is to cut prices by an average 10 per cent and retrieve the loss by operational savings or Government

subsidies. Its alternative strategy, "A new deal for steel," will be cent inday to the Pryme Minister, to Sir Keith Joseph, Industry

THREE of the British Steel CorSecretary, and to Mr. Ian Mac.

Secretary, and to Mr. Ian Mac. poration's oig coastal plants may "Gregor, the new chairman of Carto have to be shut and the cor- BSC, whom the steel unions are Carto!" poration's enpacity out by up to half again unless there is a complete reversal of strategy.

The union pelieves BSC is complete reversal of strategy. cutting back too far and will be unable to profit from the crowth in world steel demand and a possible world shortage. The ISTC document which -

tientiers noth the operational savings and the Sinds of subsidy Function that could be applied, is Goney that could be applied, is designed to prevent any more plant closures. It says Port Talliot and Llanwern in South Wales both recently cut back. He food 5 51 50 years and Scunthorpe on the east toyons C 11 52 years coast. Might have to close toyons C 7 81 Zenc Details, Page 7 5—Story SI—Story

Corto S Dublin C Dusins C Edinban, F Faso S Tranch, B

yesterday the management said tougher. TV advertising, motorthat the company's cushion of way services, cinemas and bingo leave it unmatched again. Cut your overheads witha Kienzle

with a Kienzle micro chip computer. Profit by our experience in helping thousands of busioessmen improve their cash flow, speed up book-keeping, reduce stocks and tighten-up Choose from fifteen models and buge selection of proven easy-to-use packages. Rent or buy - prices from £7,200 to about £15,000.

Check the evidence! Our users prove our claim. Read these extracts from a survey. For the same help call Kienzle—today!

58% "I was able to make staff economies" 33% "] reduced my investment in stock" "I saved money because I had better and "I made other savings in overheads" Kienzie Pata Systems, 224 Bath Rd., Sough St. 140S, Telephone: Sough 2008, Telephone: Sough 2008.



Registered at the Pasi Office, Printed by St. Clement's Press for and published by the Finencial Times Ltd., Blacken House, Common Street London, FC4P 48Y C The Finencial Times Ltd., 1980

THREE COMPUTERS

Clip the coupon for details

ACT NOW

SLOUGH

TO BE PRESENTED FREE TO

NEW KIENZLE CUSTOMERS

MUST CUT OVERHEADS!

